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OM nucleic - nucleic search, using sw model

Run on: December 13, 2004, 08:20:12 ; Search time 20 Seconds

(without alignments)
3.672 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-091-333-2

Perfect score: 1764
Sequence: 1 ttgtggcccccggagcccaaga.....ataacatgttcttaaac 1764

Scoring table:

IDENTITY NUC
Gapop 10.0 ; Gapext 0.5

Searched: 1118 seqs, 20818 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 2236

Minimum DB seq length: 8

Maximum DB seq length: 50

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Listing first 156 summaries

Database :

rge2.seq*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	% Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	39.5	2.2	50	1	AX160404
2	33	1.9	38	1	AR063818
3	21	1.2	21	1	AR063817
4	21	1.2	21	1	Q0802491
5	21	1.2	21	1	Q0802492
6	21	1.2	21	1	Q0802494
7	21	1.2	21	1	Q0802485
8	21	1.2	21	1	Q0802497
9	21	1.2	21	1	Q0802498
10	21	1.2	21	1	AR411051
11	20	1.1	20	1	AR442661
12	19.4	1.1	21	1	Q0802493
13	19	1.1	21	1	AX084503
14	18.8	1.1	24	1	AX146066
15	16.8	1.0	21	1	BD104599
16	16.4	0.9	20	1	BD104602
17	16.4	0.9	20	1	AX153990
18	16.4	0.9	21	1	AX63569
19	16.4	0.9	26	1	AX472021
20	16.2	0.9	21	1	AX266567
21	16	0.9	17	1	AX266568
22	16	0.9	19	1	AR072061
23	16	0.9	20	1	AR230802
24	16	0.9	20	1	AR370189
25	16	0.9	24	1	AX103868
26	16	0.9	24	1	AX546921
27	16	0.9	24	1	AX616731
28	16	0.9	24	1	AX961631
29	16	0.9	26	1	AX098647
30	16	0.9	26	1	AR204721
31	16	0.9	27	1	AR214918
32	16	0.9	27	1	AX009609
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34	15.8	0.9	19	1	AX000506
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112 14.8 0.8 19 1 AX320702 ACCESSION:AX320702
113 14.8 0.8 19 1 AX822079 ACCESSION:AX822079
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152 14.8 0.8 18 1 BD001424 ACCESSION:BD001424
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155 14.8 0.8 19 1 AX352950 ACCESSION:AX352950
156 14.8 0.8 19 1 AX362795 ACCESSION:AX362795

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ALIGNMENTS

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LOCUS AX160404/c 50 bp DNA linear PAT 22-JUN-2001
DEFINITION Sequence 3732 from Patent WO0140521.
ACCESSION AX160404
VERSION AX160404.1 GI:14541735
KEYWORDS
SOURCE Homo sapiens (human)
ORGANISM Homo sapiens
Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Homnidae; Homo.
REFERENCE
1 Shinkets, R.A. and Leach, M.
AUTHORS Nucleic acids containing single nucleotide polymorphisms and
TITLE methods of use thereof
JOURNAL Patent: WO 0140521-A 3732 07-JUN-2001;
FEATURES
Location/Qualifiers

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misc_feature 26
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Matches 50; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0;
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50 CTTGACCTGAGGGGCGGACGAGTGCCTCCAGACGACGACTGACT 1

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RESULT 2
LOCUS AR063818/c 38 bp DNA linear PAT 29-SEP-1999
DEFINITION Sequence 10 from patent US 5846721.
ACCESSION AR063818
VERSION AR063818.1 GI:5993126
KEYWORDS
SOURCE Unknown.
ORGANISM Unknown.
REFERENCE
1 (bases 1 to 38)
AUTHORS Soares,M,Bento, and Bernaldo,Mde,Fátima.
TITLE Efficient and simpler method to construct normalized cDNA libraries
JOURNAL with improved representations of full-length cDNAs
FEATURES Patent: US 5846721-A 10 08-DEC-1998;
source Location/Qualifiers
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Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.12; 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
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Db

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RESULT 3
LOCUS AR063817 21 bp DNA linear PAT 29-SEP-1999
DEFINITION Sequence 9 from patent US 5846721.
ACCESSION AR063817
VERSION AR063817.1 GI:5993125
KEYWORDS
SOURCE Unknown.
ORGANISM Unknown.
REFERENCE
1 (bases 1 to 21)
AUTHORS Soares,M,Bento, and Bernaldo,Mde,Fátima.
TITLE Efficient and simpler method to construct normalized cDNA libraries
JOURNAL with improved representations of full-length cDNAs
FEATURES Patent: US 5846721-A 9 08-DEC-1998;
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Query Match 1.2%; Score 21; DB 1; Length 21;
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Db 1 AGGCCAGATTGCGACGAG 21

RESULT 4

LOCUS CQ802491/c 21 bp DNA linear PAT 10-MAY-2004

DEFINITION Sequence 4 from Patent WO2004035615.

ACCESSION CQ802491

VERSION CQ802491.1 GI:47109457

KEYWORDS

SOURCE synthetic construct

ORGANISM synthetic construct

REFERENCE 1

AUTHORS Klippel-Giese, A., Kaufmann, J. and Schwarzer, R.

TITLE Factor involved in metastasis and uses thereof

JOURNAL Patent: WO 2004035615-A 4 29-APR-2004;

atugen AG (DE)

FEATURES

source 1..21

Location/Qualifiers

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misc_feature 7..15

/note="DNA linked through phosphorothioate linkages"

misc_feature 16..21

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Matches 21; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

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21 TCGTGTACTGCGAGCTGAGC 1

RESULT 5

LOCUS CQ802492/c 21 bp DNA linear PAT 10-MAY-2004

DEFINITION Sequence 5 from Patent WO2004035615.

ACCESSION CQ802492

VERSION CQ802492.1 GI:47109458

KEYWORDS

SOURCE synthetic construct

ORGANISM synthetic construct

REFERENCE 1

AUTHORS Klippel-Giese, A., Kaufmann, J. and Schwarzer, R.

TITLE Factor involved in metastasis and uses thereof

JOURNAL Patent: WO 2004035615-A 5 29-APR-2004;

atugen AG (DE)

FEATURES

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Location/Qualifiers

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DEFINITION Sequence 7 from Patent WO2004035615.

ACCESSION CQ802494

VERSION CQ802494.1 GI:47109460

KEYWORDS

SOURCE synthetic construct

ORGANISM synthetic construct

REFERENCE 1

AUTHORS Klippel-Giese, A., Kaufmann, J. and Schwarzer, R.

TITLE Factor involved in metastasis and uses thereof

JOURNAL Patent: WO 2004035615-A 7 29-APR-2004;

atugen AG (DE)

FEATURES

source 1..21

Location/Qualifiers

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/mol_type="unassigned DNA"

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misc_feature 16..21

/note="RNA"

Query Match 1.2%; Score 21; DB 1; Length 21;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 13;

Matches 21; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

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21 AGAGCGACTGACTTTGGG 1

RESULT 7

LOCUS CQ802495/c 21 bp DNA linear PAT 10-MAY-2004

DEFINITION Sequence 8 from Patent WO2004035615.

ACCESSION CQ802495

VERSION CQ802495.1 GI:47109461

KEYWORDS

SOURCE synthetic construct

ORGANISM synthetic construct

REFERENCE 1

AUTHORS Klippel-Giese, A., Kaufmann, J. and Schwarzer, R.

TITLE Factor involved in metastasis and uses thereof

JOURNAL Patent: WO 2004035615-A 8 29-APR-2004;

atugen AG (DE)

FEATURES

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Location/Qualifiers

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Db 1357 TACTGCTGAAGGACCAAG 1377

RESULT 6

LOCUS CQ802494/c 21 bp DNA linear PAT 10-MAY-2004

DEFINITION Sequence 7 from Patent WO2004035615.

ACCESSION CQ802494

VERSION CQ802494.1 GI:47109460

KEYWORDS

SOURCE synthetic construct

ORGANISM synthetic construct

REFERENCE 1

AUTHORS Klippel-Giese, A., Kaufmann, J. and Schwarzer, R.

TITLE Factor involved in metastasis and uses thereof

JOURNAL Patent: WO 2004035615-A 7 29-APR-2004;

atugen AG (DE)

FEATURES

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Location/Qualifiers

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/note="DNA linked through phosphorothioate linkages"

misc_feature 16..21

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Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 13;

Matches 21; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

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21 AGAGCGACTGACTTTGGG 1

RESULT 7

LOCUS CQ802495/c 21 bp DNA linear PAT 10-MAY-2004

DEFINITION Sequence 8 from Patent WO2004035615.

ACCESSION CQ802495

VERSION CQ802495.1 GI:47109461

KEYWORDS

SOURCE synthetic construct

ORGANISM synthetic construct

REFERENCE 1

AUTHORS Klippel-Giese, A., Kaufmann, J. and Schwarzer, R.

TITLE Factor involved in metastasis and uses thereof

JOURNAL Patent: WO 2004035615-A 8 29-APR-2004;

atugen AG (DE)

FEATURES

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 Db 21 GTGAGACTAGAGCAGAGC 1

RESULT 8

CO802497/c 21 bp DNA linear PAT 10-MAY-2004

DEFINITION Sequence 10 from Patent WO2004035615.

ACCESSION CO802497

VERSION CO802497.1 GI:47109463

KEYWORDS

SOURCE synthetic construct

ORGANISM synthetic construct

REFERENCE 1

AUTHORS Klippel-Giese, A., Kaufmann, J. and Schwarzer, R.

TITLE Factor involved in metastasis and uses thereof

JOURNAL Patent: WO 2004035615-A 10 29-APR-2004;

atugen Ag (DE)

FEATURES

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/mol_type="unassigned DNA"

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/note="antisense oligonucleotide"

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/note="RNA"

Query Match

Best Local Similarity 1.2%; Score 21; DB 1; Length 21;

Matches 21; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1413 ATCGAGCATCTACTGACC 1433

Db 21 ATCGAGCATCTACTGACC 1

RESULT 9

CO802498/c 21 bp DNA linear PAT 10-MAY-2004

DEFINITION Sequence 11 from Patent WO2004035615.

ACCESSION CO802498

VERSION CO802498.1 GI:47109464

KEYWORDS

SOURCE synthetic construct

ORGANISM synthetic construct

REFERENCE 1

AUTHORS Klippel-Giese, A., Kaufmann, J. and Schwarzer, R.

TITLE Factor involved in metastasis and uses thereof

JOURNAL Patent: WO 2004035615-A 11 29-APR-2004;

atugen Ag (DE)

FEATURES

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misc_feature

7. .15

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Matches 21; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Matches 21; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

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RESULT 10

AR411051 20 bp DNA linear PAT 18-DEC-2003

DEFINITION Sequence 16 from patent US 6635479.

ACCESSION AR411051

VERSION AR411051.1 GI:40162655

KEYWORDS

SOURCE unknown.

ORGANISM unknown.

REFERENCE 1

AUTHORS Butcliffe, D.G., Gautvik, K.M., De Lecea, L., Bloom, F.E.,

Danielson, P.E., Gautvik, V.T., Kilduff, T.S. and Foye, P.E.

JOURNAL Hypothalamic-specific polypeptides

Patent: US 6635479-A 16 21-OCT-2003;

FEATURES

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Db 1 AGGCCAAGATTGCGACGA 20

RESULT 11

AR442661 20 bp DNA linear PAT 20-FEB-2004

DEFINITION Sequence 10 from patent US 6670135.

ACCESSION AR442661

VERSION AR442661.1 GI:42669922

KEYWORDS

SOURCE unknown.

ORGANISM unknown.

REFERENCE 1

AUTHORS Spriggs, M.K.

JOURNAL Semaphorin polypeptides

Patent: US 6670135-A 10 30-DEC-2003;

FEATURES

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Query Match

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Db 1 CTCGAGCCAGGATTCGCGC 20

RESULT 12

CO802493/c 21 bp DNA linear PAT 10-MAY-2004

DEFINITION Sequence 6 from Patent WO2004035615.

ACCESSION CO802493

VERSION CO802493.1 GI:47109459

KEYWORDS

SOURCE synthetic construct

ORGANISM synthetic construct

REFERENCE 1

AUTHORS Klippel-Giese, A., Kaufmann, J. and Schwarzer, R.

TITLE Factor involved in metastasis and uses thereof

JOURNAL Patent: WO 2004035615-A 10 29-APR-2004;

atugen Ag (DE)

FEATURES

source

1. .21

/organism="synthetic construct"

/mol_type="unassigned DNA"

/db_xref="taxon:32630"

/note="antisense oligonucleotide"

misc_feature

1. .6

/note="RNA"

misc_feature

7. .15

/note="DNA linked through phosphorothioate linkages"

misc_feature

16. .21

/note="RNA"


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REFERENCE
1      artificial sequences.
AUTHORS
1      Klippel-Giese, A., Kaufmann, J. and Schwarzer, R.
TITLE
1      Factor involved in metastasis and uses thereof
JOURNAL
1      Patent: WO 2004035615-A 6 29-APR-2004;
          atugen AG (DE)
FEATURES
source
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    /mol_type="unassigned DNA"
    /db_xref="taxon:32630"
    /note="antisense oligonucleotide"
misc_feature
1..6
    /note="RNA"
misc_feature
7..15
    /note="DNA linked through phosphorothioate linkages"
misc_feature
16..21
    /note="RNA"

Query Match
1.1%; Score 19.4; DB 1; Length 21;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 29;
Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Db
19  TGACCTGAGGATGACAC 1
473  TGACCTGAGGATGACAC 491

RESULT 14
AX084503      24 bp      RNA      linear      PAT 28-FEB-2001
LOCUS
1      AX084503
DEFINITION
1      Sequence 45 from Patent WO0112213.
ACCESSION
1      AX084503
VERSION
1      AX084503.1 GI:13185911
KEYWORDS
1      synthetic construct
SOURCE
1      synthetic construct

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ORGANISM synthetic construct
artificial sequences.
REFERENCE
1      Blackshear, P.J., Lai, W.S. and Carballo-Jane, E.
AUTHORS
1      TTP-related zinc finger domains and methods of use
TITLE
1      Patent: WO 0112213-A 45 22-FEB-2001;
          THE SECRETARY OF THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES (US)
JOURNAL
1      Location/Qualifiers
FEATURES
source
1..24
    /organism="synthetic construct"
    /mol_type="unassigned RNA"
    /db_xref="taxon:32630"

Query Match
1.1%; Score 18.8; DB 1; Length 24;
Best Local Similarity 90.9%; Pred. No. 32;
Matches 20; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Db
1377  GTGTGTTGTGTTGTTGTTGT 1398
3      GTTGTGTTGTGTTGTTGTTT 24

RESULT 15
AX146066/c      21 bp      DNA      linear      PAT 31-MAY-2001
LOCUS
1      AX146066
DEFINITION
1      Sequence 257 from Patent WO0134840.
ACCESSION
1      AX146066
VERSION
1      AX146066.1 GI:14284584
KEYWORDS
1      Homo sapiens (human)
SOURCE
1      Homo sapiens
ORGANISM
1      Homo sapiens
REFERENCE
1      Au, K.G., Chen, J.G., Patil, N. and Thomas, D.
AUTHORS
1      Genetic compositions and methods
TITLE
1      Patent: WO 0134840-A 257 17-MAY-2001;
          GLAXO GROUP LIMITED (GB); Affymetrix, Inc. (US)
JOURNAL
1      Location/Qualifiers
FEATURES
source
1..21
    /organism="Homo sapiens"
    /mol_type="unassigned DNA"
    /db_xref="taxon:9606"
    /note="n' represents a polymorphic base"
variation

Query Match
1.0%; Score 16.8; DB 1; Length 21;
Best Local Similarity 85.7%; Pred. No. 69;
Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Db
1549  CCTTCCCCCATGCTGACTGC 1569
21  CCGTCCCCCATGCTGACTTC 1

RESULT 16
BD104599      20 bp      DNA      linear      PAT 27-AUG-2002
LOCUS
1      BD104599
DEFINITION
1      Kit and method for determining HLA type.
ACCESSION
1      BD104599
VERSION
1      BD104599.1 GI:22650173
KEYWORDS
1      WO 0192572-A/703.
SOURCE
1      synthetic construct
ORGANISM
1      synthetic construct
artificial sequences.
REFERENCE
1      Inoko, H., Kagiya, T., Ichihara, T., Matsumura, Y., Moriya, S. and
AUTHORS
1      Nishida, M.
TITLE
1      Method for determining HLA type
JOURNAL
1      Kit and method for determining HLA type
JOURNAL
1      Patent: WO 0192572-A 703 06-DEC-2001;
          NISSHINBO INDUSTRIES INC, SYSTEM RESEARCH INC, HIDEOTOSHI INOKO, TAEKO
          KAGIYA, TATSUO ICHIHARA, YOSHITUKI MATSUMURA, SHOGO MORIYA, MICHIO
          NISHIDA

```



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ORGANISM Homo sapiens
Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Homnidae; Homo.

REFERENCE
1 Hustert,E., Haberl,M. and Wojnowski,I.
AUTHORS Identification of the genetic determinants of the polymorphic
TITLE cy3a5 expression
JOURNAL Patent: WO 02053775-A 12 11-JUL-2002;
EPIDAUROS BIOTECHNOLOGIE AG (DE)

FEATURES
source
1. .21
/organism="Homo sapiens"
/mol_type="unassigned DNA"
/db_xref="taxon:9606"

Query Match 0.9%; Score 16.2; DB 1; Length 21;
Best Local Similarity 85.7%; Pred. No. 87;
Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1469 AAGAGTAGGAGGCGGCGG 1489
DB 21 ATGAGTGGAGAGGAGATGGG 1

RESULT 21
AX266567 17 bp DNA linear PAT 26-OCT-2001
LOCUS AX266567
DEFINITION Sequence 3958 from Patent WO0173002.
ACCESSION AX266567
VERSION AX266567.1 GI:16515366
KEYWORDS
SOURCE Homo sapiens (human)
ORGANISM Homo sapiens
Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Homnidae; Homo.

REFERENCE
1 Kmiec,B.B., Gamper,H.B. and Rice,M.C.
AUTHORS Targeted chromosomal genomic alterations with modified single
TITLE stranded oligonucleotides
JOURNAL Patent: WO 0173002-A 3958 04-OCT-2001;
UNIVERSITY OF DELAWARE (US)

FEATURES
source
1. .17
/organism="Homo sapiens"
/mol_type="unassigned DNA"
/db_xref="taxon:9606"

Query Match 0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 92;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1160 AAGGCTTCAGCTGGA 1175
DB 1 AAGGCTTCAGCTGGA 16

RESULT 22
AX266568 17 bp DNA linear PAT 26-OCT-2001
LOCUS AX266568/c
DEFINITION Sequence 3959 from Patent WO0173002.
ACCESSION AX266568
VERSION AX266568.1 GI:16515367
KEYWORDS
SOURCE Homo sapiens (human)
ORGANISM Homo sapiens
Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Homnidae; Homo.

REFERENCE
1 Kmiec,B.B., Gamper,H.B. and Rice,M.C.
AUTHORS Targeted chromosomal genomic alterations with modified single
TITLE stranded oligonucleotides
JOURNAL Patent: WO 0173002-A 3959 04-OCT-2001;
UNIVERSITY OF DELAWARE (US)

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FEATURES
source
1. .17
/organism="Homo sapiens"
/mol_type="unassigned DNA"
/db_xref="taxon:9606"

Query Match 0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 92;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1160 AAGGCTTCAGCTGGA 1175
DB 17 AAGGCTTCAGCTGGA 2

RESULT 23
AR072061 19 bp DNA linear PAT 18-FEB-2000
LOCUS AR072061
DEFINITION Sequence 15 from patent US 5912326.
ACCESSION AR072061
VERSION AR072061.1 GI:7222949
KEYWORDS
SOURCE Unknown.
ORGANISM Unknown.

REFERENCE
1 (bases 1 to 19)
AUTHORS Chang,H.
TITLE Cerebellum-derived growth factors
JOURNAL Patent: US 5912326-A 15 15-JUN-1999;
UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA (US)

FEATURES
source
1. .19
/organism="unknown"
/mol_type="unassigned DNA"

Query Match 0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 93;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 19 GAATTCGGCAGCAGG 34
DB 1 GAATTCGGCAGCAGG 16

RESULT 24
AR230802 20 bp DNA linear PAT 20-DEC-2002
LOCUS AR230802/c
DEFINITION Sequence 62 from Patent US 6451602.
ACCESSION AR230802
VERSION AR230802.1 GI:27271589
KEYWORDS
SOURCE Unknown.
ORGANISM Unknown.

REFERENCE
1 (bases 1 to 20)
AUTHORS Popoff,I. and Cowser,L.M.
TITLE Antisense modulation of PARP expression
JOURNAL Patent: US 6451602-A 62 17-SEP-2002;
UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA (US)

FEATURES
source
1. .20
/organism="unknown"
/mol_type="genomic DNA"

Query Match 0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 93;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1153 GGCCACCAAGGCTTCC 1168
DB 16 GGCCACCAAGGCTTCC 1

RESULT 25
AR370189/c

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LOCUS AR370189 20 bp DNA linear PAT 12-SEP-2003
 DEFINITION Sequence 10 from patent US 6300132.
 ACCESSION AR370189
 VERSION AR370189.1 GI:34606695
 KEYWORDS
 SOURCE Unknown.
 ORGANISM Unknown.
 REFERENCE Unclassified.
 1 (bases 1 to 20)
 AUTHORS Monia,B.P. and Cowser,L.M.
 TITLE Antisense inhibition of telomeric repeat binding factor 2
 JOURNAL Patent: US 6300132-A 10 09-OCT-2001;
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
 source 1..20
 /organism="unknown"
 /mol_type="genomic DNA"

Query Match 0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 93;
 Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 19 GAATTCGGCAGGAGG 34
 19 GAATTCGGCAGGAGG 4
 Db

RESULT 26
 AX103868 24 bp DNA linear PAT 30-APR-2001
 LOCUS AX103868
 DEFINITION Sequence 60 from Patent WO0122972.
 ACCESSION AX103868
 VERSION AX103868.1 GI:13920065
 KEYWORDS
 SOURCE synthetic construct
 ORGANISM synthetic construct
 REFERENCE artificial sequences.
 1
 AUTHORS Krieg,A.M., Schetter,C. and Vollmer,J.C.
 TITLE Immunostimulatory nucleic acids
 JOURNAL Patent: WO 0122972-A 60 05-APR-2001;
 UNIVERSITY OF IOWA RESEARCH FOUNDATION (US) ; Coley Pharmaceutical
 GmbH (DE)
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
 source 1..24
 /organism="synthetic construct"
 /mol_type="unassigned DNA"
 /db_xref="taxon:32630"

Query Match 0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 24;
 Best Local Similarity 79.2%; Pred. No. 95;
 Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 5; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1386 TTGTTTGTTCATCTGTTT 1409
 1 TTGTTTGTTCATCTGTTT 24
 Db

RESULT 27
 AX546921 24 bp DNA linear PAT 01-MAR-2003
 LOCUS AX546921
 DEFINITION Sequence 60 from Patent WO02053141.
 ACCESSION AX546921
 VERSION AX546921.1 GI:25812065
 KEYWORDS
 SOURCE synthetic construct
 ORGANISM synthetic construct
 REFERENCE artificial sequences.
 1
 AUTHORS Bratzler,R.L.
 TITLE Inhibition of angiogenesis by nucleic acids
 JOURNAL Patent: WO 02053141-A 60 11-JUN-2002;
 Coley Pharmaceutical Group, Inc. (US)

FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
 source 1..24
 /organism="synthetic construct"
 /mol_type="unassigned DNA"
 /db_xref="taxon:32630"
 /note="Synthetic Sequence"

Query Match 0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 24;
 Best Local Similarity 79.2%; Pred. No. 95;
 Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 5; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1386 TTGTTTGTTCATCTGTTT 1409
 1 TTGTTTGTTCATCTGTTT 24
 Db

RESULT 28
 AX961631 24 bp DNA linear PAT 14-JAN-2004
 LOCUS AX961631
 DEFINITION Sequence 26 from Patent WO03101375.
 ACCESSION AX961631
 VERSION AX961631.1 GI:40881089
 KEYWORDS
 SOURCE synthetic construct
 ORGANISM synthetic construct
 REFERENCE artificial sequences.
 1
 AUTHORS Lopez,R.A.
 TITLE Immunostimulatory oligonucleotides and uses thereof
 JOURNAL Patent: WO 03101375-A 26 11-DEC-2003;
 IMMUNOTECH S.A. (AR)
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
 source 1..24
 /organism="synthetic construct"
 /mol_type="unassigned DNA"
 /db_xref="taxon:32630"
 /note="Immunostimulatory oligonucleotide"

Query Match 0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 24;
 Best Local Similarity 79.2%; Pred. No. 95;
 Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 5; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1386 TTGTTTGTTCATCTGTTT 1409
 1 TTTTGTTCATCTGTTT 24
 Db

RESULT 29
 AX961678 24 bp DNA linear PAT 14-JAN-2004
 LOCUS AX961678
 DEFINITION Sequence 73 from Patent WO03101375.
 ACCESSION AX961678
 VERSION AX961678.1 GI:40881136
 KEYWORDS
 SOURCE synthetic construct
 ORGANISM synthetic construct
 REFERENCE artificial sequences.
 1
 AUTHORS Lopez,R.A.
 TITLE Immunostimulatory oligonucleotides and uses thereof
 JOURNAL Patent: WO 03101375-A 73 11-DEC-2003;
 IMMUNOTECH S.A. (AR)
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
 source 1..24
 /organism="synthetic construct"
 /mol_type="unassigned DNA"
 /db_xref="taxon:32630"
 /note="Immunostimulatory oligonucleotide"

Query Match 0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 24;
 Best Local Similarity 79.2%; Pred. No. 95;
 Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 5; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1386 TTGTTGTTTGTGATCTGTTT 1409
 |||||
 Db 1 TTTTTCATTTGTTT 24

RESULT 30
 AR098647/c 26 bp DNA linear PAT 14-FEB-2001

LOCUS AR098647
 DEFINITION Sequence 5 from patent US 6077668.
 ACCESSION AR098647
 VERSION AR098647.1 GI:12808413
 KEYWORDS
 SOURCE Unknown.
 ORGANISM Unclassified.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 26)
 AUTHORS Kool,E.T.
 TITLE Highly sensitive multimeric nucleic acid probes
 JOURNAL Patent: US 6077668-A 5 20-JUN-2000;
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
 1..26
 /organism="unknown"
 /mol_type="unassigned DNA"

Query Match 0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 26;
 Best Local Similarity 79.2%; Pred. No. 96;
 Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 5; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1386 TTGTTGTTTGTGATCTGTTT 1409
 |||||
 Db 25 TTTTTCATTTGTTT 2

RESULT 31
 AR204721/c 26 bp DNA linear PAT 20-JUN-2002

LOCUS AR204721
 DEFINITION Sequence 5 from patent US 6368802.
 ACCESSION AR204721
 VERSION AR204721.1 GI:21502120
 KEYWORDS
 SOURCE Unknown.
 ORGANISM Unclassified.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 26)
 AUTHORS Kool,E.T.
 TITLE Circular DNA vectors for synthesis of RNA and DNA
 JOURNAL Patent: US 6368802-A 5 09-APR-2002;
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
 1..26
 /organism="unknown"
 /mol_type="unassigned DNA"

Query Match 0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 26;
 Best Local Similarity 79.2%; Pred. No. 96;
 Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 5; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1386 TTGTTGTTTGTGATCTGTTT 1409
 |||||
 Db 25 TTTTTCATTTGTTT 2

RESULT 32
 AR214918 27 bp DNA linear PAT 25-SEP-2002

LOCUS AR214918
 DEFINITION Sequence 18 from patent US 6410235.
 ACCESSION AR214918
 VERSION AR214918.1 GI:22312859
 KEYWORDS
 SOURCE Unknown.
 ORGANISM Unclassified.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 27)
 AUTHORS Weindel,K. and Brand,J.

TITLE DNA detection by means of a strand reassociation complex
 JOURNAL Patent: US 6410235-A 19 25-JUN-2002;
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
 1..27
 /organism="unknown"
 /mol_type="genomic DNA"

QY 1386 TTGTTGTTTGTGATCTGTTTCT 1411
 |||||
 Db 2 TTTTTCATTTGTTT 27

Query Match 0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 27;
 Best Local Similarity 73.1%; Pred. No. 97;
 Matches 19; Conservative 1; Mismatches 6; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

RESULT 33
 AX009609 27 bp DNA linear PAT 06-SEP-2000

LOCUS AX009609
 DEFINITION Sequence 18 from Patent EP0962536.
 ACCESSION AX009609
 VERSION AX009609.1 GI:9996841
 KEYWORDS
 SOURCE Mycobacterium tuberculosis
 ORGANISM Mycobacterium tuberculosis
 Bacteria; Actinobacteria; Actinomycetales;
 Corynebacteriaceae; Mycobacteriaceae; Mycobacterium
 tuberculosis complex.

REFERENCE 1
 AUTHORS Brand,J. and Weindel,K.D.
 TITLE DNA detection by a strand reassociation complex
 JOURNAL Patent: EP 0962536-A 18 08-DEC-1999;
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
 1..27
 /organism="Mycobacterium tuberculosis"
 /mol_type="unassigned DNA"
 /db_xref="taxon:11773"
 /note="Phosphate linked to biotin via Aminolinker"
 /note="Y means incorporation of
 aminolinker-phosphoramidite subsequently esterified with 3-O
 carboxymethyl digoxigenin"

QY 1386 TTGTTGTTTGTGATCTGTTTCT 1411
 |||||
 Db 2 TTTTTCATTTGTTT 27

Query Match 0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 27;
 Best Local Similarity 73.1%; Pred. No. 97;
 Matches 19; Conservative 1; Mismatches 6; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

RESULT 34
 AX000506 19 bp DNA linear PAT 10-MAR-2000

LOCUS AX000506
 DEFINITION Sequence 25 from Patent WO905283.
 ACCESSION AX000506
 VERSION AX000506.1 GI:7240910
 KEYWORDS
 SOURCE unidentified
 ORGANISM unidentified
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 19)
 AUTHORS Mendez,C. and Salas,J.A.
 TITLE BIOSYNTHESIS GENES AND TRANSFER OF 6-DESOXY-HEXOSES IN
 SACCHAROPOLYSPORA ERYTHRAEA AND IN STREPTOMYCES ANTIBIOTICUS AND
 THEIR USE
 JOURNAL Patent: WO 9905283-A 25 04-FEB-1999;
 FEATURES MENDEZ CARMEN (ES); SALAS JOSE A (ES)
 Location/Qualifiers
 1..19

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Query Match
Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 256 CCTGCTCTTCGGCCTGTC 274
DB 19 CCACCTCTTCGGCCTGTC 1

RESULT 35
BD073339/c 19 bp DNA linear PAT 27-AUG-2002
LOCUS
DEFINITION
Gene for biosynthesis and transfer of 6-deoxyhexose in
Saccharopolysporaerythraea and Streptomycesantibioticus.
ACCESSION
BD073339
VERSION
BD073339.1 GI:22618942
KEYWORDS
JP 200511349-A/10.
SOURCE
unidentified
ORGANISM
unclassified.
REFERENCE
1 (bases 1 to 19)
Fromentin,C., Michell,J., Reinal,M., Saraubay,C., Cortes,J.,
Geyser,S., Leadley,P., Mendez,C. and Saras,J.A.
Gene for biosynthesis and transfer of 6-deoxyhexose in
Saccharopolysporaerythraea and Streptomycesantibioticus
Patent: JP 200511349-A 10 14-AUG-2001;
HOECHST MARION ROUSSEL
JOURNAL
OS Unidentified
PN JP 200511349-A/10
PD 14-AUG-2001
PE 21-JUL-1998 JP 2000504257
PR 25-JUL-1997 FR 97/09458, 12-JUN-1998 FR 98/07411 PT
CLAUDE FROMENTIN, JEANMALC MICHELL, MARCECIL REINAL, CADIDA PI
SARAUBAY
PI JESUS CORTES, SABINE GYSEER, PETER LEADLAY, CARMEN MENDEZ, JOSE A
PI SARAS
PC C12N15/09, C12N1/21, C12P19/62, C12Q1/68// (C12N1/21, C12R1:01), PC
C12N15/00
CC Strandedness: Single;
CC Topology: linear;
CC /desc = 'OLIGONUCLEOTIDE';
FH Key Location/Qualifiers
FT source 1..19
/organism='Unidentified'.
FEATURES
source 1..19
Location/Qualifiers
/organism="unidentified"
/mol_type="genomic DNA"
/db_xref="taxon:32644"

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 256 CCTGCTCTTCGGCCTGTC 274
DB 19 CCACCTCTTCGGCCTGTC 1

RESULT 36
BD225270/c 20 bp DNA linear PAT 17-JUL-2003
LOCUS
DEFINITION
Remedies and diagnostic agents of glaucoma.
ACCESSION
BD225270
VERSION
BD225270.1 GI:33035040
KEYWORDS
JP 2002510508-A/25.
SOURCE
synthetic construct
ORGANISM
artificial sequences.

```

```

REFERENCE
1 (bases 1 to 20)
AUTHORS
Stone, E.M., Sheffield, V.C., Alward, W.L.M. and Fingert, J.
TITLE
Remedies and diagnostic agents of glaucoma
JOURNAL
Patent: JP 2002510508-A 25 09-APR-2002;
THE UNIVERSITY OF IOWA RESEARCH FOUNDATION
COMMENT
OS Artificial Sequence
PN JP 2002510508-A/25
PD 09-APR-2002
PE 07-APR-1999 JP 2000542490
PR 07-APR-1998 US 09/056285
PI EDWIN M STONE, VAL C SHEFFIELD, WALLACE L M ALWARD, JOHN FINGERT
PC C12N15/09, C12Q1/68, C12N15/00
CC Description of Artificial Sequence: primer
FH Key Location/Qualifiers
FT source 1..20
/organism='Artificial Sequence'.
FEATURES
source 1..20
Location/Qualifiers
/organism="synthetic construct"
/mol_type="genomic DNA"
/db_xref="taxon:32630"

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 20;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 174 GGACACTCGAGTTCATCAG 192
DB 19 GGACACTCGAGTTCATCAG 1

RESULT 37
AR181346 20 bp DNA linear PAT 20-APR-2002
LOCUS
DEFINITION
Sequence 29 from patent US 6335172.
ACCESSION
AR181346
VERSION
AR181346.1 GI:20223560
KEYWORDS
Unknown.
SOURCE
Unknown.
ORGANISM
Unknown.
REFERENCE
1 (bases 1 to 20)
Delgado, S. Gregory., Dietrich, P. Shartzer., Fish, L. Marie.,
Herman, R. Charles., and Sargameswaran, L.
Cloned tetradotoxin-sensitive sodium channel .alpha.-subunit and a
splice variant thereof
Patent: US 6335172-A 29 01-JAN-2002;
JOURNAL
Location/Qualifiers
FT source 1..20
/organism='Unknown'
/mol_type="unassigned DNA"

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 20;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 392 CAGCAGCAACAGGCTTC 410
DB 1 CAGCAGCTACAGTGGCTAC 19

RESULT 38
AR212968 20 bp DNA linear PAT 25-SEP-2002
LOCUS
DEFINITION
Sequence 27 from patent US 6403307.
ACCESSION
AR212968
VERSION
AR212968.1 GI:23309853
KEYWORDS
Unknown.
SOURCE
Unknown.
ORGANISM
Unknown.
REFERENCE
1 (bases 1 to 20)
Stone, E.M., Sheffield, V.C., Alward, W.L.M. and Fingert, J.

```

```

TITLE      Glaucoma therapeutics and diagnostics
JOURNAL    Patent: US 6403307-A 27 11-JUN-2002;
FEATURES    Location/Qualifiers
            source
            1..20
            /organism="unknown"
            /mol_type="unassigned DNA"

Query Match      0.9%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 1e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy      174 GGCACCTGAGTTCATCAG 192
Db      19 GGGACTCTGAGTTCAGAG 1

RESULT 39
LOCUS      AR313181
DEFINITION Sequence 3718 from patent US 6559294.
ACCESSION  AR313181
VERSION     AR313181.1 GI:31706607
KEYWORDS
SOURCE      Unknown.
ORGANISM    Unknown.
REFERENCE    1 (bases 1 to 20)
AUTHORS     Griffiths, R., Holseth, S.K., Zagursky, R.J., Metcalf, B.J., Peek, J.A.,
            Sankaran, B. and Fletcher, L.D.
TITLE       Chlamydia pneumoniae polynucleotides and uses thereof
JOURNAL     Patent: US 6559294-A 3718 06-MAY-2003;
FEATURES    Location/Qualifiers
            source
            1..20
            /organism="unknown"
            /mol_type="genomic DNA"

Query Match      0.9%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 1e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy      825 GGCTTCAGCCGAGTCCTGA 843
Db      2 GGCTTCAGCCGAGTCCTGA 20

RESULT 40
LOCUS      AX167124/c
DEFINITION Sequence 11 from Patent W00144455.
ACCESSION  AX167124
VERSION     AX167124.1 GI:14596612
KEYWORDS
SOURCE      Homo sapiens (human)
ORGANISM    Homo sapiens
Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Homnidae; Homo.
REFERENCE    1
AUTHORS     Beri, R.
TITLE       Antisense oligonucleotides
JOURNAL     Patent: WO 0144455-A 11 21-JUN-2001;
FEATURES    Location/Qualifiers
            source
            1..20
            /organism="Homo sapiens"
            /mol_type="unassigned DNA"
            /db_xref="taxon:9606"
            /note="Antisense oligonucleotide"

Query Match      0.9%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 1e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy      986 GAGCAGAGAGCTGAGGAGC 1004

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Db      20 GAGGCTGAGAGCTGAGGAGC 2

RESULT 41
LOCUS      AR070809/c
DEFINITION Sequence 14 from patent US 5908772.
ACCESSION  AR070809
VERSION     AR070809.1 GI:7221697
KEYWORDS
SOURCE      Unknown.
ORGANISM    Unknown.
REFERENCE    1 (bases 1 to 21)
AUTHORS     Milta, M., Sano, M. and Kato, I.
TITLE       Gene encoding lacto-N-biosidase
JOURNAL     Patent: US 5908772-A 14 01-JUN-1999;
FEATURES    Location/Qualifiers
            source
            1..21
            /organism="unknown"
            /mol_type="unassigned DNA"

Query Match      0.9%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 21;
Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 1e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy      746 CCTCGTGCTGGCCTGGAGC 764
Db      19 CATCGTCTGGCCGAGGAGC 1

RESULT 42
LOCUS      BD244489/c
DEFINITION New triplex forming oligonucleotides and their use in anti-HBV.
ACCESSION  BD244489
VERSION     BD244489.1 GI:33054259
KEYWORDS    JP 2002511384-A/7.
SOURCE      synthetic construct
ORGANISM    synthetic construct
REFERENCE    1 (bases 1 to 21)
AUTHORS     In, C.
TITLE       New triplex forming oligonucleotides and their use in anti-HBV
JOURNAL     Patent: JP 2002511384-A 7 16-APR-2002;
COMMENT     SHANGHAI INSTITUTE OF BIOCHEMISTRY CHINESE ACADEMY OF SCIENCES
            OS Artificial Sequence
            PN JP 2002511384-A/7
            PD 16-APR-2002
            PR 19-OCT-1998 JP 2000516982
            PI 21-OCT-1997 CN 97 1 06667.1
            PC A61K31/711, A61K48/00, A61P31/20, C12N15/09, C12N15/00 CC
            Description of Artificial Sequence: Triplex forming CC
            oligonucleotide
            CC This oligo may or may not be 3'-monophosphorylated FH Key
            Location/Qualifiers
            FT source
            1..21
            Location/Qualifiers
            1..21
            /organism="Artificial Sequence".

Query Match      0.9%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 21;
Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 1e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy      256 CCTCGTCTGGCCCTGGTC 274
Db      20 CCTCGTCTGGCCCTGGTC 2

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REFERENCE      1      artificial sequences.
AUTHORS        Bratzler,R.L.
TITLE          Inhibition of angiogenesis by nucleic acids
JOURNAL        Patent: WO 02053141-A 911.11-JUL-2002;
                Coley Pharmaceutical Group, Inc. (US)
FEATURES
  source
    1. .27
    /organism="synthetic construct"
    /mol_type="unassigned DNA"
    /db_xref="taxon:32630"
    /note="Synthetic Sequence"

Query Match
  Best Local Similarity  0.9%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 27;
  Matches 20; Conservative 0; Mismatches 7; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1382 TTTGTTGTTGTTTGATCTGTTT 1408
Db 1 TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT 27

RESULT 48
LOCUS          BD234335                28 bp    DNA          linear    PAT 17-JUL-2003
DEFINITION     Improved method for inserting nucleic acid into cyclic vector.
ACCESSION      BD234335
VERSION        BD234335.1 GI:33044105
KEYWORDS       JP 2002532085-A/8.
SOURCE         synthetic construct
ORGANISM       artificial sequences.
REFERENCE      1 (bases 1 to 28)
AUTHORS        Romanchikov Y.
TITLE          Improved method for inserting nucleic acid into cyclic vector
JOURNAL        Patent: JP 2002532085-A 8 02-OCT-2002;
                YURI ROMANCHIKOV
COMMENT
  OS Artificial Sequence
  PN JP 2002532085-A/8
  PD 02-OCT-2002
  PE 17-DEC-1999 JP 2000588337
  PR 17-DEC-1998 US 09/213834
  PT YURI ROMANCHIKOV
  PC C12N1/09,C12N1/15,C12N1/19,C12N1/21,C12N5/10,C12N5/00,C12N5/
  PC 00
  CC Cloning Vector
  FH Key
  FT source
    1. .28
    Location/Qualifiers
      1. .28
      /organism="Artificial Sequence".
      /organism="synthetic construct"
      /mol_type="genomic DNA"
      /db_xref="taxon:32630"

Query Match
  Best Local Similarity  0.9%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 28;
  Matches 20; Conservative 0; Mismatches 7; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1383 TTTGTTGTTGTTTGATCTGTTT 1409
Db 2 TAGTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT 28

RESULT 49
LOCUS          AR067856                17 bp    DNA          linear    PAT 29-SEP-1999
DEFINITION     Sequence 6 from patent US 5851815.
ACCESSION      AR067856
VERSION        AR067856.1 GI:5999078
KEYWORDS
SOURCE         Unknown.
ORGANISM       Unknown.

```

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REFERENCE      1      Unclassified.
AUTHORS        Alnemri,E.S., Fernandes-Alnemri,T., Litwack,G., Armstrong,R. and
                Tomasselli,K.
TITLE          MCH4 and MCH5, apoptotic proteases
JOURNAL        Patent: US 5851815-A 6 22-DEC-1998;
FEATURES
  source
    1. .17
    /organism="unknown"
    /mol_type="unassigned DNA"

Query Match
  Best Local Similarity  0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 17;
  Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 16 CAGGAATTCGGCAGCAG 32
Db 1 CAGGAATTCGGCAGCAG 17

RESULT 50
LOCUS          AR164207                17 bp    DNA          linear    PAT 17-OCT-2001
DEFINITION     Sequence 5 from patent US 6271361.
ACCESSION      AR164207
VERSION        AR164207.1 GI:16235230
KEYWORDS
SOURCE         Unknown.
ORGANISM       Unclassified.
REFERENCE      1 (bases 1 to 17)
AUTHORS        Alnemri,E.S., Fernandes-Alnemri,T. and Litwack,G.
TITLE          Apoptotic protease Mch6, nucleic acids encoding same and methods of
                use
JOURNAL        Patent: US 6271361-A 5 07-AUG-2001;
                Location/Qualifiers
  source
    1. .17
    /organism="unknown"
    /mol_type="unassigned DNA"

Query Match
  Best Local Similarity  0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 17;
  Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 16 CAGGAATTCGGCAGCAG 32
Db 1 CAGGAATTCGGCAGCAG 17

RESULT 51
LOCUS          AR164645                17 bp    DNA          linear    PAT 17-OCT-2001
DEFINITION     Sequence 5 from patent US 6274318.
ACCESSION      AR164645
VERSION        AR164645.1 GI:16237730
KEYWORDS
SOURCE         Unknown.
ORGANISM       Unclassified.
REFERENCE      1 (bases 1 to 17)
AUTHORS        Alnemri,E.S., Fernandes-Alnemri,T. and Litwack,G.
TITLE          Apoptotic protease Mch6, nucleic acids encoding same and methods of
                use
JOURNAL        Patent: US 6274318-A 5 14-AUG-2001;
                Location/Qualifiers
  source
    1. .17
    /organism="unknown"
    /mol_type="unassigned DNA"

Query Match
  Best Local Similarity  0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 17;
  Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

```

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REFERENCE
  AUTHORS Alnemri,E.S., Fernandes-Alnemri,T. and Litwack,G.
  TITLE Apoptotic protease Mch2, nucleic acids encoding same and methods of use
  JOURNAL Patent: US 6455296-A 5 24-SEP-2002;
  FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
    source 1..17
      /organism="unknown"
      /mol_type="mRNA"

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 16 CAGAATTCCGACGAG 32
    ||||||||||||
    1 CAGGAATTCGACGAG 17

RESULT 55
LOCUS AR236040 17 bp DNA linear PAT 20-DEC-2002
DEFINITION Sequence 6 from patent US 6462175.
ACCESSION AR236040
VERSION AR236040.1 GI:27279634
KEYWORDS
SOURCE
  ORGANISM
    UNKNOWN.
    UNCLASSIFIED.
  REFERENCE
    1 (bases 1 to 17)
    Alnemri,E.S., Fernandes-Alnemri,T., Litwack,G., Armstrong,R. and
    Tomasek,I.L.,
    McJ3, a novel apoptotic protease, nucleic acids encoding and
    methods of use
    Patent: US 6462175-A 6 08-OCT-2002;
  FEATURES
    LOCATION/Qualifiers
      1..17
        /organism="unknown"
        /mol_type="genomic DNA"

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 16 CAGAATTCGGACGAG 32
    ||||||||||||
    1 CAGGAATTCGGACGAG 17

Db

RESULT 56
LOCUS AR326203 17 bp RNA linear PAT 17-AUG-2003
DEFINITION Sequence 3605 from patent US 6566127.
ACCESSION AR326203
VERSION AR326203.1 GI:33712011
KEYWORDS
SOURCE
  ORGANISM
    UNKNOWN.
    UNCLASSIFIED.
  REFERENCE
    1 (bases 1 to 17)
    Pavco,P., McSwiggen,J.A., Stinchcomb,D.T. and Escobedo,J.
    Method and reagent for the treatment of diseases or conditions
    related to levels of vascular endothelial growth factor receptor
    Patent: US 6566127-A 3605 20-MAY-2003;
  FEATURES
    LOCATION/Qualifiers
      1..17
        /organism="unknown"
        /mol_type="unassigned RNA"

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

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QY 1382 TTGTTGTTGTTGTTGT 1398
 |||||
 Db 1 TTGTTTGTGTTTGT 17

RESULT 57
 AR337628 17 bp mRNA linear PAT 17-AUG-2003
 LOCUS AR337628
 DEFINITION Sequence 5 from patent US 6566505.
 ACCESSION AR337628
 VERSION AR337628.1 GI:33724059
 KEYWORDS
 SOURCE Unknown.
 ORGANISM Unknown.

REFERENCE
 1 (bases 1 to 17)
 Alnemri,E.S., Fernandes-Alnemri,T. and Litwack,G.
 TITLE Antibodies to Mch6 polypeptides
 JOURNAL Patent: US 6566505-A 5 20-MAY-2003;
 FEATURES
 source location/Qualifiers
 1..17
 /organism="unknown"
 /mol_type="mRNA"

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 17;
 Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
 Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 16 CAGGAATTCGGCAGAG 32
 |||||
 Db 1 CAGGAATTCGGCAGAG 17

RESULT 58
 AR473351 17 bp DNA linear PAT 20-FEB-2004
 LOCUS AR473351
 DEFINITION Sequence 6 from patent US 6686459.
 ACCESSION AR473351
 VERSION AR473351.1 GI:42708800
 KEYWORDS
 SOURCE Unknown.
 ORGANISM Unknown.

REFERENCE
 1 (bases 1 to 17)
 Alnemri,E.S., Fernandes-Alnemri,T., Litwack,G., Armstrong,R. and
 AUTHORS Tomasselli,K.
 TITLE Mch3, a novel apoptotic protease, nucleic acids encoding and
 methods of use
 JOURNAL Patent: US 6686459-A 6 03-FEB-2004;
 FEATURES
 source location/Qualifiers
 1..17
 /organism="unknown"
 /mol_type="genomic DNA"

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 17;
 Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
 Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 16 CAGGAATTCGGCAGAG 32
 |||||
 Db 1 CAGGAATTCGGCAGAG 17

RESULT 59
 AR492475 17 bp DNA linear PAT 15-MAY-2004
 LOCUS AR492475
 DEFINITION Sequence 6 from patent US 6716960.
 ACCESSION AR492475
 VERSION AR492475.1 GI:47261885
 KEYWORDS
 SOURCE Unknown.
 ORGANISM Unknown.

REFERENCE
 1 (bases 1 to 17)
 Alnemri,E.S., Fernandes-Alnemri,T., Litwack,G., Armstrong,R. and
 AUTHORS Tomasselli,K.
 TITLE Mch3, a novel apoptotic protease, nucleic acids encoding and
 methods of use
 JOURNAL Patent: US 6716960-A 6 06-APR-2004;
 FEATURES
 source location/Qualifiers
 1..17
 /organism="unknown"
 /mol_type="genomic DNA"

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 17;
 Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
 Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 16 CAGGAATTCGGCAGAG 32
 |||||
 Db 1 CAGGAATTCGGCAGAG 17

RESULT 60
 AX723340/C 17 bp DNA linear PAT 08-MAY-2003
 LOCUS AX723340
 DEFINITION Sequence 1027 from Patent WO03025176.
 ACCESSION AX723340
 VERSION AX723340.1 GI:30423841
 KEYWORDS
 SOURCE Mus musculus (house mouse)
 ORGANISM Mus musculus

REFERENCE
 1
 Teleman,A., Amson,R. and Tuijinder,M.
 AUTHORS Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
 TITLE Mammalia; Euteria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Mus.
 Sequences involved in phenomena of tumour suppression, tumour
 reversion, apoptosis and/or virus resistance and their use as
 medicines
 JOURNAL Patent: WO 03025176-A 1027 27-MAR-2003;
 FEATURES
 source location/Qualifiers
 1..17
 /organism="Mus musculus"
 /mol_type="unassigned DNA"
 /db_xref="Caxon:10090"

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 17;
 Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
 Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1482 GGTGGGTGTCAGGATC 1498
 |||||
 Db 17 GGTGGGTATCAGGATC 1

RESULT 61
 I72032 18 bp DNA linear PAT 03-APR-1998
 LOCUS I72032
 DEFINITION Sequence 68 from patent US 5683872.
 ACCESSION I72032
 VERSION I72032.1 GI:3008171
 KEYWORDS
 SOURCE Unknown.
 ORGANISM Unknown.

REFERENCE
 1 (bases 1 to 18)
 Rudert,W.A. and Trucco,M.
 AUTHORS Polymers of oligonucleotide probes as the bound ligands for use in
 TITLE Reverse dot blots
 JOURNAL Patent: US 5683872-A 68 04-NOV-1997;
 FEATURES
 source location/Qualifiers
 1..18
 /organism="unknown"
 /mol_type="unassigned DNA"

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 18;
Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 839 CCTGACCTGAGCACTG 855
DB 2 CCTGACCTGAGTACTG 18

RESULT 62
BD104973/c
LOCUS BD104973 18 bp DNA linear PAT 27-AUG-2002
DEFINITION Kit and method for determining HLA type.
ACCESSION BD104973
VERSION BD104973.1 GI:22650547
KEYWORDS WO 0192572-A/1077.
SOURCE synthetic construct
ORGANISM synthetic construct
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 18)
AUTHORS Inoko,H., Kagiya,T., Ichihara,T., Matsumura,Y., Moriya,S. and Nishida,M.
TITLE Kit and method for determining HLA type
JOURNAL Patent: WO 0192572-A 1077 06-DEC-2001;
NISHIDA MOTOYUKI INDUSTRIES INC.,SYSTEM RESEARCH INC.,HIDEOTOSHI INOKO, TAEKO KAGIYA, TATSUO ICHIHARA,YOSHIYUKI MATSUMURA,SHOGO MORIYA,MICHILO NISHIDA
COMMENT OS Artificial Sequence
PN WO 0192572-A/1077
PD 06-DEC-2001
PF 01-JUN-2001 WO 2001JP004662
PR 01-JUN-2000 JP 00P 164798
PI HIDEOTOSHI INOKO,TAEKO KAGIYA,TATSUO ICHIHARA,YOSHIYUKI MATSUMURA,
MATSUMURA,
PI SHOGO MORIYA,MICHILO NISHIDA
PC C1201/68,C12M1/00,C12N15/09,G01N33/53
CC Description of Artificial Sequence:primer
FH Key Location/Qualifiers
FT source 1.18
Location/Qualifiers
1.18 /organism='Artificial Sequence'.
/mol_type='synthetic construct'
/db_xref='taxon:32630'

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 18;
Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 522 GAGAGCCTGGCCGAGC 538
DB 18 GAGAGCCTGGCCGAGC 2

RESULT 63
ARI79243
LOCUS ARI79243 19 bp DNA linear PAT 20-APR-2002
DEFINITION Sequence 31 from patent US 6326170.
ACCESSION ARI79243
VERSION ARI79243.1 GI:20220798
KEYWORDS
SOURCE Unknown.
ORGANISM Unknown.
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 19)
AUTHORS Russel Burnham,M.Karl., Lonetto,M.Arthur. and Warren,P.Vernon.
TITLE Prokaryotic polynucleotides, polypeptides and their uses
JOURNAL Patent: US 6326170-A 31 04-DEC-2001;
FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
1.19 /organism='unknown'
source

/mol_type='unassigned DNA'

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 19 GAATTCGGCAGAGGCG 35
DB 2 GAATTCGGCAGAGGCG 18

RESULT 64
AX129981
LOCUS AX129981 19 bp DNA linear PAT 15-MAY-2001
DEFINITION Sequence 1199 from Patent WO0130362.
ACCESSION AX129981
VERSION AX129981.1 GI:14136286
KEYWORDS
SOURCE Homo sapiens (human)
ORGANISM Homo sapiens
REFERENCE 1
AUTHORS Robbins,J.M. and Tritz,R.
TITLE Ribozyme therapy for the treatment of proliferative skin and eye diseases
JOURNAL Patent: WO 0130362-A 1199 03-MAY-2001;
IMMUSOL, INC. (US)
FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
1.19 /organism='Homo sapiens'
/mol_type='unassigned DNA'
/db_xref='taxon:9606'
/note='Cdk-we-hu ribozyme binding site'

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1001 GGACTGATTCCTGTGCT 1017
DB 2 GGACTGATTCCTGTGCT 18

RESULT 65
AX129982
LOCUS AX129982 19 bp DNA linear PAT 15-MAY-2001
DEFINITION Sequence 1200 from Patent WO0130362.
ACCESSION AX129982
VERSION AX129982.1 GI:14136287
KEYWORDS
SOURCE Homo sapiens (human)
ORGANISM Homo sapiens
REFERENCE 1
AUTHORS Robbins,J.M. and Tritz,R.
TITLE Ribozyme therapy for the treatment of proliferative skin and eye diseases
JOURNAL Patent: WO 0130362-A 1200 03-MAY-2001;
IMMUSOL, INC. (US)
FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
1.19 /organism='Homo sapiens'
/mol_type='unassigned DNA'
/db_xref='taxon:9606'
/note='Cdk-we-hu ribozyme binding site'

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1001 GGACTGATTCCTGTGCT 1017

Db 1 GGAATGATTCCCTGTGGT 17

RESULT 66			
AX352953/c			
LOCUS	AX352953	19 bp	DNA
			linear
			PAT 06-FEB-2002

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Query Match      Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0
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RESULT	67
AX362798/c	
LOCUS	AX362798 19 bp DNA linear PAT 15-FEB-2002
DEFINITION	Sequence 159 from Patent WO0208463.
ACCESSION	AX362798
VERSION	AX362798.1 GI:18694938
KEYWORDS	.
SOURCE	synthetic construct
ORGANISM	synthetic construct
REFERENCE	artificial sequences.
AUTHORS	1
TITLE	Loukachov,V.V., Goudsmic,J. and van Gemen,B.
JOURNAL	Collection of binding molecules Patent: WO 0208463-A 159 31-JAN-2002; Amsterdam Support Diagnostics B.V. (NL)

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Query Match      0.9%;   Score 15.4;   DB 1;   length 19;
Best Local Similarity 94.1%;   Pred: No. 1.2e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

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RESULT 68	BD078905	19 bp	DNA	linear	PAT 27-AUG-2002
LOCUS	BD078905				
DEFINITION	Novel prokaryotic polynucleotide and polypeptide and utilization thereof.				
ACCESSION	BD078905				
VERSION	BD078905.1				GT:22624508

KEYWORDS	JP 2001515707-A/21.
SOURCE	unidentified
ORGANISM	unclassified
REFERENCE	1 (bases 1 to 19)
AUTHORS	Burnham,M.K.R., Lomanto,M.A. and Warren,P.V.
TITLE	Novel prokaryotic polynucleotide and polypeptide and utilization
JOURNAL	PATENT: JP 2001515707-A 21 25-SEP-2001;
COMMENT	SMITHKLINE BEECHAM CORP
OS	Staphylococcus aureus
DN	JP 2001515707-A/21

```
FEATURES
source
Location/Qualifiers
1..19
/organism="unidentified"
/mol_type="genomic DNA"
/db_xref="taxon:32644"
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Query Match	0.9%;	Score 15.4;	DB 1;	Length 19;
Best Local Similarity	94.1%;	Pred. No. 1.2e+02;		
Matches 16;	Conservative 0;	Mismatches 1;	Indels 0;	Gaps 0

RESULT 69	AR238868/c	20 bp	DNA	linear	PAT 20-DEC-2002
LOCUS	AR238868	Sequence 3	from patent US 6468749.		
DEFINITION	AR238868				
ACCESSION	AR238868.1	GI:27283943			
VERSION					

Query Match	0.9%	Score 15.4	DB 1	Length 20
Best Local Similarity	94.1%	Pred: No. 1.2e+02		
Matches 16; Conservative	0	Mismatches 1	Indels 0	Gaps 0

RESULT 70
AX278670/c

LOCUS AX278670 20 bp DNA linear PAT 02-NOV-2001
 DEFINITION Sequence 3 from Patent WO0175180.
 ACCESSION AX278670
 VERSION AX278670.1 GI:16606124
 KEYWORDS
 SOURCE synthetic construct
 ORGANISM synthetic construct
 REFERENCE 1
 AUTHORS Ulanovsky,L., Magasimangalam,R., Finat,P., Zezin-Sonkin,D. and Shlomit,G.
 TITLE Sequence-dependent gene sorting techniques
 JOURNAL Patent: WO 0175180-A 3 11-OCT-2001;
 FEATURES
 source
 1..20
 /organism="synthetic construct"
 /mol_type="unassigned DNA"
 /db_xref="taxon:32630"
 /note="primer"

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
 Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

CY 1115 ATACCCCTCAGTACTGT 1131
 DB 18 ATACCTACTCAGTACTGT 2

RESULT 71
 LOCUS AX487219 20 bp DNA linear PAT 16-AUG-2002
 DEFINITION Sequence 4519 from Patent WO02053728.
 ACCESSION AX487219
 VERSION AX487219.1 GI:22321367
 KEYWORDS
 SOURCE Candida albicans
 ORGANISM Candida albicans
 Eukaryota; Fungi; Ascomycota; Saccharomycetalia; Saccharomycetes;
 Saccharomycetaceae; mitosporic Saccharomycetaceae; Candida.
 REFERENCE 1
 AUTHORS Roemer,T., Jiang,B., Boone,C., Bussey,H. and Ohlsen,K.L.
 TITLE Gene disruption methodologies for drug target discovery
 JOURNAL Patent: WO 02053728-A 4519 11-JUL-2002;
 Elittra Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (US)
 FEATURES
 source
 1..20
 /organism="Candida albicans"
 /mol_type="unassigned DNA"
 /db_xref="taxon:5476"

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
 Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

CY 1044 TGGAGGTGGGGGAATAG 1060
 DB 1 TGGAGGTGGGGGAGTAG 17

RESULT 72
 LOCUS AR174582 26 bp DNA linear PAT 17-DEC-2001
 DEFINITION Sequence 39 from patent US 6307024.
 ACCESSION AR174582
 VERSION AR174582.1 GI:17914902
 KEYWORDS
 SOURCE Unknown.
 ORGANISM Unknown.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 26)
 AUTHORS Novak,J.E., Presnell,S.R., Sprecher,C.A., Foster,D.C., Holly,R.D.,

Gross,J.A., Johnston,J.V., Nelson,A.J., Dillon,S.R. and Hammond,A.K.
 TITLE Cytokine zaiphal1 ligand
 JOURNAL Patent: US 6307024-A 39 23-OCT-2001;
 FEATURES
 source
 1..26
 /organism="unknown"
 /mol_type="unassigned DNA"

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 26;
 Best Local Similarity 76.0%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
 Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 6; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

CY 1386 TTGTTGTTTGTGATCTGTTTC 1410
 DB 2 TTTTGTGTTTGTGATCTGTTTC 26

RESULT 73
 LOCUS BD248975 26 bp DNA linear PAT 17-JUL-2003
 DEFINITION Novel cytokine ZALPHAL1 ligand.
 ACCESSION BD248975
 VERSION BD248975.1 GI:33058745
 KEYWORDS JP 2002537839-A/36.
 SOURCE synthetic construct
 ORGANISM synthetic construct
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 26)
 AUTHORS Novak,J.E., Presnell,S.R., Sprecher,C.A., Foster,D.C., Holly,R.D., Gross,J.A., Johnston,J.V., Nelson,A.J., Dillon,S.R. and Hammond,A.K.
 TITLE Novel cytokine ZALPHAL1 ligand
 JOURNAL Patent: JP 2002537839-A 36 12-NOV-2002;
 ZYMOGENETICS INC
 COMMENT
 OS Artificial Sequence
 PN JP 2002537839-A/36
 PD 12-NOV-2002
 PF 09-MAR-2000 JP 2000603382
 PR 09-MAR-1999 US 09/264908, 11-MAR-1999 US 09/265992 FR
 FI 01-JUL-1999 US 60/142013
 PI JULIA E NOVAK,SCOTT R PRESNELL,CINDY A SPRACHER,DONALD C PI
 FOSTER,
 PI RICHARD D HOLLY,JANE A GROSS,JANET V JOHNSTON,ANDREW J NELSON,
 PI STACEY R DILLON,ANGELA K HAMMOND
 PC C12N15/09,A61K38/00,A61K45/00,A61P35/00,A61P37/00,C07K14/52,
 PC C07K14/53,
 PC C07K14/54,C07K14/55,C07K16/24,C07K19/00,C12N1/15,C12N1/19, PC
 C12N1/21,
 PC C12N5/10,C12P21/02,C12P21/02,G01N33/53,C12N15/00,C12N5/00, PC
 A61K37/02
 CC Oligonucleotide primer ZC7764b
 FH Key
 FT source
 1..26
 /organism="Artificial Sequence".
 Location/Qualifiers
 1..26
 /organism="synthetic construct"
 /mol_type="genomic DNA"
 /db_xref="taxon:32630"

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 26;
 Best Local Similarity 76.0%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
 Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 6; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

CY 1386 TTGTTGTTTGTGATCTGTTTC 1410
 DB 2 TTTTGTGTTTGTGATCTGTTTC 26

RESULT 74
 LOCUS I79495 26 bp DNA linear PAT 10-JUN-1998

Query Match	0.9%	Score 15.4	DB 1	Length 26
Best Local Similarity	76.0%	Pred. No. 1.2e+02		
Matches 19	Conservative 0	Mismatches 6	Indels 0	Gaps 0
QY	1386 TTGTTTGTTTGTGATCTGTTTTC	1410		
Db	2 TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TC	26		
RESULT 77				
LOCUS	AR404597	26 bp	linear	PAT 18-DEC-2003
DEFINITION	Sequence 1 from patent US 6627748.			
ACCESSION	AR404597			
VERSION	AR404597.1 GI:40153233			
KEYWORDS				
SOURCE	Unknown.			
ORGANISM	Unknown.			
REFERENCE	1 (bases 1 to 26)			
AUTHORS	Yu, J., Li, Z., Tong, A. and Russo, J.J.			
TITLE	Combinatorial fluorescence energy transfer tags and their applications for multiplex genetic analyses			
JOURNAL	Patent: US 6627748-A 1 30-SEP-2003			
FEATURES	Location/Qualifiers			
source	1..26			
	/organism="unknown"			
	/mol_type="genomic DNA"			
Query Match	0.9%	Score 15.4	DB 1	Length 26
Best Local Similarity	76.0%	Pred. No. 1.2e+02		
Matches 19	Conservative 0	Mismatches 6	Indels 0	Gaps 0
QY	1386 TTGTTTGTTTGTGATCTGTTTTC	1410		
Db	2 TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TC	26		
RESULT 78				
LOCUS	AR456224	26 bp	linear	PAT 20-FEB-2004
DEFINITION	Sequence 39 from patent US 6686178.			
ACCESSION	AR456224			
VERSION	AR456224.1 GI:42691247			
KEYWORDS				
SOURCE	Unknown.			
ORGANISM	Unknown.			
REFERENCE	1 (bases 1 to 26)			
AUTHORS	Novak, J.E., Premel, S.R., Sprecher, C.A., Foster, D.C., Holly, R.D., Gross, J.A., Johnston, J.V., Nelson, A.J., Dillon, S.R. and Hammond, A.K.			
TITLE	Cytokine zalpha1 ligand polynucleotides			
JOURNAL	Patent: US 6686178-A 39 03-FEB-2004			
FEATURES	Location/Qualifiers			
source	1..26			
	/organism="unknown"			
	/mol_type="genomic DNA"			
Query Match	0.9%	Score 15.4	DB 1	Length 26
Best Local Similarity	76.0%	Pred. No. 1.2e+02		
Matches 19	Conservative 0	Mismatches 6	Indels 0	Gaps 0
QY	1386 TTGTTTGTTTGTGATCTGTTTTC	1410		
Db	2 TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TC	26		
RESULT 79				
LOCUS	BD007174	26 bp	DNA	linear PAT 31-JAN-2002
DEFINITION	Method and composition for capturing multiple polynucleotide.			

SOURCE	Homo sapiens (human)
ORGANISM	Homo sapiens Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Homnidae; Homo.
REFERENCE	1 (bases 1 to 20)
AUTHORS	Plowman,G., Martinez,R. and Whyte,D.
TITLE	STR20-related protein_kinases
JOURNAL	Parent: JP 2002522005-A 82 23-JUL-2002;
COMMENT	SUGEN INC OS Homo sapiens (human) PN JP 2002522009-A/82 PD 23-JUL-2002 PF 13-APR-1999 JP 2000543584 PR 14-APR-1998 US 60/081784 PI GREGORY PLOWMAN,RICARDO MARTINEZ,DAVID WHITE PC C12N15/09,A61K38/55,A61P9/00,A61P3/12,A61P25/00, PC A61P35/00, PC A61P37/00,C07K16/40,C12N1/15,C12N1/19,C12N1/21,C12N5/10,C12N9/ PC 12,C12Q/68, PC C12N15/00,A61K37/64,C12N5/00 CC Mammalian PAKS FH Key Location/Qualifiers FT source 1..20 /organism='Homo sapiens (human)'. location/Qualifiers 1..20 /organism='synthetic construct' /mol_type='genomic DNA' /db_xref='taxon:9606'
FEATURES	
source	
Query Match	0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity	85.0%; Pred. No.1.3e+02;
Matches	17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Oy	601 GCAGAGACTACGCGCCTG 620
Db	20 GCAGATGACTACTGCACCTG 1
RESULT 82	
LOCUS	BD250365
DEFINITION	BD250365 20 bp DNA linear PAT 17-JUL-2003
ACCESSION	BD250365
VERSION	BD250365.1 GI:33060135
KEYWORDS	JP 2002541794-A/10.
SOURCE	synthetic construct
ORGANISM	synthetic construct artificial sequences. 1 (bases 1 to 20) Talaas,U.G., Dunlop,J. and Keisell,D.P. Enzyme Patent: JP 2002541794-A 10 10-DEC-2002; QUEEN MARY AND WESTFIELD COLLEGE OS Artificial Sequence PN JP 2002541794-A/10 PD 10-DEC-2002 PF 13-APR-2000 JP 2000611653 PR 13-APR-1999 GB 9908458.4 PI ULIV GERST TALAAS,JOHN DUNLOP,DAVID PETER KEISELL PC C12N15/09,C07K16/40,C12N1/15,C12N1/19,C12N1/21,C12N5/10,C12N9/ PC 50,C12Q1/68 PC C12Q1/68,G01N33/573,G01N33/574//C12P21/08,C12N15/00,C12N5/00 CC Primer FH Key Location/Qualifiers FT source 1..20 /organism='Artificial Sequence'. location/Qualifiers 1..20 /organism='synthetic construct' /mol_type='genomic DNA' /db_xref='taxon:32630'
FEATURES	
source	

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 1.3e+02;
 Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1304 AGCAGCCGAGGAGGAGGAGG 1323
 DB 1 ACCAGCCGAGGAGGAGTGAAG 20

RESULT 83
 BD251839 20 bp DNA linear PAT 17-JUL-2003
 LOCUS Novel G protein-coupled receptor cDNA sequence.
 DEFINITION BD251839
 ACCESSION BD251839.1 GI:33061609
 VERSION JP 2002526036-A/6.
 KEYWORDS Homo sapiens (human)
 SOURCE Homo sapiens
 ORGANISM Homo sapiens; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Homiidae; Homo.
 REFERENCE Liu, Q., McDonald, T.P. and Wang, R.
 TITLE Novel G protein-coupled receptor cDNA sequence
 JOURNAL Patent: JP 2002526036-A 6 20-AUG-2002;
 MERCK AND CO INC
 COMMENT OS Homo sapiens (human)
 PN JP 2002526036-A/6
 PD 20-AUG-2002
 PF 02-AUG-1999 JP 2000563760
 PR 06-AUG-1998 US 60/095571
 PI QINGYUN LIU, TERENCE P MCDONALD, RUIDING WANG
 PC C12N15/09, A61K35/76, A61K38/00, A61K48/00, C07K14/705, C07K16/28, PC C12N1/15,
 PC C12N1/19, C12N1/21, C12N5/10, C12P21/02, C12Q1/02, G01N33/15, G01N33/50,
 PC G01N33/566, C12N15/00, C12N5/00, A61K37/02
 CC Novel G protein-coupled receptor cDNA sequence FH Key
 LOCATION/Qualifiers
 FT source 1.20
 FT Location/Qualifiers
 source 1.20
 /organism="Homo sapiens"
 /mol_type="genomic DNA"
 /db_xref="taxon:9606"

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 1.3e+02;
 Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1485 GGGTGTGAGGATCACTTGG 1504
 DB 1 GCGTGTGAGGAAACACTTGG 20

RESULT 84
 E25765/c 20 bp DNA linear PAT 18-JUN-2001
 LOCUS Method for the type classification of hepatitis B viruses and primer and probe to be used therein.
 DEFINITION E25765
 ACCESSION E25765.1 GI:13024953
 VERSION JP 1999103898-A/22.
 KEYWORDS unidentified
 SOURCE unidentified
 ORGANISM unidentified.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 20)
 AUTHORS Masakazu, M., Kazumasa, H., Kenichi, O. and Masashi, M.
 TITLE Method for the type classification of hepatitis B viruses and primer and probe to be used therein
 JOURNAL Patent: JP 1999103898-A 22 20-APR-1999;
 SRL INC

COMMENT OS Unidentified
 PN JP 1999103898-A/22
 PD 20-APR-1999
 PR 30-SEP-1997 JP 1997282784
 PI MASAKAZU MIKAI, KAZUMASA HIKIJI, KENICHI OBA, MASASHI MIYAZU PC C12Q1/70, C12N15/09, G01N33/576, C12N15/00
 CC Strandedness: Single;
 CC Topology: Linear;
 CC Key Location/Qualifiers
 FH Key 1.20
 FT source 1.20
 FT Location/Qualifiers
 source 1.20
 /organism="Unidentified".
 /organism="unidentified"
 /mol_type="genomic DNA"
 /db_xref="taxon:32644"

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 1.3e+02;
 Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 363 CTGAGAGCTGGAGCTGGCA 382
 DB 20 CTGAGAGATTGGAGCTGGCA 1

RESULT 85
 AR216026/c 20 bp DNA linear PAT 25-SEP-2002
 LOCUS Sequence 73 from patent US 6410518.
 DEFINITION AR216026
 ACCESSION AR216026
 VERSION AR216026.1 GI:23314314
 KEYWORDS
 SOURCE Unknown.
 ORGANISM Unknown.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 20)
 AUTHORS Monia, B.P.
 TITLE Antisense oligonucleotide inhibition of raf gene expression
 JOURNAL Patent: US 6410518-A 73 25-JUN-2002;
 FEATUES location/Qualifiers
 source 1.20
 /organism="unknown"
 /mol_type="genomic DNA"

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 1.3e+02;
 Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1267 CCGGCCGAGGTGAAGAGAG 1286
 DB 20 CTGGCCCTGGAGAGAGAG 1

RESULT 86
 AR243320/c 20 bp DNA linear PAT 20-DEC-2002
 LOCUS Sequence 17 from patent US 6475783.
 DEFINITION AR243320
 ACCESSION AR243320
 VERSION AR243320.1 GI:27290516
 KEYWORDS
 SOURCE Unknown.
 ORGANISM Unknown.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 20)
 AUTHORS Lucas, S., De Smet, C. and Boon-Falleur, T.
 TITLE Isolated nucleic acid molecule coding for tumor rejection antigen precursors MAGF-C1 and MAGF-C2 and uses thereof
 JOURNAL Patent: US 6475783-A 17 05-NOV-2002;
 FEATUES location/Qualifiers
 source 1.20
 /organism="unknown"

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 1.3e+02;
 Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 495 TTGTCCCAACTGATGCAGCT 514
 Db 20 TTGTCCCAACGAGAGGAGCT 1

RESULT 87
 AR312034/c 20 bp DNA linear PAT 12-JUN-2003
 LOCUS AR312034
 DEFINITION Sequence 2571 from patent US 6559294.
 ACCESSION AR312034
 VERSION AR312034.1 GI:31705460
 KEYWORDS
 SOURCE Unknown.
 ORGANISM Unknown.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 20)
 AUTHORS Giffais, R., Hoiseh, S.K., Zagursky, R.J., Metcalf, B.J., Peek, J.A.,
 TITLE Chlamydia pneumoniae polynucleotides and uses thereof
 JOURNAL Patent: US 6559294-A 2571 06-MAY-2003;
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
 1..20
 /organism="unknown"
 /mol_type="genomic DNA"

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 1.3e+02;
 Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 996 CTGAGGACCTGATCCTGTG 1015
 Db 20 CTGTGGATTGATTCCTGAG 1

RESULT 88
 AR315230/c 20 bp DNA linear PAT 12-JUN-2003
 LOCUS AR315230
 DEFINITION Sequence 5767 from patent US 6559294.
 ACCESSION AR315230
 VERSION AR315230.1 GI:31708656
 KEYWORDS
 SOURCE Unknown.
 ORGANISM Unknown.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 20)
 AUTHORS Griffais, R., Hoiseh, S.K., Zagursky, R.J., Metcalf, B.J., Peek, J.A.,
 TITLE Chlamydia pneumoniae polynucleotides and uses thereof
 JOURNAL Patent: US 6559294-A 5767 06-MAY-2003;
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
 1..20
 /organism="unknown"
 /mol_type="genomic DNA"

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 1.3e+02;
 Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1617 CCTCCCGGAGGAGTGCCA 1636
 Db 20 CTTCCTCGAGAGTGCCA 1

RESULT 89
 AR435671/c 20 bp DNA linear PAT 18-DEC-2003
 LOCUS AR435671
 DEFINITION Sequence 145 from patent US 6656716.

ACCESSION AR435671
 VERSION AR435671.1 GI:40198652
 KEYWORDS
 SOURCE Unknown.
 ORGANISM Unknown.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 20)
 AUTHORS Plowman, G., Martinez, R., and Whyte, D.
 TITLE Polypeptide fragments of human PKA5 protein kinase
 JOURNAL Patent: US 6656716-A 145 02-DEC-2003;
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
 1..20
 /organism="unknown"
 /mol_type="genomic DNA"

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 1.3e+02;
 Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 601 GCAAGAACTACTGCGCCTG 620
 Db 20 GCAATGACTACTGCACCTG 1

RESULT 90
 AR453274/c 20 bp DNA linear PAT 20-FEB-2004
 LOCUS AR453274
 DEFINITION Sequence 145 from patent US 6680170.
 ACCESSION AR453274
 VERSION AR453274.1 GI:42685528
 KEYWORDS
 SOURCE Unknown.
 ORGANISM Unknown.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 20)
 AUTHORS Plowman, G., Martinez, R., and Whyte, D.
 TITLE Polynucleotides encoding STE20-related protein kinases and methods of use
 JOURNAL Patent: US 6680170-A 145 20-JAN-2004;
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
 1..20
 /organism="unknown"
 /mol_type="genomic DNA"

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 1.3e+02;
 Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 601 GCAAGAACTACTGCGCCTG 620
 Db 20 GCAATGACTACTGCACCTG 1

RESULT 91
 AR453458/c 20 bp DNA linear PAT 20-FEB-2004
 LOCUS AR453458
 DEFINITION Sequence 17 from patent US 6680191.
 ACCESSION AR453458
 VERSION AR453458.1 GI:42686196
 KEYWORDS
 SOURCE Unknown.
 ORGANISM Unknown.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 20)
 AUTHORS Lucas, S., and Boon-Fallieur, T.
 TITLE Isolated nucleic acid molecules coding for tumor rejection antigen precursors of members of the MAGE-C and MAGE-B FAMILIES and uses thereof
 JOURNAL Patent: US 6680191-A 17 20-JAN-2004;
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
 1..20
 /organism="unknown"
 /mol_type="genomic DNA"

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 1.3e+02;
 Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 495 TGTGCCACCTGATGCAGCT 514
 |||||
 DB 20 TCTGCCACCGAGGAGCT 1

RESULT 92
 LOCUS AR490190 20 bp DNA linear PAT 15-MAY-2004

DEFINITION Sequence 24 from patent US 6713065.

ACCESSION AR490190

VERSION AR490190.1 GI:47257371

KEYWORDS

SOURCE Unknown.

ORGANISM Unclassified.

REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 20)

AUTHORS Baron M.H., Farrington S.M. and Beljaousoff M.

TITLE Methods of using hedgehog proteins to modulate hematopoiesis and

JOURNAL Patent: US 6713065-A 24 30-MAR-2004;

FEATURES Location/Qualifiers

1..20

/organism="unknown"

/mol_type="genomic DNA"

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 1.3e+02;
 Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 502 ACCTGATGCAGCTGCTGCAG 521
 |||||
 DB 1 AGCTGATGCAGCTGATCCAG 20

RESULT 93
 LOCUS AX038754 20 bp DNA linear PAT 16-NOV-2000

DEFINITION Sequence 10 from Patent WO0061728.

ACCESSION AX038754

VERSION AX038754.1 GI:11228099

KEYWORDS

SOURCE synthetic construct

ORGANISM synthetic construct

REFERENCE 1

AUTHORS Dunlop J., Kelsell D.P. and Gerst-Talasz U.

TITLE Enzyme

JOURNAL Patent: WO 0061728-A 10 19-OCT-2000;

DEFINITION DUNLOP JOHN (ES); KEISEL DAVID PETER (GB); GERST TALAS ULVI (GB)

ACCESSION ; QUEEN MARY & WESTFIELD COLLEGE (GB)

VERSION Location/Qualifiers

1..20

/organism="synthetic construct"

/mol_type="unassigned DNA"

/db_xref="taxon:32630"

/note="Primer"

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 1.3e+02;
 Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1304 AGCAGCCGAGGAGGAGG 1323
 |||||
 DB 1 ACCAGCCGAGGAGGAGG 20

RESULT 94
 AX224925/c

LOCUS AX224925 20 bp DNA linear PAT 10-SEP-2001
 DEFINITION Sequence 79 from Patent WO0161030.
 ACCESSION AX224925
 VERSION AX224925.1 GI:15554998
 KEYWORDS

SOURCE Homo sapiens (human)

ORGANISM Homo sapiens

REFERENCE 1

AUTHORS Gray D.M. and Bollum A.P.

TITLE Libraries of optimum subsequence regions of mRNA and genomic dna

JOURNAL for control of gene expression

Patent: WO 0161030-A 79 23-AUG-2001;

Cytoclonal Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (US); University of Texas at

Dallas, Dept. of Molecular and Cell Biology (US); Lab. of

Experimental Carcinogenesis, National Cancer Institute/NIH (US)

FEATURES Location/Qualifiers

1..20

/organism="Homo sapiens"

/mol_type="unassigned DNA"

/db_xref="taxon:9606"

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 1.3e+02;
 Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 300 CGGCCGCGCGCTGAGCTG 319
 |||||
 DB 20 CGGCCGCGCGCTGAGCTG 1

RESULT 95
 LOCUS AX298814/c 20 bp DNA linear PAT 26-NOV-2001

DEFINITION Sequence 448 from Patent WO0183749.

ACCESSION AX298814

VERSION AX298814.1 GI:17128804

KEYWORDS

SOURCE Mus sp.

ORGANISM Mus sp.

REFERENCE 1

AUTHORS Bachmanov A.A., Beauchamp G.K., Chatterjee A., de Jong P.J., Li S.,

Li X., Ohmen J.D., Reed D.R., Ross D. and Tordoff M.G.

Gene and sequence variation associated with sensing carbohydrate

compounds and other sweeteners

Patent: WO 0183749-A 448 08-NOV-2001;

WARNER-LAMBERT COMPANY (US); The Monell Chemical Senses Center

JOURNAL (US)

1..20

/organism="Mus sp."

/mol_type="unassigned DNA"

/db_xref="taxon:10095"

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 1.3e+02;
 Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 979 GAGACTGAGGAGGAGCTG 998
 |||||
 DB 20 GAGACTGAGGAGGAGCTG 1

RESULT 96
 LOCUS BD069139 20 bp DNA linear PAT 27-AUG-2002

DEFINITION Methods for modulating hematopoiesis and vascular growth.

ACCESSION BD069139

VERSION BD069139.1 GI:22614742

KEYWORDS JP 2001511650-A/24.

SOURCE unidentified
ORGANISM unidentified
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 20)
AUTHORS Baron,M.H., Farrington,S.M. and Beloussoff,M.
TITLE Methods for modulating hematopoiesis and vascular growth
JOURNAL Patent: JP 200151650-A 24 14-AUG-2001;
THE PRESIDENT AND FELLOWS OF HARVARD COLLEGE
COMMENT OS Unidentified
PN JP 200151650-A/24
PD 14-AUG-2001
PF 10-FEB-1998 JP 1998535042
PR 10-FEB-1997 US 60/037513,16-JUN-1997 US 60/049763 PI
C12N5/00,A61K38/18,A61K48/00
CC PCR Primer
FH Key
FT source
FT Location/Qualifiers
1..20
/organism="Unidentified",
/location/Qualifiers
1..20
/organism="unidentified"
/mol_type="genomic DNA"
/db_xref="taxon:32644"

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 1.3e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 502 ACCTGATGAGCGCTGCTGCTGAG 521
DB 1 AGCTGATGAGCGCTGATGCTGAG 20

RESULT 97
LOCUS BD106882/c 20 bp DNA linear PAT 18-SEP-2002
DEFINITION Isolated nucleic acid molecule coding for tumor rejection antigen
ACCESSION BD106882
VERSION BD106882.1 GI:23201700
KEYWORDS JP 2002503096-A/15.
SOURCE JP 2002503096-A/15.
ORGANISM synthetic construct
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 20)
AUTHORS Lucas,S., Smet,C.D. and Falleur,T.B.
TITLE Isolated nucleic acid molecule coding for tumor rejection antigen
JOURNAL Precursors MAGS-C1 and MAGS-C2 and uses thereof.
COMMENT Patent: JP 2002503096-A 15 29-JAN-2002;
LUDWIG INSTITUTE FOR CANCER RESEARCH
PN JP 2002503096-A/15
PD 29-JAN-2002
PF 24-APR-1998 JP 1998547266
PR 25-APR-1997 US 08/845528
PI SOPHIE LUCAS, CHARLES DE SMET, THIERRY BOON FALLEUR PC
C07H21/04,A61K38/00,A61K39/00,A61K39/12,G01N33/574,C07K5/00, PC
C07K7/00,
PC C07K16/00,C07K17/00
CC Strandedness: Single;
CC Topology: Linear;
FH Key
FT Location/Qualifiers
1..20
/organism="synthetic construct"
/mol_type="genomic DNA"
/db_xref="taxon:32630"

FEATURES
source 1..20
Location/Qualifiers
1..20
/organism="synthetic construct"
/mol_type="genomic DNA"
/db_xref="taxon:32630"

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 1.3e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 495 TGTGCGAACCCTGATGCGACT 514

DB 20 TCTGCGAACCCTGATGCGACT 1

RESULT 98
LOCUS HUM10UVB/c 20 bp DNA linear STS 29-MAY-2002
DEFINITION A PCR primer for human chromosome 21 sfi I linking clone STS,
location 21q22.1, sequence tagged site.
ACCESSION D50140
PD 050140.1 GI:801744
KEYWORDS STS.
SOURCE Homo sapiens (human)
ORGANISM Homo sapiens
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 20)
AUTHORS Tanahashi,H., Ito,T., Hattori,M., Ohira,M., Ohki,M., Tashiro,K. and Sakaki,Y.
TITLE Sixty new STSs (sequence-tagged sites) of human chromosome 21
JOURNAL DNA Res. 1 (2), 85-89 (1994)
MEDLINE 96051984
PUBMED 7584032
REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 20)
AUTHORS Sakaki,Y.
TITLE Direct Submission
JOURNAL Submitted (28-APR-1995) Yoshiyuki Sakaki, Institute of Medical Science, University of Tokyo, Tokyo 108, Japan
Shirokanedai Minato-ku, Tokyo 108, Japan
(E-mail:sakaki@ngc.ims.u-tokyo.ac.jp, Tel:03-5449-5362,
Fax:03-5449-5445)
Submitted (28-APR-1995) to DDBJ by:
Yoshiyuki Sakaki
Human Genome Center
Institute of Medical Science
University of Tokyo
4-6-1 Shirokanedai Minato-ku
Tokyo, 108
Japan
Phone: 03-5449-5362
Fax : 03-5449-5445.

FEATURES
source 1..20
Location/Qualifiers
1..20
/organism="Homo sapiens"
/mol_type="genomic DNA"
/db_xref="taxon:9606"
/chromosome="21"

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 1.3e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1020 GAAACTGAGCGCGACCT 1039
DB 20 GAAATCTGAGGCACACACCT 1

RESULT 99
LOCUS BD255507 17 bp DNA linear PAT 17-JUL-2003
DEFINITION Regulation of repressor genes using nucleic acid molecules.
ACCESSION BD255507
VERSION BD255507.1 GI:33065277
KEYWORDS JP 2002541795-A/3300.
SOURCE JP 2002541795-A/3300.
ORGANISM unidentified
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 17)
AUTHORS Blat,L., Zwick,M., Pavco,P. and Moswiggen,J.
TITLE Regulation of repressor genes using nucleic acid molecules
JOURNAL Patent: JP 2002541795-A 3300 10-DEC-2002;
RIBOZYME PHARMACEUTICALS INC
COMMENT OS Eukaryote

PN JP 2002541795-A/3300
PD 10-DEC-2002
PF 11-APR-2000 JP 2000611654
PR 12-APR-1999 US 60/129390
PI LAWRENCE BLATT, MICHAEL ZWICK, PAMELA PAVCO, JAMES MCSWIGGEN PC
C12N15/09, A61K38/00, A61K48/00, A61P43/00, A61P43/00, C12N5/10, PC
C12P21/02,
PC
C12P21/02, C12P21/02//A61K31/711, (C12N5/10, C12R1:91), (C12P21/02, PC
C12R1:91),
PC (C12P21/02, C12R1:91), (C12P21/02, C12R1:91), C12N15/00, C12N5/00,
PC A61K37/02,
PC (C12N5/00, C12R1:91)
CC Regulation of repressor genes using nucleic acid molecules FH
Key Location/Qualifiers
FT source 1..17
FT Location/Qualifiers
1..17
/organism='Eukaryote',
/organism='unidentified'
/mol_type='genomic DNA'
/db_xref='taxon:32644'
Query Match 0.9%; Score 15; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.4e+02;
Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1099 TGTGATGGGGACA 1113
Db 2 TGTGATGGGGACA 16
RESULT 100
AR431312 AR431312 24 bp DNA linear PAT 18-DEC-2003
LOCUS Sequence 6 from patent US 6651008.
DEFINITION AR431312
ACCESSION AR431312
VERSION AR431312.1 GI:40193280
KEYWORDS
SOURCE Unknown.
ORGANISM Unknown.
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 24)
AUTHORS Valibegovic, E.A., Adams, C.L., Sabry, D.H. and Crompton, A.M.
TITLE Database system including computer code for predictive cellular
bioinformatics
JOURNAL Patent: US 6651008-A 6 18-NOV-2003;
FEATURES
source Location/Qualifiers
1..24
/organism='unknown'
/mol_type='genomic DNA'
Query Match 0.9%; Score 15; DB 1; Length 24;
Best Local Similarity 78.3%; Pred. No. 1.4e+02;
Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 5; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1387 TGTGTTGTTGATCTGTTT 1409
Db 2 TTTTGTGTTTGTGTTT 24
RESULT 101
129929/c 129929 25 bp DNA linear PAT 06-FEB-1997
LOCUS Sequence 42 from patent US 5578468.
DEFINITION 129929
ACCESSION 129929
VERSION 129929.1 GI:1820720
KEYWORDS
SOURCE Unknown.
ORGANISM Unknown.
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 25)
AUTHORS Pickup, D.J., Patel, D. and Antczak, J.B.

TITLE Site-specific RNA cleavage
JOURNAL Patent: US 5578468-A 42 26-NOV-1996;
FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
source 1..25
/organism='unknown'
/mol_type='unassigned DNA'
Query Match 0.9%; Score 15; DB 1; Length 25;
Best Local Similarity 78.3%; Pred. No. 1.4e+02;
Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 5; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1386 TGTGTTGTTGTAFCCTGTTT 1408
Db 24 TTTTGTGTTTGTGTTT 2
RESULT 102
BD234336 BD234336 25 bp DNA linear PAT 17-JUL-2003
LOCUS Improved method for inserting nucleic acid into cyclic vector.
DEFINITION BD234336
ACCESSION BD234336
VERSION BD234336.1 GI:33044106
KEYWORDS UP 2002532085-A/9.
SOURCE synthetic construct
ORGANISM synthetic construct
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 25)
AUTHORS Romanichikov, Y.
TITLE Improved method for inserting nucleic acid into cyclic vector
JOURNAL Patent: JP 2002532085-A 9 02-OCT-2002;
COMMENT YURI ROMANTCHIKOV
OS Artificial Sequence
PN JP 2002532085-A/9
PD 02-OCT-2002
PF 17-DEC-1999 JP 2000588337
PR 17-DEC-1998 US 09/213834
PI YURI ROMANTCHIKOV
PC C12N15/09, C12N1/15, C12N1/19, C12N1/21, C12N5/10, C12N15/00, C12N5/
PC 00
CC Cloning Vector
CC Key
FT source 1..25
FT Location/Qualifiers
1..25
/organism='Artificial Sequence'.
FEATURES
source Location/Qualifiers
1..25
/organism='synthetic construct'
/mol_type='genomic DNA'
/db_xref='taxon:32630'
Query Match 0.9%; Score 15; DB 1; Length 25;
Best Local Similarity 72.0%; Pred. No. 1.4e+02;
Matches 18; Conservative 1; Mismatches 6; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1385 GTTGTGTTGTTGTAFCCTGTTT 1409
Db 1 RTTTTGTGTTTGTGTTT 25
RESULT 103
AX711956 AX711956 27 bp DNA linear PAT 12-MAY-2003
LOCUS Sequence 35 from Patent WO02103060.
DEFINITION AX711956
ACCESSION AX711956
VERSION AX711956.1 GI:29787747
KEYWORDS
SOURCE synthetic construct
ORGANISM synthetic construct
REFERENCE 1
AUTHORS Tuvemo, H.T., Friisk, G.E. and Yin, H.
TITLE Enterovirus nucleic acids
JOURNAL Patent: WO 02103060-A 35 27-DEC-2002;
Immoventus Project AB (SE)

RESULT 108
AX130616 19 bp DNA linear PAT 15-MAY-2001
LOCUS
DEFINITION Sequence 1834 from Patent WO0130362.
ACCESSION AX130616
VERSION AX130616.1 GI:14136921
KEYWORDS
SOURCE Homo sapiens (human)
ORGANISM Homo sapiens
Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Homidae; Homo.

REFERENCE
AUTHORS Robbins, J.M. and Tritz, R.
TITLE Ribozyme therapy for the treatment of proliferative skin and eye diseases
JOURNAL Patent: WO 0130362-A 1834 03-MAY-2001;
IMMUSOL, INC. (US)
FEATURES
source location/Qualifiers
1..19
/organism="Homo sapiens"
/mol_type="unassigned DNA"
/db_xref="taxon:9606"
/note="Cyclin D1 ribozyme binding site"

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 1.5e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 656 GGTGAGCTCTGCGTGA 673
|||||
1 GCTGAGGCTCTGCGAGA 18

Db

RESULT 109
AX130759 19 bp DNA linear PAT 15-MAY-2001
LOCUS
DEFINITION Sequence 1977 from Patent WO0130362.
ACCESSION AX130759
VERSION AX130759.1 GI:14137064
KEYWORDS
SOURCE Homo sapiens (human)
ORGANISM Homo sapiens
Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Homidae; Homo.

REFERENCE
AUTHORS Robbins, J.M. and Tritz, R.
TITLE Ribozyme therapy for the treatment of proliferative skin and eye diseases
JOURNAL Patent: WO 0130362-A 1977 03-MAY-2001;
IMMUSOL, INC. (US)
FEATURES
source location/Qualifiers
1..19
/organism="Homo sapiens"
/mol_type="unassigned DNA"
/db_xref="taxon:9606"
/note="Cyclin D3 ribozyme binding site"

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 1.5e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1556 CCATCGTACTGACAGAG 1573
|||||
1 CCAGCTGCTCTGACAGAG 18

Db

RESULT 110
AX131856 19 bp DNA linear PAT 15-MAY-2001
LOCUS
DEFINITION Sequence 3074 from Patent WO0130362.
ACCESSION AX131856
VERSION AX131856.1 GI:14138161
KEYWORDS
FEATURES

SOURCE Homo sapiens (human)
ORGANISM Homo sapiens
Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Homidae; Homo.

REFERENCE
AUTHORS Robbins, J.M. and Tritz, R.
TITLE Ribozyme therapy for the treatment of proliferative skin and eye diseases
JOURNAL Patent: WO 0130362-A 3074 03-MAY-2001;
IMMUSOL, INC. (US)
FEATURES
source location/Qualifiers
1..19
/organism="Homo sapiens"
/mol_type="unassigned DNA"
/db_xref="taxon:9606"
/note="Cyclin A1 ribozyme binding site"

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 1.5e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1042 GGTGAGGTTGGGAGATA 1059
|||||
1 GGTGAGGTTGGGAGAGA 18

Db

RESULT 111
AX1319714 19 bp DNA linear PAT 14-DEC-2001
LOCUS
DEFINITION Sequence 20 from Patent WO0183751.
ACCESSION AX1319714
VERSION AX1319714.1 GI:17901355
KEYWORDS
SOURCE synthetic construct
ORGANISM synthetic construct
artificial sequences.

REFERENCE
AUTHORS Raschke, E., Wolfe, A.P. and Case, C.C.
TITLE Methods for binding an exogenous molecule to cellular chromatin
JOURNAL Patent: WO 0183751-A 20 08-NOV-2001;
Sangamo Biosciences Inc. (US)
FEATURES
source location/Qualifiers
1..19
/organism="synthetic construct"
/mol_type="unassigned DNA"
/db_xref="taxon:32630"
/note="VEGF reverse primer"

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 1.5e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1322 GGAGGTGGAGGTCGTGG 1339
|||||
19 GTAGCTGGAGGTCGTGG 2

Db

RESULT 112
AX1320702/c 19 bp DNA linear PAT 14-DEC-2001
LOCUS
DEFINITION Sequence 33 from Patent WO0183793.
ACCESSION AX1320702
VERSION AX1320702.1 GI:17902349
KEYWORDS
SOURCE synthetic construct
ORGANISM synthetic construct
artificial sequences.

REFERENCE
AUTHORS Wolfe, A.P. and Collingwood, T.
TITLE Targeted modification of chromatin structure
JOURNAL Patent: WO 0183793-A 33 08-NOV-2001;
Sangamo Biosciences Inc. (US)
FEATURES
location/Qualifiers

source

1. .19
/organism="synthetic construct"
/mol_type="unassigned DNA"
/db_xref="taxon:32630"
/note="VEGF reverse primer"

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 1.5e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1322 GGAGTCGAGAGTCGTG 1339

Db 19 GTACTCGAGAGTCGTG 2

RESULT 113

AX822079 19 bp DNA linear PAT 10-DEC-2003
DEFINITION Sequence 2 from Patent EP1340768.
ACCESSION AX822079
VERSION AX822079.1 GI:39725261
KEYWORDS
SOURCE unidentified
ORGANISM unidentified

REFERENCE 1
AUTHORS Akinaanya,K., Hayward,A. and Qi,S.
TITLE IHRH analogues for the treatment of osteoporosis
JOURNAL Patent: EP 1340768-A 2 03-SEP-2003;
(NL)

FEATURES
source Location/Qualifiers
1. .19
/organism="unidentified"
/mol_type="unassigned DNA"
/db_xref="taxon:32644"

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 1.5e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 536 GGCGGCGCTGGCTCTCG 553

Db 2 GGCGGCGCGGCTCTCG 19

RESULT 114

AR137712 26 bp DNA linear PAT 16-JUN-2001
DEFINITION Sequence 5 from patent US 6197554.
ACCESSION AR137712
VERSION AR137712.1 GI:14479221
KEYWORDS
SOURCE Unknown.
ORGANISM Unclassified.

REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 26)
AUTHORS Lin,S.-Y., Chong,C.-M. and Ying,S.-Y.
TITLE Method for generating full-length cDNA library from single cells
JOURNAL Patent: US 6197554-A 5 06-MAR-2001;
FEATURES
source Location/Qualifiers
1. .26
/organism="unknown"
/mol_type="unassigned DNA"

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 26;
Best Local Similarity 73.1%; Pred. No. 1.5e+02;
Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 7; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1382 TTGTGTTGTTGTTGATCTGTT 1407

Db 1 TTTTGTGTTGTTGTTGTTT 26

RESULT 115

BD192375 26 bp DNA linear PAT 17-JUL-2003
LOCUS BD192375
DEFINITION Reagents and methods useful for detecting diseases of the breast.
ACCESSION BD192375
VERSION BD192375.1 GI:33002114
KEYWORDS JP 2002516576-A/14.
SOURCE Mus sp.
ORGANISM Mus sp.

REFERENCE 1
AUTHORS Medel,P.A.B., Cohen,M., Colpitts,T.L., Friedman,P.N., Gordon,J.,
Russell,J.C., Scheffel,C.P., Stroupe,S.D. and Yu,H.
Reagents and methods useful for detecting diseases of the breast
Patent: JP 2002516576-A 14 04-JUN-2002;
ABBOTT LABORATORIES
PN JP 2002516576-A/14
PD 04-JUN-2002
PF 19-JUN-1998 JP 199504891
PR 20-JUN-1997 US 06/879354
PI PATRICIA A BILLING MEDEL,MAURICE COHEN,TRACEY L COLPITTS,PAULA

PI N FRIEDMAN,
PI JULIAN GORDON,EDWARD N GRANADOS,STEVEN C HODGES,MICHAEL R PI
KLASS,
PI JON D KRATOCHVIL,JOHN C RUSSELL,CHRISTI P SCHEFFEL,STEPHEN D
PI STROUBE,
PI HONG YU
PC C12N15/12,C07K14/47,C12Q1/68,C12N15/85,C12N5/10,C07K16/18,PC
G01N33/574
CC Strandedness: Single;
CC Topology: Linear;
FH Key Location/Qualifiers

FEATURES
source Location/Qualifiers
1. .26
/organism="Mus sp."
/mol_type="genomic DNA"
/db_xref="taxon:10095"

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 26;
Best Local Similarity 73.1%; Pred. No. 1.5e+02;
Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 7; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1387 TGTGTTGTTGATCTGTTTCTG 1412

Db 1 TTTTGTGTTGTTGTTT 26

RESULT 116

CQ828164/c 26 bp DNA linear PAT 05-JUL-2004
DEFINITION Sequence 14 from Patent WO2004053160.
ACCESSION CQ828164
VERSION CQ828164.1 GI:49731658
KEYWORDS
SOURCE synthetic construct
ORGANISM artificial sequences.

REFERENCE 1
AUTHORS Jimenez,M.C., Escobar,I.G., Gallego,S.C. and Gimadevilla,J.C.
TITLE Method to analyze polymeric nucleic acid sequence variations
JOURNAL Patent: WO 2004053160-A 14 24-JUN-2004;
GENOMICA S.A.U. (ES)
FEATURES
source Location/Qualifiers
1. .26
/organism="synthetic construct"
/mol_type="unassigned DNA"
/db_xref="taxon:32630"
/note="primer"

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 26;

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.6; DB 1; Length 24;
Best Local Similarity 81.0%; Pred. No. 1.6e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 4; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1389 TTGTTGTTGTAATCTGTTT 1409
|||||
Db 4 TTGTTGTTGTTTCTTTT 24

RESULT 122
AR431313 24 bp DNA linear PAT 18-DEC-2003
LOCUS AR431313
DEFINITION Sequence 7 from patent US 6651008.
ACCESSION AR431313
VERSION AR431313.1 GI:40193281
KEYWORDS
SOURCE Unknown.
ORGANISM Unknown.
REFERENCE 1 Unclassified.
AUTHORS 1 (bases 1 to 24)
TITLE Vaisberg,E.A., Adams,C.L., Sabry,J.H. and Crompton,A.M.
JOURNAL Database system including computer code for predictive cellular
FEATURES biinformatics
Source Patent: US 6651008-A 7 18-NOV-2003;
1. .24
Location/Qualifiers
/organism="unknown"
/mol_type="genomic DNA"

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.6; DB 1; Length 24;
Best Local Similarity 81.0%; Pred. No. 1.6e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 4; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1380 TGTGTTGTTGTTGTTGTTAT 1400
|||||
Db 3 TTTTGTGTTTCTTTTCTAT 23

RESULT 123
BD237566 26 bp DNA linear PAT 17-JUL-2003
LOCUS BD237566
DEFINITION Genes and proteins predicting and treating fit, hypertension,
diabetes and obesity.
ACCESSION BD237566
VERSION BD237566.1 GI:33047336
KEYWORDS JP 2002525115-A/1.
SOURCE JP 2002525115-A/1.
ORGANISM synthetic construct
REFERENCE 1 Artificial sequences.
AUTHORS 1 (bases 1 to 26)
TITLE Shimkets,R.A.
JOURNAL Genes and proteins predicting and treating fit, hypertension,
diabetes and obesity.
FEATURES Patent: JP 2002525115-A 1 13-AUG-2002;
CURAGEN CORP
OS Artificial Sequence
PN JP 2002525115-A/1
PF 13-AUG-2002
PR 28-SEP-1999 JP 2000572365
PI RICHARD A SHIMKETS
PC C12N15/09,A01K67/027,A61K31/7088,A61K38/00,A61K39/395,A61K39/
PC 395,
PC A61K33/395,A61K48/00,A61P3/04,A61P3/06,A61P9/10,A61P9/12, PC
A61P43/00,
PC C07K14/47,C07K16/18,C12N9/10,C12N9/88,C12Q1/25,C12Q1/52 PC
C12Q1/68,G01N33/15,
PC G01N33/50,C12N15/00,A61K37/02
CC Description of Artificial Sequence: oligo(dnt) <25>V FH Key
Location/Qualifiers
FT source 1. .26
/organism="Artificial Sequence".

FEATURES location/Qualifiers
source 1. .26
/organism="synthetic construct"
/mol_type="genomic DNA"
/db_xref="taxon:32630"

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.6; DB 1; Length 26;
Best Local Similarity 72.0%; Pred. No. 1.6e+02;
Matches 18; Conservative 1; Mismatches 6; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1386 TTGTTGTTGTAATCTGTTTTC 1410
|||||
Db 2 TTGTTGTTGTTTCTTTTCTT 26

RESULT 124
AR257336 26 bp DNA linear PAT 20-DEC-2002
LOCUS AR257336
DEFINITION Sequence 43 from patent US 6486299.
ACCESSION AR257336
VERSION AR257336.1 GI:27307233
KEYWORDS
SOURCE Unknown.
ORGANISM Unknown.
REFERENCE 1 Unclassified.
AUTHORS 1 (bases 1 to 26)
TITLE Shimkets,R.A.
JOURNAL Genes and proteins predictive and therapeutic for stroke,
hypertension, diabetes and obesity
FEATURES Patent: US 6486299-A 43 26-NOV-2002;
1. .26
Location/Qualifiers
/organism="unknown"
/mol_type="genomic DNA"

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.6; DB 1; Length 26;
Best Local Similarity 72.0%; Pred. No. 1.6e+02;
Matches 18; Conservative 1; Mismatches 6; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1386 TTGTTGTTGTAATCTGTTTTC 1410
|||||
Db 2 TTGTTGTTGTTTCTTTTCTT 26

RESULT 125
AR263647 26 bp DNA linear PAT 29-JAN-2003
LOCUS AR263647
DEFINITION Sequence 6 from patent US 6331413.
ACCESSION AR263647
VERSION AR263647.1 GI:28075580
KEYWORDS
SOURCE Unknown.
ORGANISM Unknown.
REFERENCE 1 Unclassified.
AUTHORS 1 (bases 1 to 26)
TITLE Adler,D.A. and Sheppard,P.O.
JOURNAL Secreted salivary ZS1G3 polypeptide
FEATURES Patent: US 6331413-A 6 18-DEC-2001;
1. .26
Location/Qualifiers
/organism="unknown"
/mol_type="genomic DNA"

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.6; DB 1; Length 26;
Best Local Similarity 72.0%; Pred. No. 1.6e+02;
Matches 18; Conservative 1; Mismatches 6; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1386 TTGTTGTTGTAATCTGTTTTC 1410
|||||
Db 2 TTGTTGTTGTTTCTTTTCTT 26

RESULT 126

[illegible]

JOURNAL Patent: US 5852169-A 7 22-DEC-1998;
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
 source 1..16
 /organism="unknown"
 /mol_type="unassigned DNA"

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 16;
 Best Local Similarity 93.8%; Pred. No. 1.7e+02;
 Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 20 AATTGGCAGCAGGCG 35
 Db 1 AATTGGCAGCAGGCG 16

RESULT 131
 LOCUS 119988 16 bp DNA linear PAT 07-OCT-1996
 DEFINITION Sequence 7 from patent US 5512473.
 ACCESSION 119988
 VERSION 119988.1 GI:1600343
 KEYWORDS
 SOURCE Unknown.
 ORGANISM Unclassified.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 16)
 AUTHORS Brent, R. and Zervos, A.S.
 TITLE Max-interacting proteins and related molecules and methods
 JOURNAL Patent: US 5512473-A 7 30-APR-1996;
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
 1..16
 /organism="unknown"
 /mol_type="unassigned DNA"

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 16;
 Best Local Similarity 93.8%; Pred. No. 1.7e+02;
 Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 20 AATTGGCAGCAGGCG 35
 Db 1 AATTGGCAGCAGGCG 16

RESULT 132
 LOCUS 130248 16 bp DNA linear PAT 06-FEB-1997
 DEFINITION Sequence 7 from patent US 5580736.
 ACCESSION 130248
 VERSION 130248.1 GI:1821039
 KEYWORDS
 SOURCE Unknown.
 ORGANISM Unclassified.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 16)
 AUTHORS Brent, R., Gyuris, J. and Golemis, E.
 TITLE Interaction trap system for isolating novel proteins
 JOURNAL Patent: US 5580736-A 7 03-DEC-1996;
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
 1..16
 /organism="unknown"
 /mol_type="unassigned DNA"

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 16;
 Best Local Similarity 93.8%; Pred. No. 1.7e+02;
 Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 20 AATTGGCAGCAGGCG 35
 Db 1 AATTGGCAGCAGGCG 16

RESULT 133
 LOCUS 1600343 16 bp DNA linear PAT 07-OCT-1996
 DEFINITION Sequence 7 from patent US 5512473.
 ACCESSION 1600343
 VERSION 1600343.1 GI:1600343
 KEYWORDS
 SOURCE Unknown.
 ORGANISM Unclassified.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 16)
 AUTHORS Brent, R. and Zervos, A.S.
 TITLE Max-interacting proteins and related molecules and methods
 JOURNAL Patent: US 5512473-A 7 30-APR-1996;
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
 1..16
 /organism="unknown"
 /mol_type="unassigned DNA"

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 16;
 Best Local Similarity 93.8%; Pred. No. 1.7e+02;
 Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 20 AATTGGCAGCAGGCG 35
 Db 1 AATTGGCAGCAGGCG 16

RESULT 134
 LOCUS 1600344 16 bp DNA linear PAT 06-JAN-2004
 DEFINITION Sequence 7 from Patent EP1362913.
 ACCESSION AX938344
 VERSION AX938344.1 GI:40713957
 KEYWORDS
 SOURCE unidentified
 ORGANISM unidentified
 REFERENCE 1
 AUTHORS Brent, R., Gyuris, J. and Golemis, E.
 TITLE Interaction trap system for isolating proteins
 JOURNAL Patent: EP 1362913-A 7 19-NOV-2003;
 FEATURES THE GENERAL HOSPITAL CORPORATION (US)
 Location/Qualifiers
 1..16
 /organism="unidentified"
 /mol_type="unassigned DNA"
 /db_xref="taxon:3264"
 /note="Unknown"

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 16;
 Best Local Similarity 93.8%; Pred. No. 1.7e+02;
 Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 20 AATTGGCAGCAGGCG 35
 Db 1 AATTGGCAGCAGGCG 16

RESULT 135
 LOCUS AR039433 17 bp DNA linear PAT 29-SEP-1999
 DEFINITION Sequence 281 from patent US 5807743.
 ACCESSION AR039433
 VERSION AR039433.1 GI:5958796
 KEYWORDS
 SOURCE Unknown.
 ORGANISM Unclassified.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 17)
 AUTHORS Stinchcomb, D.T. and McSwigen, J.A.
 TITLE Interleukin-2 receptor gamma-chain ribozymes
 JOURNAL Patent: US 5807743-A 281 15-SEP-1998;
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
 1..17

LOCUS AR435812 16 bp RNA linear PAT 18-DEC-2003
 DEFINITION Sequence 71 from patent US 6656731.
 ACCESSION AR435812
 VERSION AR435812.1 GI:40198896
 KEYWORDS
 SOURCE Unknown.
 ORGANISM Unclassified.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 16)
 AUTHORS Eckstein, F., Ludwig, J. and Beigelman, L.
 TITLE Nucleic acid catalysts with endonuclease activity
 JOURNAL Patent: US 6656731-A 71 02-DEC-2003;
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
 1..16
 /organism="unknown"
 /mol_type="unassigned RNA"

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 16;
 Best Local Similarity 93.8%; Pred. No. 1.7e+02;
 Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 663 GTCTGCGTGGAGCAGG 678
 Db 16 GTCTGCGTGGAGCAGG 1

RESULT 134
 LOCUS AX938344 16 bp DNA linear PAT 06-JAN-2004
 DEFINITION Sequence 7 from Patent EP1362913.
 ACCESSION AX938344
 VERSION AX938344.1 GI:40713957
 KEYWORDS
 SOURCE unidentified
 ORGANISM unidentified
 REFERENCE 1
 AUTHORS Brent, R., Gyuris, J. and Golemis, E.
 TITLE Interaction trap system for isolating proteins
 JOURNAL Patent: EP 1362913-A 7 19-NOV-2003;
 FEATURES THE GENERAL HOSPITAL CORPORATION (US)
 Location/Qualifiers
 1..16
 /organism="unidentified"
 /mol_type="unassigned DNA"
 /db_xref="taxon:3264"
 /note="Unknown"

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 16;
 Best Local Similarity 93.8%; Pred. No. 1.7e+02;
 Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 20 AATTGGCAGCAGGCG 35
 Db 1 AATTGGCAGCAGGCG 16

RESULT 135
 LOCUS AR039433 17 bp DNA linear PAT 29-SEP-1999
 DEFINITION Sequence 281 from patent US 5807743.
 ACCESSION AR039433
 VERSION AR039433.1 GI:5958796
 KEYWORDS
 SOURCE Unknown.
 ORGANISM Unclassified.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 17)
 AUTHORS Stinchcomb, D.T. and McSwigen, J.A.
 TITLE Interleukin-2 receptor gamma-chain ribozymes
 JOURNAL Patent: US 5807743-A 281 15-SEP-1998;
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
 1..17

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/organism="unknown"
/mol_type="unassigned DNA"

Query Match      0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 93.8%; Pred. No. 1.7e+02;
Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy      279 CCCCCACTCCACCC 294
Db      1 CCCCCAATCCACCC 16

RESULT 136
LOCUS      AR192332      17 bp      DNA
DEFINITION Sequence 7820 from patent US 6346398.
ACCESSION  AR192332
VERSION     AR192332.1 GI:20238297
KEYWORDS
SOURCE      Unknown.
ORGANISM    Unknown.
REFERENCE    1 (bases 1 to 17)
AUTHORS      Pavco, P., McSwiggen, J., Stinchcomb, D. and Escobedo, J.
TITLE        Method and reagent for the treatment of diseases or conditions
              related to levels of vascular endothelial growth factor receptor
JOURNAL      Patent: US 6346398-A 7820 12-FEB-2002;
FEATURES
source      1. .17
/mol_type="unassigned DNA"

Query Match      0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 93.8%; Pred. No. 1.7e+02;
Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy      1382 TTTGTTGTTGTTTG 1397
Db      2 TTTGTTTGTGTTTG 17

RESULT 137
LOCUS      AR192334      17 bp      DNA
DEFINITION Sequence 7822 from patent US 6346398.
ACCESSION  AR192334
VERSION     AR192334.1 GI:20238299
KEYWORDS
SOURCE      Unknown.
ORGANISM    Unknown.
REFERENCE    1 (bases 1 to 17)
AUTHORS      Pavco, P., McSwiggen, J., Stinchcomb, D. and Escobedo, J.
TITLE        Method and reagent for the treatment of diseases or conditions
              related to levels of vascular endothelial growth factor receptor
JOURNAL      Patent: US 6346398-A 7822 12-FEB-2002;
FEATURES
source      1. .17
/mol_type="unassigned DNA"

Query Match      0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 93.8%; Pred. No. 1.7e+02;
Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy      1383 TTTGTTGTTGTTTGT 1398
Db      1 TTTGTTTGTGTTTGT 16

RESULT 138
LOCUS      AR195753      17 bp      DNA
DEFINITION Sequence 7820 from patent US 6346398.
ACCESSION  AR195753
VERSION     AR195753.1 GI:20245190
KEYWORDS
SOURCE      Unknown.
ORGANISM    Unknown.
REFERENCE    1 (bases 1 to 17)
AUTHORS      Pavco, P., McSwiggen, J., Stinchcomb, D. and Escobedo, J.
TITLE        Method and reagent for the treatment of diseases or conditions
              related to levels of vascular endothelial growth factor receptor
JOURNAL      Patent: US 6346398-A 7822 12-FEB-2002;
FEATURES
source      1. .17
/mol_type="unassigned DNA"

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DEFINITION Sequence 218 from patent US 6350934.
ACCESSION  AR195753
VERSION     AR195753.1 GI:20245190
KEYWORDS
SOURCE      Unknown.
ORGANISM    Unknown.
REFERENCE    1 (bases 1 to 17)
AUTHORS      Pavco, P., McSwiggen, J., Stinchcomb, D. and Escobedo, J.
TITLE        Method and reagent for the treatment of diseases or conditions
              related to levels of vascular endothelial growth factor receptor
JOURNAL      Patent: US 6350934-A 218 26-FEB-2002;
FEATURES
source      1. .17
/mol_type="unassigned DNA"

Query Match      0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 93.8%; Pred. No. 1.7e+02;
Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy      311 CTCAGCCTGGGGTCG 326
Db      1 CTCAGCCTGGGGTCG 16

RESULT 139
LOCUS      AR286245      17 bp      RNA
DEFINITION Sequence 617 from patent US 6528640.
ACCESSION  AR286245
VERSION     AR286245.1 GI:29723841
KEYWORDS
SOURCE      Unknown.
ORGANISM    Unknown.
REFERENCE    1 (bases 1 to 17)
AUTHORS      Belgeiman, L., Burgin, A., Beaudry, A., Karpelsky, A.,
              Matulic-Adamic, J., Sweedler, D. and Zinnen, S.
TITLE        Synthetic ribonucleic acids with RNase activity
JOURNAL      Patent: US 6528640-A 617 04-MAR-2003;
FEATURES
source      1. .17
/mol_type="unassigned RNA"

Query Match      0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 93.8%; Pred. No. 1.7e+02;
Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy      1087 TGTGGCGGTGGCTGTG 1102
Db      2 TGTGGCGGTGGCTGTG 17

RESULT 140
LOCUS      AR326202      17 bp      RNA
DEFINITION Sequence 3604 from patent US 6566127.
ACCESSION  AR326202
VERSION     AR326202.1 GI:33712010
KEYWORDS
SOURCE      Unknown.
ORGANISM    Unknown.
REFERENCE    1 (bases 1 to 17)
AUTHORS      Pavco, P., McSwiggen, J., Stinchcomb, D. and Escobedo, J.
TITLE        Method and reagent for the treatment of diseases or conditions
              related to levels of vascular endothelial growth factor receptor
JOURNAL      Patent: US 6566127-A 3604 20-MAY-2003;
FEATURES
source      1. .17
/mol_type="unassigned RNA"

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/mol_type="unassigned RNA"

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 93.8%; Pred. No. 1.7e+02;
Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1382 TTGTGTTGTTGTTTG 1397
Db 2 TTGTGTTGTTGTTTG 17

RESULT 141
AR326204
LOCUS AR326204 17 bp RNA
DEFINITION Sequence 3606 from patent US 6566127.
ACCESSION AR326204
VERSION AR326204.1 GI:33712012
KEYWORDS
SOURCE Unknown.
ORGANISM Unclassified.
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 17)
AUTHORS Pavco,P., McSwiggen,J.A., Stinchcomb,D.T. and Escobedo,J.
TITLE Method and reagent for the treatment of diseases or conditions related to levels of vascular endothelial growth factor receptors
JOURNAL Patent: US 6566127-A 3606 20-MAY-2003;
FEATURES
source 1. .17
/organism="unknown"
/mol_type="unassigned RNA"

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 93.8%; Pred. No. 1.7e+02;
Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1383 TTGTGTTGTTGTTTG 1398
Db 1 TTGTGTTGTTGTTTG 16

RESULT 142
AR328948
LOCUS AR328948 17 bp RNA
DEFINITION Sequence 6350 from patent US 6566127.
ACCESSION AR328948
VERSION AR328948.1 GI:33714756
KEYWORDS
SOURCE Unknown.
ORGANISM Unclassified.
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 17)
AUTHORS Pavco,P., McSwiggen,J.A., Stinchcomb,D.T. and Escobedo,J.
TITLE Method and reagent for the treatment of diseases or conditions related to levels of vascular endothelial growth factor receptor
JOURNAL Patent: US 6566127-A 6350 20-MAY-2003;
FEATURES
source 1. .17
/organism="unknown"
/mol_type="unassigned RNA"

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 93.8%; Pred. No. 1.7e+02;
Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 287 TCCACCCCGAGTCGG 302
Db 2 TCCACCCCGAGTCGG 17

RESULT 143
AR328949
LOCUS AR328949 17 bp RNA
DEFINITION Sequence 6351 from patent US 6566127.

ACCESSION AR328949
VERSION AR328949.1 GI:33714757
KEYWORDS
SOURCE Unknown.
ORGANISM Unclassified.
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 17)
AUTHORS Pavco,P., McSwiggen,J.A., Stinchcomb,D.T. and Escobedo,J.
TITLE Method and reagent for the treatment of diseases or conditions related to levels of vascular endothelial growth factor receptor
JOURNAL Patent: US 6566127-A 6351 20-MAY-2003;
FEATURES
source 1. .17
/organism="unknown"
/mol_type="unassigned RNA"

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 93.8%; Pred. No. 1.7e+02;
Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 287 TCCACCCCGAGTCGG 302
Db 1 TCCACCCCGAGTCGG 16

RESULT 144
AR398235
LOCUS AR398235 17 bp RNA
DEFINITION Sequence 616 from patent US 6617438.
ACCESSION AR398235
VERSION AR398235.1 GI:40135883
KEYWORDS
SOURCE Unknown.
ORGANISM Unclassified.
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 17)
AUTHORS Beigelman,L., Burgin,A.B., Beaudry,A., Karpeisky,A., Matulic-Adamic,J., Sweedler,D. and Zinnen,S.
TITLE Oligonucleotides with enzymatic activity
JOURNAL Patent: US 6617438-A 616 09-SEP-2003;
FEATURES
source 1. .17
/organism="unknown"
/mol_type="unassigned RNA"

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 93.8%; Pred. No. 1.7e+02;
Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1087 TGTGCGGTGCTGTG 1102
Db 2 TGTGCGGTGCTGTG 17

RESULT 145
AX216928
LOCUS AX216928 17 bp RNA
DEFINITION Sequence 2370 from Patent WO0159103.
ACCESSION AX216928
VERSION AX216928.1 GI:15526989
KEYWORDS
SOURCE synthetic construct
ORGANISM artificial sequences.
REFERENCE 1
AUTHORS Blatt,L., McSwiggen,J. and Chowrira,B.M.
TITLE Method and reagent for the modulation and diagnosis of cd20 and nogo gene expression
JOURNAL Patent: WO 0159103-A 2370 16-AUG-2001;
FEATURES
source RIBOZYME PHARMACEUTICALS, INC. (US); Blatt, Lawrence (US); McSwiggen, James (US); Chowrira, Bharat M. (US)
1. .17
Location/Qualifiers

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Query Match      0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 93.8%; Pred. No. 1.7e+02;
Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY      261 TCTTCGCCCTCGTCCT 276
         |||||
Db      17 TCTTCGTCCTCGTCCT 2

RESULT 146
AX216929/c      17 bp  RNA      linear      PAT 07-SEP-2001
LOCUS      AX216929
DEFINITION      Sequence 2371 from Patent WO0159103.
ACCESSION      AX216929
VERSION      AX216929.1 GI:15526990
KEYWORDS
SOURCE      synthetic construct
ORGANISM      synthetic construct
REFERENCE      1
AUTHORS      Blatt, L., McSwigen, J. and Chowrira, B.M.
TITLE      Method and reagent for the modulation and diagnosis of ccd20 and
JOURNAL      nogo gene expression
              Patent: WO 0159103-A 2371 16-AUG-2001;
              RIBOZYME PHARMACEUTICALS, INC. (US) ; Blatt, Lawrence (US) ;
              McSwigen, James (US) ; Chowrira, Bharat M. (US)
FEATURES
  source      Location/Qualifiers
              1..17
                /organism="synthetic construct"
                /mol_type="unassigned RNA"
                /db_xref="taxon:32630"
                /note="Nucleic Acid"

Query Match      0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 93.8%; Pred. No. 1.7e+02;
Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY      261 TCTTCGCCCTCGTCCT 276
         |||||
Db      16 TCTTCGTCCTCGTCCT 1

RESULT 147
AX736712      17 bp  DNA      linear      PAT 08-MAY-2003
LOCUS      AX736712
DEFINITION      Sequence 2302 from Patent WO03025177.
ACCESSION      AX736712
VERSION      AX736712.1 GI:30516000
KEYWORDS
SOURCE      Homo sapiens (human)
ORGANISM      Homo sapiens
REFERENCE      1
AUTHORS      Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
              Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Homiidae; Homo.
TITLE      Telerman, A., Amson, R. and Tuijinder, M.
JOURNAL      Sequences involved in phenomena of tumour suppression, tumour
              reversion, apoptosis and/or resistance to viruses and the use
              thereof as medicaments
              Patent: WO 03025177-A 2302 27-MAR-2003;
              Molecular Engines Laboratories (FR)
FEATURES
  source      Location/Qualifiers
              1..17
                /organism="Homo sapiens"
                /mol_type="unassigned DNA"
                /db_xref="taxon:9606"

Query Match      0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 93.8%; Pred. No. 1.7e+02;

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Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY      1399 ATCTGTTTCTGAT 1414
         |||||
Db      2 ATCATGTTTCTGAT 17

RESULT 148
AX758749      17 bp  DNA      linear      PAT 25-JUN-2003
LOCUS      AX758749
DEFINITION      Sequence 2070 from Patent WO03040369.
ACCESSION      AX758749
VERSION      AX758749.1 GI:32253365
KEYWORDS
SOURCE      Homo sapiens (human)
ORGANISM      Homo sapiens
REFERENCE      1
AUTHORS      Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
              Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Homiidae; Homo.
TITLE      Telerman, A., Amson, R. and Tuijinder, M.
JOURNAL      Sequences involved in tumoral suppression, tumoral reversion,
              apoptosis and/or viral resistance phenomena and their use as
              medicines
              Patent: WO 03040369-A 2070 15-MAY-2003;
              Molecular Engines Laboratories (FR)
FEATURES
  source      Location/Qualifiers
              1..17
                /organism="Homo sapiens"
                /mol_type="unassigned DNA"
                /db_xref="taxon:9606"

Query Match      0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 93.8%; Pred. No. 1.7e+02;
Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY      1399 ATCTGTTTCTGAT 1414
         |||||
Db      2 ATCATGTTTCTGAT 17

RESULT 149
AR196166      18 bp  DNA      linear      PAT 20-APR-2002
LOCUS      AR196166
DEFINITION      Sequence 631 from patent US 6350934.
ACCESSION      AR196166
VERSION      AR196166.1 GI:20245603
KEYWORDS
SOURCE      Unknown.
ORGANISM      Unknown.
REFERENCE      1 (bases 1 to 18)
AUTHORS      Zwick, M.G., Edington, B.E., McSwigen, J.A., Merlo, P.Ann, Owens,
              Quo, L., Skokut, T.A., Young, S.A., Folkerts, O. and Merlo, D.J.
TITLE      Nucleic acid encoding delta-9 desaturase
JOURNAL      Patent: US 6350934-A 631 26-FEB-2002;
              Location/Qualifiers
FEATURES
  source      1..18
                /organism="unknown"
                /mol_type="unassigned DNA"

Query Match      0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 18;
Best Local Similarity 93.8%; Pred. No. 1.7e+02;
Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY      310 GCTCAGCCTGGGGGTC 325
         |||||
Db      3 GCTCAGCCTCGGGGTC 18

RESULT 150
AX710854      18 bp  RNA      linear      PAT 11-APR-2003
LOCUS      AX710854
DEFINITION      Sequence 154 from Patent EP1288296.

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ACCESSION AX710854
VERSION AX710854.1 GI:29787235
KEYWORDS Human herpesvirus 4 (Epstein-Barr virus)
SOURCE Human herpesvirus 4
ORGANISM Viruses; dsDNA viruses, no RNA stage; Herpesviridae; Gammaherpesvirinae; Lymphocryptovirus.

REFERENCE 1
AUTHORS Draper,K.G., McSwigen,J.A., Holecek,J.J., Dudycz,L.W., Macejak,D.G. and Mamone,J.A.
TITLE Method and reagent for inhibiting HBV viral replication
JOURNAL Patent: EP 1288296-A 154 05-MAR-2003;
RIBOZYME PHARMACEUTICALS, INC. (US)
FEATURES
Source
1..18
/organism="Human herpesvirus 4"
/mol_type="unassigned RNA"
/db_xref="taxon:10376"

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 18;
Best Local Similarity 93.8%; Pred. No. 1.7e+02;
Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1330 GAGGTCTGGAGGTGG 1345
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3 GAGGTCTGGAGGTGG 18

RESULT 151
LOCUS BD000995
DEFINITION Method and reagent for inhibiting viral replication.
ACCESSION BD000995.1 GI:18625554
VERSION UP 2000342285-A/155.
KEYWORDS synthetic construct
SOURCE synthetic construct
ORGANISM artificial sequences.
REFERENCE 1
AUTHORS (bases 1 to 18)
TITLE Draper,K.G., Dadyktz,L.W., Macswigen,J.A., Maysejak,D.G., Holecek,J.J. and Mamone,A.J.
JOURNAL Method and reagent for inhibiting viral replication
PATENT: JP 2000342285-A 155 12-DEC-2000;
RIBOZYME PHARMACEUTICALS INC
COMMENT OS Artificial Sequence
PN UP 2000342285-A/155
PF 11-MAY-2000 JP 2000132616
PD 12-DEC-2000
PR 01-MAY-1992 US 07/882689,14-MAY-1992 US 07/882712 PR
14-MAY-1992 US 07/882713,14-MAY-1992 US 07/882714 PR
14-MAY-1992 US 07/882823,14-MAY-1992 US 07/882824 PR
14-MAY-1992 US 07/882886,14-MAY-1992 US 07/882888 PR
14-MAY-1992 US 07/882889,14-MAY-1992 US 07/882921 PR
14-MAY-1992 US 07/882922,14-MAY-1992 US 07/882923 PR
14-MAY-1992 US 07/883849,14-MAY-1992 US 07/884073 PR
14-MAY-1992 US 07/884074,14-MAY-1992 US 07/884333 PR
14-MAY-1992 US 07/884422,14-MAY-1992 US 07/884431 PR
31-JUL-1992 US 07/923738,26-AUG-1992 US 07/935854 PR
26-AUG-1992 US 07/936086,18-SEP-1992 US 07/948359 PR
15-OCT-1992 US 07/963322,07-DEC-1992 US 07/987123 PR
07-DEC-1992 US 07/987130,07-DEC-1992 US 07/987133 PR
KENNETH G DRAPER, LEC W DADYKTZ, JAMES A MACSWIGEN, PI DENNIS G
MAYSEJAK,
PI JAMES J HOLESEK, ANTHONY J MAMONE
PC C12N15/09, C12N5/10, C12N7/00, C12N9/22// (C12N5/10, C12R1:91), PC
C12N15/00,
PC C12N5/00, (C12N5/00, C12R1:91)
CC
FH Key Location/Qualifiers
FT source 1..18
/organism="Artificial Sequence".
FEATURES
Location/Qualifiers

source 1..18
/organism="synthetic construct"
/mol_type="genomic RNA"
/db_xref="taxon:32630"

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 18;
Best Local Similarity 93.8%; Pred. No. 1.7e+02;
Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1330 GAGGTCTGGAGGTGG 1345
|||||
3 GAGGTCTGGAGGTGG 18

RESULT 152
LOCUS BD001424
DEFINITION Method and reagent for inhibiting viral replication.
ACCESSION BD001424.1 GI:18625983
VERSION UP 2000342286-A/155.
KEYWORDS synthetic construct
SOURCE synthetic construct
ORGANISM artificial sequences.
REFERENCE 1
AUTHORS (bases 1 to 18)
TITLE Draper,K.G., Dadyktz,L.W., Macswigen,J.A., Maysejak,D.G., Holecek,J.J. and Mamone,A.J.
JOURNAL Method and reagent for inhibiting viral replication
PATENT: JP 2000342286-A 155 12-DEC-2000;
RIBOZYME PHARMACEUTICALS INC
COMMENT OS Artificial Sequence
PN UP 2000342286-A/155
PD 12-DEC-2000
PF 01-MAY-2000 JP 2000132651
PR 11-MAY-1992 US 07/882689,14-MAY-1992 US 07/882712 PR
14-MAY-1992 US 07/882713,14-MAY-1992 US 07/882714 PR
14-MAY-1992 US 07/882823,14-MAY-1992 US 07/882824 PR
14-MAY-1992 US 07/882886,14-MAY-1992 US 07/882888 PR
14-MAY-1992 US 07/882889,14-MAY-1992 US 07/882921 PR
14-MAY-1992 US 07/882922,14-MAY-1992 US 07/882923 PR
14-MAY-1992 US 07/883849,14-MAY-1992 US 07/884073 PR
14-MAY-1992 US 07/884074,14-MAY-1992 US 07/884333 PR
14-MAY-1992 US 07/884422,14-MAY-1992 US 07/884431 PR
31-JUL-1992 US 07/923738,26-AUG-1992 US 07/935854 PR
26-AUG-1992 US 07/936086,18-SEP-1992 US 07/948359 PR
15-OCT-1992 US 07/963322,07-DEC-1992 US 07/987123 PR
07-DEC-1992 US 07/987130,07-DEC-1992 US 07/987133 PR
KENNETH G DRAPER, LEC W DADYKTZ, JAMES A MACSWIGEN, PI DENNIS G
MAYSEJAK,
PI JAMES J HOLESEK, ANTHONY J MAMONE
PC C12N15/09, C12N5/10, C12N7/00//A61K39/43, A61K39/125, A61K39/13,
PC A61K39/135,
PC A61K39/145, A61K39/21, A61K39/23, A61K39/245, A61K39/29, A61K48/00,
PC A61P1/16,
PC A61P3/14, A61P3/15, A61P3/18, A61P3/22, A61P3/40, C12Q1/68, PC
(C12N15/09, C12R1:93), C12N15/00, C12N5/00, A61K3/48, (C12N15/00, PC
C12R1:93)
CC
FH Key Location/Qualifiers
FT source 1..18
/organism="Artificial Sequence".
FEATURES
source 1..18
/organism="synthetic construct"
/mol_type="genomic RNA"
/db_xref="taxon:32630"

Db 3 GAGGTCTGTGACGTGG 18

RESULT 153
BD104097 18 bp DNA linear PAT 27-AUG-2002

LOCUS
DEFINITION Klt and method for determining HLA type.
ACCESSION BD104097
VERSION BD104097.1 GI:22649671
KEYWORDS WO 0192572-A/201.
SOURCE synthetic construct
ORGANISM synthetic construct
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 18)
AUTHORS Inoko,H., Kagiya,T., Ichihara,T., Matsumura,Y., Moriya,S. and Nishida,M.

TITLE Kit and method for determining HLA type
JOURNAL Patent: WO 0192572-A 201 06-DEC-2001;
NISHINO INDUSTRIES INC, SYSTEM RESEARCH INC, HIDEOTOSHI INOKO, TAEKO KAGIYA, TATSUO ICHIHARA, YOSHIYUKI MATSUMURA, SHOGO MORIYA, MICHIO NISHIDA

COMMENT OS Artificial Sequence
PN WO 0192572-A/201
PD 06-DEC-2001
PF 01-JUN-2001 WO 2001JP004662
PR 01-JUN-2000 JP 00P 164798
PI HIDEOTOSHI INOKO, TAEKO KAGIYA, TATSUO ICHIHARA, YOSHIYUKI MATSUMURA, MICHIO NISHIDA

PI SHOGO MORIYA, MICHIO NISHIDA
PC C12Q1/68, C12M1/00, C12N15/09, G01N33/53
CC Description of Artificial Sequence: capture
FH Location/Qualifiers
FT source 1.18
/organism='Artificial Sequence'

FEATURES
source 1.18
/organism="synthetic construct"
/mol_type="genomic DNA"
/db_xref="taxon:32630"

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 18;
Best Local Similarity 93.8%; Pred. No. 1.7e+02;
Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 839 CCTGACGTGACGACT 854
Db 3 CCTGACGTGACGACT 18

RESULT 154
E06078 19 bp DNA linear PAT 29-SEP-1997
LOCUS Oligonucleotide specific to subtype K1 of hepatitis C virus.
DEFINITION E06078
ACCESSION E06078
VERSION E06078.1 GI:2174265
KEYWORDS JP 199337000-A/2.
SOURCE synthetic construct
ORGANISM synthetic construct
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 19)
AUTHORS Chayama,K. and Kumada,H.
TITLE METHOD FOR EXAMINING C TYPE HEPATITIS VIRUS AND PRIMER SET USED FOR THE SAME
JOURNAL Patent: JP 199337000-A 2 21-DEC-1993;
CHAYAMA KAZUAKI
OS Artificial gene
OC Artificial Sequence; Genes.
CC Hepatitis C virus
PD JP 199337000-A/2
PN 21-DEC-1993
PF 04-JUN-1992 JP 1992168226
PI CHAYAMA KAZUAKI, KUMADA HIROMITSU

PC C12Q1/68, C12N15/10, C12N15/11, C12Q1/70;
CC strandedness: Single;
CC topology: linear;
CC hypothetical: No;
CC anti-sense: No.

FEATURES
source Location/Qualifiers
1.19
/organism="synthetic construct"
/mol_type="genomic DNA"
/db_xref="taxon:32630"

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 93.8%; Pred. No. 1.7e+02;
Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 2 TTGACCTCGAGGCCA 17
Db 1 TTGACCTCGAGGCCA 16

RESULT 155
AX352950/c 19 bp DNA linear PAT 06-FEB-2002
LOCUS AX352950
DEFINITION Sequence 156 from Patent EP1174518.
ACCESSION AX352950
VERSION AX352950.1 GI:18618032
KEYWORDS
SOURCE
ORGANISM synthetic construct
REFERENCE 1
AUTHORS Loukachov,V.V., van Gemen,B. and Goudsmidt,J.
TITLE Collection of binding molecules
JOURNAL Patent: EP 1174518-A 156 23-JAN-2002;
Amsterdam Support Diagnostics B.V. (NL)
Location/Qualifiers
1.19
/organism="synthetic construct"
/mol_type="unassigned DNA"
/db_xref="taxon:32630"
/note="position 69"

FEATURES
source 1.19
/organism="synthetic construct"
/mol_type="unassigned DNA"
/db_xref="taxon:32630"
/note="position 69"

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 93.8%; Pred. No. 1.7e+02;
Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1646 TCCATCTAGACTGTT 1661
Db 18 TCCATCTAGACTGTT 3

RESULT 156
AX362795/c 19 bp DNA linear PAT 15-FEB-2002
LOCUS AX362795
DEFINITION Sequence 156 from Patent WO0208463.
ACCESSION AX362795
VERSION AX362795.1 GI:18694935
KEYWORDS
SOURCE synthetic construct
ORGANISM synthetic construct
REFERENCE 1
AUTHORS Loukachov,V.V., Goudsmidt,J. and van Gemen,B.
TITLE Collection of binding molecules
JOURNAL Patent: WO 0208463-A 156 31-JAN-2002;
Amsterdam Support Diagnostics B.V. (NL)
Location/Qualifiers
1.19
/organism="synthetic construct"
/mol_type="unassigned DNA"
/db_xref="taxon:32630"
/note="position 69"

FEATURES
source 1.19
/organism="synthetic construct"
/mol_type="unassigned DNA"
/db_xref="taxon:32630"
/note="position 69"

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 19;
 Best Local Similarity 93.8%; Pred. No. 1.7e+02;
 Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1646 TCCATCTAGAACTGTT 1661
 |||||
 Db 18 TCCATCTAGAACTGTT 3

Search completed: December 13, 2004, 08:20:33
 Job time : 21 secs


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107 14.8 0.8 19 1 US-10-205-309-339 Sequence 339, App
108 14.8 0.8 19 1 US-10-444-925-188 Sequence 188, App
109 14.8 0.8 19 1 US-10-206-705-66 Sequence 66, App
110 14.8 0.8 19 1 US-10-206-705-251 Sequence 251, App
111 14.8 0.8 19 1 US-10-670-011-2 Sequence 2, App1
112 14.8 0.8 19 1 US-10-670-011-98 Sequence 98, App1
113 14.8 0.8 26 1 US-09-099-823-14 Sequence 14, App1
114 14.8 0.8 26 1 US-09-920-342-3 Sequence 3, App1
115 14.8 0.8 26 1 US-09-949-305B-4 Sequence 4, App1
116 14.8 0.8 26 1 US-10-053-883-53 Sequence 53, App1
117 14.6 0.8 22 1 US-09-263-959-64 Sequence 64, App
118 14.6 0.8 24 1 US-10-303-775A-20 Sequence 20, App1
119 14.6 0.8 26 1 US-09-922-480-6 Sequence 6, App1
120 14.6 0.8 26 1 US-09-923-236-6 Sequence 6, App1
121 14.6 0.8 26 1 US-09-922-469-6 Sequence 6, App1
122 14.6 0.8 26 1 US-10-039-876A-10 Sequence 10, App1
123 14.6 0.8 26 1 US-10-196-703-43 Sequence 43, App1
124 14.6 0.8 26 1 US-10-352-253A-36 Sequence 36, App1
125 14.6 0.8 26 1 US-10-224-289-20 Sequence 20, App1
126 14.6 0.8 27 1 US-10-071-214-42 Sequence 42, App1
127 14.4 0.8 17 1 US-09-825-805-616 Sequence 616, App
128 14.4 0.8 17 1 US-09-961-077-218 Sequence 218, App
129 14.4 0.8 17 1 US-09-780-533A-2370 Sequence 2370, App
130 14.4 0.8 17 1 US-09-780-533A-2371 Sequence 2371, App
131 14.4 0.8 17 1 US-10-163-552-187 Sequence 187, App
132 14.4 0.8 17 1 US-10-156-306-6907 Sequence 6907, App
133 14.4 0.8 17 1 US-10-238-700-199 Sequence 199, App
134 14.4 0.8 17 1 US-10-138-674-3604 Sequence 3604, App
135 14.4 0.8 17 1 US-10-138-674-3606 Sequence 3606, App
136 14.4 0.8 17 1 US-10-138-674-3606 Sequence 3606, App
137 14.4 0.8 17 1 US-10-138-674-3606 Sequence 3606, App
138 14.4 0.8 17 1 US-10-138-674-3604 Sequence 3604, App
139 14.4 0.8 17 1 US-10-287-949A-3604 Sequence 3604, App
140 14.4 0.8 17 1 US-10-287-949A-3606 Sequence 3606, App
141 14.4 0.8 17 1 US-10-287-949A-6350 Sequence 6350, App
142 14.4 0.8 18 1 US-09-961-077-631 Sequence 631, App
143 14.4 0.8 18 1 US-10-287-068-201 Sequence 201, App
144 14.4 0.8 18 1 US-10-300-683-109 Sequence 109, App
145 14.4 0.8 18 1 US-10-300-683-278 Sequence 278, App
146 14.4 0.8 18 1 US-10-300-683-466 Sequence 466, App
147 14.4 0.8 19 1 US-10-357-043-19 Sequence 19, App1
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ALIGNMENTS

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RESULT 1
US-10-368-803-11/C
; Sequence 11, Application US/10368803
; Publication No. US20030219728A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Terri H. Finkel
; APPLICANT: Jiyi Yin
; TITLE OF INVENTION: CELLULAR GENES REGULATED BY HIV-1
; TITLE OF INVENTION: INFECTION AND METHODS OF USE THEREOF
; FILE REFERENCE: CHOP-0146
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/368,803
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2003-02-19
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/358,495
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-02-19
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 20
; SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 3.0
; SEQ ID NO 11
; LENGTH: 20
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Primer
US-10-368-803-11
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Query Match 1.1%; Score 20; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 17;
Matches 20; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
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Qy 904 TTGAGAGTCTTGAAGTTCA 923
Db 20 TTGAGAGTGTGAAGTTCA 1
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RESULT 2
US-10-740-773-10
; Sequence 10, Application US/10740773
; Publication No. US20040180825A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Spriggs, Melanie K.
; TITLE OF INVENTION: NOVEL SEMAPHORIN POLYPEPTIDES
; FILE REFERENCE: 2634-US
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/740,773
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2003-12-19
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/689,012
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-10-12
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/US99/09831
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1999-05-05
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/085,497
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1998-05-14
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 10
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.1
; SEQ ID NO 10
; LENGTH: 20
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: PRIMER
US-10-740-773-10
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Query Match 1.1%; Score 20; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 17;
Matches 20; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
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Qy 8 CTCGAGGCCAAGATTGGC 27
Db 1 CTCGAGGCCAAGATTGGC 20
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RESULT 3
US-10-098-263B-84584
; Sequence 84584, Application US/10098263B
; Publication No. US20030104410A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Miltman, Michael
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Human Microarray
; FILE REFERENCE: 3118.1
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/098,263B
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2003-01-08
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/276,759
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-03-16
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 131066
; SOFTWARE: Microarray Probe Sequence Listing Generator V 1.1
; SEQ ID NO 84584
; LENGTH: 25
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Homo sapien
US-10-098-263B-84584
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Query Match 1.1%; Score 18.8; DB 1; Length 25;
Best Local Similarity 90.9%; Pred. No. 33;
Matches 20; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
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Qy 123 ACTTGCTTAGCAGTTCGCT 144
Db 4 ACTTGCTAGCTGTCTCGCT 25
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RESULT 4
US-10-368-803-10
; Sequence 10, Application US/10368803
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Publication No. US20030219728A1
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: Terri H. Finkel
APPLICANT: Jiyi Yin
TITLE OF INVENTION: CELLULAR GENES REGULATED BY HIV-1
TITLE OF INVENTION: INFECTION AND METHODS OF USE THEREOF
FILE REFERENCE: CHOP-0146
CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/368,803
CURRENT FILING DATE: 2003-02-19
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/358,495
PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-02-19
NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 20
SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 3.0
SEQ ID NO 10
LENGTH: 18
TYPE: DNA
ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
FEATURE:
OTHER INFORMATION: Primer
US-10-368-803-10

Query Match 1.0%; Score 18; DB 1; Length 18;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 36;
Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 208 CTGCTCTCAGCATGCTTA 225
|||||
DB 1 CTGCTCTCAGCATGCTTA 18

RESULT 5

US-09-263-959-448
Sequence 448, Application US/09263959
Patent No. US20020150891A1
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: Hood, Leroy E.
APPLICANT: Rowen, Lee
APPLICANT: Koop, Ben F.
TITLE OF INVENTION: DIAGNOSTIC AND THERAPEUTIC COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS WHICH UTI
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 1279
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
ADDRESSEE: Seed and Berry LLP
STREET: 6300 Columbia Center, 701 Fifth Avenue
CITY: Seattle
STATE: Washington
COUNTRY: US
ZIP: 98104-7092
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
SOFTWARE: Patent Release #1.0, Version #1.25
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/263,959
FILING DATE: 05-MAR-1999
CLASSIFICATION:
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: Mcmasters, David D.
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 33,963
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 920010.426C2
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: (206) 622-4900
TELEFAX: (206) 682-6031
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 448:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 19 base pairs
TYPE: nucleic acid
STRANDEDNESS: single
TOPOLOGY: linear
US-09-263-959-448

Query Match 0.9%; Score 16.4; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 94.4%; Pred. No. 71;

Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1378 TGTGTTGTTGTTGTTT 1395
|||||
DB 1 TTGTTGTTGTTGTTT 18

RESULT 6

US-10-297-068-703
Sequence 703, Application US/10297068
Publication No. US20030228585A1
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: INOKO, Hidetoshi
APPLICANT: KAGIYA, Taeko
APPLICANT: ICHIHARA, Tatsuo
APPLICANT: Matsumura, Yoshiyuki
APPLICANT: MORIYA, Shogo
APPLICANT: NISHIDA, Michio
TITLE OF INVENTION: KIT AND METHOD FOR DETERMINING HLA TYPES
FILE REFERENCE: 13140P1174
CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/297,068
CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-11-27
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: JP 2000-164798
PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-06-01
NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 1298
SOFTWARE: PatentIn Ver. 2.1
SEQ ID NO 703
LENGTH: 20
TYPE: DNA
ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
FEATURE:
OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence:capture
US-10-297-068-703

Query Match 0.9%; Score 16.4; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 94.4%; Pred. No. 74;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 839 CCTGACGCTGAGCACTGG 856
|||||
DB 2 CCTGACGCTGAGTACTGG 19

RESULT 7

US-10-297-068-706
Sequence 706, Application US/10297068
Publication No. US20030228585A1
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: INOKO, Hidetoshi
APPLICANT: KAGIYA, Taeko
APPLICANT: ICHIHARA, Tatsuo
APPLICANT: Matsumura, Yoshiyuki
APPLICANT: MORIYA, Shogo
APPLICANT: NISHIDA, Michio
TITLE OF INVENTION: KIT AND METHOD FOR DETERMINING HLA TYPES
FILE REFERENCE: 13140P1174
CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/297,068
CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-11-27
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: JP 2000-164798
PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-06-01
NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 1298
SOFTWARE: PatentIn Ver. 2.1
SEQ ID NO 706
LENGTH: 20
TYPE: DNA
ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
FEATURE:
OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence:capture
US-10-297-068-706

Query Match 0.9%; Score 16.4; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 94.4%; Pred. No. 74;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

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QY      839 CCTGACGCTGAGCACTGG 856
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Db      2  CCTGACGCGGAGCACTGG 19

RESULT 8
US-10-174-559-40
; Sequence 40, Application US/10174559
; Publication No. US20030232773A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: C. Frank Bennett
; APPLICANT: Susan M. Preter
; APPLICANT: Kenneth W. Doble
; TITLE OF INVENTION: ANTISENSE MODULATION OF DRANK EXPRESSION
; FILE REFERENCE: PTS-0006
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/174,559
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-06-17
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 112
; SEQ ID NO 40
; LENGTH: 20
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Antisense Oligonucleotide
US-10-174-559-40

Query Match      0.9%; Score 16.4; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 94.4%; Pred. No. 74;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY      1299 CTCGAGCAGCCGCGAGGG 1316
      |||||
Db      2  CTCGAGCAGCCGCGAGGG 19

RESULT 9
US-10-418-182-126
; Sequence 126, Application US/10418182
; Publication No. US20030228302A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Crea, Roberto
; TITLE OF INVENTION: UNIVERSAL LIBRARIES FOR IMMUNOGLOBULINS
; FILE REFERENCE: 1551-2001-001
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/418,182
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2003-04-16
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/373,558
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-04-17
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 423
; SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 4.0
; SEQ ID NO 126
; LENGTH: 21
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: oligonucleotide
US-10-418-182-126

Query Match      0.9%; Score 16.2; DB 1; Length 21;
Best Local Similarity 85.7%; Pred. No. 83;
Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY      256 CCTCTCTTCGCGCCCTCTCTCT 276
      |||||
Db      1  CCTCTCTTCGCGCCCTCTCTCT 21

RESULT 10
US-10-786-720-7032/c
; Sequence 7032, Application US/10786720
; Publication No. US2004019181A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Wyeth

QY      360 AGCCTGAGAGCTCGGACTGC 380
      |||||
Db      21 AACCTGAGATCAGGACTGC 1

RESULT 11
US-10-786-720-9300/c
; Sequence 9300, Application US/10786720
; Publication No. US2004019181A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Wyeth
; APPLICANT: O'Toole, Margot
; APPLICANT: Liu, Wei
; TITLE OF INVENTION: COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR DIAGNOSING AND TREATING AUTOIMMUNE
; FILE REFERENCE: 031896-023000 (AM101331L)
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/786,720
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2004-02-26
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 21135
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.2
; SEQ ID NO 9300
; LENGTH: 21
; TYPE: RNA
; ORGANISM: RNAi-antisense strand
US-10-786-720-9300

Query Match      0.9%; Score 16.2; DB 1; Length 21;
Best Local Similarity 85.7%; Pred. No. 83;
Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY      360 AGCCTGAGAGCTCGGACTGC 380
      |||||
Db      21 AACCTGAGATCAGGACTGC 1

RESULT 12
US-09-818-875-3958
; Sequence 3958, Application US/09818875
; Publication No. US20030051270A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Kmiec, Eric B.
; APPLICANT: Gamper, Howard B.
; APPLICANT: Rice, Michael C.
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Targeted Chromosomal Genomic Alterations with Modified Single
; FILE REFERENCE: Napro-4
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/818,875
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-03-27
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/192,176
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-03-27
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/192,179
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-03-27
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/208,538
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-06-01
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; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/244,989
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-10-30
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 4385
; SOFTWARE: Friedman macro Napro4
; SEQ ID NO: 3958
; LENGTH: 17
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
US-09-818-875-3958

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 77;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1160 AAGCTTCAGCTGGA 1175
Db 1 AAGCTTCAGCTGGA 16

RESULT 13
US-09-818-875-3959/c
; Sequence 3959, Application US/09818875
; Publication No. US20030051270A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Kmiec, Eric B.
; APPLICANT: Gamper, Howard B.
; APPLICANT: Rice, Michael C.
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Targeted Chromosomal Genomic Alterations with Modified Single
; FILE REFERENCE: Napro-4
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/818,875
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-03-27
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/192,176
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-03-27
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/192,179
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-03-27
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/208,538
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-06-01
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/244,989
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-10-30
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 4385
; SOFTWARE: Friedman macro Napro4
; SEQ ID NO: 3959
; LENGTH: 17
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
US-09-818-875-3959

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 77;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1160 AAGCTTCAGCTGGA 1175
Db 17 AAGCTTCAGCTGGA 2

RESULT 14
US-10-209-787-3958
; Sequence 3958, Application US/10209787
; Publication No. US20030217377A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Kmiec, Eric B.
; APPLICANT: Gamper, Howard B.
; APPLICANT: Rice, Michael C.
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Targeted Chromosomal Genomic Alterations with Modified Single
; FILE REFERENCE: Napro-4
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/209,787
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-07-30
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 09/818,875
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-03-27
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/192,176
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```

; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-03-27
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/192,179
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-03-27
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/208,538
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-06-01
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/244,989
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-10-30
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 4385
; SOFTWARE: Friedman macro Napro4
; SEQ ID NO: 3958
; LENGTH: 17
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
US-10-209-787-3958

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 77;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1160 AAGCTTCAGCTGGA 1175
Db 17 AAGCTTCAGCTGGA 2

RESULT 15
US-10-209-787-3959/c
; Sequence 3959, Application US/10209787
; Publication No. US20030217377A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Kmiec, Eric B.
; APPLICANT: Gamper, Howard B.
; APPLICANT: Rice, Michael C.
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Targeted Chromosomal Genomic Alterations with Modified Single
; FILE REFERENCE: Napro-4
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/209,787
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-07-30
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 09/818,875
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-03-27
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/192,176
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-03-27
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/192,179
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-03-27
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/208,538
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-06-01
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/244,989
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-10-30
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 4385
; SOFTWARE: Friedman macro Napro4
; SEQ ID NO: 3959
; LENGTH: 17
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
US-10-209-787-3959

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 77;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1160 AAGCTTCAGCTGGA 1175
Db 17 AAGCTTCAGCTGGA 2

RESULT 16
US-10-261-185-3958
; Sequence 3958, Application US/10261185
; Publication No. US20040014057A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Kmiec, Eric B.
; APPLICANT: Gamper, Howard B.
; APPLICANT: Rice, Michael C.
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Targeted Chromosomal Genomic Alterations with Modified Single
```

```
/ TITLE OF INVENTION: Stranded Oligonucleotides
/ FILE REFERENCE: Napro-4CON
/ CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/261,185
/ CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-09-27
/ PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/US01/09761
/ PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-03-27
/ PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/192,176
/ PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-03-27
/ PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/192,179
/ PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-03-27
/ PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/208,538
/ PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-06-01
/ PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/244,989
/ PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-10-30
/ NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 4385
/ SOFTWARE: Friedmann macro Napro4
/ SEQ ID NO 3958
/ LENGTH: 17
/ TYPE: DNA
/ ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
US-10-261-185-3958
```

```
Query Match          0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 77;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
```

```
QY      1160 AAGGCTTCAGCTGGA 1175
      |||||
Db      1 AAGGCTTCAGCTGGA 16
```

```
RESULT 17
US-10-261-185-3959/c
/ Sequence 3959, Application US/10261185
/ Publication No. US20040014057A1
/ GENERAL INFORMATION:
/ APPLICANT: Kmiec, Eric B.
/ APPLICANT: Gamper, Howard B.
/ APPLICANT: Rice, Michael C.
/ TITLE OF INVENTION: Targeted Chromosomal Genomic Alterations with Modified Single
/ TITLE OF INVENTION: Stranded Oligonucleotides
/ FILE REFERENCE: Napro-4CON
/ CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/261,185
/ CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-09-27
/ PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/US01/09761
/ PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-03-27
/ PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/192,176
/ PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-03-27
/ PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/192,179
/ PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-03-27
/ PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/208,538
/ PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-06-01
/ PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/244,989
/ PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-10-30
/ NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 4385
/ SOFTWARE: Friedmann macro Napro4
/ SEQ ID NO 3959
/ LENGTH: 17
/ TYPE: DNA
/ ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
US-10-261-185-3959
```

```
Query Match          0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 77;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
```

```
QY      1160 AAGGCTTCAGCTGGA 1175
      |||||
Db      17 AAGGCTTCAGCTGGA 2
```

```
RESULT 18
US-10-681-074-3958
```

```
/ Sequence 3958, Application US/10681074
/ Publication No. US20040175722A1
/ GENERAL INFORMATION:
/ APPLICANT: Kmiec, Eric B.
/ APPLICANT: VAN BRABANT, ANJA
/ TITLE OF INVENTION: METHODS AND COMPOSITIONS FOR REDUCING SCREENING IN
/ TITLE OF INVENTION: OLIGONUCLEOTIDE-DIRECTED NUCLEIC ACID SEQUENCE ALTERATION
/ FILE REFERENCE: Napro-18 US
/ CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/681,074
/ CURRENT FILING DATE: 2003-10-07
/ PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/453,360
/ PRIOR FILING DATE: 2003-03-07
/ PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/416,983
/ PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-10-07
/ NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 4375
/ SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.2
/ SEQ ID NO 3958
/ LENGTH: 17
/ TYPE: DNA
/ ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
US-10-681-074-3958
```

```
Query Match          0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 77;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
```

```
QY      1160 AAGGCTTCAGCTGGA 1175
      |||||
Db      1 AAGGCTTCAGCTGGA 16
```

```
RESULT 19
US-10-681-074-3959/c
/ Sequence 3959, Application US/10681074
/ Publication No. US20040175722A1
/ GENERAL INFORMATION:
/ APPLICANT: Kmiec, Eric B.
/ APPLICANT: VAN BRABANT, ANJA
/ TITLE OF INVENTION: METHODS AND COMPOSITIONS FOR REDUCING SCREENING IN
/ TITLE OF INVENTION: OLIGONUCLEOTIDE-DIRECTED NUCLEIC ACID SEQUENCE ALTERATION
/ FILE REFERENCE: Napro-18 US
/ CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/681,074
/ CURRENT FILING DATE: 2003-10-07
/ PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/453,360
/ PRIOR FILING DATE: 2003-03-07
/ PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/416,983
/ PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-10-07
/ NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 4375
/ SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.2
/ SEQ ID NO 3959
/ LENGTH: 17
/ TYPE: DNA
/ ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
US-10-681-074-3959
```

```
Query Match          0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 77;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
```

```
QY      1160 AAGGCTTCAGCTGGA 1175
      |||||
Db      17 AAGGCTTCAGCTGGA 2
```

```
RESULT 20
US-10-148-355A-10/c
/ Sequence 10, Application US/10148355A
/ Publication No. US20030207831A1
/ GENERAL INFORMATION:
/ APPLICANT: Brett P. Monia
/ APPLICANT: Lex M. Cowart
/ APPLICANT: ISIS PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.
/ TITLE OF INVENTION: ANTISENSE MODULATION OF TELOMERIC REPEAT BINDING FACTOR 2
```



```

; TITLE OF INVENTION: EXPRESSION
; FILE REFERENCE: RISP-0082
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/148,355A
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-09-30
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 09/467,642
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1999-12-17
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 89
; SEQ ID NO 10
; LENGTH: 20
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; OTHER INFORMATION: Antisense Oligonucleotide
US-10-148-355A-10

Query Match          0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 87;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Cy      19 GAATTCGGCAGCAGG 34
Db      19 GAATTCGGCAGCAGG 4
|||||
|||||

RESULT 21
US-09-776-479-60
; Sequence 60, Application US/09776479
; Publication No. US20030087848A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Bratzler, Robert L.
; APPLICANT: Petersen, Deanna M.
; APPLICANT: Fournon, Yves
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Immunostimulatory Nucleic Acids for the
; FILE REFERENCE: C1037/7013 (HCL/MAT)
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/776,479
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-02-02
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/179,991
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-02-03
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 1093
; SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 3.0
; SEQ ID NO 60
; LENGTH: 24
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic Sequence
US-09-776-479-60

Query Match          0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 24;
Best Local Similarity 79.2%; Pred. No. 1e+02;
Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 5; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Cy      1386 TTGTTTGTGTAATCTGTTT 1409
Db      1 TTGTTTGTGTTTGTGTTT 24
|||||
|||||

RESULT 22
US-09-776-479-60
; Sequence 60, Application US/09776479
; Publication No. US20040067902A9
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Bratzler, Robert L.
; APPLICANT: Petersen, Deanna M.
; APPLICANT: Fournon, Yves
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Immunostimulatory Nucleic Acids for the
; FILE REFERENCE: C1037/7013 (HCL/MAT)
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/776,479
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-02-02
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/179,991
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-02-03
```

```

; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 1093
; SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 3.0
; SEQ ID NO 60
; LENGTH: 24
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic Sequence
US-09-776-479-60

Query Match          0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 24;
Best Local Similarity 79.2%; Pred. No. 1e+02;
Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 5; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Cy      1386 TTGTTTGTGTAATCTGTTT 1409
Db      1 TTGTTTGTGTTTGTGTTT 24
|||||
|||||

RESULT 23
US-10-112-653-54
; Sequence 54, Application US/10112653
; Publication No. US20030050268A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Kries, Arthur M.
; APPLICANT: Berg, Daniel J.
; TITLE OF INVENTION: IMMUNOSTIMULATORY NUCLEIC ACID FOR
; FILE REFERENCE: C01039/70060(AWS)
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/112,653
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-03-29
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/279,642
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-03-29
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 1040
; SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 3.0
; SEQ ID NO 54
; LENGTH: 24
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic Oligonucleotide
US-10-112-653-54

Query Match          0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 24;
Best Local Similarity 79.2%; Pred. No. 1e+02;
Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 5; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Cy      1386 TTGTTTGTGTAATCTGTTT 1409
Db      1 TTGTTTGTGTTTGTGTTT 24
|||||
|||||

RESULT 24
US-10-017-995-60
; Sequence 60, Application US/10017995
; Publication No. US20030055014A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Bratzler, Robert L.
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Inhibition of Angiogenesis by Nucleic Acids
; FILE REFERENCE: C1037/7025 (HCL/MAT)
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/017,995
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-12-18
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/255,534
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-12-14
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 1093
; SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 3.0
; SEQ ID NO 60
; LENGTH: 24
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic Sequence
US-10-017-995-60
```

Query Match 0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 24;
Best Local Similarity 79.2%; Pred. No. 1e+02;
Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 5; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1386 TTGTTTGGTTTGTGATCTGTGTTTT 1409
DB 1 TTGTTTGGTTTGTGATCTGTGTTTT 24

RESULT 25
US-10-314-578-60
; Sequence 60, Application US/10314578
; Publication No. US20030212026A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Krieger, Arthur M.
; APPLICANT: Schetter, Christian
; APPLICANT: Volmer, Jörg
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Immunostimulatory Nucleic Acids
; FILE REFERENCE: C1039/7035 (HCL/MAT)
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/314,578
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-12-09
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/156,113
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1999-09-25
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/156,135
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1999-09-27
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/227,436
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-08-23
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 1145
; SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 3.0
; SEQ ID NO 60
; LENGTH: 24
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic Sequence
US-10-314-578-60

Query Match 0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 24;
Best Local Similarity 79.2%; Pred. No. 1e+02;
Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 5; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1386 TTGTTTGGTTTGTGATCTGTGTTTT 1409
DB 1 TTGTTTGGTTTGTGATCTGTGTTTT 24

RESULT 26
US-10-309-775A-26
; Sequence 26, Application US/10309775A
; Publication No. US20040006032A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: LOPEZ, Ricardo A.
; TITLE OF INVENTION: IMMUNOSTIMULATORY OLIGONUCLEOTIDES AND USES THEREOF
; FILE REFERENCE: 2901/0M327
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/309,775A
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-12-04
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: CA 2,388,049
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-05-30
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 74
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.1
; SEQ ID NO 26
; LENGTH: 24
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: PCR primer
US-10-309-775A-26

Query Match 0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 24;
Best Local Similarity 79.2%; Pred. No. 1e+02;
Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 5; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1386 TTGTTTGGTTTGTGATCTGTGTTTT 1409
DB 1 TTGTTTGGTTTGTGATCTGTGTTTT 24

RESULT 27
US-10-309-775A-73
; Sequence 73, Application US/10309775A
; Publication No. US20040006032A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: LOPEZ, Ricardo A.
; TITLE OF INVENTION: IMMUNOSTIMULATORY OLIGONUCLEOTIDES AND USES THEREOF
; FILE REFERENCE: 2901/0M327
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/309,775A
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-12-04
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: CA 2,388,049
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-05-30
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 74
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.1
; SEQ ID NO 73
; LENGTH: 24
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: PCR primer
US-10-309-775A-73

Query Match 0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 24;
Best Local Similarity 79.2%; Pred. No. 1e+02;
Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 5; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1386 TTGTTTGGTTTGTGATCTGTGTTTT 1409
DB 1 TTGTTTGGTTTGTGATCTGTGTTTT 24

RESULT 28
US-09-997-931-5/c
; Sequence 5, Application US/09997931
; Publication No. US20030087241A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: University of Rochester
; APPLICANT: Kool, Eric
; TITLE OF INVENTION: CIRCULAR DNA VECTORS FOR SYNTHESIS OF RNA AND DNA
; FILE REFERENCE: 220.00010142
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/997,931
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-11-30
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 09/569,344
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-05-11
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/805,631
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1997-02-26
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/393,439
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1995-02-23
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/047,860
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1993-04-15
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 129
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.1
; SEQ ID NO 5
; LENGTH: 26
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: circular template
US-09-997-931-5

Query Match 0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 26;
Best Local Similarity 79.2%; Pred. No. 1.1e+02;
Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 5; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1386 TTGTTTGGTTTGTGATCTGTGTTTT 1409
DB 25 TTGTTTGGTTTGTGATCTGTGTTTT 2


```
/ Sequence 35, Application US/10181874
/ Publication No. US20030212020A1
/ GENERAL INFORMATION:
/ APPLICANT: Isis Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
/ APPLICANT: Susan Murray
/ APPLICANT: Lex M. Cowser
/ APPLICANT: Jacqueline Wyatt
/ TITLE OF INVENTION: ANTISENSE MODULATION OF MACROPHAGE MIGRATION INHIBITORY FACTOR F
/ FILE REFERENCE: RSP-0351
/ CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/181,874
/ CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-07-22
/ PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 09/459,869
/ PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-01-20
/ NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 88
/ SEQ ID NO 35
/ LENGTH: 20
/ TYPE: DNA
/ ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
/ FEATURE:
/ OTHER INFORMATION: Antisense Oligonucleotide
US-10-181-874-35

Query Match          0.9%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 94;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY      621 GCCTACAGCAGCGCGTGGC 639
Db      20 GGCTCAGCAGCGCGTGGC 2

RESULT 34
US-10-289-762-3718
/ Sequence 3718, Application US/10289762
/ Publication No. US20040006218A1
/ GENERAL INFORMATION:
/ APPLICANT: Griffiths, R.
/ TITLE OF INVENTION: Chlamydia pneumoniae genomic sequence and polypeptides, fragments
/ TITLE OF INVENTION: thereof and uses thereof, in particular for the diagnosis, prev
/ TITLE OF INVENTION: and treatment of infection
/ FILE REFERENCE: 9710-001-999
/ CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/289,762
/ CURRENT FILING DATE: 2003-03-27
/ NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 6849
/ SEQ ID NO 3718
/ LENGTH: 20
/ TYPE: DNA
/ ORGANISM: Chlamydia pneumoniae
US-10-289-762-3718

Query Match          0.9%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 94;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY      825 GGCTTACGCGCGTGGTGA 843
Db      2 GGCTCAGCAGCGCGTGGTGA 20

RESULT 35
US-10-712-795-442/c
/ Sequence 442, Application US/10712795
/ Publication No. US20040214325A1
/ GENERAL INFORMATION:
/ APPLICANT: Crooke et al.
/ TITLE OF INVENTION: ANTISENSE MODULATION OF APOLIPOPROTEIN B EXPRESSION
/ FILE REFERENCE: 30566/39662
/ CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/712,795
/ CURRENT FILING DATE: 2003-11-13
/ PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/426,234
/ PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-11-13
/ PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/US03/15493
/ PRIOR FILING DATE: 2003-05-13
```

```
/ NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 892
/ SEQ ID NO 442
/ LENGTH: 20
/ TYPE: DNA
/ ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
/ FEATURE:
/ OTHER INFORMATION: Antisense Oligonucleotide
US-10-712-795-442

Query Match          0.9%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 94;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY      574 TGCCTAGCCAGTTGTGAAG 592
Db      20 TGCCTAGCCAGTTGTGAAG 2

RESULT 36
US-10-712-795-765
/ Sequence 765, Application US/10712795
/ Publication No. US20040214325A1
/ GENERAL INFORMATION:
/ APPLICANT: Crooke et al.
/ TITLE OF INVENTION: ANTISENSE MODULATION OF APOLIPOPROTEIN B EXPRESSION
/ FILE REFERENCE: 30566/39662
/ CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/712,795
/ CURRENT FILING DATE: 2003-11-13
/ PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/426,234
/ PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-11-13
/ PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/US03/15493
/ PRIOR FILING DATE: 2003-05-13
/ NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 892
/ SEQ ID NO 765
/ LENGTH: 20
/ TYPE: DNA
/ ORGANISM: H. sapiens
US-10-712-795-765

Query Match          0.9%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 94;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY      574 TGCCTAGCCAGTTGTGAAG 592
Db      1 TGCCTAGCCAGTTGTGAAG 19

RESULT 37
US-10-786-720-7030
/ Sequence 7030, Application US/10786720
/ Publication No. US20040191818A1
/ GENERAL INFORMATION:
/ APPLICANT: Wyeth
/ APPLICANT: O'Toole, Margot
/ APPLICANT: Liu, Wei
/ TITLE OF INVENTION: COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR DIAGNOSING AND TREATING AUTOIMMUNE
/ TITLE OF INVENTION: DISEASES
/ FILE REFERENCE: 031896-023000 (AM013311)
/ CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/786,720
/ CURRENT FILING DATE: 2004-02-26
/ NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 21135
/ SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.2
/ SEQ ID NO 7030
/ LENGTH: 21
/ TYPE: DNA
/ ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
US-10-786-720-7030

Query Match          0.9%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 21;
Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 98;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
```

QY 362 CCTGAGAGCTCGACTGC 380
|||
Db 3 CCTGAGATCACGACTGC 21
|||
RESULT 38
US-10-786-720-7031
; Sequence 7031, Application US/10786720
; Publication No. US20040191818A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Wyeth
; APPLICANT: O'Toole, Margot
; APPLICANT: Liu, Wei
; TITLE OF INVENTION: COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR DIAGNOSING AND TREATING AUTOIMMUNE
; FILE REFERENCE: 031896-023000 (AM101331L)
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/786,720
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2004-02-26
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 21135
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.2
; SEQ ID NO 7031
; LENGTH: 21
; TYPE: RNA
; ORGANISM: RNAi-sense strand
US-10-786-720-7031

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 21;
Best Local Similarity 78.9%; Pred. No. 98;
Matches 15; Conservative 2; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 362 CCTGAGAGCTCGACTGC 380
|||
Db 1 CCUGGAGAUCAACGAGCTGC 19
|||

RESULT 39
US-10-786-720-9298
; Sequence 9298, Application US/10786720
; Publication No. US20040191818A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Wyeth
; APPLICANT: O'Toole, Margot
; APPLICANT: Liu, Wei
; TITLE OF INVENTION: COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR DIAGNOSING AND TREATING AUTOIMMUNE
; FILE REFERENCE: 031896-023000 (AM101331L)
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/786,720
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2004-02-26
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 21135
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.2
; SEQ ID NO 9298
; LENGTH: 21
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
US-10-786-720-9298

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 21;
Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 98;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 362 CCTGAGAGCTCGACTGC 380
|||
Db 3 CCTGAGATCACGACTGC 21
|||

RESULT 40
US-10-786-720-9299
; Sequence 9299, Application US/10786720
; Publication No. US20040191818A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Wyeth
; APPLICANT: O'Toole, Margot
; APPLICANT: Liu, Wei

; TITLE OF INVENTION: COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR DIAGNOSING AND TREATING AUTOIMMUNE
; FILE REFERENCE: 031896-023000 (AM101331L)
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/786,720
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2004-02-26
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 21135
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.2
; SEQ ID NO 9299
; LENGTH: 21
; TYPE: RNA
; ORGANISM: RNAi-sense strand
US-10-786-720-9299

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 21;
Best Local Similarity 78.9%; Pred. No. 98;
Matches 15; Conservative 2; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 362 CCTGAGAGCTCGACTGC 380
|||
Db 1 CCUGGAGAUCAACGAGCTGC 19
|||

RESULT 41
US-09-888-326-842
; Sequence 842, Application US/09888326
; Publication No. US20030026801A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Weinert, George
; APPLICANT: Hartmann, Gunther
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Methods For Enhancing Antibody-Induced
; FILE REFERENCE: C1039/7052 (AMS)
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/888,326
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-06-22
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/213,346
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-06-22
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 848
; SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 3.0
; SEQ ID NO 842
; LENGTH: 27
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic oligonucleotide
; NAME/KEY: misc feature
; LOCATION: (0)..(0)
; OTHER INFORMATION: phosphorothioate backbone
US-09-888-326-842

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 27;
Best Local Similarity 74.1%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
Matches 20; Conservative 0; Mismatches 7; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1382 TTGTGTTGTTGTTGTTGTTGTTT 1408
|||
Db 1 TTTTGTGTTGTTGTTGTTGTTT 27
|||

RESULT 42
US-09-776-479-911
; Sequence 911, Application US/09776479
; Publication No. US20030087848A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Bratzler, Robert L.
; APPLICANT: Petersen, Deanna M.
; APPLICANT: Fouron, Yves
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Immunostimulatory Nucleic Acids for the
; FILE REFERENCE: C1037/7013 (HCL/MAT)
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/776,479
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-02-02
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/179,991
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-02-03

QY 16 CAGGAATTCGGCAGCAG 32
Db 1 CAGGAATTCGGCAGCAG 17

RESULT 50
US-09-952-768-6
Sequence 6, Application US/09952768
Patent No. US20020035242A1
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: Alnemri, Emad S.
Fernandes-Alnemri, Teresa
Litwack, Gerald
Armstrong, Robert
Tomaseilli, Kevin
TITLE OF INVENTION: MCH4 AND MCH5, APOPTOTIC PROTEASE,
NUCLEIC ACIDS ENCODING AND METHODS OF USE
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 75
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
ADDRESSER: Seed Intellectual Property Law Group
STREET: Suite 6300, 701 Fifth Avenue
CITY: Seattle
STATE: Washington
COUNTRY: USA
ZIP: 98104
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.30
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/952,768
FILING DATE: 10-Sep-2001
CLASSIFICATION: <Unknown>
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: Christiansen, William T.
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 44,614
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 480140.424C4
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: (206) 622-4900
TELEFAX: (206) 682-6031
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 6:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 17 base pairs
TYPE: nucleic acid
STRANDEDNESS: single
TOPOLOGY: linear
FEATURE:
NAME/KEY: misc feature
LOCATION: 1..17
OTHER INFORMATION: /note="Sk-Zap"
SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 6:
US-09-952-768-6

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 98;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 16 CAGGAATTCGGCAGCAG 32
Db 1 CAGGAATTCGGCAGCAG 17

RESULT 51
US-09-944-851-6
Sequence 6, Application US/09944851
Patent No. US20020102648A1
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: Alnemri, Emad S.
Fernandes-Alnemri, Teresa
Litwack, Gerald
Armstrong, Robert

Tomaseilli, Kevin
TITLE OF INVENTION: Mch3, A No. US20020102648A1 Apoptotic Protease,
Nucleic Acids Encoding and Methods of Use
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 11
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
ADDRESSEE: Campbell and Flores
STREET: 4370 La Jolla Village Drive, Suite 700
CITY: San Diego
STATE: California
COUNTRY: USA
ZIP: 92122
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.25
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/944,851
FILING DATE: 31-Aug-2001
CLASSIFICATION: <Unknown>
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/556,627
FILING DATE: 13-NOV-1995
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: Campbell, Cathryn A.
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 31,815
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: P-ID 1813
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: (619) 535-9001
TELEFAX: (619) 535-8949
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 6:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 17 base pairs
TYPE: nucleic acid
STRANDEDNESS: single
TOPOLOGY: linear
SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 6:
US-09-944-851-6

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 98;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 16 CAGGAATTCGGCAGCAG 32
Db 1 CAGGAATTCGGCAGCAG 17

RESULT 52
US-09-969-373-2634/c
Sequence 2634, Application US/09969373
Patent No. US20020133852A1
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: Effertz, Roger J.
Hauge, Brian M.
TITLE OF INVENTION: Soybean SSRs and Methods of Genotyping
FILE REFERENCE: 38-10(52679)A
CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/969,373
CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-10-02
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 09/754,853
PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-01-05
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 09/760,427
PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-01-13
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 09/855,768
PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-05-15
NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 4593
SEQ ID NO 2634
LENGTH: 17
TYPE: DNA
ORGANISM: Glycine max
US-09-969-373-2634

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 17;


```

RESULT 60
US-10-032-585-4519
; Sequence 4519, Application US/10032585
; Publication No. US20030180953A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Terry, Roemer D.
; APPLICANT: Bo, Jiang

```

APPLICANT: Charles, Boone
APPLICANT: Howard, Bussey
TITLE OF INVENTION: Gene Disruption Methodologies for Drug Target Discovery
FILE REFERENCE: 10182-005-999
CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/032,585
CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-12-20
NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 8000
SOFTWARE: Patent version 3.1
SEQ ID NO 4519
LENGTH: 20
TYPE: DNA
ORGANISM: Candida albicans
US-10-032-585-4519

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 1.1e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Cy 1044 TGGAGGTGGGGGATG 1060
Db 1 TGGAGGTGGGGAGTAG 17

RESULT 61
US-10-304-103-26/c
Sequence 26, Application US/10304103
Publication No. US20040101853A1
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: C. Frank Bennett
APPLICANT: Kenneth W. Dobie
TITLE OF INVENTION: MODULATION OF STAT2 EXPRESSION
FILE REFERENCE: HTS-0014
CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/304,103
CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-11-23
NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 82
SEQ ID NO 26
LENGTH: 20
TYPE: DNA
ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
FEATURE:
OTHER INFORMATION: Antisense Oligonucleotide
US-10-304-103-26

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 1.1e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Cy 502 ACCGTGACGCTGCTG 518
Db 17 ACCGTAGGCGAGCTGCTG 1

RESULT 62
US-10-304-103-62
Sequence 62, Application US/10304103
Publication No. US20040101853A1
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: C. Frank Bennett
APPLICANT: Kenneth W. Dobie
TITLE OF INVENTION: MODULATION OF STAT2 EXPRESSION
FILE REFERENCE: HTS-0014
CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/304,103
CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-11-23
NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 82
SEQ ID NO 62
LENGTH: 20
TYPE: DNA
ORGANISM: H. sapiens
FEATURE:
US-10-304-103-62

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 1.1e+02;

Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Cy 502 ACCGTGACGCTGCTG 518
Db 4 ACCGTAGGCGAGCTGCTG 20

RESULT 63
US-09-923-246-39
Sequence 39, Application US/09923246
Patent No. US20020128446A1
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: No. US20020128446A1a, Julia E.
APPLICANT: Presnell, Scott R.
APPLICANT: Sprecher, Cindy A.
APPLICANT: Foster, Donald C.
APPLICANT: Holly, Richard D.
APPLICANT: Gross, Jane A.
APPLICANT: Johnston, Janet V.
APPLICANT: Nelson, Andrew J.
APPLICANT: Dillon, Stacey R.
APPLICANT: Hammond, Angela K.
TITLE OF INVENTION: NOVEL CYTOKINE ZALPHAL1 LIGAND
FILE REFERENCE: 99-16
CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/923,246
CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-08-03
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: EARLIER FILING DATE: 2000-03-09
PRIOR FILING DATE: EARLIER FILING DATE: 1999-03-11
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: EARLIER APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/123,904
PRIOR FILING DATE: EARLIER FILING DATE: 1999-07-01
NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 115
SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 3.0
SEQ ID NO 39
LENGTH: 26
TYPE: DNA
ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
FEATURE:
OTHER INFORMATION: Oligonucleotide primer ZC7764b
US-09-923-246-39

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 26;
Best Local Similarity 76.0%; Pred. No. 1.3e+02;
Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 6; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Cy 1386 TTGTTGTTTGTGATCTGTTTTC 1410
Db 2 TTTTGTGTTTGTGTTTGTGTTTTC 26

RESULT 64
US-09-092-296-10
Sequence 10, Application US/09092296
Publication No. US20020188114A1
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: BILLING-MEDEL, PATRICIA
APPLICANT: COHEN, MAURICE
APPLICANT: COLPITTS, TRACEY L.
APPLICANT: FRIEDMAN, PAULA N.
APPLICANT: KLAAS, MICHAEL R.
APPLICANT: RUSSELL, JOHN C.
APPLICANT: STROUPE, STEPHEN D.
TITLE OF INVENTION: REAGENTS AND METHODS USEFUL
FOR DETECTING DISEASES OF THE LUNG
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 20
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
ADDRESSEE: Abbott Laboratories
STREET: 100 Abbott Park Road
CITY: Abbott Park
STATE: IL
COUNTRY: USA
ZIP: 60064-3500

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 26;
Best Local Similarity 76.0%; Pred. No. 1.3e+02;


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; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 42
; SOFTWARE: Patentin Ver. 2.1
; SEQ ID NO 24
; LENGTH: 20
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Primer
US-09-021-660A-24

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 502 ACCTGATGCAGCTGCTGCAG 521
Db 1 AGCTGATGCAGCTGATCCAG 20

RESULT 68
US-09-291-417-145/c
; Sequence 145, Application US/09291417A
; Publication No. US20030050230A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: FLOMMAN, GREGORY
; APPLICANT: MARTINEZ, RICARDO
; APPLICANT: WHYTE, DAVID
; TITLE OF INVENTION: STE20-RELATED PROTEIN KINASES
; FILE REFERENCE: 240/300
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/291,417A
; EARLIER FILING DATE: 1999-04-13
; EARLIER APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/081,784
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 147
; SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 3.0
; SEQ ID NO 145
; LENGTH: 20
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Mammalian (Human) PAK5
US-09-291-417-145

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 601 GCAGAAGTACTGCGGCGCTG 620
Db 20 GCAGATGACTGCTGACCTG 1

RESULT 69
US-10-085-108-17/c
; Sequence 17, Application US/10085108
; Publication No. US20020176865A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: LUCAS, Sophie; BOON-FALLEUR, Thierry
; TITLE OF INVENTION: ISOLATED NUCLEIC ACID MOLECULES CODING
; FOR
; TUMOR REJECTION ANTIGEN PRECURSORS OF MEMBERS OF THE MAGE-C
; MAGE-B FAMILIES AND USES THEREOF
; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 26
; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
; ADDRESSEE: Fulbright & Jaworski L.L.P.
; STREET: 666 Fifth Avenue
; CITY: New York City
; STATE: New York
; COUNTRY: USA
; ZIP: 10103
; COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
; MEDIUM TYPE: Diskette, 3.5 inch, 360 kb storage
; COMPUTER: IBM PS/2
; OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS
; SOFTWARE: Wordperfect

```

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; CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/085,108
; FILING DATE: 01-Mar-2002
; CLASSIFICATION: <Unknown>
; PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: 09/501,104
; FILING DATE: 09-Feb-2000
; APPLICATION NUMBER: 09/468,433
; FILING DATE: December 17, 1999
; APPLICATION NUMBER: 09/066,281
; FILING DATE: April 24, 1998
; APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/845,528
; FILING DATE: April 25, 1997
; ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
; NAME: Mary Anne Schofield
; REGISTRATION NUMBER: 36,669
; REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: LUD 5611.1 JEL/MAS
; TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
; TELEPHONE: (212) 318-3100
; TELEFAX: (212) 318-3400
; INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 17:
; SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
; LENGTH: 20 base pairs
; TYPE: nucleic acid
; STRANDEDNESS: single-stranded
; TOPOLOGY: linear
; SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 17:
US-10-085-108-17

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 495 TGTGCCAACCTGATGCAGCT 514
Db 20 TCTGCCAACGAGGCGAGCT 1

RESULT 70
US-10-057-550-73/c
; Sequence 73, Application US/10057550
; Publication No. US20030032607A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Monia, Brett P.
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Antisense Oligonucleotide Modulation of raf Gene Expression
; FILE REFERENCE:
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/057,550
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-01-25
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 09/506,073
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-02-18
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 09/143,214
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1998-08-28
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/US98/13961
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1998-07-06
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/889,982
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1997-07-07
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/756,806
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1996-11-26
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/US95/07111
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1995-05-31
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/250,856
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1994-05-31
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 130
; SEQ ID NO 73
; LENGTH: 20
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: artificial sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: antisense sequence
US-10-057-550-73

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;

```

Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1267 CCGGCCGAGGTGAGAGAG 1286
DB 20 CTGGCCCTGGAGAGAGAG 1

RESULT 71

US-10-010-802-341
; Sequence 341, Application US/10010802
; Publication No. US20030078220A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Genaisance Pharmaceuticals
; APPLICANT: Chew, Anne
; APPLICANT: Denton, R. Rex
; APPLICANT: Buda, Amy
; APPLICANT: Mandabalan, Krishnan
; APPLICANT: Stephens, J. Claiborne
; APPLICANT: Windemuth, Andreas
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Drug target Isogenes; Polymorphisms in the Interleukin
; FILE REFERENCE: MMH-0002US2 IL4R alpha
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/010,802
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-11-09
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/US00/19094
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-07-13
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 413
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn Ver. 2.1
; SEQ ID NO 341
; LENGTH: 20
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
US-10-010-802-341

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 579 AGCCAGTTGGTAGCCAGGT 598
DB 1 AGCCAGGTGAGAGCCAGGT 20

RESULT 72

US-10-001-076-77/C
; Sequence 77, Application US/10001076
; Publication No. US20030096775A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Mark J. Graham
; APPLICANT: Andrew T. Matc
; TITLE OF INVENTION: ANTISENSE MODULATION OF COMPLEMENT COMPONENT C3 EXPRESSION
; FILE REFERENCE: RTS-0329
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/001,076
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-10-23
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 179
; SEQ ID NO 77
; LENGTH: 20
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Antisense Oligonucleotide
US-10-001-076-77

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 667 GCGTGAGCAGGCGCAGAGC 686
DB 20 GCGAGGAGCAGGTCAACAGC 1

RESULT 73

US-10-160-237-17/C
; Sequence 17, Application US/10160237
; Publication No. US20030170256A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: LUCAS, Sophie; DE SMET, Charles; BOON-FALLIER, Thierry
; TITLE OF INVENTION: ISOLATED NUCLEIC ACID MOLECULE CODING
; FOR TUMOR REJECTION ANTIGEN PRECURSOR MAGE-C1 AND MAGE-C2
; AND USES THEREOF

NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 20
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
ADDRESSER: Pulbright & Jaworski L.L.P.
STREET: 666 Fifth Avenue
CITY: New York City
STATE: New York
COUNTRY: USA
ZIP: 10103

COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
MEDIUM TYPE: Diskette, 3.5 inch, 360 kb storage
COMPUTER: IBM PS/2
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS
SOFTWARE: Wordperfect
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/160,237
FILING DATE: 04-Jun-2002

CLASSIFICATION: <Unknown>
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/066,281B
FILING DATE: April 24, 1998
APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/845,528
FILING DATE: April 25, 1997

ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: Mary Anne Schofield
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 36,669
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: IUD 5455.2 US - JEL/MAS
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: (212) 318-3100
TELEFAX: (212) 752-8988

INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 17:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 20 base pairs
TYPE: nucleic acid
STRANDEDNESS: single-stranded
TOPOLOGY: linear
; SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 17:
US-10-160-237-17

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 495 TGTGCCAACCCTGATGAGCT 514
DB 20 TGTGCCAACCAGGAGGAGCT 1

RESULT 74

US-10-144-488-25/C
; Sequence 25, Application US/10144488
; Publication No. US20030212017A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Brett P. Monia
; APPLICANT: Susan M. Fieiler
; TITLE OF INVENTION: ANTISENSE MODULATION OF PARNESYL TRANSFERASE BETA SUBUNIT EXPRES
; FILE REFERENCE: RTS-0363
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/144,488
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-05-10
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 80
; SEQ ID NO 25
; LENGTH: 20
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Antisense Oligonucleotide

US-10-144-488-25

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 879 CTGTACAGCTCGGAACGCT 898
DB 20 CTGACAGCTGTGGAACTGCT 1

RESULT 75

US-10-181-874-36/c
; Sequence 36, Application US/10181874
; Publication No. US20030212020A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Isis Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
; APPLICANT: Susan Murray
; APPLICANT: Lex M. Cowser
; APPLICANT: Jacqueline Wyat
; TITLE OF INVENTION: ANTISENSE MODULATION OF MACROPHAGE MIGRATION INHIBITORY FACTOR
; FILE REFERENCE: RISP-0351
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/181,874
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-07-22
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 09/489,869
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-01-20
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 88
; SEQ ID NO 36
; LENGTH: 20
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Antisense Oligonucleotide
US-10-181-874-36

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 624 TACAGCAGCCGTGCGCGCT 643
DB 20 TCCAGCAGCCGTGCGCGCT 1

RESULT 76

US-10-174-319-42
; Sequence 42, Application US/10174319
; Publication No. US20030232771A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Donna T. Ward
; APPLICANT: Susan M. Freiler
; APPLICANT: Kenneth W. Dobie
; TITLE OF INVENTION: ANTISENSE MODULATION OF MARK3 EXPRESSION
; FILE REFERENCE: PTS-0018
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/174,319
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-06-17
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 121
; SEQ ID NO 42
; LENGTH: 20
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Antisense Oligonucleotide
US-10-174-319-42

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1681 CACTGTTCATGATACACTT 1700
DB 1 CAGTGTTCAGAAACACTT 20

RESULT 77

US-10-177-554-85/c
; Sequence 85, Application US/10177554
; Publication No. US20030235911A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Kenneth W. Dobie
; APPLICANT: Hong Zhang
; TITLE OF INVENTION: ANTISENSE MODULATION OF PRL-3 EXPRESSION
; FILE REFERENCE: RTS-0370
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/177,554
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-06-20
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 239
; SEQ ID NO 85
; LENGTH: 20
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Antisense Oligonucleotide
US-10-177-554-85

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1428 CTGACCTGTTGTAGGACGCT 1447
DB 20 CTGACCTGTTCTCGGACACT 1

RESULT 78

US-10-177-554-215
; Sequence 215, Application US/10177554
; Publication No. US20030235911A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Kenneth W. Dobie
; APPLICANT: Hong Zhang
; TITLE OF INVENTION: ANTISENSE MODULATION OF PRL-3 EXPRESSION
; FILE REFERENCE: RTS-0370
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/177,554
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-06-20
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 239
; SEQ ID NO 215
; LENGTH: 20
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: H. sapiens
; FEATURE:
US-10-177-554-215

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1428 CTGACCTGTTGTAGGACGCT 1447
DB 1 CTGACCTGTTCTCGGACACT 20

RESULT 79

US-10-289-762-2571/c
; Sequence 2571, Application US/10289762
; Publication No. US20040006218A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Grifflais, R.
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Chlamydia pneumoniae genomic sequence and polypeptides, fragments thereof and uses thereof, in particular for the diagnosis, prevention and treatment of infection
; FILE REFERENCE: 9710-003-999
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/289,762
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2003-03-27
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 6849
; SEQ ID NO 2571
; LENGTH: 20

```

; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Chlamydia pneumoniae
US-10-289-762-2571

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 996 CTGAGGAGCATTCCTGCTG 1015
Db 20 CTGTGGATTGATTCCTGAG 1

RESULT 80
US-10-289-762-5767/c
; Sequence 5767, Application US/10289762
; Publication No. US20040006218A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Griffiths, R.
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Chlamydia pneumoniae genomic sequence and polypeptides, fragments
; TITLE OF INVENTION: thereof and uses thereof, in particular for the diagnosis, prev
; TITLE OF INVENTION: and treatment of infection
; FILE REFERENCE: 9710-003-999
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/289,762
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2003-03-27
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 6849
; SEQ ID NO 5767
; LENGTH: 20
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Chlamydia pneumoniae
US-10-289-762-5767

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1617 CCTCCCGGAGGAGTGCCA 1636
Db 20 CTTCCTCGAGGAGTGCCA 1

RESULT 81
US-10-642-802-77/c
; Sequence 77, Application US/10642802
; Publication No. US20040043956A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Mark J. Graham
; APPLICANT: Andrew T. Watt
; TITLE OF INVENTION: ANTISENSE MODULATION OF COMPLEMENT COMPONENT C3 EXPRESSION
; FILE REFERENCE: RTS-0329
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/642,802
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2003-08-18
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/001,076
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-10-23
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 179
; SEQ ID NO 77
; LENGTH: 20
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Antisense Oligonucleotide
US-10-642-802-77

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 667 GCGTGAGCAGGCGCAAGAC 686
Db 20 GCGAGGAGCAGGCGCAAGAC 1

RESULT 82
```

```

US-10-272-810-41/c
; Sequence 41, Application US/10272810
; Publication No. US20040077568A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Andrew T. Watt
; TITLE OF INVENTION: ANTISENSE MODULATION OF NOTCH (DROSOPHILA) HOMOLOG 4 EXPRESSION
; FILE REFERENCE: RTS-0263
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/272,810
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-10-16
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 89
; SEQ ID NO 41
; LENGTH: 20
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Antisense Oligonucleotide
US-10-272-810-41

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 608 ACTACTGCGCTGCGCTACA 627
Db 20 ACAACTGCACCTGCGCTACA 1

RESULT 83
US-10-273-070-41/c
; Sequence 41, Application US/10273070
; Publication No. US20040077569A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Andrew T. Watt
; TITLE OF INVENTION: ANTISENSE MODULATION OF NOTCH (DROSOPHILA) HOMOLOG 4 EXPRESSION
; FILE REFERENCE: RTS-0231
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/273,070
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-10-16
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 89
; SEQ ID NO 41
; LENGTH: 20
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Antisense Oligonucleotide
US-10-273-070-41

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 608 ACTACTGCGCTGCGCTACA 627
Db 20 ACAACTGCACCTGCGCTACA 1

RESULT 84
US-10-280-183A-448/c
; Sequence 448, Application US/10280183A
; Publication No. US20040081964A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Pfizer Inc.
; APPLICANT: Bachmanov, Alexander A
; APPLICANT: Beauchamp, Gary K.
; APPLICANT: Chatterjee, Aubindo
; APPLICANT: De Jong, Pieter J.
; APPLICANT: Li, Xian
; APPLICANT: Ohmen, Jeffrey D
; APPLICANT: Reed, Danielle R.
; APPLICANT: Ross, David
; APPLICANT: Tordoff, Michael G.
; TITLE OF INVENTION: GENE AND SEQUENCE VARIATION ASSOCIATED WITH SENSING
; CARBOHYDRATE COMPOUNDS AND OTHER SWEETENERS
```



```
; FILE REFERENCE: PC18306A
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/280,183A
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-10-25
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/200,794
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-04-28
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 652
; SOFTWARE: Patentn Ver. 3.1
; SEQ ID NO 448
; LENGTH: 20
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Mouse
US-10-280-183A-448

Query Match      0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY      979 GAGACTAGAGCGAGGAGCTG 998
Db      20 GAGACCGAGAGGAGGTGCTG 1

RESULT 85
US-10-303-420-94
; Sequence 94, Application US/10303420
; Publication No. US20040102398A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Brett P. Monia
; APPLICANT: Kenneth W. Dobie
; TITLE OF INVENTION: MODULATION OF B7H EXPRESSION
; FILE REFERENCE: RTS-0417
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/303,420
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-11-23
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 271
; SEQ ID NO 94
; LENGTH: 20
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; OTHER INFORMATION: Antisense Oligonucleotide
US-10-303-420-94

Query Match      0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY      1116 TACCCCTCAGTACTGTAGCA 1135
Db      1 TACCCCTCAGCACTGGACCA 20

RESULT 86
US-10-316-515-26/c
; Sequence 26, Application US/10316515
; Publication No. US20040116365A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Alexander H. Borchers
; APPLICANT: Susan M. Freier
; TITLE OF INVENTION: MODULATION OF LCK EXPRESSION
; FILE REFERENCE: RTS-0344
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/316,515
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-12-10
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 76
; SEQ ID NO 26
; LENGTH: 20
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; OTHER INFORMATION: Antisense Oligonucleotide
US-10-316-515-26

Query Match      0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
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```
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY      501 AACCTGATGACAGCTGCTGCA 520
Db      20 AACCTCATGACAGCACTGCA 1

RESULT 87
US-10-725-329-145/c
; Sequence 145, Application US/10725329
; Publication No. US20040224323A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: FLOWMAN, GREGORY
; APPLICANT: MARTINEZ, RICARDO
; APPLICANT: WHYTE, DAVID
; TITLE OF INVENTION: STE20-RELATED PROTEIN KINASES
; FILE REFERENCE: 038602/0328
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/725,329
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2003-12-02
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/688,188B
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-10-16
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 09/291,417
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1999-04-14
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/081,784
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1998-04-14
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 155
; SOFTWARE: Patentn Ver. 2.1
; SEQ ID NO 145
; LENGTH: 20
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
US-10-725-329-145

Query Match      0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY      601 GCMAAGAACTACTGCGCTG 620
Db      20 GCMAATGACTACTGCACCTG 1

RESULT 88
US-09-971-353-24/c
; Sequence 24, Application US/09971353
; Publication No. US20030113723A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Bapat, Bharati
; APPLICANT: Rose, Melanie Anne
; TITLE OF INVENTION: METHOD FOR EVALUATING MICROSATELLITE INSTABILITY IN A TUMOR SAMPL
; FILE REFERENCE: 11757.54USU1
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/971,353
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-10-04
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/237,884
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-10-04
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 35
; SOFTWARE: Patentn version 3.1
; SEQ ID NO 24
; LENGTH: 31
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
US-09-971-353-24

Query Match      0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 31;
Best Local Similarity 71.4%; Pred. No. 1.6e+02;
Matches 20; Conservative 0; Mismatches 8; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY      1386 TTGTTTGTGTTGTGATCTGTTTTTCTGA 1413
Db      31 TTTTGTGTTTGTGTTTGTGTTTGTGTTTGA 4

RESULT 89
```

```
US-09-848-754A-1341
; Sequence 1341, Application US/09848754A
; Publication No. US20030073207A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Ribozyme Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Bzymatic Nucleic Acid Treatment of Diseases or Conditions Related
; FILE REFERENCE: MEH800-958-1 (400/018)
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/848,754A
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-05-03
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 9645
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.0
; SEQ ID NO 1341
; LENGTH: 17
; TYPE: RNA
; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
US-09-848-754A-1341

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 0.9%; Score 15; DB 1; Length 17;
Matches 13; Conservative 2; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 512 GCTGCTGCAGAGAG 526
Db 1 GCUGCTGCAGAGAG 15

RESULT 90
US-09-848-754A-2408
; Sequence 2408, Application US/09848754A
; Publication No. US20030073207A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Ribozyme Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Bzymatic Nucleic Acid Treatment of Diseases or Conditions Related
; FILE REFERENCE: MEH800-958-1 (400/018)
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/848,754A
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-05-03
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 9645
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.0
; SEQ ID NO 2408
; LENGTH: 17
; TYPE: RNA
; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
US-09-848-754A-2408

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 0.9%; Score 15; DB 1; Length 17;
Matches 13; Conservative 2; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 512 GCTGCTGCAGAGAG 526
Db 3 GCUGCTGCAGAGAG 17

RESULT 91
US-10-199-199-43/C
; Sequence 43, Application US/10199199
; Publication No. US20040014047A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Lex M. Cowsett
; APPLICANT: Kenneth W. Dobie
; TITLE OF INVENTION: ANTISENSE MODULATION OF LIM DOMAIN KINASE 1 EXPRESSION
; FILE REFERENCE: RTS-0375
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/199,199
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-07-18
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 148
; SEQ ID NO 43
; LENGTH: 20
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Antisense Oligonucleotide
```

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US-10-199-199-43

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 0.9%; Score 15; DB 1; Length 20;
Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 736 TCCAGCTGACCCCTCG 750
Db 16 TCCAGCTGACCCCTCG 2

RESULT 92
US-10-199-199-116
; Sequence 116, Application US/10199199
; Publication No. US20040014047A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Lex M. Cowsett
; APPLICANT: Kenneth W. Dobie
; TITLE OF INVENTION: ANTISENSE MODULATION OF LIM DOMAIN KINASE 1 EXPRESSION
; FILE REFERENCE: RTS-0375
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/199,199
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-07-18
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 148
; SEQ ID NO 116
; LENGTH: 20
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: H. sapiens
US-10-199-199-116

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 0.9%; Score 15; DB 1; Length 20;
Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 736 TCCAGCTGACCCCTCG 750
Db 5 TCCAGCTGACCCCTCG 19

RESULT 93
US-10-480-013-2
; Sequence 2, Application US/10480013
; Publication No. US20040157794A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Pohang Foundation
; TITLE OF INVENTION: CALIX[4]ARENE-NUCLEOSIDE AND CALIX[4]ARENE-OLIGONUCLEOTIDE
; FILE REFERENCE: PCA20633/PSC
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/480,013
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2003-12-04
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 3
; SOFTWARE: KopatentIn 1.71
; SEQ ID NO 2
; LENGTH: 25
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: calix[4]arene-oligonucleotide hybrid 2
; NAME/KEY: misc_feature
; LOCATION: (13)
; OTHER INFORMATION: calix[4]arene-nucleoside of chemical formula 1
US-10-480-013-2

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 0.9%; Score 15; DB 1; Length 25;
Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 6; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1386 TTGTTGTTTGATGACTGTTT 1409
Db 2 TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT 25
```

RESULT 94

US-10-440-850-1112
; Sequence 1112, Application US/10440850
; Publication No. US20030207837A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Ribozyme Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
; APPLICANT: Stinchcomb, Dan
; APPLICANT: Jarvis, Thale
; APPLICANT: McGW19gen, Jim
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Method and Reagent for the Induction of Graft Tolerance and Reversal
; FILE REFERENCE: 250/130 (MEHBD0-900-A)
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/440,850
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2003-05-19
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/650,012
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-08-28
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/585,684
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1996-01-12
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/000,951
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1995-07-07
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 09/038,073
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1998-03-11
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 2285
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.0
; SEQ ID NO 1112
; LENGTH: 18
; TYPE: RNA
; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
US-10-440-850-1112

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 18;
Best Local Similarity 66.7%; Pred. No. 1.3e+02;
Matches 12; Conservative 4; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 505 TGATGAGCTGCTGCAGC 522

Db 1 USGUGUGUGUGUGUGAGC 18

RESULT 95

US-09-844-662-20/c
; Sequence 20, Application US/09844662
; Publication No. US20020064802A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Raschke, Eva
; APPLICANT: Wolffe, Alan P
; APPLICANT: Case, Casey C
; TITLE OF INVENTION: METHODS FOR BINDING AN EXOGENOUS MOLECULE TO CELLULAR CHROMATIN
; FILE REFERENCE: SABI-006/01US (S12-US1)
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/844,662
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-04-27
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/200,590
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-04-28
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 38
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.2
; SEQ ID NO 20
; LENGTH: 19
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: VEGF reverse
US-09-844-662-20

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 1.4e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1322 GGAGGTGGAGGTGCTGG 1339

Db 19 GTAGCTGGAGGTGCTGG 2

RESULT 96

US-09-925-548-89/c
; Sequence 89, Application US/09925548
; Patent No. US20020107216A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Dedhar, Shoukat
; APPLICANT: Hannigan, Greg
; APPLICANT: Yee, Arthur
; TITLE OF INVENTION: INTEGRIN-LINKED KINASE AND ITS USES
; FILE REFERENCE: KIN001CIP4
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/925,548
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-08-08
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 09/390,425
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1999-09-03
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 09/035,706
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1998-03-05
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/955,841
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1997-10-21
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/752,345
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1996-11-19
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/009,074
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1995-12-21
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 97
; SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 4.0
; SEQ ID NO 89
; LENGTH: 19
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
US-09-925-548-89

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 1.4e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 715 ACCCCAGCTGCTGCCCA 732

Db 19 ACCCCAGCTGCTGCCCA 2

RESULT 97

US-09-844-508-33/c
; Sequence 33, Application US/09844508
; Patent No. US20020115215A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Wolffe, Alan P.
; APPLICANT: COLLINGWOOD, Trevor
; TITLE OF INVENTION: TARGETED MODIFICATION OF CHROMATIN STRUCTURE
; FILE REFERENCE: 8325-0014 / S14-US1
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/844,508
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-04-27
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/200,590
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-04-28
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/228,523
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-08-28
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 49
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn Ver. 2.0
; SEQ ID NO 33
; LENGTH: 19
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: VEGF reverse
US-09-844-508-33

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 1.4e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1322 GGAGGTGGAGGTGCTGG 1339

Db 19 GTAGCTGGAGGTGCTGG 2

```
RESULT 98
US-09-916-136A-10/c
; Sequence 10, Application US/09916136A
; Publication No. US20030162759A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Pharmacia Corporation
; TITLE OF INVENTION: ALDOSTERONE BLOCKER THERAPY TO PREVENT OR TREAT INFLAMMATION-RELA
; TITLE OF INVENTION: DISORDERS
; FILE REFERENCE: 3357/11US
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/916,136A
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-12-20
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 35
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.1
; SEQ ID NO 10
; LENGTH: 19
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Reverse primer derived from rat collagen I sequence
US-09-916-136A-10

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 736 TCCAGCTGACCTGCTGC 753
Db 18 TCCAGCTGACCTGCTGC 1

RESULT 99
US-10-084-826-33/c
; Sequence 33, Application US/10084826
; Publication No. US20030049649A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: WOLFE, Alan P.
; APPLICANT: COLLINGWOOD, Trevor
; TITLE OF INVENTION: TARGETED MODIFICATION OF CHROMATIN STRUCTURE
; FILE REFERENCE: 8325-0014 / S14-US1
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/084,826
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-02-24
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 09/844,508
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-04-27
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/228,523
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-09-28
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 49
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn Ver. 2.0
; SEQ ID NO 33
; LENGTH: 19
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: VEGF reverse
US-10-084-826-33

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1322 GGAGTGCAGAGTGTGG 1339
Db 19 GTAGCTGAGAGTGTGG 2

RESULT 100
US-10-251-117-47
; Sequence 47, Application US/10251117
; Publication No. US20030170891A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Ribozygme Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
; APPLICANT: Mcswiggen, James
```

```
; TITLE OF INVENTION: RNA Interference Mediated Inhibition of Epidermal Growth Factor R
; FILE REFERENCE: 900/042 (MBHB02-468-A)
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/251,117
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/393,924
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-07-03
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 10/163,552
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-06-06
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/358,580
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-02-20
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 09/916,466
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-07-25
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/296,249
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-06-06
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 1213
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.0
; SEQ ID NO 47
; LENGTH: 19
; TYPE: RNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Target sequence/siNA sense re
US-10-251-117-47

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Matches 10; Conservative 6; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1085 TGTGTGCGGTGCTGTG 1102
Db 2 UCUGGCGGUGGUGGUGG 19

RESULT 101
US-10-251-117-85/c
; Sequence 85, Application US/10251117
; Publication No. US20030170891A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Ribozygme Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
; TITLE OF INVENTION: RNA Interference Mediated Inhibition of Epidermal Growth Factor R
; FILE REFERENCE: 900/042 (MBHB02-468-A)
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/251,117
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2003-02-24
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/393,924
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-07-03
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 10/163,552
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-06-06
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/358,580
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-02-20
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 09/916,466
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-07-25
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/296,249
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-06-06
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 1213
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.0
; SEQ ID NO 85
; LENGTH: 19
; TYPE: RNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Target sequence/siNA sense re
US-10-251-117-85

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 565 GCCTGCTGATGCTATGCC 582
Db 19 GCCAGTGTATGCCATGCC 2
```

```
RESULT 102
US-10-251-117-296/c
; Sequence 296, Application US/10251117
; Publication No. US20030170891A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Ribozyme Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
; APPLICANT: McSwiggen, James
; TITLE OF INVENTION: RNA Interference Mediated Inhibition of Epidermal Growth Factor R
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Gene Expression Using Short Interfering RNA
; FILE REFERENCE: 900/042 (MEHR02-468-A)
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/251,117
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2003-02-24
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/393,924
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-07-03
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 10/163,552
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-06-06
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/358,580
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-02-20
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 09/916,466
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-07-25
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/296,249
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-06-06
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 1213
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.0
; SEQ ID NO 296
; LENGTH: 19
; TYPE: RNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: siNA antisense region
US-10-251-117-296

Query Match          0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 1.4e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy      1085 TGTGTGCGGCTGCTGTG 1102
Db      18 TCTGTGCGGCTGCTGTG 1

RESULT 103
US-10-251-117-334
; Sequence 334, Application US/10251117
; Publication No. US20030170891A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Ribozyme Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
; APPLICANT: McSwiggen, James
; TITLE OF INVENTION: RNA Interference Mediated Inhibition of Epidermal Growth Factor R
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Gene Expression Using Short Interfering RNA
; FILE REFERENCE: 900/042 (MEHR02-468-A)
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/251,117
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2003-02-24
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/393,924
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-07-03
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 10/163,552
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-06-06
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/358,580
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-02-20
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 09/916,466
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-07-25
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/296,249
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-06-06
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 1213
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.0
; SEQ ID NO 334
; LENGTH: 19
; TYPE: RNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: siNA antisense region
```

```
US-10-251-117-334

Query Match          0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 77.8%; Pred. No. 1.4e+02;
Matches 14; Conservative 2; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy      565 GCGTGTGATGCGCTAGCC 582
Db      1 GCCAGCTGATGCGCTAGCC 18

RESULT 104
US-10-205-309-14/c
; Sequence 1, Application US/10205309
; Publication No. US20030190635A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Ribozyme Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
; APPLICANT: McSwiggen, James
; TITLE OF INVENTION: RNA Interference Mediated Inhibition of Alzheimer's Disease Using
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Interfering RNA
; FILE REFERENCE: 900/033
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/205,309
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-10-25
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 674
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.0
; SEQ ID NO 1
; LENGTH: 19
; TYPE: RNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Target sequence/siNA sense r
US-10-205-309-14

Query Match          0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 83.3%; Pred. No. 1.4e+02;
Matches 15; Conservative 1; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy      708 GCACCTGACCCGAGCCTG 725
Db      2 GCACCTGACCCGAGCCTG 19

RESULT 105
US-10-205-309-14/c
; Sequence 14, Application US/10205309
; Publication No. US20030190635A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Ribozyme Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
; APPLICANT: McSwiggen, James
; TITLE OF INVENTION: RNA Interference Mediated Inhibition of Alzheimer's Disease Using
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Interfering RNA
; FILE REFERENCE: 900/033
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/205,309
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-10-25
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 674
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.0
; SEQ ID NO 14
; LENGTH: 19
; TYPE: RNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Target sequence/siNA sense r
US-10-205-309-14

Query Match          0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 1.4e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy      1582 GCAGGGGAGGGGCTGAGA 1599
Db      18 GCAGGGGAGGGGCTGAGA 1
```

```
RESULT 106
US-10-205-309-326/c
; Sequence 326, Application US/10205309
; Publication No. US20030190635A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Ribozyme Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
; APPLICANT: McSwiggen, James
; TITLE OF INVENTION: RNA Interference Mediated Inhibition of Alzheimer's Disease Using
; FILE REFERENCE: 900/033
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/205,309
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-10-25
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 674
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.0
; SEQ ID NO 326
; LENGTH: 19
; TYPE: RNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: siNA antisense region
US-10-205-309-326

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 88.3%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 708 GCACCTGACCCCGAGCCCTG 725
DB 18 GCACCTGCTCCCGAGCCCG 1

RESULT 107
US-10-205-309-339
; Sequence 339, Application US/10205309
; Publication No. US20030190635A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Ribozyme Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
; APPLICANT: McSwiggen, James
; TITLE OF INVENTION: RNA Interference Mediated Inhibition of Alzheimer's Disease Using
; FILE REFERENCE: 900/033
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/205,309
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-10-25
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 674
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.0
; SEQ ID NO 339
; LENGTH: 19
; TYPE: RNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: siNA antisense region
US-10-205-309-339

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 83.3%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Matches 15; Conservative 1; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1582 GCAGGGAGAGGGGCTGAGA 1599
DB 2 GCAGGGAGAGGGGCTGAGA 19

RESULT 108
US-10-444-925-188/c
; Sequence 188, Application US/10444925
; Publication No. US20040009946A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Lewis, Stephen Patrick
; APPLICANT: Klinghoffer, Richard
; APPLICANT: Wilson, Linda K.
; TITLE OF INVENTION: MODULATION OF PTP1B SIGNAL TRANSDUCTION
; TITLE OF INVENTION: BY RNA INTERFERENCE
; FILE REFERENCE: 200125.441
```

```
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/444,925
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2003-05-23
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 599
; SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 4.0
; SEQ ID NO 188
; LENGTH: 19
; TYPE: RNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Small interfering RNA
US-10-444-925-188

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1033 GCCACCTTAAGTGTGAGCT 1050
DB 19 GCCACCTTAAGTGTGAGCT 2

RESULT 109
US-10-206-705-66
; Sequence 66, Application US/10206705
; Publication No. US20040019001A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Ribozyme Pharmaceutical, Inc.
; APPLICANT: McSwiggen, James
; TITLE OF INVENTION: RNA Interference Mediated Inhibition of Protein Tyrosine Phosphate
; FILE REFERENCE: 900/035 (MHB02-738)
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/206,705
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-07-26
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 388
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.0
; SEQ ID NO 66
; LENGTH: 19
; TYPE: RNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Target sequence/siNA sense region
US-10-206-705-66

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 83.3%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Matches 15; Conservative 1; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1275 GGCTGAAGAGAGGAC 1292
DB 2 GGCTGAAGAGAGGAC 19

RESULT 110
US-10-206-705-251/c
; Sequence 251, Application US/10206705
; Publication No. US20040019001A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Ribozyme Pharmaceutical, Inc.
; APPLICANT: McSwiggen, James
; TITLE OF INVENTION: RNA Interference Mediated Inhibition of Protein Tyrosine Phosphate
; FILE REFERENCE: 900/035 (MHB02-738)
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/206,705
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-07-26
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 388
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.0
; SEQ ID NO 251
; LENGTH: 19
; TYPE: RNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: siNA antisense region
US-10-206-705-251
```

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 1.4e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1275 GGGTAGAGGAGAGGCAC 1292

Db 18 GGGTAGAGGAGAGGCAC 1

RESULT 111

US-10-670-011-2

Sequence 2, Application US/10670011
Publication No. US20040209832A1

GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: Sirta Therapeutics, Inc.

APPLICANT: McSwiggen, James

APPLICANT: Beigelman, Leonid

APPLICANT: Pavco, Pamela

TITLE OF INVENTION: RNA Interference Mediated Inhibition of Vascular Endothelial

TITLE OF INVENTION: Growth Factor and Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor Receptor

FILE REFERENCE: 400/132 (MBH02-742-G)

CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/670,011

PRIOR FILING DATE: 2003-09-23

PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/US03/05022

PRIOR FILING DATE: 2003-02-20

PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US60/358,580

PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-02-20

PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US60/363,124

PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-03-11

PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US60/386,782

PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-06-06

PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US60/393,796

PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-07-03

PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US60/399,348

PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-07-29

PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US60/406,784

PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-08-29

PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US60/408,378

PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-09-05

PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US60/409,293

PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-09-09

PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US60/440,129

PRIOR FILING DATE: 2003-01-15

Remaining Prior Application data removed - See File Wrapper or PALM.

NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 427

SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.2

SEQ ID NO 2

LENGTH: 19

TYPE: RNA

ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

FEATURE:

OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Target Sequence/siNA sense re

US-10-670-011-2

Query Match

Best Local Similarity

Matches

13; Conservative

3; Mismatches

2; Indels

0; Gaps

0;

QY

1320

GGGAGGTCGGAGGTCGT

1337

Db

2

GGGAGGTCGGAGGTCGU

19

RESULT 112

US-10-670-011-98/c

Sequence 98, Application US/10670011

Publication No. US20040209832A1

GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: Sirta Therapeutics, Inc.

APPLICANT: McSwiggen, James

APPLICANT: Beigelman, Leonid

APPLICANT: Pavco, Pamela
TITLE OF INVENTION: RNA Interference Mediated Inhibition of Vascular Endothelial
TITLE OF INVENTION: Growth Factor and Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor Receptor
TITLE OF INVENTION: Gene Expression Using Short Interfering Nucleic Acid (siNA)
FILE REFERENCE: 400/132 (MBH02-742-G)

CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/670,011

PRIOR FILING DATE: 2003-09-23

PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/US03/05022

PRIOR FILING DATE: 2003-02-20

PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US60/358,580

PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-02-20

PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US60/363,124

PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-03-11

PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US60/386,782

PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-06-06

PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US60/393,796

PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-07-03

PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US60/399,348

PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-07-29

PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US60/406,784

PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-08-29

PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US60/408,378

PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-09-05

PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US60/409,293

PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-09-09

PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US60/440,129

PRIOR FILING DATE: 2003-01-15

Remaining Prior Application data removed - See File Wrapper or PALM.

NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 427

SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.2

SEQ ID NO 98

LENGTH: 19

TYPE: RNA

ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

FEATURE:

OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: siNA antisense region

US-10-670-011-98

Query Match

Best Local Similarity

Matches

16; Conservative

0; Mismatches

2; Indels

0; Gaps

0;

QY

1320

GGGAGGTCGGAGGTCGT

1337

Db

18

GGGAGGTCGGAGGTCGT

1

RESULT 113

US-09-099-823-14

Sequence 14, Application US/09099823

Patent No. US20020018990A1

GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: BILLING-MEDEL, PATRICIA

APPLICANT: COHEN, MAURICE

APPLICANT: COLPITTS, TRACEY L.

APPLICANT: FRIEDMAN, PAULA N.

APPLICANT: GORDON, JULIAN

APPLICANT: GRANADOS, EDWARD N.

APPLICANT: HODGERS, STEVEN C.

APPLICANT: KLAAS, MICHAEL R.

APPLICANT: KRATOCHVIL, JON D.

APPLICANT: RUSSELL, JOHN C.

APPLICANT: SCHEFFEL, CHRISTI

APPLICANT: STROUPE, STEPHEN D.

APPLICANT: YU, HONG

TITLE OF INVENTION: REAGENTS AND METHODS USEFUL

TITLE OF INVENTION: FOR DETECTING DISEASES OF THE BREAST

NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 27

CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:

ADDRESSEE: Abbott Laboratories

STREET: 100 Abbott Park Road

CITY: Abbott Park

STATE: IL

COUNTRY: USA
 ZIP: 60064-3500
 COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
 MEDIUM TYPE: Diskette
 COMPUTER: IBM Compatible
 OPERATING SYSTEM: DOS
 SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Versi
 CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
 APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/099,823
 FILING DATE:
 CLASSIFICATION:
 PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
 APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/879,354
 FILING DATE: 20-JUN-1997
 ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
 NAME: Becker, Cheryl L.
 REGISTRATION NUMBER: 35,441
 REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 6120.US.PI
 TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
 TELEPHONE: 847/935-1729
 TELEFAX: 847/938-2623
 TELEX:
 INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 14:
 SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 LENGTH: 26 base pairs
 TYPE: nucleic acid
 STRANDEDNESS: single
 TOPOLOGY: linear

```
Query Match      0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; length 26;
Best Local Similarity 73.1%; Pred. No. 1.7e+02;
Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 7; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
```

QY 1387 TGTGTGTTTGTAICTGTGTTTCTG 1412
Db 1 TTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTG 26

RESULT 114
 US-09-920-342-3
 / Sequence 3, Application US/09920342
 / Patent No. US20020137709A1
 / GENERAL INFORMATION:
 / APPLICANT: University of Southern California
 / APPLICANT: Lim, Shi-Lung
 / APPLICANT: Chung, Cheng-Ming
 / APPLICANT: Widelitz, Randall B.
 / TITLE OF INVENTION: GENE SILENCING USING KRNA-CDNA HYBRIDS
 / FILE REFERENCE: 13761-7024
 / CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/920,342
 / CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-03-17
 / PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/222,479
 / PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-08-02
 / NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 15
 / SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 4.0
 / SEQ ID NO 3
 / LENGTH: 26
 / TYPE: DNA
 / ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 / FEATURE:
 / OTHER INFORMATION: Poly(dT)-26mer primer
 / US-09-920-342-3

Query Match	0.88;	Score 14.8;	DB 1;	length 26;
Best Local Similarity	73.1%;	Pred. No. 1.7e+02;		
Matches 19;	Conservative 0;	Mismatches 7;	Indels 0;	Gaps 0;

Qy	1382	TTTTGTTGTTTGTATCTTGT	1407
Db	1	TTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTT	26

RESULT 115
US-09-949-305B-4
; Sequence 4, Application US/0949305B
; Publication No. US20030022318A1

```

? TITLE OF INVENTION: Method for Thermocycling Amplification of Nucleic Acid Sequences
?
? TITLE OF INVENTION: Generation of Related Peptides Thereof
?
? FILE REFERENCE: 266/014
?
? CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/949,305B
?
? CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-09-07
?
? PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 09/494,212
?
? PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-01-25
?
? NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 12
?
? SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.1
?
? SEQ ID NO 4
?
? LENGTH: 26
?
? TYPE: DNA
?
? ORGANISM: artificial sequence
?
? FEATURE:
?
? OTHER INFORMATION: poly(dt) primer
?
? US-09-949-305B-4

```

Query Match	0.8%;	Score 14.8;	DB 1;	length 26;
Best Local Similarity	73.1%;	Pred. No. 1.7e+02;		
Matches 19;	Conservative	0;	Mismatches 7;	Indels 0;
				Gaps 0;

QY 1382 TTTCGTTGTTGTTGATCTGTTT 1407
 Db 1 TTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTTTCTTTT 26

```

RESULT 116
US-10-053-883-53
Sequence 53, Application US/1005383
Publication No. US20030113737A1
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: PEDERSEN, Morten Lorentz
TITLE OF INVENTION: ASSAY AND KIT FOR ANALYZING GENE EXPRESSION
FILE REFERENCE: PEDERSENA=1A
CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/053,883
CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-01-02
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: PA 2001 00126
PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-01-24
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/267,704
PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-02-12
NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 148
SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.1
SEQ ID NO 53
LENGTH: 26
TYPE: DNA
ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
FEATURE:
OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic
US-10-053-883-53

```

Query Match	0.8%;	Score 14.8;	DB 1;	Length 26;
Best Local Similarity	73.1%;	Pred. No. 1.7e+02;		
Matches 19;	Conservative 0;	Mismatches 7;	Indels 0;	Gaps 0;

```
Oy      1382 TTGTGTTTGGTTTGATCTGT   1407  
         ||| | | | | | | |  
Db       1 TTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTT   26
```

RESULT 117
US-09-263-959-614

Patent No. US20020150891A1
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: Hood, Leroy E.
APPLICANT: Rowen, Lee


```
APPLICANT: KOOP, Ben F.
TITLE OF INVENTION: DIAGNOSTIC AND THERAPEUTIC COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS WHICH UTI
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 1279
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
ADDRESSEE: Seed and Berry LLP
STREET: 6300 Columbia Center, 701 Fifth Avenue
CITY: Seattle
STATE: Washington
COUNTRY: US
ZIP: 98104-7092
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.25
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/263,959
FILING DATE: 05-MAR-1999
CLASSIFICATION:
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: Mcmasters, David D.
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 33,963
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 920010.426C2
TELEPHONE: (206) 622-4900
TELEFAX: (206) 682-6031
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 614:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 22 base pairs
TYPE: nucleic acid
STRANDEDNESS: single
TOPOLOGY: linear
US-09-263-959-614

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 0.8%; Score 14.6; DB 1; Length 22;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 4; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1380 TGTGTTGTTGTTGTTGTTAT 1400
Db 1 TTTGTTTGTGTTGTTGTTT 21

RESULT 118
US-10-309-775A-20
Sequence 20, Application US/10309775A
Publication No. US20040006032A1
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: LOPEZ, Ricardo A.
TITLE OF INVENTION: IMMUNOSTIMULATORY OLIGONUCLEOTIDES AND USES THEREOF
FILE REFERENCE: 2901/0M327
CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/309,775A
CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-12-04
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: CA 2,388,049
PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-05-30
NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 74
SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.1
SEQ ID NO 20
LENGTH: 24
TYPE: DNA
ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
FEATURE:
OTHER INFORMATION: PCR primer
US-10-309-775A-20

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 0.8%; Score 14.6; DB 1; Length 24;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 4; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1389 TTTGTTTGTATCTGTTT 1409
Db 4 TTTGTTTGTGTTTGTGTTT 24
```

```
RESULT 119
US-09-922-480-6
Sequence 6, Application US/09922480
Patent No. US20020081701A1
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: Sheppard, Paul O.
APPLICANT: Adler, David A.
TITLE OF INVENTION: SECRETED SALIVARY ZSIG63 POLYPEPTIDE
FILE REFERENCE: 97-71
CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/922,480
CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-08-03
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/124,820
PRIOR FILING DATE: 1999-03-17
NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 9
SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 3.0
SEQ ID NO 6
LENGTH: 26
TYPE: DNA
ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
FEATURE:
OTHER INFORMATION: Oligonucleotide primer ZC7231
US-09-922-480-6

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 0.8%; Score 14.6; DB 1; Length 26;
Matches 18; Conservative 1; Mismatches 6; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1386 TGTGTTGTTGTAATCTGTTTC 1410
Db 2 TTTTGTGTTGTTGTTGTTTIV 26

RESULT 120
US-09-923-236-6
Sequence 6, Application US/09923236
Patent No. US20020050677A1
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: Sheppard, Paul O.
APPLICANT: Adler, David A.
TITLE OF INVENTION: SECRETED SALIVARY ZSIG63 POLYPEPTIDE
FILE REFERENCE: 97-71
CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/923,236
CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-08-03
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/124,820
PRIOR FILING DATE: 1999-03-17
NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 9
SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 3.0
SEQ ID NO 6
LENGTH: 26
TYPE: DNA
ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
FEATURE:
OTHER INFORMATION: Oligonucleotide primer ZC7231
US-09-923-236-6

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 0.8%; Score 14.6; DB 1; Length 26;
Matches 18; Conservative 1; Mismatches 6; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1386 TGTGTTGTTGTAATCTGTTTC 1410
Db 2 TTTTGTGTTGTTGTTGTTTIV 26

RESULT 121
US-09-922-469-6
Sequence 6, Application US/09922469
Patent No. US20020173027A1
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: Sheppard, Paul O.
APPLICANT: Adler, David A.
TITLE OF INVENTION: SECRETED SALIVARY ZSIG63 POLYPEPTIDE
```

```

1 FILE REFERENCE: 97-71
2 CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/922,469
3 CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-08-03
4 PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/124,820
5 PRIOR FILING DATE: 1999-03-17
6 NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 9
7 SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 3.0
8 SEQ ID NO 6
9 LENGTH: 26
10 TYPE: DNA
11 ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
12 FEATURE:
13 OTHER INFORMATION: Oligonucleotide primer ZC7231
14 US-09-922-469-6

```

Query Match	0.8%;	Score 14.6;	DB 1;	Length 26;
Best Local Similarity	72.0%;	Pred. No. 1.8e+02;		
Matches 18;	Conservative 1;	Mismatches 6;	Indels 0;	Gaps 0;

QY 1386 TTGTTTGTTCATCTGTTTC 1410
 Db 2 TTTTTCCTTTTCTTTTTCCTTTC 26

```

RESULT 12.2
US-10-039-876A-10
Sequence 10, Application US/10039876A
Publication No. US20030032752A1
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: Conklin, Darrell C.
APPLICANT: Blumberg, Hal
TITLE OF INVENTION: A HUMAN 2-19 PROTEIN HOMOLOGUE,
FILE REFERENCE: 97-63C1
CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/039, 876A
CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-10-26
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/061, 712
PRIOR FILING DATE: 1997-10-06
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 09/167, 513
PRIOR FILING DATE: 1998-10-06
NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 28
SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 3.0
SEQ ID NO 10
LENGTH: 26
TYPE: DNA
ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
FEATURE:
OTHER INFORMATION: Oligonucleotide primer ZC7231
US-10-039-876A-10

```

Query Match	0.8%;	Score 14.6;	DB 1;	Length 26;
Best Local Similarity	72.0%;	Pred. No. 1.8e+02;		
Matches 18;	Conservative 1;	Mismatches 6;	Indels 0;	Gaps 0;

```
Oy      1386 TTGTTTGTTTGGATCTGTTC 1410
          ||||| | | | | | | :
Db       2 TTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTT 26
```

```

RESULT 123
US-10-196-703-43
? Sequence 43, Application US/10196703
? Publication No. US20030055019A1
? GENERAL INFORMATION:
? APPLICANT: Shimkets, Richard A.
? TITLE OF INVENTION: Genes and Proteins Predictive for
? TITLE OF INVENTION: Stroke, Hypertension, Diabetes, and Obesity
? FILE REFERENCE: 15966-527
? CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/196,703
? CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-07-15
? PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/161,939
? PRIOR FILING DATE: 1998-09-28
? NUMBER OF SEQ. ID NOS: 44
? SOFTWARE: PatentIn Ver. 2.0

```

```

: SEQ ID NO 43
: LENGTH: 26
: TYPE: DNA
: ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
: FEATURE:
: OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: oligo(TT)<25>V
: OS-10-196-703-43

```

Query Match	0.8%;	Score 14.6;	DB 1;	Length 26;
Best Local Similarity	72.0%;	Pred. No. 1.8e+02;		
Matches	18;	Conservative	1;	Mismatches 6;
			Indels	0;
			Gaps	0;

```
QY      1386 TTGTTGGTTTGTATCTGTTTTTC 1410
          ||||| | | | | | | | | | :
Db       2 TTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTV 26
```

RESULT 124
US-10-352-253A-36

```

GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: Linnarsson, Sten
APPLICANT: Enrfont, Patrik
APPLICANT: Bauren, Goran
APPLICANT: Wetstis, Afs
APPLICANT: Pihlak, Arno
APPLICANT: Montelius, Andreas
TITLE OF INVENTION: Methods And Means For Manipulating Nucleic Acid
FILE REFERENCE: 620-234
CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/352,253A
CURRENT FILING DATE: 2003-01-28
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/352,215
PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-01-29
NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 37
SOFTWARE: Patentln Ver. 2.1
SEQ ID NO 36
LENGTH: 26
TYPE: DNA
ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
FEATURE:
OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence:
OTHER INFORMATION: Primer
FEATURE:
NAME/KEY: misc_feature
LOCATION: (26)
OTHER INFORMATION: v is a, c or g
US-10-352-253A-36

```

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.6; DB 1; Length 26;
Best Local Similarity 72.0%; Pred. No. 1.8e+02;
Matches 18; Conservative 1; Mismatches 6; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

	QY	1386	TGTTTGTTTTNGACCTGTGTTTTTC	1410
		:		
Dδ		2	TTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTIV	26

```

RESULT 125
US-10-224-289-20
: Sequence 20, Application US/10224289
: Publication No. US20030207288A1
: GENERAL INFORMATION:
: APPLICANT: LEWIN, DAVID A.
: APPLICANT: STEWART, TIMOTHY A.
: TITLE OF INVENTION: GPCR-LIKE RETINOIC ACID-INDUCED GENE 1 PROTEIN AND
: TITLE OF INVENTION: NUCLEIC ACID
: FILE REFERENCE: 9800081-0085
: CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/224,289
: CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-08-20
: PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/313,940
: PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-08-20
: NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 20

```

```

: SOFTWARE: PatentIn Ver. 2.1
: SEQ ID NO 20
: LENGTH: 26
: TYPE: DNA
: ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
: FEATURE:
: OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic
US-10-224-289-20

Query Match      0.8%; Score 14.6; DB 1; Length 26;
Best Local Similarity 72.0%; Pred. No. 1.8e+02;
Matches 18; Conservative 1; Mismatches 6; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY      1386 TTGTTTGTTTGTACTGTTTC 1410
      |||||
Db       2 TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTV 26

RESULT 126
US-10-071-214-42
: Sequence 42, Application US/10071214
: Publication No. US20030066099A1
: GENERAL INFORMATION:
: APPLICANT: HANSSON, Lemnart
: APPLICANT: EGELRUD, Torbjorn
: TITLE OF INVENTION: SCCE MODIFIED TRANSGENIC MAMMALS AND THEIR USE AS MODELS OF HUMAN
: FILE REFERENCE: HANSSON=3A
: CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/071.214
: CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-02-11
: PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/267,422
: PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-02-09
: PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: DK PA 2001 00218
: PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-02-09
: NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 50
: SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.1
: SEQ ID NO 42
: LENGTH: 27
: TYPE: DNA
: ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
: FEATURE:
: OTHER INFORMATION: 5'-RACE cDNA synthesis primer
: NAME/KEY: misc.feature
: LOCATION: (27)..(27)
: OTHER INFORMATION: n is a or g or c or t
US-10-071-214-42

Query Match      0.8%; Score 14.6; DB 1; Length 27;
Best Local Similarity 72.0%; Pred. No. 1.9e+02;
Matches 18; Conservative 1; Mismatches 6; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY      1386 TTGTTTGTTTGTACTGTTTC 1410
      |||||
Db       2 TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTV 26

RESULT 127
US-09-825-805-616
: Sequence 616, Application US/09825805
: Publication No. US20030004122A1
: GENERAL INFORMATION:
: APPLICANT: Ribozyme Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
: APPLICANT: Beigelman, Leo
: APPLICANT: Beaudry, Amber
: APPLICANT: Karpeisky, Alex
: APPLICANT: Adamic, Jasenka Matulic
: APPLICANT: Sweedler, Dave
: APPLICANT: Zimmer, Shawn
: TITLE OF INVENTION: Nucleotide Triphosphate and their Incorporation into Oligonucleo
: FILE REFERENCE: MEB800-831-F (400/009)
: CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/825,805
: CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-09-27

```

```

1 Prior APPLICATION NUMBER: 09/578,223
2 Prior FILING DATE: 2000-05-23
3 Prior APPLICATION NUMBER: 09/476,387
4 Prior FILING DATE: 1999-12-30
5 Prior APPLICATION NUMBER: 09/474,432
6 Prior FILING DATE: 1999-12-29
7 Prior APPLICATION NUMBER: 09/301,511
8 Prior FILING DATE: 1999-04-28
9 Prior APPLICATION NUMBER: 09/186,675
10 Prior FILING DATE: 1998-11-04
11 Prior APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/083,727
12 Prior FILING DATE: 1998-04-29
13 Prior APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/064,866
14 Prior FILING DATE: 1997-11-05
15 NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 1558
16 SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.0
17 SEQ ID NO: 616
18 LENGTH: 17
19 TYPE: RNA
20 ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
21 US-09-825-805-616
22
23 Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 17;
24 Best Local Similarity 62.5%; Pred.No. 1.5e+02;
25 Matches 10; Conservative 5; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
26
27 QY 1087 TGTCCGGGTGCTGTG 1102
28 :|||:||||:|
29 Db 2 UGUGCCGUGGCUUG 17
30
31 RESULT 128
32 US-09-961-077-218
33 Sequence 218, Application US/09961077
34 Publication No. US20030014775A1
35 GENERAL INFORMATION:
36 APPLICANT: Zwick, Michael G.
37 Edington, Brent E.
38 McSwiggen, James A.
39 Merlo, Patricia Ann Owens
40 Guo, Lining
41 Skokut, Thomas A.
42 Young, Scott A.
43 Folkerts, Otto
44 Merlo, Donald J.
45
46 TITLE OF INVENTION: COMPOSITION AND METHODS FOR
47 MODULATION OF GENE EXPRESSION
48 IN PLANTS
49
50 NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 1263
51 CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
52 ADDRESSEE: Lyon & Lyon
53 STREET: 633 West Fifth Street
54 Suite 4700
55 CITY: Los Angeles
56 STATE: California
57 COUNTRY: U.S.A.
58 ZIP: 90071-2066
59 COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
60 MEDIUM TYPE: 3.5" Diskette, 1.44 Mb
61 storage
62
63 COMPUTER: IBM Compatible
64 OPERATING SYSTEM: IBM P.C. DOS 5.0
65 SOFTWARE: Word Perfect 5.1
66 CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
67 APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/961,077
68 FILING DATE: 21-Sep-2001
69 CLASSIFICATION: <Unknown>
70
71 Prior APPLICATION DATA:
72 APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/679,645
73 FILING DATE: July 12, 1996
74 APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/001,135
75 FILING DATE: July 13, 1995
76 APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/300,726
77

```

```

; FILING DATE: September 2, 1994
; ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
;   NAME: Warburg, Richard J.
;   REGISTRATION NUMBER: 32,327
;   REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 219/247
; TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
;   TELEPHONE: (213) 489-1600
;   TELEFAX: (213) 955-0440
;   TELEX: 67-3510
; INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 218:
;   SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
;     LENGTH: 17 base pairs
;     TYPE: nucleic acid
;     STRANDEDNESS: single
;     TOPOLOGY: linear
; SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 218:
US-09-961-077-218

Query Match      0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 75.0%; Pred. No. 1.5e+02;
Matches 12; Conservative 3; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

CY      311 CTCAGCCTGGGGGTGCG 326
      1 CTCAGCCUCGCGGUCG 16

RESULT 129
US-09-780-533A-2370/c
; Sequence 2370, Application US/09780533A
; Publication No. US20030060611A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
;   APPLICANT: Ribozyme Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
;   APPLICANT: Blatt, Larry
;   APPLICANT: McSwigen, Jim
;   APPLICANT: Chowitra, Bharat
;   APPLICANT: Haeblerli, Pete
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Method and Reagent for the Inhibition of NOGO Gene
; FILE REFERENCE: MBH00.878-A (400/011)
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/780,533A
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-02-09
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/181,797
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 6679
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.0
; SEQ ID NO 2370
; LENGTH: 17
; TYPE: RNA
; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
US-09-780-533A-2370

Query Match      0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 93.8%; Pred. No. 1.5e+02;
Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

CY      261 TCTTCGCCCTCGTCTCT 276
      17 TCTTCGTCCTCGTCTCT 2

RESULT 130
US-09-780-533A-2371/c
; Sequence 2371, Application US/09780533A
; Publication No. US20030060611A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
;   APPLICANT: Ribozyme Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
;   APPLICANT: Blatt, Larry
;   APPLICANT: McSwigen, Jim
;   APPLICANT: Chowitra, Bharat
;   APPLICANT: Haeblerli, Pete
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Method and Reagent for the Inhibition of NOGO Gene
; FILE REFERENCE: MBH00.878-A (400/011)
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/780,533A
```

```

; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-02-09
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/181,797
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-02-11
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 6679
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.0
; SEQ ID NO 2371
; LENGTH: 17
; TYPE: RNA
; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
US-09-780-533A-2371

Query Match      0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 93.8%; Pred. No. 1.5e+02;
Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

CY      261 TCTTCGCCCTCGTCTCT 276
      16 TCTTCGTCCTCGTCTCT 1

RESULT 131
US-10-163-552-187
; Sequence 187, Application US/10163552
; Publication No. US20030105051A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
;   APPLICANT: Ribozyme Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
;   APPLICANT: McSwigen, Jim
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Nucleic acid treatment of diseases or conditions related to levels
; FILE REFERENCE: MBH01-1653-A (400/014)
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/163,552
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-06-06
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 1997
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.0
; SEQ ID NO 187
; LENGTH: 17
; TYPE: RNA
; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
US-10-163-552-187

Query Match      0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 62.5%; Pred. No. 1.5e+02;
Matches 10; Conservative 5; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

CY      1087 TGTGCGGTCGTGCTGTG 1102
      2 UGUGCCGUGGUCUG 17

RESULT 132
US-10-156-306-6907
; Sequence 6907, Application US/10156306
; Publication No. US20030119017A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
;   APPLICANT: Ribozyme Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
;   APPLICANT: McSwigen, James
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Enzymatic Nucleic Acid Treatment of Diseases or Conditions Related
; FILE REFERENCE: MBH01-664-A (400/050)
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/156,306
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-05-28
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 8013
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.0
; SEQ ID NO 6907
; LENGTH: 17
; TYPE: RNA
; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
US-10-156-306-6907

Query Match      0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 87.5%; Pred. No. 1.5e+02;
Matches 14; Conservative 1; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
```

QY 515 GCTGCAGAGAGCCTG 530
 Db 2 GCUGCAGAGAGCCAG 17

RESULT 133

US-10-238-700-199/c
 ; Sequence 199, Application US/10238700
 ; Publication No. US20030153521A1
 ; GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: Ribozyme Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

APPLICANT: MCSwigen, James

TITLE OF INVENTION: Nucleic Acid Treatment of Diseases or Conditions Related to Level

FILE REFERENCE: 400/057 (MBH01-1158-A)

CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/238,700

CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-09-18

PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/US 02/16840

PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-05-29

PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/318,471

PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-09-10

NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 4666

SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.0

SEQ ID NO 199

LENGTH: 17

TYPE: RNA

ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

US-10-238-700-199

Query Match

Best Local Similarity 0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 17;

Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 663 GTCGCGTGCAGAGCAG 678

Db 16 GTTCGATGAGAGCAG 1

RESULT 134

US-10-138-674-3604

; Sequence 3604, Application US/10138674

; Publication No. US20040077565A1

; GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: Ribozyme Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

APPLICANT: MCSwigen, Pam

APPLICANT: Stinchcomb, Dan

APPLICANT: Escobedo, Jaime

TITLE OF INVENTION: Method and Reagent for the Treatment of Diseases or Conditions Re

FILE REFERENCE: MBH00-876-N (400/049)

CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/138,674

CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-05-03

NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 20822

SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.0

SEQ ID NO 3604

LENGTH: 17

TYPE: RNA

ORGANISM: Mus musculus

US-10-138-674-3604

Query Match

Best Local Similarity 0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 17;

Matches 3; Conservative 12; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1382 TTGTGTTGTTGTTGTTG 1397

Db 2 TUGUUVUUVUUVUUG 17

RESULT 135

US-10-138-674-3606

; Sequence 3606, Application US/10138674

; Publication No. US20040077565A1

; GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: Ribozyme Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

APPLICANT: Pavco, Pam

APPLICANT: MCSwigen, Jim

APPLICANT: Stinchcomb, Dan

APPLICANT: Escobedo, Jaime

TITLE OF INVENTION: Method and Reagent for the Treatment of Diseases or Conditions Rel

FILE REFERENCE: MBH00-876-N (400/049)

CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/138,674

CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-05-03

NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 20822

SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.0

SEQ ID NO 3606

LENGTH: 17

TYPE: RNA

ORGANISM: Mus musculus

US-10-138-674-3606

Query Match

Best Local Similarity 0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 17;

Matches 3; Conservative 12; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1383 TTGTGTTGTTGTTGTTGT 1398

Db 1 TUGUUVUUVUUVUUG 16

RESULT 136

US-10-138-674-6350

; Sequence 6350, Application US/10138674

; Publication No. US20040077565A1

; GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: Ribozyme Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

APPLICANT: MCSwigen, Jim

APPLICANT: Stinchcomb, Dan

APPLICANT: Escobedo, Jaime

TITLE OF INVENTION: Method and Reagent for the Treatment of Diseases or Conditions Re

FILE REFERENCE: MBH00-876-N (400/049)

CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/138,674

CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-05-03

NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 20822

SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.0

SEQ ID NO 6350

LENGTH: 17

TYPE: RNA

ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

US-10-138-674-6350

Query Match

Best Local Similarity 0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 17;

Matches 13; Conservative 2; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 287 TCCACCCCGATCG 302

Db 2 UCCACCCCGAGUUG 17

RESULT 137

US-10-138-674-6351

; Sequence 6351, Application US/10138674

; Publication No. US20040077565A1

; GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: Ribozyme Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

APPLICANT: Pavco, Pam

APPLICANT: MCSwigen, Jim

APPLICANT: Stinchcomb, Dan

APPLICANT: Escobedo, Jaime

TITLE OF INVENTION: Method and Reagent for the Treatment of Diseases or Conditions Re

FILE REFERENCE: MBH00-876-N (400/049)

;; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/138,674
;; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-05-03
;; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 20822
;; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.0
;; SEQ ID NO 6351
;; LENGTH: 17
;; TYPE: RNA
;; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
US-10-138-674-6351

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 81.2%; Pred. No. 1.5e+02;
Matches 13; Conservative 2; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 287 TCCACCCCGAGATCG 302
Db 1 UCCACCCCGAGATUG 16

RESULT 138
US-10-287-949A-3604
; Sequence 3604, Application US/10287949A
; Publication No. US20040102389A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Ribozyne Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
; APPLICANT: Pavco, Pam
; APPLICANT: McSwigen, Jim
; APPLICANT: Stinchcomb, Dan
; APPLICANT: Escobedo, Jaime
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Method and Reagent for the Treatment of Diseases or Conditions Re
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Levels of Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor Receptor
; FILE REFERENCE: MHB00-876-N (400/049)
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/287,949A
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2003-04-11
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 20822
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.0
; SEQ ID NO 3604
; LENGTH: 17
; TYPE: RNA
; ORGANISM: Mus musculus
US-10-287-949A-3604

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 18.8%; Pred. No. 1.5e+02;
Matches 3; Conservative 12; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1382 TTGTGTTGTTGTTTG 1397
Db 2 UUGUUUUUUUUUG 17

RESULT 139
US-10-287-949A-3606
; Sequence 3606, Application US/10287949A
; Publication No. US20040102389A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Ribozyne Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
; APPLICANT: Pavco, Pam
; APPLICANT: McSwigen, Jim
; APPLICANT: Stinchcomb, Dan
; APPLICANT: Escobedo, Jaime
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Method and Reagent for the Treatment of Diseases or Conditions Re
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Levels of Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor Receptor
; FILE REFERENCE: MHB00-876-N (400/049)
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/287,949A
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2003-04-11
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 20822
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.0
; SEQ ID NO 3606
; LENGTH: 17
; TYPE: RNA
; ORGANISM: Mus musculus
US-10-287-949A-3606

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 18.8%; Pred. No. 1.5e+02;
Matches 3; Conservative 12; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1383 TTGTGTTGTTGTTGT 1398
Db 1 UUGUUUUUUUUUGU 16

RESULT 140
US-10-287-949A-6350
; Sequence 6350, Application US/10287949A
; Publication No. US20040102389A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Ribozyne Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
; APPLICANT: Pavco, Pam
; APPLICANT: McSwigen, Jim
; APPLICANT: Stinchcomb, Dan
; APPLICANT: Escobedo, Jaime
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Method and Reagent for the Treatment of Diseases or Conditions Re
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Levels of Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor Receptor
; FILE REFERENCE: MHB00-876-N (400/049)
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/287,949A
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2003-04-11
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 20822
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.0
; SEQ ID NO 6350
; LENGTH: 17
; TYPE: RNA
; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
US-10-287-949A-6350

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 81.2%; Pred. No. 1.5e+02;
Matches 13; Conservative 2; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 287 TCCACCCCGAGATCG 302
Db 2 UCCACCCCGAGATUG 17

RESULT 141
US-10-287-949A-6351
; Sequence 6351, Application US/10287949A
; Publication No. US20040102389A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Ribozyne Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
; APPLICANT: Pavco, Pam
; APPLICANT: McSwigen, Jim
; APPLICANT: Stinchcomb, Dan
; APPLICANT: Escobedo, Jaime
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Method and Reagent for the Treatment of Diseases or Conditions Re
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Levels of Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor Receptor
; FILE REFERENCE: MHB00-876-N (400/049)
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/287,949A
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2003-04-11
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 20822
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.0
; SEQ ID NO 6351
; LENGTH: 17
; TYPE: RNA
; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
US-10-287-949A-6351

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 81.2%; Pred. No. 1.5e+02;
Matches 13; Conservative 2; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 287 TCCACCCCGAGATCG 302
Db 1 UCCACCCCGAGATUG 16

```

RESULT 142
US-09-961-077-631
; Sequence 631, Application US/09961077
; Publication No. US20030014775A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Zwick, Michael G.
; Edington, Brent E.
; McSwiggen, James A.
; Merlo, Patricia Ann Owens
; Guo, Lining
; Skokut, Thomas A.
; Young, Scott A.
; Folkerts, Otto
; Merlo, Donald J.
; TITLE OF INVENTION: COMPOSITION AND METHODS FOR
; MODULATION OF GENE EXPRESSION
; IN PLANTS
; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 1263
; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
; ADDRESSEE: Lyon & Lyon
; STREET: 633 West Fifth Street
; Suite 4700
; CITY: Los Angeles
; STATE: California
; COUNTRY: U.S.A.
; ZIP: 90071-2066
; COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
; MEDIUM TYPE: 3.5" Diskette, 1.44 Mb
; COMPUTER: IBM compatible
; OPERATING SYSTEM: IBM P.C. DOS 5.0
; SOFTWARE: Word Perfect 5.1
; CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/961,077
; FILING DATE: 21-Sep-2001
; CLASSIFICATION: <Unknown>
; PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/679,645
; FILING DATE: July 12, 1996
; APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/001,135
; FILING DATE: July 13, 1995
; APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/300,726
; FILING DATE: September 2, 1994
; ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
; NAME: Warburg, Richard J.
; REGISTRATION NUMBER: 32,327
; REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 219/247
; TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
; TELEPHONE: (213) 489-1600
; TELEFAX: (213) 955-0440
; TELEX: 67-3510
; INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 631:
; SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
; LENGTH: 18 base pairs
; TYPE: nucleic acid
; STRANDEDNESS: single
; TOPOLOGY: linear
; SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 631:
US-09-961-077-631

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 18;
Best Local Similarity 75.0%; Pred. No. 1.5e+02;
Matches 12; Conservative 3; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 310 GCTACGCTGGGGGTC 325
DB 3 GCTACGCTGGGGGTC 18

```

```

; Publication No. US20030228585A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: INOKO, Hidetoshi
; APPLICANT: KAGIYA, Taeko
; APPLICANT: ICHIHARA, Tatsuo
; APPLICANT: Matsumura, Yoshiyuki
; APPLICANT: MORIYA, Shogo
; APPLICANT: NISHIDA, Machio
; TITLE OF INVENTION: KIT AND METHOD FOR DETERMINING HIV TYPES
; FILE REFERENCE: 13140P1174
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/297,068
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-11-27
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: JP 2000-164798
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 1298
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn Ver. 2.1
; SEQ ID NO 201
; LENGTH: 18
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: capture
US-10-297-068-201

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 18;
Best Local Similarity 93.8%; Pred. No. 1.5e+02;
Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 839 CCTGACGCTGAGCACT 854
DB 3 CCTGACGCTGAGCACT 18

RESULT 144
US-10-300-683-109/c
; Sequence 109, Application US/10300683
; Publication No. US20030235834A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Dunlop, Charles L.M.
; APPLICANT: Weisel, James M.
; TITLE OF INVENTION: APPROACHES TO IDENTIFY CYSTIC FIBROSIS
; FILE REFERENCE: CHARDUN.010A
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/300,683
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-11-19
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/333,531
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-11-19
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 554
; SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 4.0
; SEQ ID NO 109
; LENGTH: 18
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Diagnostic Oligonucleotide
US-10-300-683-109

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 18;
Best Local Similarity 93.8%; Pred. No. 1.5e+02;
Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1129 TGTAGCATGAACAAA 1144
DB 16 TGTAGCATGAACAAA 1

RESULT 145
US-10-300-683-278/c
; Sequence 278, Application US/10300683
; Publication No. US20030235834A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Dunlop, Charles L.M.
; APPLICANT: Weisel, James M.
; TITLE OF INVENTION: APPROACHES TO IDENTIFY CYSTIC FIBROSIS

```

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; FILE REFERENCE: CHARDUN.010A
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/300,683
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-11-19
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/333,531
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-11-19
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 554
; SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 4.0
; SEQ ID NO 278
; LENGTH: 18
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; OTHER INFORMATION: Diagnostic Oligonucleotide
US-10-300-683-278

Query Match          0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 18;
Best Local Similarity 93.8%; Pred. No. 1.5e+02;
Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY      1129 TGTAGCATGAACAA 1144
Db      16 TGTAGCATGTACCAA 1

RESULT 146
US-10-300-683-466/c
; Sequence 466, Application US/10300683
; Publication No. US20030235834A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Dunlop, Charles L.M.
; TITLE OF INVENTION: APPROACHES TO IDENTIFY CYSTIC FIBROSIS
; FILE REFERENCE: CHARDUN.010A
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/300,683
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-11-19
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/333,531
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-11-19
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 554
; SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 4.0
; SEQ ID NO 466
; LENGTH: 18
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Diagnostic Oligonucleotide
US-10-300-683-466

Query Match          0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 18;
Best Local Similarity 93.8%; Pred. No. 1.5e+02;
Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY      1129 TGTAGCATGAACAA 1144
Db      16 TGTAGCATGTACCAA 1

RESULT 147
US-10-357-043-19/c
; Sequence 19, Application US/10357043
; Publication No. US20030199012A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Ho, John L.
; TITLE OF INVENTION: COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR TREATMENT OF INFECTIOUS
; FILE REFERENCE: 19603/3951
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/357,043
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2003-01-31
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/353,985
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-02-01
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 30
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn Ver. 2.1
; SEQ ID NO 19
; LENGTH: 19
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; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Primer
US-10-357-043-19

Query Match          0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 93.8%; Pred. No. 1.6e+02;
Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY      449 GTTCCCGGACTTCGAG 464
Db      17 GTTCCCGGACTTCGCG 2
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Search completed: December 13, 2004, 08:38:27
Job time : 21 secs

GenCore version 5.1.6
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OM nucleic - nucleic search, using sw model

Run on: December 13, 2004, 08:35:36 ; Search time 15 Seconds

(without alignments)
3.831 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-091-333-2

Perfect score: 1764
Sequence: 1 ttltggccctcgagcccaaga.....ataacatgttcttaaac 1764Scoring table: IDENTITY NUC
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 939 seqs, 16287 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 1878

Minimum DB seq length: 8
Maximum DB seq length: 50Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%
Maximum Match 100%
Listing first 91 summaries

Database : rni2.seq:*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a
score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed,
and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	% Match	Query Length	DB ID	Description
1	33	1.9	38	1	US-08-715-941-10
2	21	1.2	21	1	US-08-715-941-9
3	20	1.1	20	1	US-09-230-896C-16
4	20	1.1	20	1	US-09-689-012-10
5	16	0.9	19	1	US-08-525-864A-15
6	16	0.9	20	1	US-09-467-642-10
7	16	0.9	20	1	US-09-517-467B-62
8	16	0.9	26	1	US-08-910-632-5
9	16	0.9	26	1	US-08-805-631A-5
10	16	0.9	26	1	US-09-569-344-5
11	16	0.9	27	1	US-09-325-554-18
12	16	0.9	27	1	US-10-102-720-18
13	15	0.9	20	1	US-09-024-020B-29
14	15	0.9	20	1	US-09-489-863-35
15	15	0.9	20	1	US-09-425-043-29
16	15	0.9	20	1	US-09-056-283A-27
17	15	0.9	20	1	US-09-198-452A-3718
18	15	0.9	21	1	US-08-637-899-14
19	15	0.9	21	1	US-09-529-812A-7
20	15	0.9	27	1	US-08-208-486-79
21	15	0.9	17	1	US-08-663-220-6
22	15	0.9	17	1	US-08-618-408B-6
23	15	0.9	17	1	US-09-257-218-5
24	15	0.9	17	1	US-09-311-760-5
25	15	0.9	17	1	US-09-291-692-6
26	15	0.9	17	1	US-08-584-040-7821
27	15	0.9	17	1	US-08-865-579-5
28	15	0.9	17	1	US-08-556-627A-6
29	15	0.9	17	1	US-09-371-772B-3605
30	15	0.9	17	1	US-10-059-749-5
31	15	0.9	17	1	US-09-163-099-6
32	15	0.9	17	1	US-10-337-060-6
33	15	0.9	17	1	US-09-952-768-6

34	15.4	0.9	18	1	US-08-363-585-68	Sequence 68, Appl
35	15.4	0.9	19	1	US-09-308-003-31	Sequence 31, Appl
36	15.4	0.9	19	1	US-09-696-791-1199	Sequence 1199, Ap
37	15.4	0.9	19	1	US-09-696-791-1200	Sequence 1200, Ap
38	15.4	0.9	20	1	US-09-357-070-8	Sequence 8, Appl
39	15.4	0.9	20	1	US-09-538-709-3	Sequence 3, Appl
40	15.4	0.9	26	1	US-08-621-914A-2	Sequence 2, Appl
41	15.4	0.9	26	1	US-08-873-437-2	Sequence 2, Appl
42	15.4	0.9	26	1	US-09-522-217-39	Sequence 39, Appl
43	15.4	0.9	26	1	US-09-593-312-2	Sequence 2, Appl
44	15.4	0.9	26	1	US-09-923-246-39	Sequence 39, Appl
45	15.4	0.9	26	1	US-09-658-077-1	Sequence 1, Appl
46	15.4	0.9	26	1	US-10-295-723-39	Sequence 39, Appl
47	15.2	0.9	20	1	US-09-488-671-76	Sequence 76, Appl
48	15.2	0.9	20	1	US-09-489-869-36	Sequence 36, Appl
49	15.2	0.9	20	1	US-09-506-073-73	Sequence 73, Appl
50	15.2	0.9	20	1	US-09-066-281B-17	Sequence 17, Appl
51	15.2	0.9	20	1	US-09-198-452A-2571	Sequence 2571, Ap
52	15.2	0.9	20	1	US-09-198-452A-5767	Sequence 5767, Ap
53	15.2	0.9	20	1	US-09-688-188B-145	Sequence 145, Ap
54	15.2	0.9	20	1	US-09-291-417D-145	Sequence 145, Ap
55	15.2	0.9	20	1	US-09-468-433C-17	Sequence 17, Appl
56	15.2	0.9	20	1	US-09-021-660A-24	Sequence 24, Appl
57	15	0.9	24	1	US-09-721-154-6	Sequence 6, Appl
58	15	0.9	25	1	US-08-113-646A-42	Sequence 42, Appl
59	14.8	0.8	18	1	US-08-585-684B-2687	Sequence 2687, Ap
60	14.8	0.8	18	1	US-09-038-073-2687	Sequence 2687, Ap
61	14.8	0.8	19	1	US-09-261-104-11	Sequence 11, Appl
62	14.8	0.8	19	1	US-09-696-791-1834	Sequence 1834, Ap
63	14.8	0.8	19	1	US-09-696-791-1977	Sequence 1977, Ap
64	14.8	0.8	19	1	US-09-696-791-3074	Sequence 3074, Ap
65	14.8	0.8	26	1	US-08-621-914A-3	Sequence 3, Appl
66	14.8	0.8	26	1	US-09-197-951-5	Sequence 5, Appl
67	14.8	0.8	27	1	US-09-475-947A-153	Sequence 153, App
68	14.6	0.8	24	1	US-09-721-154-7	Sequence 7, Appl
69	14.6	0.8	26	1	US-09-527-345-6	Sequence 6, Appl
70	14.6	0.8	26	1	US-09-167-513-10	Sequence 10, Appl
71	14.6	0.8	26	1	US-09-161-939A-43	Sequence 43, Appl
72	14.4	0.8	16	1	US-08-011-398B-7	Sequence 7, Appl
73	14.4	0.8	16	1	US-08-370-225-7	Sequence 7, Appl
74	14.4	0.8	16	1	US-08-464-051-7	Sequence 7, Appl
75	14.4	0.8	16	1	US-08-461-859-7	Sequence 7, Appl
76	14.4	0.8	16	1	US-08-462-498-7	Sequence 7, Appl
77	14.4	0.8	16	1	US-08-879-260-10	Sequence 10, Appl
78	14.4	0.8	16	1	US-08-554-385-7	Sequence 7, Appl
79	14.4	0.8	16	1	US-09-479-005A-71	Sequence 71, Appl
80	14.4	0.8	16	1	PCT-US93-10069-7	Sequence 7, Appl
81	14.4	0.8	17	1	US-08-758-306-281	Sequence 281, App
82	14.4	0.8	17	1	US-08-584-040-7820	Sequence 7820, Ap
83	14.4	0.8	17	1	US-08-584-040-7822	Sequence 7822, Ap
84	14.4	0.8	17	1	US-08-679-645-218	Sequence 218, App
85	14.4	0.8	17	1	US-09-474-432B-617	Sequence 617, App
86	14.4	0.8	17	1	US-09-371-772B-3604	Sequence 3604, Ap
87	14.4	0.8	17	1	US-09-371-772B-6350	Sequence 6350, Ap
88	14.4	0.8	17	1	US-09-371-772B-6351	Sequence 6351, Ap
89	14.4	0.8	17	1	US-09-371-772B-6351	Sequence 616, App
90	14.4	0.8	17	1	US-09-476-367-616	Sequence 616, App
91	14.4	0.8	18	1	US-08-679-645-631	Sequence 631, App

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1
US-08-715-941-10/c
; Sequence 10, Application US/08715941
; Patent No. 5646721
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Soares, Marcelo B.
; APPLICANT: de Fatima Bonaldo, Maria
; TITLE OF INVENTION: AN EFFICIENT AND SIMPLER METHOD TO
; TITLE OF INVENTION: CONSTRUCT NORMALIZED CGNA LIBRARIES WITH IMPROVED
; REPRESENTATIONS OF FULL-LENGTH CGNAs.

NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 16
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
ADDRESSEE: Cooper & Dunham LLP
STREET: 1185 Avenue of the Americas
CITY: New York
STATE: New York
COUNTRY: U.S.A.
ZIP: 10036
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
SOFTWARE: Patent Release #1.0, Version #1.30
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/715,941
FILING DATE: 19-SEP-1996
CLASSIFICATION:
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: White, John P.
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 28,678
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 0575/51083
TELEPHONE: (212) 278-0400
TELEFAX: (212) 391-0526
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 10:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 38 base pairs
TYPE: nucleic acid
STRANDEDNESS: single
TOPOLOGY: linear
MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)
US-08-715-941-10

Query Match 1.9%; Score 33; DB 1; Length 38;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.046;
Matches 33; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TTGGCCCTCGAGGCCAGATTGGCAGAGG 33
Db 33 TTGGCCCTCGAGGCCAGATTGGCAGAGG 1

RESULT 2
US-08-715-941-9
Sequence 9, Application US/08715941
Patent No. 5846721
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: Soares, Marcelo B.
TITLE OF INVENTION: AN EFFICIENT AND SIMPLER METHOD TO
TITLE OF INVENTION: CONSTRUCT NORMALIZED CDNA LIBRARIES WITH IMPROVED
TITLE OF INVENTION: REPRESENTATIONS OF FULL-LENGTH CDNAS.
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 16
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
ADDRESSEE: Cooper & Dunham LLP
STREET: 1185 Avenue of the Americas
CITY: New York
STATE: New York
COUNTRY: U.S.A.
ZIP: 10036
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
SOFTWARE: Patent Release #1.0, Version #1.30
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/715,941
FILING DATE: 19-SEP-1996
CLASSIFICATION:
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: White, John P.
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 28,678
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 0575/51083

TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: (212) 278-0400
TELEFAX: (212) 391-0526
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 9:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 21 base pairs
TYPE: nucleic acid
STRANDEDNESS: single
TOPOLOGY: linear
MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)
US-08-715-941-9

Query Match 1.2%; Score 21; DB 1; Length 21;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 6.8;
Matches 21; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 12 AGGCCAAGATTGGCAGCAGG 32
Db 1 AGGCCAAGATTGGCAGCAGG 21

RESULT 3
US-09-230-896C-16
Sequence 16, Application US/09230896C
Patent No. 6635479
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: The Scripps Research Institute
APPLICANT: Sutcliffe, et al.
TITLE OF INVENTION: Hypothalamus-Specific Polypeptides
FILE REFERENCE: TSRI-548.1
CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/230,896C
CURRENT FILING DATE: 1999-02-02
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/023,220
PRIOR FILING DATE: 1996-08-02
NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 29
SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 4.0
SEQ ID NO 16
LENGTH: 20
TYPE: DNA
ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
FEATURE:
OTHER INFORMATION: tag sequence
US-09-230-896C-16

Query Match 1.1%; Score 20; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 10;
Matches 20; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 12 AGGCCAAGATTGGCAGCAG 31
Db 1 AGGCCAAGATTGGCAGCAG 20

RESULT 4
US-09-689-012-10
Sequence 10, Application US/09689012
Patent No. 6670135
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: Spriggs, Melanie K.
TITLE OF INVENTION: NOVEL SEMAPHORIN POLYPEPTIDES
FILE REFERENCE: 2634-US
CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/689,012
CURRENT FILING DATE: 2000-10-12
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/US99/09831
PRIOR FILING DATE: 1999-05-05
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/085,497
PRIOR FILING DATE: 1998-05-14
NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 10
SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.1
SEQ ID NO 10
LENGTH: 20
TYPE: DNA
ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

```

; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: PRIMER
US-09-689-012-10

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 1.1%; Score 20; DB 1; Length 20;
Matches 20; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 8 CTCGAGGCCAGATTGGC 27
DB 1 CTCGAGGCCAGATTGGC 20

RESULT 5
US-08-525-864A-15
; Sequence 15, Application US/08525864A
; Patent No. 5912326
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Chang, Han
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Cerebellum-derived Growth Factors, and Uses
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Related thereto
; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 18
; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
; ADDRESSEE: LAHIVE & COCKFIELD
; STREET: 28 State Street
; CITY: Boston
; STATE: Massachusetts
; COUNTRY: USA
; ZIP: 02109
; COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
; MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
; COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
; OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
; SOFTWARE: Asclit (text)
; CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/525,864A
; FILING DATE: 8-SEP-1995
; CLASSIFICATION: 530
; ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
; NAME: Kara, Catherine J.
; REGISTRATION NUMBER: 41,106
; REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: HUI-017
; TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
; TELEPHONE: (617)227-7400
; TELEFAX: (617)742-4214
; INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 15:
; SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
; LENGTH: 19 base pairs
; TYPE: nucleic acid
; STRANDEDNESS: single
; TOPOLOGY: linear
; MOLECULE TYPE: oligonucleotide
US-08-525-864A-15

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 19;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 19 GAATTCGGCAGAGG 34
DB 1 GAATTCGGCAGAGG 16

RESULT 6
US-09-467-642-10/c
; Sequence 10, Application US/09467642
; Patent No. 6300132
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Brett P. Cowsett
; TITLE OF INVENTION: ANTISENSE MODULATION OF TELOMERIC REPEAT BINDING FACTOR 2 EXPRES
; FILE REFERENCE: RTS-0106
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/467,642
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; CURRENT FILING DATE: 1999-12-20
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 89
; SEQ ID NO 10
; LENGTH: 20
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Antisense Oligonucleotide
US-09-467-642-10

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 20;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 19 GAATTCGGCAGAGG 34
DB 19 GAATTCGGCAGAGG 4

RESULT 7
US-09-517-467B-62/c
; Sequence 62, Application US/09517467B
; Patent No. 6451602
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Ian Popoff
; APPLICANT: Lex M. Cowsett
; TITLE OF INVENTION: ANTISENSE MODULATION OF PARP EXPRESSION
; FILE REFERENCE: RTS-0150
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/517,467B
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-03-02
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 09/517,467
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-03-02
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 345
; SEQ ID NO 62
; LENGTH: 20
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Antisense Oligonucleotide
US-09-517-467B-62

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 20;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1153 GGCCACAGAGCTTC 1168
DB 16 GGCCACAGAGCTTC 1

RESULT 8
US-08-910-632-5/c
; Sequence 5, Application US/08910632B
; Patent No. 6077668
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: KOOL, ERIC T.
; TITLE OF INVENTION: HIGHLY SENSITIVE MULTIMERIC NUCLEIC ACID PROBES
; FILE REFERENCE: 220,00010130
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/910,632B
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 1997-08-13
; EARLIER APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/805,631
; EARLIER FILING DATE: 1997-02-26
; EARLIER APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/393,439
; EARLIER FILING DATE: 1995-02-23
; EARLIER APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/047,860
; EARLIER FILING DATE: 1993-04-15
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 83
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn Ver. 2.0
; SEQ ID NO 5
; LENGTH: 26
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
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OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic AS83 DNA nanocircle
US-08-910-632-5

Query Match 0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 26;
Best Local Similarity 79.2%; Pred. No. 64;
Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 5; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1386 TTGTTTGTGTTGATCTGTTT 1409
DB 25 TTTTGTGTTTGTGTTT 2

RESULT 9
US-08-805-631A-5/c
Sequence 5, Application US/08805631A
Patent No. 6096880
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER
TITLE OF INVENTION: CIRCULAR DNA VECTORS FOR SYNTHESIS OF RNA AND
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 72
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESSES:
ADDRESS: MEETING, RAASCH & GEBHARDT, P.A.
STREET: 119 No. 6096880th Fourth Street, Suite 201
CITY: Minneapolis
STATE: Minnesota
COUNTRY: USA
ZIP: 55401
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.30
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/805,631A
FILING DATE: 26-FEB-97
CLASSIFICATION: 536
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/393,439
FILING DATE: 23-FEB-1995
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/047,860
FILING DATE: 15-APR-1993
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: SANDBERG, VICTORIA A.
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 41,287
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 220,00010140
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: 612-305-1226
TELEFAX: 612-305-1228
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 5:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 26 base pairs
TYPE: nucleic acid
STRANDEDNESS: single
TOPOLOGY: circular
MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)
US-08-805-631A-5

Query Match 0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 26;
Best Local Similarity 79.2%; Pred. No. 64;
Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 5; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1386 TTGTTTGTGTTGATCTGTTT 1409
DB 25 TTTTGTGTTTGTGTTT 2

RESULT 10
US-09-569-344-5/c
Sequence 5, Application US/09569344
Patent No. 6368802
GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER
TITLE OF INVENTION: CIRCULAR DNA VECTORS FOR SYNTHESIS OF RNA AND
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 72
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESSES:
ADDRESS: MEETING, RAASCH & GEBHARDT, P.A.
STREET: 119 No. 6368802th Fourth Street, Suite 201
CITY: Minneapolis
STATE: Minnesota
COUNTRY: USA
ZIP: 55401
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.30
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/569,344
FILING DATE: 11-May-2000
CLASSIFICATION: <unknown>
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/805,631
FILING DATE: 26-FEB-97
APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/393,439
FILING DATE: 23-FEB-1995
APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/047,860
FILING DATE: 15-APR-1993
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: SANDBERG, VICTORIA A.
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 41,287
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 220,00010140
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: 612-305-1226
TELEFAX: 612-305-1228
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 5:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 26 base pairs
TYPE: nucleic acid
STRANDEDNESS: single
TOPOLOGY: circular
MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)
SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 5:
US-09-569-344-5

Query Match 0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 26;
Best Local Similarity 79.2%; Pred. No. 64;
Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 5; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1386 TTGTTTGTGTTGATCTGTTT 1409
DB 25 TTTTGTGTTTGTGTTT 2

RESULT 11
US-09-325-554-18
Sequence 18, Application US/09325554
Patent No. 6410235
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: Weinidel, Kurt
TITLE OF INVENTION: DNA DETECTION BY MEANS OF A STRAND REASSOCIATION COMPLEX
FILE REFERENCE: 024420-00008
CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/325,554
CURRENT FILING DATE: 1999-06-04
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 198-24-900.4
PRIOR FILING DATE: 1998-06-04
NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 18
SOFTWARE: Patent-In version 3.1
SEQ ID NO 18
LENGTH: 27
TYPE: DNA
ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis
FEATURE:

APPLICANT: DIETRICH, PAUL S.
APPLICANT: FISH, LINDA M.
APPLICANT: HERMAN, RONALD C.

APPLICANT: SANGAMESWARAN, LAKSHMI
TITLE OF INVENTION: NOVEL CLONED TETRODOTOXIN-SENSITIVE
TITLE OF INVENTION: SODIUM CHANNEL I-SUBUNIT AND A SPLICE VARIANT THEREOF
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 43
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
ADDRESSEE: JANET PAULINE CLARK
STREET: 3401 HILVIEW AVENUE, MS A2-250
CITY: PALO ALTO
STATE: CA
COUNTRY: U.S.A.
ZIP: 94304-1397
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.30
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/425,043
FILING DATE:
CLASSIFICATION:
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US 09/024,020
FILING DATE: 16-FEB-1998
APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/039,447
FILING DATE: 26-FEB-1997
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: CLARK, JANET P.
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 34,799
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: R0020B-REG
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: (650) 852-3097
TELEFAX: (650) 852-5322
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 29:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 20 base pairs
TYPE: nucleic acid
STRANDEDNESS: single
TOPOLOGY: linear
MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)
US-09-425-043-29

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 63;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 392 CAGCAGCAACAGTGGCTTC 410
Db 1 CAGCAGCTACAGTGGCTAC 19

RESULT 16
US-09-056-285A-27/c
Sequence 27, Application US/09056285A
Patent No. 6403307
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: Stone, Edwin M.
Sheffield, Val C.
Alward, Wallace L.M.
Fingert, John
TITLE OF INVENTION: GLAUCOMA THERAPEUTICS AND DIAGNOSTICS
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 43
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
ADDRESSEE: FOLEY, HOAG & ELIOT LLP
STREET: One Post Office Square
CITY: Boston
STATE: MA
COUNTRY: USA
ZIP: 02109-2170
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.30

CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/056,285A
FILING DATE: 07-Apr-1998
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: Arnold, Beth E.
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 35,430
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: UIA-010.28
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: 617-832-1000
TELEFAX: 617-832-7000
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 27:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 20 base pairs
TYPE: nucleic acid
STRANDEDNESS: single
TOPOLOGY: linear
MOLECULE TYPE: other nucleic acid
DESCRIPTION: /desc = "primer"
SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 27:
US-09-056-285A-27

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 63;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 174 GGCACCTGATTCATCAG 192
Db 19 GGCACCTGATTCAGCAG 1

RESULT 17
US-09-198-452A-3718
Sequence 3718, Application US/09198452A
Patent No. 6559294
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: Grifais, R.
TITLE OF INVENTION: Chlamydia pneumoniae genomic sequence and polypeptides, fragments
TITLE OF INVENTION: thereof and uses thereof, in particular for the diagnosis, prever
FILE REFERENCE: 9710-003-999
CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/198,452A
CURRENT FILING DATE: 1998-11-24
NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 6849
SEQ ID NO 3718
LENGTH: 20
TYPE: DNA
ORGANISM: Chlamydia pneumoniae
US-09-198-452A-3718

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 63;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 825 GGCCTCAGCCAGTCCCTGA 843
Db 2 GGCCTCAGCCAGTCCCTGA 20

RESULT 18
US-08-637-899-14/c
Sequence 14, Application US/08637899
Patent No. 5908772
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: Mitta, Masanori
APPLICANT: Sano, Mutsunori
APPLICANT: Kato, Ikunoshin
TITLE OF INVENTION: Gene Encoding Lacto-N-Biosidase
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 14
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
ADDRESSEE: Birch, Stewart, Kolasch and Birch
STREET: P.O. Box 747
CITY: Falls Church
STATE: VA

RESULT 2C

STREET: 4370 La Jolla Village Drive
CITY: San Diego

```
/ COUNTRY: United States
/ ZIP: 92122
/ COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
/ MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
/ COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
/ OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
/ SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.25
/ CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
/ APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/665,220
/ FILING DATE: 14-JUN-1996
/ CLASSIFICATION: 435
/ PRIORITY APPLICATION DATA:
/ APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/618,408
/ FILING DATE: 19-MAR-1996
/ ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
/ NAME: Campbell, Cathryn A.
/ REGISTRATION NUMBER: 31,815
/ REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: P-ID 2165
/ TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
/ TELEPHONE: (619) 535-9001
/ TELEFAX: (619) 535-8949
/ INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 6:
/ SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
/ LENGTH: 17 base pairs
/ TYPE: nucleic acid
/ STRANDEDNESS: single
/ TOPOLOGY: linear
/ FEATURE:
/ NAME/KEY: misc_feature
/ LOCATION: 1..17
/ OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "SK-Zap"
/
/ US-08-665-220-6
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Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 70;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
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QY 16 CAGGAATTCGGCAGCAG 32
Db 1 CAGGAATTCGGCAGCAG 17
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```
RESULT 22
US-08-618-408B-6
/ Sequence 6, Application US/08618408B
/ Patent No. 5851815
/ GENERAL INFORMATION:
/ APPLICANT: Alnemri, Emad S.
/ APPLICANT: Fernandes-Alnemri, Teresa
/ APPLICANT: Litwack, Gerald
/ APPLICANT: Armstrong, Robert
/ APPLICANT: Tomaselli, Kevin
/ TITLE OF INVENTION: Mch4 and Mch5, No. 5851815el Apoptotic
/ TITLE OF INVENTION: Proteases, Nucleic Acids Encoding and Methods of Use
/ NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 63
/ CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
/ ADDRESSEE: Campbell and Flores
/ STREET: 4370 La Jolla Village Drive, Suite 700
/ CITY: San Diego
/ STATE: California
/ COUNTRY: United States
/ ZIP: 92122
/ COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
/ MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
/ OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
/ SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.25
/ CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
/ APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/618,408B
/ FILING DATE: 19-MAR-1996
/ CLASSIFICATION: 435
/ ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
/ NAME: Campbell, Cathryn A.
```

```
/ REGISTRATION NUMBER: 31,815
/ REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: P-ID 1957
/ TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
/ TELEPHONE: (619) 535-9001
/ TELEFAX: (619) 535-8949
/ INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 6:
/ SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
/ LENGTH: 17 base pairs
/ TYPE: nucleic acid
/ STRANDEDNESS: single
/ TOPOLOGY: linear
/ FEATURE:
/ NAME/KEY: misc_feature
/ LOCATION: 1..17
/ OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "SK-Zap"
/
/ US-08-618-408B-6
```

```
Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 70;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
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```
QY 16 CAGGAATTCGGCAGCAG 32
Db 1 CAGGAATTCGGCAGCAG 17
```

```
RESULT 23
US-09-257-218-5
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```
/ Sequence 5, Application US/09257218
/ Patent No. 6271361
/ GENERAL INFORMATION:
/ APPLICANT: Alnemri, Emad S.
/ APPLICANT: Fernandes-Alnemri, Teresa
/ APPLICANT: Litwack, Gerald
/ TITLE OF INVENTION: Apoptotic Protease Mch6, Nucleic Acids
/ TITLE OF INVENTION: Encoding Same and Methods of Use
/ NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 87
/ CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
/ ADDRESSEE: Campbell & Flores LLP
/ STREET: 4370 La Jolla Village Drive, Suite 700
/ CITY: San Diego
/ STATE: California
/ COUNTRY: United States
/ ZIP: 92122
```

```
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.25
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/257,218
FILING DATE:
CLASSIFICATION:
PRIORITY APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/865,579
FILING DATE: 29-MAY-1997
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: Campbell, Cathryn A.
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 31,815
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: P-ID 2180
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: (619) 535-9849
TELEFAX: (619) 535-9849
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 5:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 17 base pairs
TYPE: nucleic acid
STRANDEDNESS: single
TOPOLOGY: linear
MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA
US-09-257-218-5
```

```
Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 17;
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Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 70;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 16 CAGGAATTCGGCAGCAG 32
Db 1 CAGGAATTCGGCAGCAG 17

RESULT 24

US-09-311-760-5
; Sequence 5, Application US/09311760
; Patent No. 6274318
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Alnemri, Emad S.
; Fernandez-Alnemri, Teresa
; Litwack, Gerald
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Apoptotic Protease Mch6, Nucleic Acids
; Encoding Same and Methods of Use
; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 87
; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESSES:
; ADDRESSEE: Campbell & Flores LLP
; STREET: 4370 La Jolla Village Drive, Suite 700
; CITY: San Diego
; STATE: California
; COUNTRY: United States
; ZIP: 92122
; COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
; MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
; OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
; SOFTWARE: Patent in Release #1.0, Version #1.25
; CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/311,760
; FILING DATE: 13-May-1999
; CLASSIFICATION: <Unknown>
; PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/865,579
; FILING DATE: <Unknown>
; ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
; NAME: Campbell, Cathryn A.
; REGISTRATION NUMBER: 31,815
; TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
; TELEPHONE: (619) 535-9001
; TELEFAX: (619) 535-9849
; INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 5:
; SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
; LENGTH: 17 base pairs
; TYPE: nucleic acid
; STRANDEDNESS: single
; TOPOLOGY: linear
; MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
; SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 5:
US-09-311-760-5
Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 70;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 16 CAGGAATTCGGCAGCAG 32
Db 1 CAGGAATTCGGCAGCAG 17

RESULT 25

US-09-291-692-6
; Sequence 6, Application US/09291692
; Patent No. 6287795
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Alnemri, Emad S.
; Fernandez-Alnemri, Teresa
; Litwack, Gerald
; APPLICANT: Armstrong, Robert

APPLICANT: Tomaselli, Kevin
; TITLE OF INVENTION: MCH4 AND MCH5, APOPTOTIC PROTEASE,
; TITLE OF INVENTION: NUCLEIC ACIDS ENCODING AND METHODS OF USE
; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 75
; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESSES:
; ADDRESSEE: SEED and BERRY
; STREET: 6300 Columbia Center, 701 Fifth Avenue
; CITY: Seattle
; STATE: Washington
; COUNTRY: Use
; ZIP: 98104

COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
; MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
; OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
; SOFTWARE: Patent in Release #1.0, Version #1.30
; CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/291,692
; FILING DATE: 04-13-1999
; CLASSIFICATION: 435
; ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
; NAME: Christiansen, William T.
; REGISTRATION NUMBER: 44,614
; TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
; TELEPHONE: (206) 622-4900
; TELEFAX: (206) 682-6031
; INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 6:
; SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
; LENGTH: 17 base pairs
; TYPE: nucleic acid
; STRANDEDNESS: single
; TOPOLOGY: linear
; FEATURE:
; NAME/KEY: misc feature
; LOCATION: 1..17
; OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "SK-Zap"
US-09-291-692-6

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 70;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 16 CAGGAATTCGGCAGCAG 32
Db 1 CAGGAATTCGGCAGCAG 17

RESULT 26

US-08-584-040-7821
; Sequence 7821, Application US/08584040
; Patent No. 6146398
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Pavco, Pamela
; APPLICANT: McSwiggen, James
; APPLICANT: Scinchcomb, Dan T.
; APPLICANT: Rascedo, Jaime
; TITLE OF INVENTION: METHOD AND REAGENT FOR THE
; TITLE OF INVENTION: TREATMENT OF DISPLAS OR
; TITLE OF INVENTION: CONDITIONS RELATED TO LEVELS
; TITLE OF INVENTION: OF VASCULAR ENDOTHELIAL
; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 8502
; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESSES:
; ADDRESSEE: Lyon & Lyon
; STREET: 633 West Fifth Street
; STREET: Suite 4700
; CITY: Los Angeles
; STATE: California
; COUNTRY: U.S.A.
; ZIP: 90071-2066
; COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
; MEDIUM TYPE: 3.5" Diskette, 1.44 Mb

MEDIUM TYPE: storage
COMPUTER: IBM Compatible
OPERATING SYSTEM: IBM P.C. DOS 5.0
SOFTWARE: Word Perfect 5.1
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/584,040
FILING DATE: January 11, 1996
CLASSIFICATION: 514
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/005,974
FILING DATE: October 26, 1995
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: Warburg, Richard J.
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 32,327
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 218/064
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: (213) 489-1600
TELEFAX: (213) 955-0440
TELEX: 67-3510
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 7821:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 17 base pairs
TYPE: nucleic acid
STRANDEDNESS: single
TOPOLOGY: linear
US-08-584-040-7821

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 17.6%; Pred. No. 70;
Matches 3; Conservative 13; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1382 TTGTGTGTTGTTGTTGT 1398

Db 1 UUGUUUUUUUUUUUUU 17

RESULT 27
US-08-865-579-5
Sequence 5, Application US/08865579
Patent No. 6455296
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: Alnemri, Emad S.
APPLICANT: Fernandes-Alnemri, Teresa
APPLICANT: Litwack, Gerald
TITLE OF INVENTION: Apoptotic Protease Mch6, Nucleic Acids
TITLE OF INVENTION: Encoding Same and Methods of Use
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 87
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
ADDRESSEE: Campbell & Flores LLP
STREET: 4370 La Jolla Village Drive, Suite 700
CITY: San Diego
STATE: California
COUNTRY: United States
ZIP: 92122
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
SOFTWARE: Patent Release #1.0, Version #1.25
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/865,579
FILING DATE: 29-MAY-1997
CLASSIFICATION: 435
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: Campbell, Cathryn A.
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 31,815
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: P-ID 2180
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: (619) 535-9001
TELEFAX: (619) 535-9849
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 5:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 17 base pairs

TYPE: nucleic acid
STRANDEDNESS: single
TOPOLOGY: linear
MOLECULE TYPE: CDNA
US-08-865-579-5

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 70;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 16 CAGGAATTCGGCAGCAG 32

Db 1 CAGGAATTCGGCAGCAG 17

RESULT 28
US-08-556-627A-6
Sequence 6, Application US/08556627A
Patent No. 6462175
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: Alnemri, Emad S.
APPLICANT: Fernandes-Alnemri, Teresa
APPLICANT: Litwack, Gerald
APPLICANT: Armstrong, Robert
APPLICANT: Tomaseilli, Kevin
TITLE OF INVENTION: Mch3, A No. 6462175e1 Apoptotic Protease,
TITLE OF INVENTION: Nucleic Acids Encoding and Methods of Use
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 11
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
ADDRESSEE: Campbell and Flores
STREET: 4370 La Jolla Village Drive, Suite 700
CITY: San Diego
STATE: California
COUNTRY: USA
ZIP: 92122

COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
SOFTWARE: Patent Release #1.0, Version #1.25
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/556,627A
FILING DATE: 13-NOV-1995
CLASSIFICATION: 435
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: Campbell, Cathryn A.
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 31,815
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: P-ID 1813
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: (619) 535-9001
TELEFAX: (619) 535-8949
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 6:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 17 base pairs
TYPE: nucleic acid
STRANDEDNESS: single
TOPOLOGY: linear
US-08-556-627A-6

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 70;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 16 CAGGAATTCGGCAGCAG 32

Db 1 CAGGAATTCGGCAGCAG 17

RESULT 29
US-09-371-772B-3605
Sequence 3605, Application US/09371772B
Patent No. 6566127
GENERAL INFORMATION:

Patent No. 6716960
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Alnemri, Emad S.
; APPLICANT: Fernandez-Alnemri, Teresa
; APPLICANT: Litwack, Gerald
; APPLICANT: Armstrong, Robert
; APPLICANT: Tomaselli, Kevin
; TITLE OF INVENTION: MCH3, A NOVEL APOPTOTIC PROTEASE,
; TITLE OF INVENTION: NUCLEIC ACIDS ENCODING AND METHODS OF USE
; FILE REFERENCE: 480140.423D2
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/337,060
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2003-01-02
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 17
; SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 4.0
; SEQ ID NO 6
; LENGTH: 17
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Primer SK-Zap
US-10-337-060-6

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 70;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 16 CAGGAATTCGGCACGAG 32
Db 1 CAGGAATTCGGCACGAG 17

RESULT 33
US-09-952-768-6
; Sequence 6, Application US/09952768
; Patent No. 6730779
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Alnemri, Emad S.
; APPLICANT: Fernandez-Alnemri, Teresa
; APPLICANT: Litwack, Gerald
; APPLICANT: Armstrong, Robert
; APPLICANT: Tomaselli, Kevin
; TITLE OF INVENTION: MCH4 AND MCH5, APOPTOTIC PROTEASE,
; TITLE OF INVENTION: NUCLEIC ACIDS ENCODING AND METHODS OF USE
; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 75
; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
; ADDRESSEE: Seed Intellectual Property Law Group
; STREET: Suite 6300, 701 Fifth Avenue
; CITY: Seattle
; STATE: Washington
; COUNTRY: USA
; ZIP: 98104
; COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
; MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
; COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
; OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.30
; CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/952,768
; FILING DATE: 10-Sep-2001
; CLASSIFICATION: <unknown>
; ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
; NAME: Christiansen, William T.
; REGISTRATION NUMBER: 44,614
; REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 480140.424C4
; TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
; TELEPHONE: (206) 622-4900
; TELEFAX: (206) 682-6031
; INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 6:
; SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
; LENGTH: 17 base pairs
; TYPE: nucleic acid
; STRANDEDNESS: single
; TOPOLOGY: linear

FEATURE:
; NAME/KEY: misc feature
; LOCATION: 1..17
; OTHER INFORMATION: /note="SK-Zap"
; SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 6:
US-09-952-768-6

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 70;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 16 CAGGAATTCGGCACGAG 32
Db 1 CAGGAATTCGGCACGAG 17

RESULT 34
US-08-363-585-68
; Sequence 68, Application US/08363585
; Patent No. 5683872
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Rudert, William A.
; APPLICANT: Trucco, Massimo
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Polymers of Oligonucleotide Probes
; TITLE OF INVENTION: As The Bound Ligands For Use In Reverse
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Dot Blots
; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 112
; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
; ADDRESSEE: University of Pittsburgh
; STREET: Office of Intellectual Property
; STREET: 911 William Pitt Union
; CITY: Pittsburgh
; STATE: Pennsylvania
; COUNTRY: USA
; ZIP: 15260
; COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
; MEDIUM TYPE: 5-1/4" low density diskette
; COMPUTER: IBM PC or compatibles
; OPERATING SYSTEM: MS-DOS
; SOFTWARE: ASCII
; CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/363,585
; FILING DATE:
; CLASSIFICATION: 435
; PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US/07/786,228
; FILING DATE: 31-OCT-1991
; ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
; NAME: Frederick H. Colen; Mary-Elizabeth Buckles
; REGISTRATION NUMBER: 28,061; 31,907
; REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 92-232
; TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
; TELEPHONE: 412/288-4164
; TELEFAX: 412/288-3063
; TELEX: 277871
; INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 68:
; SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
; LENGTH: 18 nucleotides
; TYPE: nucleic acid
; STRANDEDNESS: single
; TOPOLOGY: linear
; MOLECULE TYPE: genomic DNA
; PUBLICATION INFORMATION:
; AUTHORS: Kimura, A.
; AUTHORS: Sasazuki, T.
; TITLE: Eleventh International Histocompatibility
; TITLE: Workshop Reference Protocol for the HLA-DNA-Typing
; JOURNAL: HLA 1991
; VOLUME: 1
; PAGES: 397-419
; DATE: 1992
; RELEVANT RESIDUES IN SEQ ID NO: 68: 1 to 18

US-08-363-585-68

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 18;
Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 72;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 839 CCTGACGCTGAGCACTG 855
|||||
DB 2 CCTGACGCTGAGTACTG 18

RESULT 35
US-09-308-003-31
; Sequence 31, Application US/09308003
; Patent No. 6326170
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Burnham, Martin K. R.
; APPLICANT: Lonetto, Michael A.
; APPLICANT: Warren, Patrick V.
; TITLE OF INVENTION: NOVEL PROKARYOTIC POLYNUCLEOTIDES,
; FILE REFERENCE: GM10093
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/308,003
; EARLIER FILING DATE: 1999-05-10
; EARLIER FILING DATE: 1997-09-12
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 52
; SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 3.0
; SEQ ID NO 31
; LENGTH: 19
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Staphylococcus aureus
US-09-308-003-31

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 73;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 19 GAATTCGGCAGAGCGG 35
|||||
DB 2 GAATTCGGCAGAGCGG 18

RESULT 36
US-09-696-791-1199
; Sequence 1199, Application US/09696791
; Patent No. 6770633
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Robbins, Joan M.
; APPLICANT: Tiltz, Richard
; TITLE OF INVENTION: RIBOZYME THERAPY FOR THE TREATMENT OF PROLIFERATIVE
; FILE REFERENCE: 480124.407
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/696,791
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2000-10-25
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 4523
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn Ver. 2.0
; SEQ ID NO 1199
; LENGTH: 19
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Cdk-we-hu ribozyme binding site
US-09-696-791-1199

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 73;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1001 GGACTGATTCCTGTGT 1017
|||||
DB 2 GGATGATTCCTGTGT 18

RESULT 37
US-09-696-791-1200
; Sequence 1200, Application US/09696791
; Patent No. 6770633
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Robbins, Joan M.
; APPLICANT: Tiltz, Richard
; TITLE OF INVENTION: RIBOZYME THERAPY FOR THE TREATMENT OF PROLIFERATIVE
; FILE REFERENCE: 480124.407
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/696,791
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2000-10-25
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 4523
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn Ver. 2.0
; SEQ ID NO 1200
; LENGTH: 19
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Cdk-we-hu ribozyme binding site
US-09-696-791-1200

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 73;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1001 GGACTGATTCCTGTGT 1017
|||||
DB 1 GGATGATTCCTGTGT 17

RESULT 38
US-09-357-070-8/c
; Sequence 8, Application US/09357070
; Patent No. 6046049
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Brett P. Monia
; APPLICANT: Lex M. Cowart
; TITLE OF INVENTION: ANTISENSE MODULATION OF P13 KINASE P110 DELTA EXPRESSION
; FILE REFERENCE: RTS-0076
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/357,070
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 1999-07-19
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 47
; SEQ ID NO 8
; LENGTH: 20
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Antisense Oligonucleotide
US-09-357-070-8

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 75;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 19 GAATTCGGCAGAGCGG 35
|||||
DB 20 GAATTCGGCAGAGCGG 4

RESULT 39
US-09-538-709-3/c
; Sequence 3, Application US/09538709
; Patent No. 6468749
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Ulanovsky, et al
; TITLE OF INVENTION: SEQUENCE-DEPENDENT GENE SORTING TECHNIQUES
; FILE REFERENCE: 540579-2006
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/538,709
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-06-08
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 1311
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.0


```

? EARLIER FILING DATE: 1999-07-01
? NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 115
? SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 3.0
? SEQ ID NO 39
? LENGTH: 26
? TYPE: DNA
? ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
? FEATURE:
? OTHER INFORMATION: Oligonucleotide primer ZC7764dH
US-09-522-217-39

```

Query Match	0.9%;	Score 15.4;	DB 1;	Length 26;
Best Local Similarity	76.0%;	Pred. No. 83;		
Matches 19; Conservative	0;	Mismatches 6;	Indels 0;	Gaps 0;

QY		1386	TTCGTTGGTTTGATCTGTTTTTC	1410
Dd		2	TTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTC	26

```

RESULT 43
US-09-593-312-2
/ Sequence 2, Application US/09593312
/ Patent No. 6514699
/
/ GENERAL INFORMATION:
/ APPLICANT: O'Neill, Roger A.
/ APPLICANT: Chen, Jee-Kang
/ APPLICANT: Chiesia, Claudia
/ APPLICANT: Fry, George
/ TITLE OF INVENTION: Multiplex Polynucleotide Capture
/ TITLE OF INVENTION: Methods and Compositions
/
/ NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 50
/
/ CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
/ ADDRESSEE: PE Applied Biosystems
/ STREET: 850 Lincoln Centre Drive
/ CITY: Foster City
/ STATE: CA
/ COUNTRY: USA
/ ZIP: 94404
/
/ COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
/ MEDIUM TYPE: Diskette
/ COMPUTER: IBM Compatible
/ OPERATING SYSTEM: DOS
/ SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 2.0
/
/ CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
/ APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/593,312
/
/ FILING DATE:
/
/ PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
/ APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/973,437
/
/ FILING DATE:
/
/ ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
/ NAME: Bortner, Scott R
/ REGISTRATION NUMBER: 34,298
/ REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 4294
/ TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
/ TELEPHONE: 415-638-6071
/ TELEFAX: 415-638-6245
/
/ INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 2:
/ SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
/ LENGTH: 26 base pairs
/ TYPE: nucleic acid
/ STRANDEDNESS: single
/ TOPOLOGY: linear
/
/ US-09-593-312-2

```

Query Match	0.9%;	Score 15.4;	DB 1;	length 26;
Best Local Similarity	76.0%;	Pred. No. 83;		
Matches 19;	Conservative	0;	Mismatches 6;	Indels 0;
			Gaps	0;

QY		1386	TGTTTGTTTGGACCTGTTC	1410
Db		2	TTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTC	26

RESULT 44
US-09-923-246-39
; Sequence 39, Application US/09923246

Query Match	0.9%	Score 15.4;	DB 1;	Length 26;
Best Local Similarity	76.0%	Pred. No. 83;		
Matches 19;	Conservative 0;	Mismatches 6;	Indels 0;	Gaps 0;

QY	1386	TTGTTTGTGTTTGTACCTGTTTTC	1410
Db	2	TTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTC	26

```

RESULT 45
US-09-658-077-1
: Sequence 1, Application US/09658077
: Patent No. 6627748
: GENERAL INFORMATION:
: APPLICANT: Jn, Jinyue
: APPLICANT: et al.
: TITLE OF INVENTION: Combinatorial Fluorescence Energy Transfer Tags And
: TITLE OF INVENTION: Their Applications For Multiplex Genetic Analyses
: FILE REFERENCE: 0575/62238/JW/AM
: CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/658,077
: CURRENT FILING DATE: 2000-09-11
: NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 17
: SOFTWARE: PatentIn Ver. 2.1
: SEQ ID NO 1
: LENGTH: 26
: TYPE: DNA
: ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
: FEATURE:
: OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: scaffold
US-09-658-077-1

```

Query Match	0.9%	Score 15.4;	DB 1;	Length 26;
Best Local Similarity	76.0%	Pred. No. 83;		
Matches 19; Conservative	0;	Mismatches 6;	Indels 0;	Gaps 0;

1386 TTGTTGTTTGTATCTGTTTTC 1410

Db 2 TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT C 26

RESULT 46

US-10-295-723-39

Sequence 39, Application US/10295723

Patent No. 6686178

GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: No. 6686178ak, Julia E.

APPLICANT: Sprenger, Cindy A.

APPLICANT: Foster, Donald C.

APPLICANT: Holly, Richard D.

APPLICANT: Gross, Jane A.

APPLICANT: Johnston, Janet V.

APPLICANT: Nelson, Andrew J.

APPLICANT: Dillon, Stacey R.

APPLICANT: Hammond, Angela K.

FILE REFERENCE: 99-16

TITLE OF INVENTION: NOVEL CYTOKINE ZALPHA11 LIGAND

CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-11-15

PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-03-09

PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-03-09

PRIOR FILING DATE: 1999-03-09

PRIOR FILING DATE: 1999-03-11

PRIOR FILING DATE: 1999-07-01

NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 115

SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 3.0

SEQ ID NO 39

LENGTH: 26

TYPE: DNA

ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

FEATURE:

OTHER INFORMATION: Oligonucleotide primer ZC7764b

US-10-295-723-39

Query Match

Best Local Similarity 76.0%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 26;

Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 6; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

1386 TTGTTGTTGTTGATCTGTTTC 1410

Db 2 TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT C 26

RESULT 47

US-09-488-671-76

Sequence 76, Application US/09488671A

Patent No. 6187545

GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: Robert McKay

APPLICANT: Madeline M. Butler

APPLICANT: Jacqueline Wyatt

APPLICANT: Lex M. Cowsett

TITLE OF INVENTION: ANTISENSE MODULATION OF PERCK-CYTOSOLIC EXPRESSION

FILE REFERENCE: RTS-0123

CURRENT FILING DATE: 2000-01-21

CURRENT FILING DATE: 2000-01-21

NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 177

SEQ ID NO 76

LENGTH: 20

TYPE: DNA

ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

FEATURE:

OTHER INFORMATION: Antisense Oligonucleotide

Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Query 241 TCTCGTCGTCGTCACCTCC 260

Db 1 TCTCGTCGTCGTCACCTCC 20

RESULT 48

US-09-489-869-36/c

Sequence 36, Application US/09489869A

Patent No. 6268151

GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: Susan Murray

APPLICANT: Lex M. Cowsett

APPLICANT: Jacqueline Wyatt

TITLE OF INVENTION: ANTISENSE MODULATION OF MACROPHAGE MIGRATION INHIBITORY FACTOR

FILE REFERENCE: RTS-0110

CURRENT FILING DATE: 2000-01-20

CURRENT FILING DATE: 2000-01-20

NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 88

SEQ ID NO 36

LENGTH: 20

TYPE: DNA

ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

FEATURE:

OTHER INFORMATION: Antisense Oligonucleotide

US-09-489-869-36

Query Match

Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;

Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

624 TACAGGAGCGTGGCGCT 643

Db 20 TCCAGGAGCGCTGCCGCT 1

RESULT 49

US-09-506-073-73/c

Sequence 73, Application US/09506073

Patent No. 6410518

GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: Monica, Brett P.

TITLE OF INVENTION: Antisense Oligonucleotide Modulation of raf Gene Expression

FILE REFERENCE:

CURRENT FILING DATE: 2000-02-18

CURRENT FILING DATE: 2000-02-18

NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 073

SEQ ID NO 73

LENGTH: 20

TYPE: DNA

ORGANISM: artificial sequence

FEATURE:

OTHER INFORMATION: antisense sequence

US-09-506-073-73

Query Match

Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;

Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

1267 CCGGCCAGGAGGAGGAG 1286

Db 20 CTGCGCCCTGGAGAGAGAG 1

RESULT 50

US-09-066-281B-17/c
Sequence 17, Application US/09066281B

Patent No. 6475783

GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: LUCAS, Sophie; DE SMET, Charles; BOON-FALLEUR, Thierry

TITLE OF INVENTION: ISOLATED NUCLEIC ACID MOLECULE CODING

TITLE OF INVENTION: FOR TUMOR REJECTION ANTIGEN PRECURSOR MAGE-C1 AND MAGE-C2

TITLE OF INVENTION: AND USES THEREOF

NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 20

CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:

ADDRESSEE: Fulbright & Jaworski L.L.P.

STREET: 666 Fifth Avenue

CITY: New York City

STATE: New York

COUNTRY: USA

ZIP: 10103

COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

MEDIUM TYPE: Diskette, 3.5 inch, 360 kb storage

COMPUTER: IBM PS/2

OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS

SOFTWARE: Wordperfect

CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:

APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/066,281B

FILING DATE: April 24, 1998

CLASSIFICATION:

PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/845,528

FILING DATE: April 25, 1997

ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:

NAME: Mary Anne Schofield

REGISTRATION NUMBER: 36,669

REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: LUD 5455.2 US - JEL/MAS

TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:

TELEPHONE: (212) 752-5958

TELEFAX: (212) 318-3100

INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 17:

SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

LENGTH: 20 base pairs

TYPE: nucleic acid

STRANDEDNESS: single-stranded

TOPOLOGY: linear

US-09-066-281B-17

Query Match

Best Local Similarity 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;

Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Db 20 TGTGCCAACCCTGATGCACT 514

US-09-198-452A-2571/c

Sequence 2571, Application US/09198452A

Patent No. 6559294

GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: Griffiths, R.

TITLE OF INVENTION: Chlamydia pneumoniae genomic sequence and polypeptides, fragments

TITLE OF INVENTION: thereof and uses thereof, in particular for the diagnosis, prevention

TITLE OF INVENTION: and treatment of infection

FILE REFERENCE: 9710-003-999

CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/198,452A

NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 1998-11-24

SEQ ID NO 2571

LENGTH: 20

TYPE: DNA

ORGANISM: Chlamydia pneumoniae

Query Match

Best Local Similarity 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;

Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Db 20 CTGAGGACGATGATCTGCTG 1015

US-09-198-452A-5767/c

Sequence 5767, Application US/09198452A

Patent No. 6559294

GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: Griffiths, R.

TITLE OF INVENTION: Chlamydia pneumoniae genomic sequence and polypeptides, fragments

TITLE OF INVENTION: thereof and uses thereof, in particular for the diagnosis, prevention

TITLE OF INVENTION: and treatment of infection

FILE REFERENCE: 9710-003-999

CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/198,452A

NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 1998-11-24

SEQ ID NO 5767

LENGTH: 20

TYPE: DNA

ORGANISM: Chlamydia pneumoniae

US-09-198-452A-5767

Query Match

Best Local Similarity 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;

Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Db 20 CTGCGCCCTGGAGAGAGAG 1

US-09-198-452A-5767

Sequence 5767, Application US/09198452A

Patent No. 6559294

GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: Griffiths, R.

TITLE OF INVENTION: Chlamydia pneumoniae genomic sequence and polypeptides, fragments

TITLE OF INVENTION: thereof and uses thereof, in particular for the diagnosis, prevention

TITLE OF INVENTION: and treatment of infection

FILE REFERENCE: 9710-003-999

CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/198,452A

NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 1998-11-24

SEQ ID NO 5767

LENGTH: 20

TYPE: DNA

ORGANISM: Chlamydia pneumoniae

US-09-198-452A-5767

Query Match

Best Local Similarity 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;

Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Db 20 TGTGCCAACCCTGATGCACT 514

US-09-198-452A-5767/c

Sequence 5767, Application US/09198452A

Patent No. 6559294

GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: Griffiths, R.

TITLE OF INVENTION: Chlamydia pneumoniae genomic sequence and polypeptides, fragments

TITLE OF INVENTION: thereof and uses thereof, in particular for the diagnosis, prevention

TITLE OF INVENTION: and treatment of infection

FILE REFERENCE: 9710-003-999

CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/198,452A

NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 1998-11-24

SEQ ID NO 5767

LENGTH: 20

TYPE: DNA

ORGANISM: Chlamydia pneumoniae

US-09-198-452A-5767

Query Match

Best Local Similarity 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;

Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Db 20 TGTGCCAACCCTGATGCACT 514

RESULT 54
US-09-291-417D-145/C
Sequence 145, Application US/09291417D
Patent No. 6680170
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: PLOWMAN, GREGORY
APPLICANT: MARTINEZ, RICARDO
APPLICANT: WHITE, DAVID
TITLE OF INVENTION: STE20-RELATED PROTEIN KINASES
FILE REFERENCE: 03602/0329
CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/291,417D
CURRENT FILING DATE: 1999-04-13
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/081,784
PRIOR FILING DATE: 1998-04-14
NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 155
SOFTWARE: PatentIn Ver. 2.1
SEQ ID NO 145
LENGTH: 20
TYPE: DNA
ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
US-09-291-417D-145

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 81;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 601 GCAGAACTACTGCGCCTG 620
DB 20 GCMAATGACTACTGCACCTG 1

RESULT 55
US-09-468-433C-17/C
Sequence 17, Application US/09468433C
Patent No. 6680191
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: LOCAS, Sophie; BOON-FALEUR, Thierry
TITLE OF INVENTION: ISOLATED NUCLEIC ACID MOLECULES CODING FOR
TITLE OF INVENTION: TUMOR REJECTION ANTIGEN PRECURSORS OF MEMBERS OF THE MAGE-C AN
TITLE OF INVENTION: MAGE-B FAMILIES AND USES THEROF
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 26
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
ADDRESSEE: Fulbright & Jaworski L.L.P.
STREET: 801 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW
CITY: Washington
STATE: District of Columbia
COUNTRY: USA
ZIP: 20004
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
MEDIUM TYPE: Diskette, 3.5 inch, 360 kb storage
COMPUTER: IBM PS/2
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS
SOFTWARE: Wordperfect
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/468,433C
FILING DATE: December 17, 1999
CLASSIFICATION:
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: 09/066,281
FILING DATE: April 24, 1998
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/845,528
FILING DATE: April 25, 1997
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: Mary Anne Schofield
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 36,669
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: LUD 5611 JEL/MAS
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: (202) 662-0200
TELEFAX: (202) 662-4643
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 17:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 20 base pairs

TYPE: nucleic acid
STRANDEDNESS: single-stranded
TOPOLOGY: linear
US-09-468-433C-17

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 81;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 495 TGTGCCACCTGATGACCT 514
DB 20 TGTGCCACCTGATGACCT 1

RESULT 56
US-09-021-660A-24
Sequence 24, Application US/09021660A
Patent No. 6713065
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: Barton, M.
APPLICANT: Belausoff, M.
TITLE OF INVENTION: METHODS FOR MODULATING HEMATOPOIESIS AND VASCULAR
TITLE OF INVENTION: GROWTH
FILE REFERENCE: HUIP-P01-060
CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/021,660A
CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-08-27
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/037,513
PRIOR FILING DATE: 1997-02-10
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/049,763
PRIOR FILING DATE: 1997-06-16
NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 42
SOFTWARE: PatentIn Ver. 2.1
SEQ ID NO 24
LENGTH: 20
TYPE: DNA
ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
FEATURE:
OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Primer
US-09-021-660A-24

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 81;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 502 ACCTGATGAGCTGCTGCG 521
DB 1 AGCTGATGAGCTGATCGAG 20

RESULT 57
US-09-721-154-6
Sequence 6, Application US/09721154
Patent No. 6651008
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: Vaisberg, Eugeni
APPLICANT: Adams, Cynthia
APPLICANT: Sabry, James
APPLICANT: Crompton, Anne
TITLE OF INVENTION: Database system including computer code
TITLE OF INVENTION: for predictive cellular bioinformatics
FILE REFERENCE: CYLOP007C2
CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/721,154
CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-06-14
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 09/311,996
PRIOR FILING DATE: 1999-05-14
NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 14
SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 4.0
SEQ ID NO 6
LENGTH: 24
TYPE: DNA
ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
FEATURE:

```
; OTHER INFORMATION: Pseudo-sequence
US-09-721-154-6
Query Match      0.9%; Score 15; DB 1; Length 24;
Best Local Similarity 78.3%; Pred. No. 95;
Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 5; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

CY      1387 TGTGTTGTTTGTATCTGTTT 1409
      ||||| ||||| ||||| |||||
      2 TTTTGTGTTTGTGTTTGTGTTT 24

RESULT 59
US-08-113-646A-42/c
; Sequence 42, Application US/08113646A
; Patent No. 5578468
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: PICKUP, David J.
; APPLICANT: PATEL, Dhaval Kumar
; APPLICANT: ANTICZAK, James B.
; TITLE OF INVENTION: SITE-SPECIFIC RNA CLEAVAGE
; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 44
; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
; ADDRESSEE: NIXON & VANDERHAYE P.C.
; STREET: 1100 NORTH GLEBE ROAD
; CITY: ARLINGTON
; STATE: VIRGINIA
; COUNTRY: U.S.A.
; ZIP: 22201-4714
; COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
; MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
; COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
; OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
; SOFTWARE: Patent Release #1.0, Version #1.25
; CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/113,646A
; FILING DATE: 31-AUG-1993
; CLASSIFICATION: 435
; PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US 07/084,406
; FILING DATE: 10-AUG-1987
; ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
; NAME: WILSON, MARY J.
; REGISTRATION NUMBER: 32,955
; REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 1579-20
; TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
; TELEPHONE: (703) 816-4000
; TELEFAX: (703) 816-4100
; TELEX: 200797 NIXN UR
; INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 42:
; SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
; LENGTH: 25 base pairs
; TYPE: nucleic acid
; STRANDEDNESS: single
; TOPOLOGY: linear
; MOLECULE TYPE: RNA (genomic)
; US-08-113-646A-42

Query Match      0.9%; Score 15; DB 1; Length 25;
Best Local Similarity 78.3%; Pred. No. 96;
Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 5; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

CY      1386 TTGTTGTTTGTATCTGTTT 1408
      ||||| ||||| ||||| |||||
      24 TTTTGTGTTTGTGTTTGTGTTT 24

RESULT 59
US-08-585-684B-2687
; Sequence 2687, Application US/08585684B
; Patent No. 5877021
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Stinchcomb, Daniel T.
```

```
; APPLICANT: Jarvis, Thale
; APPLICANT: McSwigen, James
; TITLE OF INVENTION: METHOD AND REAGENT FOR THE
; TITLE OF INVENTION: INDUCTION OF GRAFT TOLERANCE
; TITLE OF INVENTION: AND REVERSAL OF IMMUNE RESPONSES
; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 2751
; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
; ADDRESSEE: Lyon & Lyon
; STREET: 633 West Fifth Street
; STREET: Suite 4700
; CITY: Los Angeles
; STATE: California
; COUNTRY: U.S.A.
; ZIP: 90071
; COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
; MEDIUM TYPE: 3.5" Diskette, 1.44 Mb
; MEDIUM TYPE: storage
; COMPUTER: IBM Compatible
; OPERATING SYSTEM: IBM P.C. DOS 5.0
; SOFTWARE: FastSeq Version 1.5
; CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/585,684B
; FILING DATE: January 16, 1996
; PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/000,951
; FILING DATE: July 7, 1995
; ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
; NAME: Warburg, Richard
; REGISTRATION NUMBER: 32,327
; REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 218/078
; TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
; TELEPHONE: (213) 489-1600
; TELEFAX: (213) 955-0440
; TELEX: 67-3510
; INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 2687:
; SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
; LENGTH: 18 base pairs
; TYPE: nucleic acid
; STRANDEDNESS: single
; TOPOLOGY: linear
; US-08-585-684B-2687

Query Match      0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 18;
Best Local Similarity 66.7%; Pred. No. 93;
Matches 12; Conservative 4; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

CY      505 TGATGACGCTGCTGCAGG 522
      :||:|||||
      1 UGCGCGCGCGCGCGCAGG 18

RESULT 60
US-09-038-073-2687
; Sequence 2687, Application US/09038073
; Patent No. 6194150
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Stinchcomb, Daniel T.
; APPLICANT: Jarvis, Thale
; APPLICANT: McSwigen, James
; TITLE OF INVENTION: METHOD AND REAGENT FOR THE
; TITLE OF INVENTION: INDUCTION OF GRAFT TOLERANCE
; TITLE OF INVENTION: AND REVERSAL OF IMMUNE RESPONSES
; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 2751
; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
; ADDRESSEE: Lyon & Lyon
; STREET: 633 West Fifth Street
; STREET: Suite 4700
; CITY: Los Angeles
; STATE: California
; COUNTRY: U.S.A.
; ZIP: 90071
; COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
; MEDIUM TYPE: 3.5" Diskette, 1.44 Mb
```

MEDIUM TYPE: storage
COMPUTER: IBM Compatible
OPERATING SYSTEM: IBM P.C. DOS 5.0
SOFTWARE: FASTSEQ Version 1.5
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/038,073
FILING DATE:
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/585,684
FILING DATE:
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: Warburg, Richard
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 32,327
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 218/078
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: (213) 489-1600
TELEFAX: (213) 955-0440
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 2687:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 18 base pairs
TYPE: nucleic acid
STRANDEDNESS: single
TOPOLOGY: linear
US-09-038-073-2687

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 18;
Best Local Similarity 66.7%; Pred. No. 93;
Matches 12; Conservative 4; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 505 TGATGACGCTGCTGCAGG 522
Db 1 UGGUGUCGUCGUCGAGG 18

RESULT 61
US-09-261-104-11
Sequence 11, Application US/09261104
Patent No. 6630140
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: GRUNSTEIN, Michael M.
APPLICANT: HAKONARSON, Hakon
TITLE OF INVENTION: COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR TREATMENT OF ASTHMA
FILE REFERENCE: 7600-2201 (207600.0065) Grunstein et
CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/261,104
CURRENT FILING DATE: 1999-03-03
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/077,398
PRIOR FILING DATE: 1998-03-10
NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 16
SOFTWARE: Patentin Ver. 2.1
SEQ ID NO 11
LENGTH: 19
TYPE: DNA
ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
FEATURE:
OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: Rabbit
US-09-261-104-11

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 95;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 864 GTCATCAAGAAGAGCTG 881
Db 2 GACATCAAGAAGAGCTG 19

RESULT 62
US-09-696-791-1834
Sequence 1834, Application US/09696791
Patent No. 6770633
GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: Robbins, Joan M.
APPLICANT: Trletz, Richard
TITLE OF INVENTION: RIBOZYME THERAPY FOR THE TREATMENT OF PROLIFERATIVE
TITLE OF INVENTION: SKIN AND EYE DISEASES
FILE REFERENCE: 480124.407
CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/696,791
CURRENT FILING DATE: 2000-10-25
NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 4523
SOFTWARE: Patentin Ver. 2.0
SEQ ID NO 1834
LENGTH: 19
TYPE: DNA
ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
FEATURE:
OTHER INFORMATION: Cyclin D1 ribozyme binding site
US-09-696-791-1834

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 95;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 656 GCTGACGCTGCTGCTGA 673
Db 1 GCTGAGGCTCTGCGAGGA 18

RESULT 63
US-09-696-791-1977
Sequence 1977, Application US/09696791
Patent No. 6770633
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: Robbins, Joan M.
APPLICANT: Trletz, Richard
TITLE OF INVENTION: RIBOZYME THERAPY FOR THE TREATMENT OF PROLIFERATIVE
TITLE OF INVENTION: SKIN AND EYE DISEASES
FILE REFERENCE: 480124.407
CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/696,791
CURRENT FILING DATE: 2000-10-25
NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 4523
SOFTWARE: Patentin Ver. 2.0
SEQ ID NO 1977
LENGTH: 19
TYPE: DNA
ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
FEATURE:
OTHER INFORMATION: Cyclin D3 ribozyme binding site
US-09-696-791-1977

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 95;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1556 CCATGCTGACTGCAGAG 1573
Db 1 CCAAGCTGCTGCAAG 18

RESULT 64
US-09-696-791-3074
Sequence 3074, Application US/09696791
Patent No. 6770633
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: Robbins, Joan M.
APPLICANT: Trletz, Richard
TITLE OF INVENTION: RIBOZYME THERAPY FOR THE TREATMENT OF PROLIFERATIVE
TITLE OF INVENTION: SKIN AND EYE DISEASES
FILE REFERENCE: 480124.407
CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/696,791
CURRENT FILING DATE: 2000-10-25
NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 4523
SOFTWARE: Patentin Ver. 2.0
SEQ ID NO 3074
LENGTH: 19

```
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Cyclin A1 ribozyme binding site
US-09-696-791-3074

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1042 GGTGAGGTGGGAGATA 1059
Db 1 GGTGAGGTGGGAGATA 18

RESULT 65
US-08-621-914A-3
; Sequence 3, Application US/08621914A
; Patent No. 5707807
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: KATO, KIKUYA
; TITLE OF INVENTION: MOLECULAR INDEXING FOR EXPRESSED GENE
; TITLE OF INVENTION: ANALYSIS
; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 16
; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
; ADDRESSEE: PENNIE & EDMONDS
; STREET: 1155 AVENUE OF THE AMERICAS
; CITY: NEW YORK
; STATE: NY
; COUNTRY: USA
; ZIP: 10036-2711
; COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
; MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
; COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
; OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.30
; CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/621,914A
; FILING DATE: 26-MAR-1996
; CLASSIFICATION: 435
; ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
; NAME: LAWRENCE III, STANTON T.
; REGISTRATION NUMBER: 25,736
; REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 7005-107-999
; TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
; TELEPHONE: (212) 790-9090
; TELEFAX: (212) 869-9741
; TELEX: 66141 PENNIE
; INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 3:
; SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
; LENGTH: 26 base pairs
; TYPE: nucleic acid
; STRANDEDNESS: unknown
; TOPOLOGY: unknown
; MOLECULE TYPE: other nucleic acid
US-08-621-914A-3

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 26;
Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 7; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1387 TGTGTGTTTGTAACCTGTTTCTG 1412
Db 1 TTTTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTG 26

RESULT 66
US-09-197-951-5
; Sequence 5, Application US/09197951
; Patent No. 6197554
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: LIN, SHI-LING
; CHUONG, CHENG-MING
```

```
; YING, SHAO-YAO
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Method for Generating Full-length cDNA
; Library from Single Cells
; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 5
; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
; ADDRESSEE: David & Raymond Patent Firm
; STREET: 108 N. Ynez Ave., Suite 128
; CITY: Monterey Park
; STATE: CA
; COUNTRY: USA
; ZIP: 91754
; COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
; MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
; COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
; OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.30
; CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/197,951
; FILING DATE: 20-NO. 6197554-1998
; CLASSIFICATION: <Unknown>
; ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
; NAME: Chan, Raymond Y.C.
; REGISTRATION NUMBER: 37,484
; REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: USP462A-SL(3)
; TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
; TELEPHONE: (626) 571-9812
; TELEFAX: (626) 571-9813
; INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 5:
; SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
; LENGTH: 26 base pairs
; TYPE: nucleic acid
; STRANDEDNESS: single
; TOPOLOGY: linear
; MOLECULE TYPE: other nucleic acid
; DESCRIPTION: /desc = "synthetic"
; HYPOTHETICAL: NO
; ANTI-SENSE: NO
; SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 5:
US-09-197-951-5

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 26;
Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 7; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1382 TTTGTGTTGTTGTAACCTGTTT 1407
Db 1 TTTTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTG 26

RESULT 67
US-09-475-947A-153
; Sequence 153, Application US/09475947A
; Patent No. 6472154
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Garner, Harold R.
; APPLICANT: Wren, Jonathan D.
; APPLICANT: Minna, John D.
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Polymorphic Repeats in Human Genes
; FILE REFERENCE: UTS00657
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/475,947A
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 346
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn Ver. 2.1
; SEQ ID NO: 153
; LENGTH: 27
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: human
US-09-475-947A-153

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 27;
Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 7; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
```

```
OY      1382 TTGTTGTTGTTGTTGATCTGTTT 1407
      ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| |||
Db      2 TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT ATTT 27

RESULT 68
US-09-721-154-7
; Sequence 7, Application US/09721154
; Patent No. 6651008
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Vaisberg, Eugeni
; APPLICANT: Adams, Cynthia
; APPLICANT: Sady, James
; APPLICANT: Crompton, Anne
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Database system including computer code
; TITLE OF INVENTION: for predictive cellular bioinformatics
; FILE REFERENCE: CYCLOP007C2
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/721,154
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-06-14
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 09/311,996
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1999-05-14
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 14
; SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 4.0
; SEQ ID NO 7
; LENGTH: 24
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Pseudo-sequence
US-09-721-154-7

Query Match      0.8%; Score 14.6; DB 1; Length 24;
Best Local Similarity 81.0%; Pred. No. 1.1e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 4; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY      1380 TGTGTTGTTGTTGTTGTTGTTAT 1400
      ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| |||
Db      3 TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT CTAT 23

RESULT 69
US-09-527-345-6
; Sequence 6, Application US/09527345
; Patent No. 6331413
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Shepherd, Paul O.
; APPLICANT: Adler, David A.
; TITLE OF INVENTION: SECRETED SALIVARY ZSIG63 POLYPEPTIDE
; FILE REFERENCE: 97-71
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/527,345
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 1999-03-17
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/124,820
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1999-03-17
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 9
; SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 3.0
; SEQ ID NO 6
; LENGTH: 26
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Oligonucleotide primer ZC7231
US-09-527-345-6

Query Match      0.8%; Score 14.6; DB 1; Length 26;
Best Local Similarity 72.0%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
Matches 18; Conservative 1; Mismatches 6; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY      1386 TTGTTGTTGTTGATCTGTTTTC 1410
      ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| |||
Db      2 TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTV 26

RESULT 70
```

```
US-09-167-513-10
; Sequence 10, Application US/09167513
; Patent No. 6388064
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Conklin, Darrell C.
; APPLICANT: Blumberg, Hal
; TITLE OF INVENTION: A HUMAN 2-19 PROTEIN HOMOLOGUE, Z219A
; FILE REFERENCE: 97-63
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/167,513
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 1998-10-06
; EARLIER APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/061,712
; EARLIER FILING DATE: 1997-10-06
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 28
; SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 3.0
; SEQ ID NO 10
; LENGTH: 26
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Oligonucleotide primer ZC7231
US-09-167-513-10

Query Match      0.8%; Score 14.6; DB 1; Length 26;
Best Local Similarity 72.0%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
Matches 18; Conservative 1; Mismatches 6; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY      1386 TTGTTGTTGTTGATCTGTTTTC 1410
      ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| |||
Db      2 TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTV 26

RESULT 71
US-09-161-939A-43
; Sequence 43, Application US/09161939A
; Patent No. 6486299
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Shinkets, Richard A.
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Genes and Proteins Predictive and Therapeutic for
; FILE REFERENCE: 15966-527
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/161,939A
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 1998-09-28
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 44
; SOFTWARE: Patent In Ver. 2.0
; SEQ ID NO 43
; LENGTH: 26
; TYPE: DNA
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: oligo(dT)<25>V
US-09-161-939A-43

Query Match      0.8%; Score 14.6; DB 1; Length 26;
Best Local Similarity 72.0%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
Matches 18; Conservative 1; Mismatches 6; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY      1386 TTGTTGTTGTTGATCTGTTTTC 1410
      ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| |||
Db      2 TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTV 26

RESULT 72
US-08-011-398B-7
; Sequence 7, Application US/08011398B
; Patent No. 5512473
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Roger Brent
; APPLICANT: Antonis S. Zeyvos
; TITLE OF INVENTION: MAX-INTERACTING PROTEINS AND RELATED
; TITLE OF INVENTION: MOLECULES AND METHODS
; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 20
; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
; ADDRESSER: Fish & Richardson
```

STREET: 225 Franklin Street
CITY: Boston
STATE: Massachusetts
COUNTRY: U.S.A.
ZIP: 02110-2804
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
MEDIUM TYPE: 3.5" Diskette, 1.44 Mb
COMPUTER: IBM PS/2 Model 502 or 55SX
OPERATING SYSTEM: MS-DOS (Version 5.0)
SOFTWARE: WordPerfect (Version 5.1)
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/011,398B
FILING DATE: 29 JAN 1993
CLASSIFICATION: 435
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER:
FILING DATE:
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: Paul T. Clark
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 30,162
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 00786/160001
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: (617) 542-5070
TELEFAX: (617) 542-8906
TELEX: 200154
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 7:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 16
TYPE: nucleic acid
STRANDEDNESS: single
TOPOLOGY: linear
US-08-011-398B-7

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 16;
Best Local Similarity 93.8%; Pred. No. 1.1e+02;
Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 20 AATTGGGACGAGGCG 35
Db 1 AATTGGGACGAGGCG 16

RESULT 73
US-08-370-225-7
Sequence 7, Application US/08370225
Patent No. 5580736
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: Brent, Roger
APPLICANT: Gyuris, Jeno
TITLE OF INVENTION: Interaction Trap System for Isolating
TITLE OF INVENTION: No. 5580736el Proteins
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 33
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
ADDRESSEE: Fish & Richardson
STREET: 225 Franklin Street
CITY: Boston
STATE: Massachusetts
COUNTRY: U.S.A.
ZIP: 02110-2804
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
MEDIUM TYPE: 3.5" Diskette, 1.44 Mb
COMPUTER: IBM PS/2 Model 502 or 55SX
OPERATING SYSTEM: MS-DOS (Version 5.0)
SOFTWARE: WordPerfect (Version 5.1)
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/370,225
FILING DATE:
CLASSIFICATION: 435
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: 07/969,038
FILING DATE: 10/30/92
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:

NAME: Clark, Paul T.
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 30,162
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 00786/143001
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: (617) 542-5070
TELEFAX: (617) 542-8906
TELEX: 200154
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 7:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 16
TYPE: nucleic acid
STRANDEDNESS: double
TOPOLOGY: linear
US-08-370-225-7

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 16;
Best Local Similarity 93.8%; Pred. No. 1.1e+02;
Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 20 AATTGGGACGAGGCG 35
Db 1 AATTGGGACGAGGCG 16

RESULT 74
US-08-464-051-7
Sequence 7, Application US/08464051
Patent No. 5780262
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: Roger Brent
APPLICANT: Antonis S. Zervos
TITLE OF INVENTION: MAX-INTERACTING PROTEINS AND RELATED
TITLE OF INVENTION: MOLECULES AND METHODS
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 20
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
ADDRESSEE: Fish & Richardson
STREET: 225 Franklin Street
CITY: Boston
STATE: Massachusetts
COUNTRY: U.S.A.
ZIP: 02110-2804
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
MEDIUM TYPE: 3.5" Diskette, 1.44 Mb
COMPUTER: IBM PS/2 Model 502 or 55SX
OPERATING SYSTEM: MS-DOS (Version 5.0)
SOFTWARE: WordPerfect (Version 5.1)
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/464,051
FILING DATE: 05 JUN 1995
CLASSIFICATION: 435
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/011,398
FILING DATE: 29 JAN 1993
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: Paul T. Clark
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 30,162
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 00786/160002
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: (617) 542-5070
TELEFAX: (617) 542-8906
TELEX: 200154
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 7:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 16
TYPE: nucleic acid
STRANDEDNESS: single
TOPOLOGY: linear
US-08-464-051-7

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 16;
Best Local Similarity 93.8%; Pred. No. 1.1e+02;
Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 20 AATTGGCAGCAGGGG 35
Db 1 AATTGGCAGCAGGGG 16

RESULT 75
US-08-461-859-7
Sequence 7, Application US/08461859
Patent No. 5786169
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: Brent, Roger
APPLICANT: Gyuris, Jeno
APPLICANT: Golemis, Erica
TITLE OF INVENTION: Interaction Trap System for Isolating
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 35
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
ADDRESSEE: Fish & Richardson P.C.
STREET: 225 Franklin Street
CITY: Boston
STATE: Massachusetts
COUNTRY: U.S.A.
ZIP: 02110-2804
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
MEDIUM TYPE: 3.5" Diskette, 1.44 Mb
OPERATING SYSTEM: MS-DOS (Version 5.0)
SOFTWARE: WordPerfect (Version 5.1)
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/461,859
FILING DATE: June 5, 1995
CLASSIFICATION: 530
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/370,225
FILING DATE: January 9, 1995
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: 07/969,038
FILING DATE: October 30, 1992
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: Lech, Karen F.
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 35,238
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 00786/143002
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: (617) 542-5070
TELEFAX: (617) 542-8906
TELEX: 200154
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 7:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 16
TYPE: nucleic acid
STRANDEDNESS: single
TOPOLOGY: linear
US-08-461-859-7

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 16;
Best Local Similarity 93.8%; Pred. 1.1e+02;
Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 20 AATTGGCAGCAGGGG 35
Db 1 AATTGGCAGCAGGGG 16

RESULT 76
US-08-462-498-7
Sequence 7, Application US/08462498
Patent No. 5852169
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: Roger Brent
APPLICANT: Antonis S. Zeyvos
TITLE OF INVENTION: MAX-INTERACTING PROTEINS AND RELATED
MOLECULES AND METHODS
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 20

CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
ADDRESSEE: Fish & Richardson
STREET: 225 Franklin Street
CITY: Boston
STATE: Massachusetts
COUNTRY: U.S.A.
ZIP: 02110-2804
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
MEDIUM TYPE: 3.5" Diskette, 1.44 Mb
OPERATING SYSTEM: MS-DOS (Version 5.0)
SOFTWARE: WordPerfect (Version 5.1)
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/462,498
FILING DATE:
CLASSIFICATION: 435
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/011,398
FILING DATE: 29 JAN 1993
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: Paul T. Clark
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 30,162
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 00786/160001
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: (617) 542-5070
TELEFAX: (617) 542-8906
TELEX: 200154
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 7:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 16
TYPE: nucleic acid
STRANDEDNESS: single
TOPOLOGY: linear
US-08-462-498-7

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 16;
Best Local Similarity 93.8%; Pred. 1.1e+02;
Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 20 AATTGGCAGCAGGGG 35
Db 1 AATTGGCAGCAGGGG 16

RESULT 77
US-08-879-260-10
Sequence 10, Application US/08879260
Patent No. 5935851
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: Murthy, Anita E.
APPLICANT: Gasetlla, James F.
TITLE OF INVENTION: TPR-containing Genes
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 11
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
ADDRESSEE: STERN, KESSLER, GOLDSTEIN & FOX P.L.L.C.
STREET: 1100 New York Ave, N.W., Suite 600
CITY: Washington
STATE: D.C.
COUNTRY: U.S.A.
ZIP: 20005
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.30
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/879,260
FILING DATE: 19JUN1997
CLASSIFICATION: 435
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/020,204
FILING DATE: 20JUN1996
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:

NAME: Ludwig, Steven R.
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 36,203
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 0609.4260001/JAG/SRL
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: 202-371-2600
TELEFAX: 202-371-2540
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 10:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 16 base pairs
TYPE: nucleic acid
STRANDEDNESS: single
TOPOLOGY: linear
MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
US-08-879-260-10

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 16;
Best Local Similarity 93.8%; Pred. No. 1.1e+02;
Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 20 AATTCGCGACGAGGG 35
Db 1 AATTCGCGACGAGCG 16

RESULT 78
US-08-554-385-7
Sequence 7, Application US/0854385
Patent No. 6017692
GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: Roger Brent
TITLE OF INVENTION: MAX-INTERACTING PROTEINS AND RELATED
TITLE OF INVENTION: MOLECULES AND METHODS
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 32
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
ADDRESSEE: Fish & Richardson P.C.
STREET: 225 Franklin Street
CITY: Boston
STATE: Massachusetts
COUNTRY: U.S.A.
ZIP: 02110-2804

COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
MEDIUM TYPE: 3.5" Diskette, 1.44 Mb
COMPUTER: IBM PS/2 Model 50Z or 55SX
OPERATING SYSTEM: MS-DOS (Version 5.0)
SOFTWARE: WordPerfect (Version 5.1)
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/554,385
FILING DATE: No. 6017692member 8, 1995
CLASSIFICATION: 435
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER:

ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: Karen F. Lech
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 35,238
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 00786/252001
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: (617) 542-5070
TELEFAX: (617) 542-8906
TELEX: 200154
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 7:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 16
TYPE: nucleic acid
STRANDEDNESS: single
TOPOLOGY: linear
US-08-554-385-7

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 16;
Best Local Similarity 93.8%; Pred. No. 1.1e+02;
Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 20 AATTCGCGACGAGGG 35
Db 1 AATTCGCGACGAGCG 16

RESULT 79
US-09-479-005A-71/c
Sequence 71, Application US/09479005A
Patent No. 6656731
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: Ribozyne Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
TITLE OF INVENTION: Nucleic Acid Catalysts with Endonuclease Activity
FILE REFERENCE: MHB00-884-C
CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/479,005A
CURRENT FILING DATE: 2000-01-07
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 09/444,209
PRIOR FILING DATE: 1999-11-19
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 09/159,274
PRIOR FILING DATE: 1998-09-22
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/059,473
NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 1208
SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.0
SEQ ID NO 71
LENGTH: 16
TYPE: RNA
ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
US-09-479-005A-71

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 16;
Best Local Similarity 93.8%; Pred. No. 1.1e+02;
Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 663 GTCTGCGTGGAGGAGG 678
Db 16 GTCTGCGTGGAGGAGG 1

RESULT 80
PCT-US93-10069-7
Sequence 7, Application PC/TUS9310069
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: Brent, Roger
APPLICANT: Gyuris, Jeno
TITLE OF INVENTION: Golemis, Erica
TITLE OF INVENTION: Interaction Trap System for Isolating
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 33
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
ADDRESSEE: Fish & Richardson
STREET: 225 Franklin Street
CITY: Boston
STATE: Massachusetts
COUNTRY: U.S.A.
ZIP: 02110-2804
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
MEDIUM TYPE: 3.5" Diskette, 1.44 Mb
COMPUTER: IBM PS/2 Model 50Z or 55SX
OPERATING SYSTEM: MS-DOS (Version 5.0)
SOFTWARE: WordPerfect (Version 5.1)
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/US93/10069
FILING DATE: 20-OCT-1993
CLASSIFICATION:
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: 07/969,038
FILING DATE: 10/30/92
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: Clark, Paul T.
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 30,162
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 00786/143001
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: (617) 542-5070

TELEFAX: (617) 542-8906
 TELEX: 200154
 INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 7:
 SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 LENGTH: 16
 TYPE: nucleic acid
 STRANDEDNESS: double
 TOPOLOGY: linear
 PCT-US93-10069-7

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 16;
 Best Local Similarity 93.8%; Pred. No. 1.1e+02;
 Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 20 AATTGGCAGCAGGAGG 35
 DB 1 AATTGGCAGCAGGAGG 16

RESULT 81

US-08-758-306-281
 Sequence 281, Application US/08758306
 Patent No. 5807743

GENERAL INFORMATION:
 APPLICANT: Stinchcomb, Dan T.
 APPLICANT: McSwigen, James A.
 TITLE OF INVENTION: METHOD AND REAGENT FOR THE
 TITLE OF INVENTION: TREATMENT OF DISEASES
 TITLE OF INVENTION: ASSOCIATED WITH
 TITLE OF INVENTION: INTERLEUKIN-2 RECEPTOR
 TITLE OF INVENTION: GAMMA-CHAIN EXPRESSION
 NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 1379
 CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
 ADDRESS: Lyon & Lyon
 STREET: 633 West Fifth Street
 STREET: Suite 4700
 CITY: Los Angeles
 STATE: California
 COUNTRY: U.S.A.
 ZIP: 90071-2066

COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
 MEDIUM TYPE: 3.5" Diskette, 1.44 Mb
 MEDIUM TYPE: storage
 COMPUTER: IBM Compatible
 OPERATING SYSTEM: IBM P.C. DOS 5.0
 SOFTWARE: FastSeg Version 1.5
 CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
 APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/758,306
 FILING DATE: December 3, 1996
 CLASSIFICATION: 514
 PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
 APPLICATION NUMBER:
 FILING DATE:
 ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
 NAME: Wardburg, Richard J.
 REGISTRATION NUMBER: 32,327
 REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 212/132
 TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
 TELEPHONE: (213) 489-1600
 TELEFAX: (213) 955-0440
 TELEX: 67-3510

INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 281:
 SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 LENGTH: 17 base pairs
 TYPE: nucleic acid
 STRANDEDNESS: single
 TOPOLOGY: linear
 US-08-758-306-281

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 17;
 Best Local Similarity 87.5%; Pred. No. 1.1e+02;
 Matches 14; Conservative 1; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 279 CCCCAGTCCACC 294
 DB 1 CCCCAGTCCACC 16

RESULT 82
 US-08-584-040-7820
 Sequence 7820, Application US/08584040
 Patent No. 6346398

GENERAL INFORMATION:
 APPLICANT: Pavco, Pamela
 APPLICANT: McSwigen, James
 APPLICANT: Stinchcomb, Dan T.
 APPLICANT: Escobedo, Jaime
 TITLE OF INVENTION: METHOD AND REAGENT FOR THE
 TITLE OF INVENTION: TREATMENT OF DISEASES OR
 TITLE OF INVENTION: CONDITIONS RELATED TO LEVELS
 TITLE OF INVENTION: OF VASCULAR ENDOTHELIAL
 TITLE OF INVENTION: GROWTH FACTOR
 NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 8502
 CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
 ADDRESS: Lyon & Lyon
 STREET: 633 West Fifth Street
 STREET: Suite 4700
 CITY: Los Angeles
 STATE: California
 COUNTRY: U.S.A.
 ZIP: 90071-2066

COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
 MEDIUM TYPE: 3.5" Diskette, 1.44 Mb
 MEDIUM TYPE: storage
 COMPUTER: IBM Compatible
 OPERATING SYSTEM: IBM P.C. DOS 5.0
 SOFTWARE: Word Perfect 5.1
 CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
 APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/584,040
 FILING DATE: January 11, 1996
 CLASSIFICATION: 514
 PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
 APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/005,974
 FILING DATE: October 26, 1995
 ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
 NAME: Wardburg, Richard J.
 REGISTRATION NUMBER: 32,327
 REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 218/064
 TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
 TELEPHONE: (213) 489-1600
 TELEFAX: (213) 955-0440
 TELEX: 67-3510

INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 7820:
 SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 LENGTH: 17 base pairs
 TYPE: nucleic acid
 STRANDEDNESS: single
 TOPOLOGY: linear
 US-08-584-040-7820

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 17;
 Best Local Similarity 18.8%; Pred. No. 1.1e+02;
 Matches 3; Conservative 12; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1382 TTGTGTTGTTGTTG 1397
 DB 2 UUGUUUUUUUGUUUG 17

RESULT 83
 US-08-584-040-7822
 Sequence 7822, Application US/08584040
 Patent No. 6346398
 GENERAL INFORMATION:
 APPLICANT: Pavco, Pamela
 APPLICANT: McSwigen, James

```

; APPLICANT: Stinchcomb, Dan T.
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Escodedo, Jaime
; TITLE OF INVENTION: METHOD AND REAGENT FOR THE
; TITLE OF INVENTION: TREATMENT OF DISEASES OR
; TITLE OF INVENTION: CONDITIONS RELATED TO LEVELS
; TITLE OF INVENTION: OF VASCULAR ENDOTHELIAL
; TITLE OF INVENTION: GROWTH FACTOR
; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 8502
; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
; ADDRESSEE: Lyon & Lyon
; STREET: 633 West Fifth Street
; STREET: Suite 4700
; CITY: Los Angeles
; STATE: California
; COUNTRY: U.S.A.
; ZIP: 90071-2066
; COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
; MEDIUM TYPE: 3.5" Diskette, 1.44 Mb
; COMPUTER: IBM Compatible
; OPERATING SYSTEM: IBM P.C. DOS 5.0
; SOFTWARE: Word Perfect 5.1
; CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/584,040
; FILING DATE: January 11, 1996
; CLASSIFICATION: 514
; PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/005,974
; FILING DATE: October 26, 1995
; ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
; NAME: Waiburg, Richard J.
; REGISTRATION NUMBER: 32,327
; REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 218/064
; TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
; TELEPHONE: (213) 489-1600
; TELEFAX: (213) 955-0440
; TELEX: 67-3510
; INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 7822:
; SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
; LENGTH: 17 base pairs
; TYPE: nucleic acid
; STRANDEDNESS: single
; TOPOLOGY: linear
; US-08-584-040-7822

Query Match          0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 18.8%; Pred. No. 1.1e+02;
Matches 3; Conservative 12; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY      1383 TTGTTGTTGTTTGT 1398
Db      1 UUGUUUUUUUUUUUU 16

RESULT 84
US-08-679-645-218
; Sequence 218, Application US/08679645
; Patent No. 6350934
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Zwick, Michael G.
; APPLICANT: Edington, Brent E.
; APPLICANT: McSwiggen, James A.
; APPLICANT: Merlo, Patricia Ann Owens
; APPLICANT: Guo, Iming
; APPLICANT: Skokut, Thomas A.
; APPLICANT: Young, Scott A.
; APPLICANT: Folkerts, Otto
; APPLICANT: Merlo, Donald J.
; TITLE OF INVENTION: COMPOSITION AND METHODS FOR
; TITLE OF INVENTION: MODULATION OF GENE EXPRESSION
; TITLE OF INVENTION: IN PLANTS
; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 1263
; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
```

```

; ADDRESSEE: Lyon & Lyon
; STREET: 633 West Fifth Street
; STREET: Suite 4700
; CITY: Los Angeles
; STATE: California
; COUNTRY: U.S.A.
; ZIP: 90071-2066
; COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
; MEDIUM TYPE: 3.5" Diskette, 1.44 Mb
; MEDIUM TYPE: storage
; COMPUTER: IBM Compatible
; OPERATING SYSTEM: IBM P.C. DOS 5.0
; SOFTWARE: Word Perfect 5.1
; CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/679,645
; FILING DATE: July 12, 1996
; CLASSIFICATION: 800
; PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/001,135
; FILING DATE: July 13, 1995
; APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/300,726
; FILING DATE: September 2, 1994
; ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
; NAME: Waiburg, Richard J.
; REGISTRATION NUMBER: 32,327
; REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 219/247
; TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
; TELEPHONE: (213) 489-1600
; TELEFAX: (213) 955-0440
; TELEX: 67-3510
; INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 218:
; SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
; LENGTH: 17 base pairs
; TYPE: nucleic acid
; STRANDEDNESS: single
; TOPOLOGY: linear
; US-08-679-645-218

Query Match          0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 75.0%; Pred. No. 1.1e+02;
Matches 12; Conservative 3; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY      311 CTCAGCCTGGGGGTCG 326
Db      1 CUCAGCCUCGCGGUCG 16

RESULT 85
US-09-474-432B-617
; Sequence 617, Application US/09474432B
; Patent No. 6528640
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Ribozyne Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
; APPLICANT: Belgelman, Leo
; APPLICANT: Burgin, Alex
; APPLICANT: Beaudry, Amber
; APPLICANT: Karpelsky, Alex
; APPLICANT: Adamic, Jasenka
; APPLICANT: Sweedler, David
; APPLICANT: Zinnen, Shawn
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Nucleoside triphosphate and their incorporation into oligonucleotides
; FILE REFERENCE: MBH800-831-B (247/276)
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/474,432B
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 1999-12-19
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/064,866
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1997-11-05
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/084,727
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1998-04-29
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 09/186,675
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1998-11-04
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 09/301,511
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1999-04-28
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 1526
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; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.0
; SEQ ID NO 617
; LENGTH: 17
; TYPE: RNA
; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
US-09-474-432B-617

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Best Local Similarity 62.5%; Pred. No. 1.1e+02;
Matches 10; Conservative 5; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1087 TGTGCGGCTGCTGTG 1102
Db 2 UUGCGCGGCGGCTGUG 17

RESULT 86
US-09-371-772B-3604
; Sequence 3604, Application US/09371772B
; Patent No. 6566127
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Ribozyme Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
; APPLICANT: Pavco, Pam
; APPLICANT: McSwigen, Jim
; APPLICANT: Stinchcomb, Dan
; APPLICANT: Escobedo, Jaime
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Method and Reagent for the Treatment of Diseases or Conditions Rel
; FILE REFERENCE: MHB00,876-J (237/198)
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/371,772B
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1999-08-10
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/005,974
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1995-10-26
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/584,040
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1996-01-08
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 14225
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.0
; SEQ ID NO 3604
; LENGTH: 17
; TYPE: RNA
; ORGANISM: Mus sp.
US-09-371-772B-3604

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 18.8%; Pred. No. 1.1e+02;
Matches 3; Conservative 12; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1382 TTTGTGTTGTTGTTG 1397
Db 2 UUGUUUUUUUUUG 17

RESULT 87
US-09-371-772B-3606
; Sequence 3606, Application US/09371772B
; Patent No. 6566127
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Ribozyme Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
; APPLICANT: Pavco, Pam
; APPLICANT: McSwigen, Jim
; APPLICANT: Stinchcomb, Dan
; APPLICANT: Escobedo, Jaime
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Method and Reagent for the Treatment of Diseases or Conditions Rel
; FILE REFERENCE: MHB00,876-J (237/198)
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/371,772B
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1999-08-10
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/005,974
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1995-10-26
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/584,040
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1996-01-08
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 14225
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.0
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; SEQ ID NO 3606
; LENGTH: 17
; TYPE: RNA
; ORGANISM: Mus sp.
US-09-371-772B-3606

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 18.8%; Pred. No. 1.1e+02;
Matches 3; Conservative 12; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1383 TTGTTGTTGTTGTTGT 1398
Db 1 UUGUUUUUUUUUGU 16

RESULT 88
US-09-371-772B-6350
; Sequence 6350, Application US/09371772B
; Patent No. 6566127
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Ribozyme Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
; APPLICANT: Pavco, Pam
; APPLICANT: McSwigen, Jim
; APPLICANT: Stinchcomb, Dan
; APPLICANT: Escobedo, Jaime
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Method and Reagent for the Treatment of Diseases or Conditions Rel
; FILE REFERENCE: MHB00,876-J (237/198)
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/371,772B
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1999-08-10
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/005,974
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1995-10-26
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/584,040
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1996-01-08
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 14225
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.0
; SEQ ID NO 6350
; LENGTH: 17
; TYPE: RNA
; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
US-09-371-772B-6350

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Best Local Similarity 81.2%; Pred. No. 1.1e+02;
Matches 13; Conservative 2; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 287 TCCACCCCGAGTCG 302
Db 2 UCCACCCCGAGUUGG 17

RESULT 89
US-09-371-772B-6351
; Sequence 6351, Application US/09371772B
; Patent No. 6566127
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Ribozyme Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
; APPLICANT: Pavco, Pam
; APPLICANT: McSwigen, Jim
; APPLICANT: Stinchcomb, Dan
; APPLICANT: Escobedo, Jaime
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Method and Reagent for the Treatment of Diseases or Conditions Rel
; FILE REFERENCE: MHB00,876-J (237/198)
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/371,772B
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1999-08-10
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/005,974
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1995-10-26
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/584,040
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1996-01-08
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 14225
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.0
; SEQ ID NO 6351
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; LENGTH: 17
; TYPE: RNA
; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
US-09-371-772B-6351

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Best Local Similarity 81.2%; Pred. No. 1.1e+02;
Matches 13; Conservative 2; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY      287 TCCACCCCGAGATCGG 302
Db      1 UCCACCCCGAGAUUGG 16

RESULT 90
US-09-476-387-616
; Sequence 616, Application US/09476387
; Patent No. 6617438
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Ribozyne Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
; APPLICANT: Beigelman, Leo
; APPLICANT: Beaudry, Amber
; APPLICANT: Karpeisky, Alex
; APPLICANT: Adamic, Jasenka Matulic
; APPLICANT: Sweedler, Dave
; APPLICANT: Zinnen, Shawn
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Nucleotide Triphosphate and their Incorporation into Oligonucleot
; FILE REFERENCE: MMB00-831-C (249/073)
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/476,387
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-04-04
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 09/474,432
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1999-12-29
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 09/301,511
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1999-04-28
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 09/186,675
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1998-11-04
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/083,727
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1998-04-29
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/064,866
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1997-11-05
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 1524
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.0
; SEQ ID NO 616
; LENGTH: 17
; TYPE: RNA
; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
US-09-476-387-616

Query Match          0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 62.5%; Pred. No. 1.1e+02;
Matches 10; Conservative 5; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY      1087 TGTGCGGTGCGTGTG 1102
Db      2 UGUGCCGGUGGUGUG 17

RESULT 91
US-08-679-645-631
; Sequence 631, Application US/08679645
; Patent No. 6350934
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Zwick, Michael G.
; APPLICANT: Edgington, Brent E.
; APPLICANT: McSwiggen, James A.
; APPLICANT: Merlo, Patricia Ann Owens
; APPLICANT: Guo, Lining
; APPLICANT: Skokut, Thomas A.
; APPLICANT: Young, Scott A.
; APPLICANT: Folkerts, Otto
; APPLICANT: Merlo, Donald J.
; TITLE OF INVENTION: COMPOSITION AND METHODS FOR
; MODULATION OF GENE EXPRESSION
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; TITLE OF INVENTION: IN PLANTS
; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 1263
; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
; ADDRESSEE: Lyon & Lyon
; STREET: 633 West Fifth Street
; CITY: Los Angeles
; STATE: California
; COUNTRY: U.S.A.
; ZIP: 90071-2066
; COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
; MEDIUM TYPE: 3.5" Diskette, 1.44 Mb
; MEDIUM TYPE: storage
; COMPUTER: IBM Compatible
; OPERATING SYSTEM: IBM P.C. DOS 5.0
; SOFTWARE: Word Perfect 5.1
; CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/679,645
; FILING DATE: July 12, 1996
; CLASSIFICATION: 800
; PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/001,135
; FILING DATE: July 13, 1995
; APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/300,726
; FILING DATE: September 2, 1994
; ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
; NAME: Warburg, Richard J.
; REGISTRATION NUMBER: 32,327
; REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 219/247
; TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
; TELEPHONE: (213) 489-1600
; TELEFAX: (213) 955-0440
; TELEX: 67-3510
; INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 631:
; SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
; LENGTH: 18 base pairs
; TYPE: nucleic acid
; STRANDEDNESS: single
; TOPOLOGY: linear
US-08-679-645-631

Query Match          0.8%; Score 14.4; DB 1; Length 18;
Best Local Similarity 75.0%; Pred. No. 1.1e+02;
Matches 12; Conservative 3; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY      310 GCTCAGCCTGGGGGTC 325
Db      3 GCTCAGCCTGGGGGTC 18

Search completed: December 13, 2004, 08:35:53
Job time : 16 secs
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OM nucleic - nucleic search, using sw model

Run on: December 13, 2004, 08:32:21 ; Search time 36 Seconds
(without alignments)
3,704 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-091-333-2

Perfect score: 1764

Sequence: 1 tttagccctcgaagcccaaga.....ataacatgttgcataaac 1764

Scoring table:

IDENTITY NUC
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 1951 seqs, 37797 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 3902

Minimum DB seq length: 8
Maximum DB seq length: 50

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%
Maximum Match 100%
Listing first 223 summaries

Database : rng2.seq:*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

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1	39.5	2.2	50	1	AA176791 Human silent SNP c
2	33	1.9	38	1	AAV82614 Oligonucleotide us
3	21	1.2	21	1	AAV82613 Oligonucleotide us
4	20	1.1	20	1	AAV18869 Primer for rat hyp
5	20	1.1	20	1	AAZ40169 PCR primer for hum
6	20	1.1	20	1	ADOC84458 Primer #2 used to
7	20	1.1	20	1	ADOC59662 RHP801 gene primer
8	20	1.1	20	1	ADOC59661 RHP801 gene primer
9	18.8	1.1	24	1	AA177019 Part of plasmid pT
10	18.8	1.1	25	1	ACT84593 Human microarray D
11	18.4	1.0	24	1	ADOC84457 Yln Yang-1 (Y-1)
12	18	1.0	18	1	AAH89053 Primer #1 used to
13	17.8	1.0	21	1	AAH89053 Human polymorphic
14	16.8	1.0	21	1	AAH62187 Oestrogen receptor
15	16.8	0.9	19	1	ADH70254 Human Vbeta gene r
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22	16.4	0.9	26	1	AA179519 Human DRK1 DNA, a
23	16.2	0.9	21	1	AA179519 Antitumoural phosp
24	16	0.9	17	1	ABA81112 Human CYP3A5 gene
25	16	0.9	17	1	ABA81112 LDR mutation corr
26	16	0.9	19	1	AAAT87932 Primer for rat cer
27	16	0.9	20	1	AAAT87932 Human PABP-1 antic
28	16	0.9	20	1	AAH28641 Human telomeric re
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37	16	0.9	24	1	AAZ07017 Oligonucleotide SE
38	16	0.9	26	1	AAV12482 Circular template
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C 107	15.4	0.9	20	1	ADP11812	Set 2 left PCR pri
C 108	15.4	0.9	20	1	AD050692	Human STAT2 antise
C 109	15.4	0.9	20	1	AA050659	Human STAT2 antise
C 110	15.4	0.9	25	1	AA084260	PCR primer for hum
C 111	15.4	0.9	26	1	AA173048	Scaffold oligonuc
C 112	15.4	0.9	26	1	AA020672	Human zaihalil lig
C 113	15.4	0.9	26	1	ABX93461	LS147-specific pol
C 114	15.4	0.9	26	1	ADH44609	Human cDNA encodin
C 115	15.4	0.9	26	1	AD100945	Sequencing primer
C 116	15.4	0.9	26	1	ADP19768	Human zaihalil lig
C 117	15.2	0.9	20	1	AA096967	Human ballelic po
C 118	15.2	0.9	20	1	AAV49804	Mouse haematopoiet
C 119	15.2	0.9	20	1	AA055902	Hepatitis B virus
C 120	15.2	0.9	20	1	AA040560	Human PAK5 primer
C 121	15.2	0.9	20	1	AA069725	MAGE-C2 specific P
C 122	15.2	0.9	20	1	AA096441	PCR primer used to
C 123	15.2	0.9	20	1	AA093270	PCR primer used to
C 124	15.2	0.9	20	1	AA050781	PCR primer HG03.37
C 125	15.2	0.9	20	1	AAA52987	Candida albicans g
C 126	15.2	0.9	20	1	AAA26732	PCR primer used in
C 127	15.2	0.9	20	1	AAA11324	Human TRPC7 gene i
C 128	15.2	0.9	20	1	AA062074	Reverse primer use
C 129	15.2	0.9	20	1	AA023216	Human MIF mRNA in
C 130	15.2	0.9	20	1	AA015581	Human carbonic an
C 131	15.2	0.9	20	1	AA062920	Human PEPCK-cycto
C 132	15.2	0.9	20	1	AA091651	Human angiotensin
C 133	15.2	0.9	20	1	AA091840	p53 consensus bind
C 134	15.2	0.9	20	1	AA069698	Human IL4Ralpha ge
C 135	15.2	0.9	20	1	AA016424	Mouse GIL-1 trans
C 136	15.2	0.9	20	1	AA097838	Murine SACL gene-s
C 137	15.2	0.9	20	1	AA044828	Human raf kinase r
C 138	15.2	0.9	20	1	ABX95003	MAGE-C2 specific P
C 139	15.2	0.9	20	1	AD088920	Antisense oligonu
C 140	15.2	0.9	20	1	AD018034	MAGE-C2 gene PCR p
C 141	15.2	0.9	20	1	AD032990	Human ET-beta subu
C 142	15.2	0.9	20	1	AB024264	Human gene PCR pri
C 143	15.2	0.9	20	1	AB027187	Human oligonucleot
C 144	15.2	0.9	20	1	AB028322	Human oligonucleot
C 145	15.2	0.9	20	1	AB028743	Human raf-associat
C 146	15.2	0.9	20	1	ACD42144	Human MAGE-C2 PCR
C 147	15.2	0.9	20	1	ABD33117	Human calmodulin 2
C 148	15.2	0.9	20	1	ABD23973	Human myosin X-der
C 149	15.2	0.9	20	1	ABD23417	Human calmodulin 2
C 150	15.2	0.9	20	1	ABD24552	AI65764-derived o
C 151	15.2	0.9	20	1	AD067851	Human glucocortic
C 152	15.2	0.9	20	1	AD019409	Human MAGE-C2 PCR
C 153	15.2	0.9	20	1	AD018308	Human PRL3 antise
C 154	15.2	0.9	20	1	AD018178	Antisense oligonuc
C 155	15.2	0.9	20	1	AD012912	Antisense oligonuc
C 156	15.2	0.9	20	1	AD035532	Primer of the inve
C 157	15.2	0.9	20	1	AD037463	Primer of the inve
C 158	15.2	0.9	20	1	AD035099	Primer of the inve
C 159	15.2	0.9	20	1	AD012219	Human complement c
C 160	15.2	0.9	20	1	AD025457	Human endothelial
C 161	15.2	0.9	20	1	AD078855	Chimeric phosphor
C 162	15.2	0.9	20	1	AD000781	Human VEGF co-regu
C 163	15.2	0.9	20	1	AD000781	Human Notch (Dros
C 164	15.2	0.9	20	1	AD048788	Murine SACL DNA PC
C 165	15.2	0.9	20	1	AD048788	Human B7H antise
C 166	15.2	0.9	20	1	AD048788	Human B7H antise
C 167	15.2	0.9	20	1	AD048788	Human Lck DNA anti
C 168	15.2	0.9	20	1	AD048788	Porcine IGF2 exon
C 169	15.2	0.9	17	1	AA030309	Hammerhead ribozym
C 170	15.2	0.9	20	1	AD038744	Human LIM domain k
C 171	15.2	0.9	20	1	AD038744	Human LIM domain k
C 172	15.2	0.9	24	1	AD038744	Compound activit
C 173	15.2	0.9	24	1	AD038744	Pition protein poly
C 174	15.2	0.9	25	1	AC079235	Calix(a)arene-olig
C 175	15.2	0.9	27	1	ABX12469	Coxsackie B virus
C 176	14.8	0.8	18	1	AA067192	Human CPD0 hairpin
C 177	14.8	0.8	18	1	AA067192	Human IL5 antisen
C 178	14.8	0.8	18	1	AA067192	Human IL-5 antisen
C 179	14.8	0.8	18	1	AAA33462	Low adenosine anti

180	14.8	0.8	18	1	AA019584	Human IL5 polynuc
181	14.8	0.8	18	1	AB295278	Human IL-5 antisen
182	14.8	0.8	18	1	AB297335	Human IL4-R oligon
183	14.8	0.8	18	1	ABD19252	Human IL5 DNA frag
184	14.8	0.8	18	1	ABD30366	Human IL4-R derive
185	14.8	0.8	18	1	AD039154	Oligonucleotide as
186	14.8	0.8	18	1	AD044644	Human oligonucleot
187	14.8	0.8	18	1	AD044644	Human myosin heavy
188	14.8	0.8	19	1	AA022783	Rabbit alpha-actin
189	14.8	0.8	19	1	AA013267	PCR primer #2 used
190	14.8	0.8	19	1	AA084391	Cyclin D3 ribozyme
191	14.8	0.8	19	1	AA084391	Cyclin D1 ribozyme
192	14.8	0.8	19	1	AA084391	Cyclin D1 ribozyme
193	14.8	0.8	19	1	AA027311	Human TSG16 PCR pr
194	14.8	0.8	19	1	AA059553	Cyclin D1 ribozyme
195	14.8	0.8	19	1	AA060650	Cyclin D1 ribozyme
196	14.8	0.8	19	1	AA059410	Rat collagen I RT-
197	14.8	0.8	19	1	AB010370	VEGF gene specific
198	14.8	0.8	19	1	AB010370	VEGF reverse prime
199	14.8	0.8	19	1	AA067970	Collagen I gene sp
200	14.8	0.8	19	1	AA0172105	Rat RT-PCR primer
201	14.8	0.8	19	1	AD018709	Protein tyrosine p
202	14.8	0.8	19	1	AD071326	Sense siNA that do
203	14.8	0.8	19	1	AD075525	Antisense siNA tha
204	14.8	0.8	19	1	AD075525	Human breakpoint c
205	14.8	0.8	19	1	AD084165	Human breakpoint c
206	14.8	0.8	19	1	AD083902	Human BACE transcr
207	14.8	0.8	19	1	AD016211	Human BACE siNA 10
208	14.8	0.8	19	1	AD016211	Human BACE transcr
209	14.8	0.8	19	1	AD016211	Human BACE siNA 10
210	14.8	0.8	19	1	AD016211	Human BACE transcr
211	14.8	0.8	19	1	AD016211	Human BACE transcr
212	14.8	0.8	19	1	AD016211	Human BACE transcr
213	14.8	0.8	19	1	AD016211	Human BACE transcr
214	14.8	0.8	19	1	AD016211	Human BACE transcr
215	14.8	0.8	19	1	AD016211	Human BACE transcr
216	14.8	0.8	19	1	AD016211	Human BACE transcr
217	14.8	0.8	19	1	AD016211	Human BACE transcr
218	14.8	0.8	19	1	AD016211	Human BACE transcr
219	14.8	0.8	19	1	AD016211	Human BACE transcr
220	14.8	0.8	19	1	AD016211	Human BACE transcr
221	14.8	0.8	19	1	AD016211	Human BACE transcr
222	14.8	0.8	19	1	AD016211	Human BACE transcr
223	14.8	0.8	19	1	AD016211	Human BACE transcr

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1						
AA176791/c						
ID	AA176791	standard; DNA; 50 BP.				
XX	AA176791;					
AC						
DT	09-NOV-2001	(first entry)				
XX						
DE	Human silent SNP containing nucleic acid SEQ.3732.					
XX						
KW	Human: single nucleotide polymorphism; SNP; genome; gene therapy;					
KW	protein therapy; vaccine; probe; diagnostic assay; detection;					
KW	quantitation; restorative therapy; polymorphic; ds.					
XX						
OS	Homo sapiens.					
XX						
PN	W0200140521-A2.					
XX						
PD	07-JUN-2001.					
XX						
PF	30-NOV-2000; 2000WO-US032758.					
XX						
PR	30-NOV-1999; 99US-0168138P.					
PR	29-NOV-2000; 2000US-00726173.					


```

XX PA (CURA-) CURAGEN CORP.
XX PI Shinketsu RA, Leach M,
XX DR WPI; 2001-356160/37.
XX PT Polymorphic nucleic acid sequences, useful in genetic testing and
XX therapy.
XX PS Claim 1; Page 1193; 2653pp; English.
XX CC AAT73060 to AAT79867 represent isolated human polymorphic polynucleotide
XX sequences (I) which contain single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs).
XX CC AAM53114 to AAM53129 represent peptides related to human polymorphic
XX CC polynucleotide sequences. The sequences can be used in gene and protein
XX CC therapy, and in vaccine production. (I) and the polypeptides encoded by
XX CC them may be used in the prevention, diagnosis and treatment of diseases
XX CC associated with inappropriate expression of polymorphic polypeptides. For
XX CC example, (I) may be used to treat disorders by rectifying mutations or
XX CC deletions in a patient's genome that affect the activity of polypeptides
XX CC by expressing inactive proteins or to supplement the patients own
XX CC production of polypeptide. Additionally, (I) and its complementary
XX CC sequences may also be used as DNA probes in diagnostic assays to detect
XX CC and quantitate the presence of similar nucleic acids in samples, and
XX CC therefore which patients may be in need of restorative therapy. The
XX CC polypeptides encoded by (I) may be used as antigens in the production of
XX CC antibodies specific for polymorphic polypeptides. The antibodies may also
XX CC be used to down regulate expression and activity. The antibodies may also
XX CC be used as diagnostic agents for detecting the presence of polymorphic
XX CC polypeptides in samples
XX SQ Sequence 50 BP; 7 A; 14 C; 15 G; 14 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 2.2%; Score 39.5; DB 1; Length 50;
Matches 50; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 1; Gaps 1;

QY 919 CTTCAACCTGAGGGGCGGACAGTGCCTCCAGACAGAGAGAGTGAAGT 969
DB 50 CTTCAACCTGAGGGGCGGACAGTGCCTCCAGACAGAGAGAGTGAAGT 1

RESULT 2
AAV82614/c
ID AAV82614 standard; DNA; 38 BP.
XX AC AAV82614;
XX DT 10-FEB-1999 (first entry)
XX DE Oligonucleotide used to block 5' vector sequences of human RNA.
XX KM normalise; cDNA library; construct; subtractive cDNA library; primer; ss.
XX OS Synthetic.
XX PN US5846721-A.
XX PD 08-DEC-1998.
XX PF 19-SEP-1996; 96US-00715941.
XX PR 19-SEP-1996; 96US-00715941.
XX PA (UYCO ) UNIV COLUMBIA NEW YORK.
XX PI Soares MB, Bonaldo MDF;
XX DR WPI; 1999-059042/05.
XX PT Method of normalising cDNA libraries - and construction of subtractive
PT cDNA libraries.

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XX PS Disclosure; Col 13; 28pp; English.
XX CC The present oligonucleotide was used to block 5' vector sequences of all
XX CC human organ library RNAs, in the method of the invention. The
XX CC specification describes methods to normalise a cDNA library, and to
XX CC construct a subtractive cDNA library
XX SQ Sequence 38 BP; 6 A; 14 C; 9 G; 9 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 1.9%; Score 33; DB 1; Length 38;
Matches 33; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TTTGGCCCTCGAGGCGCAAGATTGCGCGAGG 33
DB 33 TTTGGCCCTCGAGGCGCAAGATTGCGCGAGG 1

RESULT 3
AAV82613
ID AAV82613 standard; DNA; 21 BP.
XX AC AAV82613;
XX DT 10-FEB-1999 (first entry)
XX DE Oligonucleotide used to block 3' vector sequences of human RNA.
XX KM normalise; cDNA library; construct; subtractive cDNA library; primer; ss.
XX OS Synthetic.
XX PN US5846721-A.
XX PD 08-DEC-1998.
XX PF 19-SEP-1996; 96US-00715941.
XX PR 19-SEP-1996; 96US-00715941.
XX PA (UYCO ) UNIV COLUMBIA NEW YORK.
XX PI Soares MB, Bonaldo MDF;
XX DR WPI; 1999-059042/05.
XX PT Method of normalising cDNA libraries - and construction of subtractive
PT cDNA libraries.
XX PS Disclosure; Col 13; 28pp; English.
XX CC The present oligonucleotide was used to block 3' vector sequences of all
XX CC human organ library RNAs, in the method of the invention. The
XX CC specification describes methods to normalise a cDNA library, and to
XX CC construct a subtractive cDNA library
XX SQ Sequence 21 BP; 7 A; 5 C; 7 G; 2 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 1.2%; Score 21; DB 1; Length 21;
Matches 21; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 12 AGGCCAAGATTGCGCGAGG 32
DB 12 AGGCCAAGATTGCGCGAGG 21

RESULT 4
AAV18869
ID AAV18869 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
XX AC AAV18869;

```

```

XX 09-JUL-1998 (first entry)
DT Primer for rat hypocretin 35 cDNA.
DE
XX
XX Rat: hypocretin 35; H35; treatment; neurological disease;
KM homeostatic dysfunction; PCR primer;
XX homeostatic regulatory hormone production; ss.
XX
OS Synthetic.
OS Rattus rattus.
XX
XX W09805352-A1.
XX
XX 12-FEB-1998.
XX
XX 01-AUG-1997; 97WO-US013657.
XX
XX 02-AUG-1996; 96US-0023220P.
XX
XX (SCRI ) SCRIPPS RES INST.
XX
XX Sutcliffe JG, Gautvik XM, De Lecea L, Bloom FE, Danielson PE,
PI Gautvik VT, Kliduff TS, Foye PE;
XX
XX WPI, 1998-145352/13.
XX
XX Nucleic acid encoding hypocretin of rat and mouse - useful for diagnosis
PT and treatment of neurological disease, homeostatic dysfunction etc., also
PT sequence for calmodulin kinase-like protein.
XX
XX Example 1; Page 71; 11pp; English.
XX
XX The present sequence is a primer for the cDNA encoding rat hypocretin 35
CC (H35), which is involved in lowering body temperature and reducing food
CC intake. Modulation of the H35 receptor can be used in the treatment of
CC neurological disease or homeostatic dysfunction, or to control
CC homeostatic regulatory hormone production. Hypocretin proteins can be
CC used to raise antibodies (Ab), to identify specific agonists or
CC antagonists, in therapy, to detect Ab and to isolate cognate receptors.
CC Oligonucleotides based on H35 cDNA can be used to detect the hypocretin
CC gene or its RNA transcript, and as antisense agents for inhibiting gene
CC expression. H35 cDNA can also be used for recombinant protein production.
CC The Ab can be used to detect or quantify hypocretin proteins and as a
CC therapeutic inhibitor
XX
XX Sequence 20 BP; 7 A; 5 C; 6 G; 2 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
SQ
Query Match 1.1%; Score 20; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 34;
Matches 20; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 12 AGGCCAAGATTGCGACGA 31
Db 1 AGGCCAAGATTGCGACGA 20

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OS Homo sapiens.
XX
XX W0958676-A2.
XX
XX 18-NOV-1999.
XX
XX 05-MAY-1999; 99WO-US009831.
XX
XX 14-MAY-1998; 98US-0085497P.
XX
XX (IMMV ) IMMUNEX CORP.
XX
XX Spriggs MK;
XX
XX WPI, 2000-053100/04.
XX
XX Novel neurologic regulator polypeptide for treating inflammatory
PT diseases, autoimmune disorders, etc.,.
PT
XX
XX Example 1; Page 20; 41pp; English.
XX
XX This sequence represents a PCR primer for DNA encoding the human
CC semaphorin protein, designated DCSema, of the invention. DCSema is used
CC for treating inflammatory diseases. DCSema ligands bind with VESPR to
CC enhance or promote interleukin-12 (IL-12) production which induces an
CC immune response against aggressive micrometastasing tumours. They are
CC associated with immune suppression of mature dendritic cells and
CC therefore can be used for treating autoimmune disorders. They can be
CC employed to measure biological activity of any semaphorin receptor in
CC terms of its binding affinity for semaphorin ligand and also for
CC detecting semaphorin receptor by in vitro assays. DCSema polypeptides are
CC used as reagents in quality assurance studies (to monitor shelf life and
CC stability of semaphorin receptor under different conditions). They are
CC also used as a research tool for studying the role of this ligand and its
CC receptor in immune regulation and are also used as carriers for
CC delivering diagnostic or therapeutic agents to cells expressing
CC semaphorin receptor. They are shown to play a role as immune regulators
CC in viral infection
XX
XX Sequence 20 BP; 5 A; 6 C; 6 G; 3 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
SQ
Query Match 1.1%; Score 20; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 34;
Matches 20; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 8 CTCGAGGCCAAGATTGCGC 27
Db 1 CTCGAGGCCAAGATTGCGC 20

```

```

RESULT 6
ID ADC84458/c
AD 84458 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
XX
XX ADC84458;
XX
XX 01-JAN-2004 (first entry)
XX
XX Primer #2 used to to generate DA2 cDNA.
DE
XX
XX HALP protein; anti-apoptotic activity; chronic inflammatory disease;
KM leukemia; myocardial infarction; stroke; traumatic brain injury;
XX muscular degenerative diseases; aging; tumor induced-cachexia;
KM rheumatoid arthritis; system lupus erythematosus; hair loss;
KM antiinflammatory; cytosstatic; cardiant; cerebroprotective;
KM immunomodulator; antithematic; antiarthritic; immunosuppressive;
KM dermatological; anti-HIV; ss; primer.
XX
XX Synthetic.
XX
XX W02003070906-A2.
XX
XX 28-AUG-2003.
XX
XX Synthetic.

```

XX 19-FEB-2003; 2003WO-US004945.
 PF 19-FEB-2002; 2002US-0358495P.
 XX (CHIL-) CHILDRENS HOSPITAL PHILADELPHIA.
 PA Finkel TH, Yin J;
 PI WPI; 2003-679875/64.
 DR
 XX
 PT New HALP protein and nucleic acids having anti-apoptotic activity in HIV-
 PT 1 infected cells, useful for treating HIV infection and AIDS, or
 PT disorders associated with inordinate cellular apoptosis, e.g. leukemia,
 PT stroke or brain injury.
 XX
 XX Example 2; Page 28; 92pp; English.
 CC A nucleic acid molecule encoding HALP protein having anti-apoptotic
 CC activity in HIV-1 infected cells, is new. The agent is selected from
 CC HALP, CD4, DF2, DF3, CC8 and molecule selected from those given in the
 CC specification. The disorder may be acute and chronic inflammatory
 CC disease, leukemia, myocardial infarction, stroke, traumatic brain injury,
 CC neural and muscular degenerative diseases, aging, tumor induced-cachexia,
 CC rheumatoid arthritis, system lupus erythematosus, or hair loss. The
 CC method is considered antiinflammatory, cytoprotective, cardiact,
 CC cerebroprotective, immunomodulator, antithrombotic, antiarthritic,
 CC immunosuppressive, dermatological and anti-HIV. HALP, CD4, DF2, DF3, and
 CC CC8 are useful for maintaining cell viability in a subject having a
 CC disorder characterized by inordinate cellular apoptosis, such as acute
 CC and chronic inflammatory disease, leukemia, myocardial infarction,
 CC stroke, traumatic brain injury, neural and muscular degenerative
 CC diseases, aging, tumor induced-cachexia, rheumatoid arthritis, system
 CC lupus erythematosus, or hair loss. The HALP nucleic acids are
 CC particularly useful for the development of therapeutic agents for
 CC treating HIV infection and AIDS. The present sequence represents a primer
 CC used in the method of invention.
 CC
 CC Sequence 20 BP; 7 A; 6 C; 2 G; 5 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
 SQ
 Query Match 1.1%; Score 20; DB 1; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 34;
 Matches 20; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 904 TTGAGGAGTGTGAACCTCA 923
 DB 20 TTGAGGAGTGTGAACCTCA 1
 RESULT 7
 ADOS9662/c
 ID ADOS9662 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
 AC
 XX ADOS9662;
 XX
 DT 26-AUG-2004 (first entry)
 DE
 PA RTP801 gene primer #2.
 KW ss; primer; cytostatic; gene therapy; KIT tyrosine kinase inhibitor;
 KM tumor; gene expression; cancer.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 XX WO2004045545-A2.
 PN 03-JUN-2004.
 PD
 XX 18-NOV-2003; 2003WO-US036820.
 PF 18-NOV-2002; 2002US-0427326P.
 PR (FOX-) FOX CHASE CANCER CENT.
 XX
 PA

XX Eisenberg B, Von Mehren M, Frolov A, Godwin A;
 PI WPI; 2004-420529/39.
 DR
 XX
 PT Assessing the biological activity of a KIT tyrosine kinase inhibitor
 PT against a tumor for preparing a composition for treating tumor by
 PT detecting in a sample the expression level of a gene that correlates with
 PT the activity of the inhibitor.
 XX
 XX Example 5; SEQ ID NO 14; 77pp; English.
 CC The invention relates to a method of assessing the biological activity of
 CC a KIT tyrosine kinase inhibitor against a tumor by detecting in a
 CC biological sample of the tumor the level of expression of a gene which
 CC correlates with the biological activity of the KIT tyrosine kinase
 CC inhibitor, where the biological sample has been exposed to the KIT
 CC tyrosine kinase inhibitor. The method is useful in assessing the
 CC biological activity of a KIT tyrosine kinase inhibitor against a tumor
 CC for preparing a composition for treating cancer. This sequence
 CC corresponds to a PCR primer used in the method of the invention.
 CC
 CC Sequence 20 BP; 5 A; 4 C; 6 G; 5 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
 SQ
 Query Match 1.1%; Score 20; DB 1; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 34;
 Matches 20; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 852 ACTGGCTTCGAGTATCA 871
 DB 20 ACTGGCTTCGAGTATCA 1
 RESULT 8
 ADOS9661
 ID ADOS9661 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
 AC
 XX ADOS9661;
 XX
 DT 26-AUG-2004 (first entry)
 DE
 PA RTP801 gene primer #1.
 KW ss; primer; cytostatic; gene therapy; KIT tyrosine kinase inhibitor;
 KM tumor; gene expression; cancer.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 XX WO2004045545-A2.
 PN 03-JUN-2004.
 PD
 XX 18-NOV-2003; 2003WO-US036820.
 PF 18-NOV-2002; 2002US-0427326P.
 PR (FOX-) FOX CHASE CANCER CENT.
 XX
 PA Eisenberg B, Von Mehren M, Frolov A, Godwin A;
 PI WPI; 2004-420529/39.
 DR
 XX
 PT Assessing the biological activity of a KIT tyrosine kinase inhibitor
 PT against a tumor for preparing a composition for treating tumor by
 PT detecting in a sample the expression level of a gene that correlates with
 PT the activity of the inhibitor.
 XX
 XX Example 5; SEQ ID NO 13; 77pp; English.
 CC The invention relates to a method of assessing the biological activity of
 CC a KIT tyrosine kinase inhibitor against a tumor by detecting in a
 CC biological sample of the tumor the level of expression of a gene which
 CC correlates with the biological activity of the KIT tyrosine kinase

inhibitor, where the biological sample has been exposed to the KIT tyrosine kinase inhibitor. The method is useful in assessing the biological activity of a KIT tyrosine kinase inhibitor against a tumor for preparing a composition for treating cancer. This sequence corresponds to a PCR primer used in the method of the invention.

Sequence 20 BP; 5 A; 5 C; 6 G; 4 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 1.1%; Score 20; DB 1; Length 20;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 34; Matches 20; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

422 AGACACGCGCTACTGATG 441
1 AGACACGCGCTACTGATG 20

RESULT 9

AA77019 standard; RNA; 24 BP.

AA77019;

14-MAY-2001 (first entry)

Part of plasmid pTNF 1309-1332.

Part of plasmid pTNF 1309-1332.
AU-rich element; ARE: zinc finger; tristetraprolin; TTP; TNF alpha;
tumour necrosis factor; ss.

Unidentified.

WO200112213-A2.

22-FEB-2001.

14-AUG-2000; 2000WO-US022199.

13-AUG-1999; 99US-0148810P.

(USSH) US DEPT HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES.

Blackshear PJ, Lai WS, Carballo-Jane E;

WPI; 2001-202827/20.

Stimulating degradation of mRNA containing AU-rich elements, especially tumor necrosis factor-alpha mRNA, by contacting with tandem zinc finger polypeptide containing tristetraprolin zinc finger domains, useful for treating Crohn's disease.

Example 4; Page 90; 133pp; English.

The present invention relates to stimulating degradation of an mRNA molecule having an AU-rich element (ARE), comprises contacting the mRNA molecule with a tandem zinc finger (TZF) polypeptide consisting of the tristetraprolin (TTP) zinc finger domain or comprising a TTP-like zinc finger domain, therefore stimulating degradation of the mRNA molecule. The invention is useful for stimulating the degradation of mRNA within a cytosolic extract or a cell, where the mRNA preferably encodes tumour necrosis factor-alpha (TNF-alpha) and administration of TZF polypeptide or nucleic acid encoding the polypeptide inhibits, prevents or treats TNF-alpha-related diseases or condition in a patient

Sequence 24 BP; 0 A; 0 C; 5 G; 0 T; 19 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 1.1%; Score 18.8; DB 1; Length 24;

Best Local Similarity 22.7%; Pred. No. 54; Matches 5; Conservative 15; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

1377 GGTGTTGTGTTGTTGTTGT 1398

3 GUNUGUUGUUGUUGUUGU 24

RESULT 10

AC184593 standard; DNA; 25 BP.

AC184593;

14-OCT-2003 (first entry)

Human microarray DNA oligonucleotide SEQ ID NO 84584.

EST; ss; probe; expressed sequence tag; microarray; gene expression; genetic variation; biallelic marker; polymorphism; human; cross-species comparison.

Homo sapiens.

US2003104410-A1.

05-JUN-2003.

15-MAR-2002; 2002US-00098263.

16-MAR-2001; 2001US-0276759P.

(AFFY-) AFFYMETRIX INC.

Mittmann MP;

WPI; 2003-567953/53.

New array of nucleic acid probes, useful for in situ hybridization, in Southern, Northern or dot-blot hybridization to identify or detect the sequence or specific mutations of any gene.

Claim 1; SEQ ID NO 84584; 9pp; English.

The invention discloses a microarray comprising a plurality of nucleic acid probes including one of 2,018,500 fully defined sequences, or its perfect match, perfect mismatch, antisense match or antisense mismatch. Also disclosed is a method of gene expression analysis. The array is used in monitoring gene expression levels by hybridization of tag-labelled compounds. The nucleic acid probes are specifically designed for analysis of at least one target sequence. The method of analysis comprises hybridizing at least one or more nucleic acids to at least two or more nucleic acid probes and detecting the hybridisation. The nucleic acid probes are attached to a solid support. The analysis comprises monitoring gene expression levels, identifying biallelic markers or polymorphisms, or family members of a gene and a cross-species comparison. Each of the nucleic acids further comprises a tag sequence. The array of nucleic acid probes is useful in in situ hybridization, in Southern, Northern or dot-blot hybridization to identify or detect the sequence or specific mutations of any gene, in mapping the 5' termini of mRNA molecules by primer extensions or in screening cDNA or genomic libraries or subclones for additional subclones containing segments of DNA that have been isolated and previously sequenced. The sequence presented is one of the nucleic acid probes incorporated in the microarray. Note: The sequence data for this patent can also be obtained in electronic format directly from USPTO at seqdata.uspto.gov/c/sequence.html

Sequence 25 BP; 4 A; 7 C; 5 G; 9 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 1.1%; Score 18.8; DB 1; Length 25;

Best Local Similarity 90.9%; Pred. No. 54; Matches 20; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

123 ACTGCTTAGCAGTTCTCGCT 144

4 ACTGCTGAGCTGTTCTCGCT 25


```

ID AAH9053 standard; DNA; 21 BP.
XX
XX AAH9053;
AC
XX 09-SEP-2004 (revised)
XX 27-FEB-2002 (first entry)
XX
XX Human polymorphic oligonucleotide AC000159 fragment #7.
XX
XX Human, single nucleotide polymorphic; SNP; forensic science;
XX paternity testing; phenotypic trait; genetic mapping; animal breeding;
XX plant breeding; ds.
XX
XX Homo sapiens.
XX Unidentified.
XX
XX Key Location/Qualifiers
XX Variation 11
XX /*tag= a
XX /standard_name= "single nucleotide polymorphism"
XX
XX WO200134840-A2.
XX
XX 17-MAY-2001.
XX
XX 10-NOV-2000; 2000WO-US030766.
XX
XX 10-NOV-1999; 99US-0164596P.
XX
XX (GLAXO) GLAXO GROUP LTD.
XX (AFFY-) AFFYMETRIX INC.
XX
XX Au K, Chen J, Patil N, Thomas D;
XX
XX WPI; 2001-335945/35.
XX
XX New polymorphic sites derived from the human genome are useful to
XX determine sites correlating with phenotypic traits, particularly disease,
XX and also in forensics and paternity testing.
XX
XX Claim 79; Page 12; 43pp; English.
XX
XX The present invention relates to human oligonucleotides comprising a
XX single nucleotide polymorphic site (SNP: AAH88797-AAH89219). The present
XX sequence is one such oligonucleotide. The oligonucleotides can be used in
XX forensics, paternity testing, correlation of polymorphisms with
XX phenotypic traits, genetic mapping of phenotypic traits and marker
XX assisted breeding of animals and crop plants
XX
XX Revised record issued on 09-SEP-2004 : Correction to Feature Table Key
XX
XX Sequence 21 BP; 6 A; 3 C; 10 G; 2 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
XX
XX Query Match 1.0%; Score 17.8; DB 1; Length 21;
XX Best local Similarity 90.5%; Pred. No. 81;
XX Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
XX
XX 1549 CCTTCCCCCATGCTGTAAGC 1569
XX |||
XX 21 CCGTCCCCCATGCTGTAAGC 1
XX
XX RESULT 14
XX AAH2187
XX ID AAH62187 standard; DNA; 21 BP.
XX
XX AAH62187;
XX
XX 09-SEP-2004 (revised)
XX 12-SEP-2001 (first entry)
XX
XX Oestrogen receptor 1 polymorphism containing DNA fragment #88.
XX
XX

```

```

XX Single nucleotide polymorphism; SNP; human; cancer; inflammation;
XX heart disease; paternity testing; forensic science; ds.
XX
XX Homo sapiens.
XX Unidentified.
XX
XX Key Location/Qualifiers
XX Variation 11
XX /*tag= a
XX /standard_name= "single nucleotide polymorphism"
XX
XX WO200138576-A2.
XX
XX 31-MAY-2001.
XX
XX 17-NOV-2000; 2000WO-US031639.
XX
XX 24-NOV-1999; 99US-0167334P.
XX
XX (WHEB) WHITEHEAD INST BIOMEDICAL RES.
XX
XX Cargill M, Ireland JS, Lander ES;
XX
XX WPI; 2001-367705/38.
XX
XX New nucleic acid segments of the human genome, particularly from genes
XX including polymorphic sites, for phenotype correlation, forensics,
XX paternity testing, medicine and genetic analysis.
XX
XX Claim 1; Page 37; 80pp; English.
XX
XX DNA sequences AAH62100 - AAH62688 represent segments of human genes which
XX contain single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs). A method is included in
XX the invention for analysing a nucleic acid sample, which consists of
XX determining the base occupying any one of the polymorphic sites given in
XX the SNP containing sequences. The nucleotide sequences can be used in the
XX diagnosis or monitoring of diseases, such as cancer, inflammation, heart
XX diseases, diseases of the cardiovascular system, and infection by
XX microorganisms. The oligonucleotides are also useful in the manufacture
XX of a medicament for the treatment or prophylaxis of the diseases, and as
XX a pharmaceutical. SNP containing oligonucleotides are useful in
XX applications such as phenotype correlation, forensics, paternity testing,
XX medicine and genetic analysis
XX
XX Revised record issued on 09-SEP-2004 : Correction to Feature Table Key
XX
XX Sequence 21 BP; 6 A; 5 C; 7 G; 3 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
XX
XX Query Match 1.0%; Score 16.8; DB 1; Length 21;
XX Best local Similarity 90.0%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
XX Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
XX
XX 361 GAGTCCCTGAGACGACGAA 400
XX |||
XX 1 GTCTACCTGAGACGACGAA 20
XX
XX RESULT 15
XX ADH70254
XX ID ADH70254 standard; DNA; 19 BP.
XX
XX ADH70254;
XX
XX 25-MAR-2004 (first entry)
XX
XX Human Vbeta gene repeat sequence #44.
XX
XX human; T-cell associated disease; Vbeta; autoimmune disease;
XX degenerative nervous system disease; graft versus host disease;
XX hypersensitivity disease; infectious disease; neoplastic disease;
XX Addison's disease; atrophic gastritis;
XX degenerative nervous system disease; multiple sclerosis;
XX Alzheimer's disease; hypersensitivity disease; type I hypersensitivity;
XX

```

KM	allergy type II hypersensitivity; Goodpasture's syndrome;
KW	Type IV hypersensitivity; leprosy; infectious disease; viral infection;
KW	HIV; fungal infection; Candida; parasitic infection; schistosome;
KW	Filaria; bacterial infection; Mycobacterium; neoplastic disease;
KW	Lymphoproliferative disease; leukaemia; lymphoma; cancer; brain cancer;
XX	breast cancer; ds.
OS	Homo sapiens.
XX	
PN	US2002150891-A1.
PD	
PD	17-OCT-2002.
XX	
PF	05-MAR-1999; 99US-00263959.
PR	19-SEP-1994; 94US-00309335.
PR	19-SEP-1995; 95US-00531241.
XX	
PA	(HOOD/) HOOD L.E.
PA	(ROME/) ROMEN L.
PI	Hood LE, Rowen J;
DR	
XX	WPI; 2004-059052/06.
PT	Kit for diagnosing and treating T-cell associated diseases e.g.
PT	autoimmune, degenerative nervous system and infectious disease, comprises
PT	nucleic acid primers specifically priming and allowing amplification of a
PS	Vbeta gene.
XX	
XX	Disclosure; SEQ ID NO 448; 164pp; English.
CC	The invention relates to a kit for diagnosing and treating T-cell
CC	associated diseases which comprises a panel of nucleic acid primers
CC	specifically priming and allowing amplification of each Vbeta gene,
CC	VbetarRNA or cDNA. The kit is useful for diagnosing organ transplant
CC	rejection and diagnosing and treating T-cell associated diseases
CC	including autoimmune diseases, degenerative nervous system diseases,
CC	grat versus host disease, hypersensitivity diseases, infectious diseases
CC	and neoplastic diseases. Autoimmune diseases include Addison's disease,
CC	atrophic gastritis. Degenerative nervous system diseases include multiple
CC	sclerosis and Alzheimer's disease. Hypersensitivity diseases include Type
CC	I hypersensitivities such as contact with allergens that lead to
CC	allergies, Type II hypersensitivities such as those present in
CC	Goodpasture's syndrome and Type IV hypersensitivities such as those
CC	manifested in leprosy. Infectious diseases include viral infections
CC	caused by viruses such as HIV, fungal infections such as those caused by
CC	the yeast genus Candida, parasitic infections such as those caused by
CC	schistosomes, filaria and bacterial infections such as those caused by
CC	Mycobacterium. Neoplastic diseases include lymphoproliferative diseases
CC	such as leukemias, lymphomas and cancers such as cancer of the brain,
CC	breast. The present sequence represents a Vbeta gene repeat sequence.
XX	
SQ	
SQ	Sequence 19 BP; 0 A; 0 C; 5 G; 14 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
Query Match	0.9%; Score 16.4; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity	94.4%; Pred. No. 1.4e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative	0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Oy	1378 TGTTGTTGGTGTGTTT 1395
Db	1 TTGTTTGTTGTTGTTT 18
RESULT 16	
AAA88871	
ID AAA88871 standard; DNA; 20 BP.	
XX	
AC	AAA88871;
XX	
DT	19-FEB-2001 (first entry)
XX	
DE	Protein tyrosine phosphatase FCR primer betasg2.

XX	Vascular endothelial protein tyrosine phosphatase; VE-PTP; mouse; Tie-2;
XX	receptor tyrosine kinase; antiangiogenic; antitumour;
KM	antimetastatic; tumour; metastasis; angiogenesis; therapy; PCR primer;
KW	ss.
XX	
XX	Mus musculus.
OS	
XX	EP1046715-A1.
XX	
XX	25-OCT-2000.
XX	
XX	23-APR-1999; 99EP-00108074.
XX	
XX	23-APR-1999; 99EP-00108074.
XX	
XX	(PLAC) MAX PLANCK GES. FOERDERUNG WISSENSCHAFTEN.
PA	
PI	Fachinger G, Risaun B, Deutsch U;
XX	
XX	WPI; 2000-648932/63.
XX	
XX	Monitoring or modulating Tie-2 tyrosine kinase activity, useful e.g. for
PT	regulating tumor growth, using vascular-endothelial protein tyrosine
PT	phosphatase.
XX	
XX	Example 2; Page 4; 60pp; English.
XX	
XX	The present sequence is that of primer betaseq2, which was used with
CC	primer betarev (see AAA99972) in the PCR amplification of a 416 bp
CC	fragment of mouse vascular-endothelial protein tyrosine phosphatase (VE-
CC	PTP) cDNA (see AAA88865). PCR analysis was used to examine VE-PTP
CC	expression in mouse tissues and during mouse embryonic development. In
CC	adult mouse, VE-PTP was strongly expressed in brain as well as in lung
CC	and heart. In embryonic development, VE-PTP increased from day E11 to day
CC	E17. VE-PTP polypeptides, nucleic acids and ligands are used in claimed
CC	methods for detecting and modulating receptor tyrosine kinase Tie-2
CC	activity. This allows the monitoring or modulation of angiogenesis,
CC	induction or inhibition of vascular growth or remodelling and blood
CC	vessel maturation, and inhibition of tumour growth or metastasis
XX	
XX	Sequence 20 BP; 1 A; 11 C; 2 G; 6 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
XX	
XX	Query Match 0.9%; Score 16.4; DB 1; Length 20;
XX	Best Local Similarity 94.4%; Pred. No. 1.4e+02;
XX	Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY	809 CTCGCCCTCCTCCCTG 826
DB	3 CTCGCCCTCCTCCTG 20
XX	
XX	RESULT 17
XX	ABL31214
XX	ABL31214 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
XX	
XX	ABL31214;
XX	
XX	21-MAR-2002 (first entry)
XX	
XX	Human HLA genotyping oligonucleotide SEQ ID NO 703.
DE	
XX	Human; human leukocyte antigen; HLA; genotype; polymorphism;
KM	immunogenetic; transplantation; genetic disease; ss.
XX	
XX	Homo sapiens.
OS	
XX	WO200192572-A1.
XX	
XX	06-DEC-2001.
XX	
XX	01-JUN-2001; 2001WO-JP004662.
XX	

PR 01-JUN-2000; 2000JP-00164798.
 XX (NISN) NISSHINO IND INC.
 PA (SYST-) SYSTEM RES INC.
 PI Inoko H, Kagiya T, Ichihara T, Matsumura Y, Moriya S, Nishida M;
 XX WPI; 2002-122074/16.
 DR
 XX Human leukocyte antigen (HLA) typing, useful for judging HLA genotypes of
 PT individuals e.g. by determining immunogenetic differences when
 PT transplanting between them.
 XX
 PS Claim 10; Page 226; 345pp; Japanese.
 CC The invention relates to a typing kit for judging human leukocyte antigen
 CC (HLA) genotype of a sample by hybridising a substrate on which 10-24 base
 CC oligonucleotides (ABL30512-ABL31809) originating in the sequences of
 CC genes e.g. belonging to HLA class I antigens on human genome and
 CC containing gene polymorphisms as alloantigens have been immobilised as
 CC primers for amplification of cleaved nucleic acids relating to gene
 CC polymorphisms. The method is useful for judging HLA genotypes of
 CC individuals by determining immunogenetic differences before transplanting
 CC between them, providing genetic information to decide compatibility of
 CC organ and tissue for transplantation e.g. of bone marrow, kidney, liver,
 CC pancreas, Langerhans islet in pancreas and cornea, susceptibility
 CC diagnosis of genetic diseases and identifying individuals
 CC
 SQ Sequence 20 BP; 4 A; 5 C; 7 G; 4 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
 Query Match 0.9%; Score 16.4; DB 1; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 94.4%; Pred. No. 1.4e+02;
 Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 839 CCTGACGCTGAGCACTGG 856
 |||||
 2 CCTGACGCTGAGCACTGG 19
 Db
 RESULT 18
 ABL31217
 ID ABL31217 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
 AC ABL31217;
 XX
 DT 21-MAR-2002 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Human HLA genotyping oligonucleotide SEQ ID NO 706.
 XX
 KW Human; human leukocyte antigen; HLA; genotype; polymorphism;
 KW immunogenetic; transplantation; genetic disease; ss.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 XX
 PN WO200192572-A1.
 XX
 PD 06-DEC-2001.
 XX
 PF 01-JUN-2001; 2001WO-JP004662.
 XX
 PR 01-JUN-2000; 2000JP-00164798.
 XX
 PA (NISN) NISSHINO IND INC.
 PA (SYST-) SYSTEM RES INC.
 PI Inoko H, Kagiya T, Ichihara T, Matsumura Y, Moriya S, Nishida M;
 XX WPI; 2002-122074/16.
 DR
 XX Human leukocyte antigen (HLA) typing, useful for judging HLA genotypes of
 PT individuals e.g. by determining immunogenetic differences when
 PT transplanting between them.
 XX

PS Claim 10; Page 227; 345pp; Japanese.
 CC The invention relates to a typing kit for judging human leukocyte antigen
 CC (HLA) genotype of a sample by hybridising a substrate on which 10-24 base
 CC oligonucleotides (ABL30512-ABL31809) originating in the sequences of
 CC genes e.g. belonging to HLA class I antigens on human genome and
 CC containing gene polymorphisms as alloantigens have been immobilised as
 CC primers for amplification of cleaved nucleic acids relating to gene
 CC polymorphisms. The method is useful for judging HLA genotypes of
 CC individuals by determining immunogenetic differences before transplanting
 CC between them, providing genetic information to decide compatibility of
 CC organ and tissue for transplantation e.g. of bone marrow, kidney, liver,
 CC pancreas, Langerhans islet in pancreas and cornea, susceptibility
 CC diagnosis of genetic diseases and identifying individuals
 CC
 SQ Sequence 20 BP; 4 A; 6 C; 8 G; 2 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
 Query Match 0.9%; Score 16.4; DB 1; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 94.4%; Pred. No. 1.4e+02;
 Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 839 CCTGACGCTGAGCACTGG 856
 |||||
 2 CCTGACGCTGAGCACTGG 19
 Db
 RESULT 19
 AB288246
 ID AB288246 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
 AC AB288246;
 XX
 DT 17-OCT-2003 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Human oligonucleotide sequence.
 XX
 KW Human; antisense; lung dysfunction; nasal airway dysfunction;
 KW antiinflammatory steroid; ubiquitinone; antiinflammatory; anti-allergic;
 KW antiasthmatic; hypotensive; immunosuppressive; cytostatic; gene therapy;
 KW antisense gene therapy; respiratory; lung; adenosine sensitivity;
 KW adenosine receptor; bronchodilation; bronchoconstriction; lung allergy;
 KW lung inflammation; respiratory disease; ds.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 XX
 PN WO200285308-A2.
 XX
 PD 31-OCT-2002.
 XX
 PF 23-APR-2002; 2002WO-US013135.
 XX
 PR 24-APR-2001; 2001US-0286137P.
 XX
 PA (EPIC-) EPICGENESIS PHARM INC.
 XX
 PI Nyce JW, Li Y, Sandrasagra A, Katz B, Pabalan U, Aguilar D;
 PI Miller S, Tang L, Shahabuddin S;
 XX WPI; 2003-229219/22.
 DR
 XX Pharmaceutical composition for treating ailments associated with impaired
 PT respiration, has oligo(s) antisense to specific gene(s) or its
 PT corresponding RNAs, and glucocorticoid or non-glucocorticoid steroid or
 PT ubiquitinone.
 XX
 PS Disclosure; SEQ ID NO 3468; 872pp; English.
 CC The invention relates to a novel pharmaceutical composition, which has a
 CC first active agent comprising an oligonucleotide antisense to the
 CC initiation codon, coding region, 5' or 3' end genomic flanking regions,
 CC 5' and 3' intron-exon junctions, or regions within 2-10 nucleotides of
 CC junctions of genes encoding a polypeptide associated with lung and/or
 CC nasal airway dysfunction and a second active agent comprising an

CC antiinflammatory steroid and ubiquinone. A composition of the invention
CC has antiinflammatory, antiallergic, antiasthmatic, hypotensive,
CC immunosuppressive, and cytostatic activity. The composition may have a
CC use in antisense gene therapy. The composition is useful for treating or
CC preventing a respiratory, lung or malignant disease or condition, also
CC for enhancing the prophylactic or therapeutic respiratory effect of an
CC antiinflammatory steroid in a subject, for reducing or depleting levels
CC of, or reducing sensitivity to adenosine, reducing levels of adenosine
CC receptor, producing bronchodilation, increasing levels of ubiquinone or
CC lung surfactant in a subject's tissue, or treating bronchoconstriction,
CC lung inflammation, lung allergies, or a respiratory disease or condition.
CC Note: The sequence data for this patent is not represented in the printed
CC specification, but was obtained in electronic format directly from WIPO
CC at ftp.wipo.int/pub/published_pct_sequences

CC SQ Sequence 20 BP; 1 A; 10 C; 4 G; 5 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

CC Query Match 0.9%; Score 16.4; DB 1; Length 20;
CC Best Local Similarity 94.4%; Pred. No. 1.4e+02;
CC Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

CC QY 817 TCCTCCCTGGCTTCAGCC 834
CC |||||
CC 2 TCCTCCCTGGCTTCAGCC 19

CC Db

CC RESULT 20
CC ABD24476
CC ABD24476 standard; DNA; 20 BP.

CC AC ABD24476;
CC XX
CC DT 29-JUN-2004 (first entry)
CC XX
CC DE A1652901-derived oligonucleotide SEQ ID 3488.
CC XX
CC KM Human; antisense; bronchoconstriction; allergy; hyposecretion; pain;
KM respiratory tract inflammation; adenosine sensitivity; lung; cancer;
KM surfactant depletion; antiallergic; antiinflammatory; antiasthmatic;
KM analgesic; hypotensive; immunosuppressive; cytostatic; cystic fibrosis;
KM beta-adrenergic agonist; respiratory disease; pulmonary vasoconstriction;
KM respiratory distress syndrome; allergic rhinitis; pulmonary hypertension;
KM emphysema; chronic obstructive pulmonary disease; cancer; bronchitis;
KM pulmonary transplantation rejection; ss; primer.

CC OS Homo sapiens.
CC XX
CC PN WO200285309-A2.
CC XX
CC PD 31-OCT-2002.
CC XX
CC PF 23-APR-2002; 2002WO-US013143.
CC XX
CC PR 24-APR-2001; 2001US-0286036P.
CC XX
CC PA (EPIC-) EPIGENESIS PHARM INC.
CC XX
CC PI Myce JW, Li Y, Sandrasagra A, Katz E, Pabalan J, Aguilar D;
PI Miller S, Tang L, Shahabuddin S,
CC XX
CC DR WPI; 2003-093058/08.
CC XX
CC PT Pharmaceutical composition for treating asthma, has antisense
PT oligonucleotide containing less percentage of adenosine, targeted to
PT nucleic acids associated with lung airway or lung dysfunction, and
PT bronchodilating agent.
CC XX
CC PS Claim 15; SEQ ID NO 3488; 763pp; English.
CC XX
CC CC This invention describes a novel composition (a) a first active agent,
CC comprising oligonucleotides, effective for alleviating
CC bronchoconstriction, respiratory tract inflammation, allergies and
CC reducing adenosine sensitivity, levels of adenosine (A) or (A) receptors,

CC surfactant depletion or hyposecretion, when administered to a mammal. The
CC oligonucleotides are derived from a gene encoding or regulating
CC expression of a target polypeptide associated with lung airway or lung
CC dysfunction or cancer and can be anti-sense to the corresponding mRNA.
CC The invention also describes a kit, that comprises: (a) a delivery
CC device, in separate containers, (b) the oligonucleotides, (c)
CC instructions for adding a carrier and for use of the kit. The composition
CC of the invention has antiallergic, antiinflammatory, antiasthmatic,
CC analgesic, hypotensive, immunosuppressive and cytostatic activity, is a
CC beta-adrenergic agonist. The composition is useful for preventing or
CC treating a respiratory, lung or malignant disease. The administered
CC composition comprises oligo and is administered to reduce the production
CC or availability, or to increase the degradation of the target mRNA or to
CC reduce the amount of target polypeptide present in the lungs. The
CC pulmonary obstruction, and/or bronchoconstriction and/or lung
CC inflammation, allergies and/or surfactant hypoproduction are associated
CC with a disease or condition such as pulmonary vasoconstriction,
CC inflammation, allergies, asthma, impaired respiration, respiratory
CC distress syndrome, pain, cystic fibrosis, allergic rhinitis, pulmonary
CC hypertension, emphysema, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, pulmonary
CC transplantation rejection, pulmonary infections, bronchitis or cancer.
CC The reduced adenosine content of the anti-sense oligos corresponding to
CC thymidines present in the target RNA serves to prevent the breakdown of
CC the oligonucleotides into products that free adenosine into the system
CC e.g., lung, brain, heart, kidney, etc, tissue environment and thereby, to
CC prevent any unwanted effects due to it

CC SQ Sequence 20 BP; 1 A; 10 C; 4 G; 5 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

CC Query Match 0.9%; Score 16.4; DB 1; Length 20;
CC Best Local Similarity 94.4%; Pred. No. 1.4e+02;
CC Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

CC QY 817 TCCTCCCTGGCTTCAGCC 834
CC |||||
CC 2 TCCTCCCTGGCTTCAGCC 19

CC Db

CC RESULT 21
CC AD127548
CC AD127548 standard; DNA; 20 BP.

CC ID AD127548;
CC AC AD127548;
CC XX
CC DT 22-APR-2004 (first entry)
CC XX
CC DE Human DRAX1 DNA, antisense oligonucleotide #26.
CC XX
CC KM Antisense therapy; human;
KM death-associated protein kinase-related apoptosis-inducing;
KM protein kinase 1; DRAX1; hyperproliferative disorder; cancer;
KM neurological disorder; infection; inflammation; tumour formation;
KM cytostatic; antiinflammatory; neuroprotective; antimicrobial;
KM phosphorothioate; ss.

CC XX
CC OS Homo sapiens.
CC XX
CC FH Key Location/Qualifiers
FH modified_base 1..20
FT /*tag= a
FT /mod_base= OTHER
FT /note= "This oligonucleotide has a phosphorothioate
FT backbone and 2'-methoxyethyl (2'-MOE) wings at the 5',
FT and 3' ends, which are 5 nucleotides in length at each
FT end. All cytidine residues are 5-methylcytidines"
CC XX
CC PN US2003232773-A1.
CC XX
CC PD 18-DEC-2003.
CC XX
CC PF 17-JUN-2002; 2002US-00174559.
CC XX
CC PR 17-JUN-2002; 2002US-00174559.

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XX (ISIS-) ISIS PHARM INC.
XX PI
XX Bennett CF, Freier SM, Dobie KW;
XX WPI; 2004-061310/06.
XX
XX New antisense compound targeted to a nucleic acid molecule encoding death
XX PT -associated protein kinase-related apoptosis-inducing protein kinase 1
XX PT (DRAK1), useful for modulating expression of DRAK1 or for treating
XX cancer.
XX
XX Example 15; SEQ ID NO 40; 56pp; English.
XX
XX The present invention relates to antisense compounds targeted to a
XX CC nucleic acid encoding death-associated protein kinase-related apoptosis-
XX CC inducing protein kinase 1 (DRAK1). The antisense compound comprises an
XX CC antisense oligonucleotide that specifically hybridises with the nucleic
XX CC acid and inhibits the expression of DRAK1. The antisense oligonucleotide
XX CC is a chimeric oligonucleotide. The antisense oligonucleotide comprises at
XX CC least one modified internucleoside linkage, preferably a phosphorothioate
XX CC linkage. It also comprises at least one modified sugar moiety, preferably
XX CC a 2'-O-methoxyethyl (2'-MOE) sugar moiety. The antisense oligonucleotide
XX CC further comprises at least one modified nucleobase, preferably a 5-
XX CC methylcytosine. The antisense oligonucleotides are useful for the
XX CC treatment of diseases such as hyperproliferative disorders, preferably
XX CC cancer, and neurological disorders. The antisense compound can also be
XX CC used as prophylaxis, e.g. to prevent or delay infection, inflammation or
XX CC tumour formation. The present sequence represents an antisense
XX CC oligonucleotide used in the examples of the present invention.
XX
XX Sequence 20 BP; 4 A; 6 C; 8 G; 2 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
XX
XX Query Match 0.9%; Score 16.4; DB 1; Length 20;
XX Best Local Similarity 94.4%; Pred. No. 1.4e+02;
XX Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
XX
XX 1299 CTCGAGCAGCCGAGGG 1316
XX Db 2 CTCGAGCAGCCGAGGG 19
XX
XX RESULT 22
XX AAT93819
XX ID AAT93819 standard; DNA; 26 BP.
XX
XX AAT93819;
XX AC
XX 25-MAR-2003 (revised)
XX DT 24-FEB-1998 (first entry)
XX
XX Antitumoural phosphodiester oligonucleotide 9 with cytotoxic activity.
XX DE
XX Phosphodiester; selective binding; cell viability; growth;
XX KW tumoural cell line; cytotoxic activity; tumour cell; lymphoma;
XX KM lymphoblastic tumour; ss.
XX
XX Synthetic.
XX OS
XX
XX Key Location/Qualifiers
XX FT modified_base 1..26
XX FT /*tag= a
XX FT /note= "phosphodiester oligonucleotide"
XX
XX MO9720924-AL.
XX EN
XX 12-JUN-1997.
XX PD
XX 04-DEC-1996; 96MO-EP005388.
XX PF
XX 04-DEC-1995; 95IT-MI002539.
XX PR
XX (SAIC-) SAICOM SRL.
XX PA

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XX Scagliante B, Quadrifoglio F;
XX PI
XX WPI; 1997-319771/29.
XX DR
XX
XX New phospho-di-esteric oligo-nucleotide(s) - which exert a specific and
XX PT selective cytotoxic effect on tumour cells, for treating both solid and
XX PT liquid tumours.
XX
XX Claim 10; Page 5; 38pp; English.
XX
XX Novel phosphodiesteric oligonucleotides AAT93811-27 are based on the
XX CC generic formula, in the 3',5' or 5'-3' direction: (Gata'a''-(GBtb')b''-
XX CC (Gctc')c''-(Gdtd')d''-(Gete')e''-(Gftr')f''-(G-gtg')g''-N', where: N and
XX CC N' = T or G, equal or different from each other; x = 0-8, equal or
XX CC different from each other; a, b, c, d, e, f, and g = 0-10, equal or
XX CC different from each other; a'', b'', c'', d'', e'', f'', and g'' = 1-
XX CC 16, equal or different from each other; The oligonucleotides are believed
XX CC to selectively bind and sequester some proteins which are essential to
XX CC the viability and growth of tumoural cell line. They have specific and
XX CC selective cytotoxic activity against tumour cells, and can be used for
XX CC treating tumours of the liquid type, in particular of lymphoblastic
XX CC origin, and of solid type, in particular lymphomas. The present
XX CC phosphodiester oligonucleotide, at a concentration of 15 micromolar,
XX CC reduced growth of CCRF-CEM tumoural cells by 76%, which is detectable 48
XX CC hours after administration. (Updated on 25-MAR-2003 to correct PR field.)
XX
XX Sequence 26 BP; 0 A; 0 C; 2 G; 24 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
XX
XX Query Match 0.9%; Score 16.4; DB 1; Length 26;
XX Best Local Similarity 76.9%; Pred. No. 1.4e+02;
XX Matches 20; Conservative 0; Mismatches 6; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
XX
XX 1380 TGTGTGTTGTTGTTTGTATCTGT 1405
XX Db 1 TTTTGTGTTGTTTGTGTTTGT 26
XX
XX RESULT 23
XX ABR9308/C
XX ID ABR9308 standard; DNA; 21 BP.
XX
XX ABR9308;
XX AC
XX 21-OCT-2002 (first entry)
XX DT
XX
XX Human CYP3A5 gene PCR primer #12.
XX DE
XX Human; CYP3A5; polymorphism; cancer; cardiovascular disease; diabetes;
XX KW AIDS; African American; forensic marker; pharmacological; cytostatic;
XX KM antidiabetic; anti-HIV; gene therapy; PCR; primer; ss.
XX
XX Homo sapiens.
XX OS
XX
XX WO200253775-A2.
XX PN
XX 11-JUL-2002.
XX PD
XX 21-DEC-2001; 2001WO-EP015290.
XX PF
XX 28-DEC-2000; 2000EP-00128627.
XX PR 28-DEC-2000; 2000US-0258684P.
XX PR 29-DEC-2000; 2000US-0258952P.
XX PR 16-JAN-2001; 2001EP-00100172.
XX PR 18-JUN-2001; 2001US-0262859P.
XX PR 16-AUG-2001; 2001EP-00118884.
XX PR 16-AUG-2001; 2001US-0312825P.
XX
XX (EPID-) EPIDAUROS BIOTECHNOLOGIE AG.
XX PA
XX Wojnowski L, Haberl M, Husterl E;
XX PI
XX

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DR WPI; 2002-583628/62.
XX
XX Novel CYP3A5 polynucleotide useful for diagnosis and treatment of cancer,
PT cardiovascular diseases, diabetes and AIDS, and for identifying
PT polymorphisms.
XX
XX Example 1; Page 46; 138pp; English.
XX
XX The present invention relates to a new CYP3A5 polynucleotide encoding a
CC polypeptide, where the polynucleotide is capable of hybridizing to a
CC CYP3A5 gene. The invention is useful in an in vitro method for
CC identifying a polymorphism. The invention is also useful for useful for
CC diagnosing a disorder related to the presence of a molecular variant of a
CC CYP3A5 or susceptibility to such a disorder, where the disorder is
CC cancer, or diseases including cardiovascular diseases, diabetes and AIDS.
CC The invention can further be used for the preparation of a diagnostic
CC composition for diagnosing a disease in a subject having a genome
CC comprising a variant allele of the CYP3A5 gene, where the subject is an
CC African American. The molecules of the invention are as forensic markers
CC and in pharmacological studies. The present nucleic acid sequence
CC represents a PCR primer that was used in the methods of the invention to
CC screen for polymorphisms in the human CYP3A5 gene
XX
SQ Sequence 21 BP; 4 A; 12 C; 0 G; 5 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
XX
Query Match 0.9%; Score 16.2; DB 1; Length 21;
Best Local Similarity 85.7%; Pred. No. 1.5e+02;
Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1469 AAGAGTAGGAGGAGGAGGAGGAGG 1489
Db 21 ATGAGCTGGAGGAGGAGGAGGAGG 1
XX
RESULT 24
ABAB1112
ID ABA81112 standard; DNA; 17 BP.
XX
XX ABA81112;
XX
DT 24-JAN-2002 (first entry)
XX
XX LDIR mutation correcting oligonucleotide SEQ ID NO: 3958.
XX
XX Human; gene therapy; adenosine deaminase deficiency; p53; beta-globin;
KW retinoblastoma; BRCA1; BRCA2; CPTC; cystic fibrosis; cancer; Factor V;
KW cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 2A; CDKN2A; melanoma; APC; HBA1; HBA2;
KW adenomatous polyposis of the colon; Factor VII; Factor IX; thrombosis;
KW haemophilia; alpha thalassemia; haemoglobin alpha locus 1; MLH1; APOE;
KW mismatch repair; MSH2; MSH6; hyperlipidaemia; apolipoprotein E; LDIR;
KW familial hypercholesterolaemia; UGT1; syndrome; APP; PSEN1; antisense;
KW UDP-glucuronosyltransferase; amyloid precursor protein; presenilin-1;
KW Alzheimer's disease; cytoskeletal; antislacking; antianaemic; haemostatic;
KW antileptic; ss.
XX
XX Homo sapiens.
XX
XX WO200173002-A2.
XX
XX 04-OCT-2001.
XX
XX 27-MAR-2001; 2001WO-US009761.
XX
XX 27-MAR-2000; 2000US-0192176P.
XX
XX 27-MAR-2000; 2000US-0192176P.
XX
XX 01-JUN-2000; 2000US-0208538P.
XX
XX 30-OCT-2000; 2000US-0244989P.
XX
XX (UYDE) UNIV DELAMARE.
XX
XX Kmiec EB, Gamper HB, Rice MC;
XX
XX WPI; 2001-639230/73.

XX
XX Oligonucleotide for targeted alterations of genetic sequences and for
PT treating cystic fibrosis, comprises at least one mismatch and chemical
PT modification.
XX
XX Claim 7; Page 257; 294pp; English.
XX
XX The present invention provides single-stranded oligonucleotides which can
CC be used for the targeted alteration of genomic sequences, where the
CC oligonucleotide has at least one mismatch compared with the genomic
CC sequence to be altered. In particular, these sequences are directed at
CC the following genes: adenosine deaminase, p53, beta-globin,
CC retinoblastoma, BRCA1, BRCA2, CPTC, cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 2A
CC (CDKN2A), APC, Factor V, Factor VII, Factor IX, haemoglobin alpha locus
CC 1 (HBA1), haemoglobin alpha locus 2 (HBA2), MLH1, MSH2, MSH6, APOE;
CC apolipoprotein E (APOE), LDL receptor (LDLR), UDP-glucuronosyltransferase
CC (UGT1), amyloid precursor protein (APP), presenilin-1 (PSEN1) and
CC presenilin-2 (PSEN2). These can be used in the gene therapy of diseases
CC such as cancer, adenosine deaminase deficiency, cystic fibrosis,
CC haemophilia, hypercholesterolaemia, thalassemia, sickle cell anaemia,
CC Alzheimer's disease, melanoma, adenomatous polyposis of the colon and
CC various syndromes. The present sequence is one of the gene correcting
CC oligonucleotides of the invention
XX
SQ Sequence 17 BP; 4 A; 5 C; 5 G; 3 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
XX
Query Match 0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.7e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1160 AAGGCTTCAGCTGGA 1175
Db 1 AAGGCTTCAGCTGGA 16
XX
RESULT 25
ABA81113/C
ID ABA81113 standard; DNA; 17 BP.
XX
XX ABA81113;
XX
DT 24-JAN-2002 (first entry)
XX
XX LDIR mutation correcting oligonucleotide SEQ ID NO: 3959.
XX
XX Human; gene therapy; adenosine deaminase deficiency; p53; beta-globin;
KW retinoblastoma; BRCA1; BRCA2; CPTC; cystic fibrosis; cancer; Factor V;
KW cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 2A; CDKN2A; melanoma; APC; HBA1; HBA2;
KW adenomatous polyposis of the colon; Factor VII; Factor IX; thrombosis;
KW haemophilia; alpha thalassemia; haemoglobin alpha locus 1; MLH1; APOE;
KW mismatch repair; MSH2; MSH6; hyperlipidaemia; apolipoprotein E; LDIR;
KW familial hypercholesterolaemia; UGT1; syndrome; APP; PSEN1; antisense;
KW UDP-glucuronosyltransferase; amyloid precursor protein; presenilin-1;
KW Alzheimer's disease; cytoskeletal; antislacking; antianaemic; haemostatic;
KW antileptic; ss.
XX
XX Homo sapiens.
XX
XX WO200173002-A2.
XX
XX 04-OCT-2001.
XX
XX 27-MAR-2001; 2001WO-US009761.
XX
XX 27-MAR-2000; 2000US-0192176P.
XX
XX 27-MAR-2000; 2000US-0192176P.
XX
XX 01-JUN-2000; 2000US-0208538P.
XX
XX 30-OCT-2000; 2000US-0244989P.
XX
XX (UYDE) UNIV DELAMARE.
XX
XX Kmiec EB, Gamper HB, Rice MC;
XX
XX WPI; 2001-639230/73.

DR WPI: 2001-639230/73.

XX Oligonucleotide for targeted alterations of genetic sequences and for
 XX treating cystic fibrosis, comprises at least one mismatch and chemical
 PT modification.

XX Claim 7, Page 257, 294pp, English.

XX The present invention provides single-stranded oligonucleotides which can
 CC be used for the targeted alteration of genomic sequences, where the
 CC oligonucleotide has at least one mismatch compared with the genomic
 CC sequence to be altered. In particular, these sequences are directed at
 CC the following genes: adenosine deaminase, p53, beta-globin,
 CC retinoblastoma, BRCA1, BRCA2, CTR, cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 2A
 CC (CDKN2A), APC, Factor V, Factor VIII, Factor IX, haemoglobin alpha locus
 CC 1 (HBA1), haemoglobin alpha locus 2 (HBA2), MLH1, MSH2, MSH6,
 CC apolipoprotein E (APOE), LDL receptor (LDLR), UDP-glucuronosyltransferase
 CC (UGT1), amyloid precursor protein (APC), presenilin-1 (PSEN1) and
 CC presenilin-2 (PSEN2). These can be used in the gene therapy of diseases
 CC such as cancer, adenosine deaminase deficiency, cystic fibrosis,
 CC haemophilia, hypercholesterolaemia, thalassaemia, sickle cell anaemia,
 CC Alzheimer's disease, melanoma, adenomatous polyposis of the colon and
 CC various syndromes. The present sequence is one of the gene correcting
 CC oligonucleotides of the invention

XX Sequence 17 BP; 3 A; 5 C; 5 G; 4 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

XX Query Match 0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 17;
 XX Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.7e+02;
 XX Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1160 AAGGCTTCAGCTGGA 1175
 DB 17 AAGGCTTCAGCTGGA 2

XX RESULT 26
 XX AAT87932
 XX ID AAT87932 standard; cDNA; 19 BP.
 XX AC AAT87932;
 XX DT 18-DEC-1997 (first entry)

XX Primer for rat cerebellum derived growth factor 1 cDNA.

XX Rat; cerebellum derived growth factor; CDGF1; screening; binding;
 KW modulation; erbB type receptor; identification; induction; risk;
 KW proliferation; differentiation; induction; neuron; hyperplasia;
 KW stem cell culture; intracerebral graft; alleviation; repair;
 KW behavioural defect; nervous system; central; peripheral; nerve;
 KW prosthesis; damage; entubulation; cell survival; treatment; injury;
 KW trauma; ischaemia; ischaemia; stroke; infection; disorder; inflammation;
 KW neurodegeneration; disease; Parkinson's; Huntington's;
 KW amyotrophic lateral sclerosis; sensory; retina;
 KW spinocerebellar degeneration; multiple sclerosis; neoplasia;
 KW malignant glioma; medulloblastoma; neuroectodermal tumour; primer;
 KW polymerase chain reaction; PCR; amplification; ss.

XX Synthetic.
 XX OS
 XX MO9709425-A1.
 XX PN 13-MAR-1997.
 XX PD 09-SEP-1996; 96WO-US014484.
 XX PF 08-SEP-1995; 95US-00525864.
 XX PR
 XX (HARD) HARVARD COLLEGE.
 XX PA (STRD) UNIV LEHMAN S STANFORD.
 XX PI Chang H;

XX WPI: 1997-192900/17.

XX Rat and human cerebellum-derived growth factors - used in the treatment
 PT of neuronal injury and proliferative disorders.

XX Example; Page 57, 94pp, English.

XX The present sequence is a primer for the PCR amplification of rat
 CC cerebellum derived growth factor 1 (CDGF1) cDNA. CDGF can be used to
 CC screen for modulators of CDGF binding to erbB type receptors.
 CC Identification of a modification or mutation in a CDGF gene, or aberrant
 CC expression of a CDGF gene or levels of soluble CDGF may be used to
 CC indicate the risk of unwanted cell proliferation or differentiation. CDGF
 CC may be used to induce neuronal differentiation in stem cell culture, and
 CC maintain the integrity of a terminally differentiated neuronal cell
 CC culture, e.g. useful for intracerebral grafting to alleviate behavioural
 CC defects. CDGF may also be used in nerve protheses to repair central and
 CC peripheral nerve damage, especially where a crushed or severed axon is
 CC entubulated by a prosthesis. CDGF may also be used to enhance neuronal
 CC cell survival in the central or peripheral nervous system, to treat
 CC neurological conditions associated with nervous system injury, e.g.
 CC traumatic, chemical or vascular injury and deficits such as ischaemia
 CC resulting from stroke, infectious/inflammatory and tumour induced injury,
 CC chronic neurodegenerative disease including Parkinson's and Huntington's,
 CC amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, spinocerebellar degeneration, chronic
 CC disorders of the sensory neurons and degenerative diseases of the retina.
 CC CDGF may also be used to treat neoplastic or hyperplastic
 CC transformations, particularly of the central nervous system, e.g.
 CC malignant gliomas, medulloblastomas and neuroectodermal tumours

XX Sequence 19 BP; 5 A; 4 C; 8 G; 2 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

XX Query Match 0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 19;
 XX Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.7e+02;
 XX Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 19 GAATTCGCGCAGGAGG 34
 DB 1 GAATTCGCGCAGGAGG 16

XX RESULT 27
 XX AAS45641/C
 XX ID AAS45641 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
 XX AC AAS45641;
 XX DT 18-DEC-2001 (first entry)

XX Human PARP-1 antisense inhibitor ISIS #126002.

XX Human; ss; PARP; poly (ADP-ribose) polymerase; antisense oligonucleotide;
 KW cytotoxic; neurotropic; neuroprotective; antiinflammatory; antidiabetic;
 KW immunosuppressant; hyperproliferative disorder; cancer; cellular injury;
 KW oxidative stress; neurological disorder; Parkinsonism; apoptosis;
 KW meningitis-associated intracranial complication; ischaemia; probe;
 KW inflammatory disorder; autoimmune disorder; arthritis; diabetes.

XX Homo sapiens.
 XX OS
 XX Key Location/Qualifiers
 XX modified_base 1..20
 XX /*tag= a
 FT /mod_base= OTHER
 FT /note= "Phosphorothioate backbone"
 FT modified_base 1..20
 FT /*tag= b
 FT /mod_base= OTHER
 FT /note= "All cytidine residues are 5-methyl cytidine"
 FT modified_base 1..5
 FT /*tag= c

```

FT /mod_base= OTHER
FT /note= "2'-methoxyethyl nucleotides"
FT modified_base
FT 16..20
FT /*tag= d
FT /mod_base= OTHER
FT /note= "2' methoxyethyl nucleotides"
XX
XX WO200164955-A1.
XX
XX 07-SEP-2001.
XX
XX 01-MAR-2001; 2001WO-US006572.
XX
XX 02-MAR-2000; 2000US-00517467.
XX
XX (ISIS-) ISIS PHARM INC.
XX
XX Popoff I, Cowsett LM;
XX
XX WPI, 2001-602570/68.
XX
XX Antisense compound useful for treating hyperproliferative, neurological,
XX inflammatory and autoimmune disorders and diabetes inhibits human PARP.
XX
XX Example 15; Page 83, 168pp; English.
XX
XX The invention relates to antisense oligonucleotides targeted to human
XX PARP nucleic acid and inhibiting expression of human PARP. PARP (Poly
XX (ADP-ribose) polymerase plays an important role in chromatin
XX decondensation, DNA replication, DNA repair, gene expression, malignant
XX transformation, cellular differentiation and apoptosis. The antisense
XX oligonucleotide inhibitors are useful for inhibiting the expression of
XX PARP in human cells or tissues. They are also useful for treating a human
XX with a disease associated with PARP especially hyperproliferative
XX disorders (e.g. cancer), cellular injury resulting from oxidative stress,
XX neurological (e.g. parkinsonism, meningitis-associated intracranial
XX complications and ischaemia), inflammatory and autoimmune disorders (e.g
XX arthritis) and diabetes. The present sequence is an antisense
XX oligonucleotide of the invention
XX
XX Sequence 20 BP; 2 A; 6 C; 7 G; 5 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
XX
XX Query Match 0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 20;
XX Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.7e+02;
XX Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
XX
XX QY 1153 GGGCAACAAAGGCTTC 1168
XX
XX Db 16 GGGCAACAAAGGCTTC 1
XX
XX RESULT 28
XX AAH20641/C
XX ID AAH20641 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
XX
XX AAH20641;
XX
XX 13-AUG-2001 (first entry)
XX
XX Human telomeric repeat binding factor 2 oligonucleotide 111369.
XX
XX Antisense; phosphorothioate; human; telomeric repeat binding factor 2;
XX inhibitor; premature aging; hyperproliferative disorder; cancer;
XX cytostatic; ss.
XX
XX Homo sapiens.
XX
XX Key Location/Qualifiers
XX modified_base 1..20
XX /*tag= b
XX /mod_base= OTHER
XX /note= "phosphorothioate backbone"
XX
XX modified_base 1..3

```

```

FT /*tag= a
FT /mod_base= OTHER
FT /note= "2'-O-methoxyethyl"
FT modified_base
FT 13..20
FT /*tag= C
FT /mod_base= OTHER
FT /note= "2'-O-methoxyethyl"
XX
XX WO200143752-A1.
XX
XX 21-JUN-2001.
XX
XX 14-DEC-2000; 2000WO-US033954.
XX
XX 17-DEC-1999; 99US-00467642.
XX
XX (ISIS-) ISIS PHARM INC.
XX
XX Monia BP, Cowsett LM;
XX
XX WPI, 2001-398071/42.
XX
XX Antisense compounds targeted to nucleic acid encoding telomeric repeat
XX binding factor 2 useful for treating conditions such as premature aging
XX and diseases such as cancer.
XX
XX Example 15; Page 79, 108pp; English.
XX
XX This invention describes a novel antisense compound (I) 8-30 nucleobases
XX in length targeted to a polynucleotide encoding human telomeric repeat
XX binding factor 2 (II) which specifically hybridizes with, and inhibits
XX the expression of (II). (I) is useful for treating a human having a
XX disease or condition associated with (II) such as premature aging or a
XX hyperproliferative disorder especially cancer, by inhibiting the
XX expression of (II) in human cells or tissues. (I) is useful for
XX diagnostics, therapeutics, prophylaxis and as research reagents and kits.
XX The products of the invention have cytostatic activity. This sequence
XX represents an antisense oligonucleotide used to illustrate the method of
XX the invention
XX
XX Sequence 20 BP; 2 A; 9 C; 4 G; 5 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
XX
XX Query Match 0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 20;
XX Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.7e+02;
XX Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
XX
XX QY 19 GAATTCGGCAGCAGGG 34
XX
XX Db 19 GAATTCGGCAGCAGGG 4
XX
XX RESULT 29
XX AAF98935
XX ID AAF98935 standard; DNA; 24 BP.
XX
XX AAF98935;
XX
XX 12-JUN-2001 (first entry)
XX
XX Immunostimulatory nucleic acid #51.
XX
XX Vaccine; cytostatic; virucidal; bactericidal; anti-parasitic;
XX immunostimulatory; tumor; viral infection; bacterial infection;
XX fungal infection; parasitic infection; cancer; asthma;
XX infectious disease; allergy; immune deficiency; phosphorothioate; ss.
XX
XX Synthetic.
XX
XX WO200122972-A2.
XX
XX 05-APR-2001.
XX
XX 25-SEP-2000; 2000WO-US026383.
XX

```

XX 25-SEP-1999; 99US-0156113P.
 PR 27-SEP-1999; 99US-0156135P.
 PR 23-AUG-2000; 2000US-0227436P.
 XX
 PA (IOWA) UNIV IOWA RES FOUND.
 PA (COLE-) COLEY PHARM GMBH.
 XX
 PI Krieg AM, Schetter C, Vollmer J;
 XX
 DR WPI; 2001-273485/28.
 PT
 PT Vaccinating against tumors, infectious diseases, allergies and asthma
 XX using immunostimulatory Py-rich and TG nucleic acids.
 PS
 PS Disclosure; Page 39; 338pp; English.
 CC
 CC The present invention relates to a method for stimulating an immune
 CC response. The method comprises administering an immunostimulatory nucleic
 CC acid to a non-rodent subject in sufficient quantity to stimulate an
 CC immune response. The present sequence is one such immunostimulatory
 CC nucleic acid. The immunostimulatory nucleic acids can be pyrimidine rich
 CC (py-rich) or thymidine (T) rich. The method is used to vaccinate subjects
 CC against tumor antigens, viral antigens (e.g. herpesviridae, retroviridae
 CC and/or orthomyxoviridae), bacterial antigens (e.g. toxoplasma,
 CC haemophilus, campylobacter, clostridium, Escherichia coli and/or
 CC staphylococcus), fungal antigens and/or parasitic antigens. The method is
 CC also useful for preventing cancer, asthma, infectious disease, allergy or
 CC immune deficiency. The present sequence can also be used to redirect a
 CC Th2 to a Th1 immune response and to activate immune cells. Note: the
 CC present sequence may have a phosphorothioate backbone
 XX
 SQ Sequence 24 BP; 0 A; 0 C; 3 G; 21 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
 QY
 Query Match 0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 24;
 Best Local Similarity 79.2%; Pred. No. 1.6e+02;
 Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 5; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 Db 1386 TTGTTGTTTGTATCTGTGTTT 1409
 1 TTGTTTGTGTTTGTGTTTGTGTTT 24
 XX
 RESULT 30
 ABS77576
 ID ABS77576 standard; DNA; 24 BP.
 AC
 AC ABS77576;
 XX
 DT 13-DEC-2002 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Angiogenesis inhibitory oligonucleotide #60.
 XX
 KW Angiogenesis inhibitor; ss; angiogenesis; solid tumour growth;
 KW tumour metastasis; precancerous lesion; rheumatoid arthritis; psoriasis;
 KW diabetic retinopathy; retinopathy of prematurity; macular degeneration;
 KW corneal graft rejection; neovascular glaucoma; retrolental fibroplasia;
 KW rheobasis; Osler-Webber Syndrome; myocardial angiogenesis;
 KW plaque neovascularisation; telangiectasia; haemophiliac joint;
 KW angiofibroma; wound granulation; intestinal adhesion; atherosclerosis;
 KW scleroderma; hypertrophic scar.
 XX
 OS Synthetic.
 XX
 PN WO200253141-A2.
 PD
 PD 11-JUL-2002.
 XX
 PF 14-DEC-2001; 2001WO-US048458.
 XX
 PR 14-DEC-2000; 2000US-0255534P.
 XX
 PA (COLE-) COLEY PHARM GROUP INC.

XX
 PI Bratzler RU;
 XX
 DR WPI; 2002-566690/60.
 XX
 PT Inhibiting angiogenesis in a subject, involves administering at least one
 PT antiangiogenic nucleic acid molecule to the subject.
 XX
 PS Claim 2; Page 20; 276pp; English.
 CC
 CC The invention relates to inhibiting angiogenesis in a subject, comprising
 CC administering at least one antiangiogenic nucleic acid molecule. Also
 CC included is a kit comprising a first container housing the antiangiogenic
 CC nucleic acids, and instructions for administering them to a subject
 CC having a condition characterised by unwanted angiogenesis. The method is
 CC useful for inhibiting angiogenesis associated with solid tumour growth,
 CC tumour metastasis, precancerous lesion, rheumatoid arthritis, psoriasis,
 CC diabetic retinopathy, retinopathy of prematurity, macular degeneration,
 CC corneal graft rejection, neovascular glaucoma, retrolental fibroplasia,
 CC rheobasis, Osler-Webber Syndrome, myocardial angiogenesis, plaque
 CC neovascularisation, telangiectasia, haemophiliac joints, angiofibroma,
 CC wound granulation, intestinal adhesions, atherosclerosis, scleroderma and
 CC hypertrophic scars. The present sequence is an antiangiogenic nucleic
 CC acid of the invention
 XX
 SQ Sequence 24 BP; 0 A; 0 C; 3 G; 21 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
 QY
 Query Match 0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 24;
 Best Local Similarity 79.2%; Pred. No. 1.6e+02;
 Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 5; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 Db 1386 TTGTTGTTTGTATCTGTGTTT 1409
 1 TTGTTTGTGTTTGTGTTTGTGTTT 24
 XX
 RESULT 31
 ACD99368
 ID ACD99368 standard; DNA; 24 BP.
 AC
 AC ACD99368;
 XX
 DT 25-SEP-2003 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Immunostimulatory nucleic acid #54.
 XX
 KW Immunostimulatory; antiinflammatory; dermatological; antipsoriatic;
 KW anticulcer; gene therapy; vaccine; non-allergic inflammatory disease;
 KW psoriasis; eczema; allergic contact dermatitis; latex dermatitis;
 KW inflammatory bowel disease; ulcerative colitis; Crohn's disease; ss.
 XX
 OS Synthetic.
 XX
 PN US2003050268-A1.
 PD
 PD 13-MAR-2003.
 XX
 PF 29-MAR-2002; 2002US-00112653.
 XX
 PR 29-MAR-2001; 2001US-0279642P.
 XX
 PA (KRIE/) KRIEG A M.
 PA (BERG/) BERG D J.
 XX
 PI Krieg AM, Berg DJ;
 XX
 DR WPI; 2003-521815/49.
 XX
 PT Treating non-allergic inflammatory diseases, such as psoriasis, eczema,
 PT allergic contact dermatitis, latex dermatitis or inflammatory bowel
 PT disease by administering an immunostimulatory nucleic acid.
 XX
 PS Disclosure; Page 10; 229pp; English.

```
XX The invention describes a method of treating non-allergic inflammatory
CC disease comprising administering to a subject having or at risk of
CC developing a non-allergic inflammatory disease an immunostimulatory
CC nucleic acid for prevention or treatment of the disease. The method is
CC useful for treating non-allergic inflammatory diseases, such as
CC psoriasis, eczema, allergic contact dermatitis, latex dermatitis or
CC inflammatory bowel disease e.g., ulcerative colitis or Crohn's disease.
CC This sequence represents an immunostimulatory nucleic acid
XX
SQ Sequence 24 BP; 0 A; 0 C; 3 G; 21 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
Query Match 0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 24;
Best Local Similarity 79.2%; Pred. No. 1.6e+02;
Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 5; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
OY 1386 TTGTTGTTTGTGATCTGTTT 1409
Db 1 TTGTTTGTGTTTGTGTTT 24
RESULT 32
ADB36437
ID ADB36437 standard; DNA; 24 BP.
AC ADB36437;
XX
XX 04-DEC-2003 (first entry)
XX
XX Immunostimulatory nucleic acid #51.
XX
XX ds; allergy; asthma; poly-G nucleic acid; aerosol formulation;
XX hypo-responsive subject; immunostimulatory.
XX
XX Synthetic.
XX
XX US2003087848-A1.
XX
XX 08-MAY-2003.
XX
XX 02-FEB-2001; 2001US-00776479.
XX
XX 03-FEB-2000; 2000US-0179991P.
XX
XX (BRATZLER R L.
XX (PETE/) PETERSEN D M.
XX (FOUR/) FOURON Y.
XX
XX Bratzler RJ, Petersen DM, Fouron Y,
XX WPI; 2003-65797/62.
XX
XX Treating and/or preventing allergy or asthma using an immunostimulatory
XX nucleic acid alone or in combination with an asthma/allergy medicament.
XX
XX Disclosure; Page 6; 221pp; English.
XX
XX The invention relates to a method of treating or preventing allergy or
XX asthma which comprises administering to a subject a poly-G nucleic acid
XX in an aerosol formulation. The methods and compositions of the present
XX invention are useful for diagnosing and/or treating asthma and allergy
XX especially in a hypo-responsive subject. The present sequence represents
XX an immunostimulatory nucleic acid of the invention.
XX
SQ Sequence 24 BP; 0 A; 0 C; 3 G; 21 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
Query Match 0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 24;
Best Local Similarity 79.2%; Pred. No. 1.6e+02;
Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 5; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
OY 1386 TTGTTGTTTGTGATCTGTTT 1409
Db 1 TTGTTTGTGTTTGTGTTT 24
```

```
RESULT 33
ADG75924
ID ADG75924 standard; DNA; 24 BP.
XX
XX ADG75924;
XX
XX 11-MAR-2004 (first entry)
XX
XX Immunostimulatory non-CpG oligonucleotide IMT 179 Segid 26.
XX
XX ss; non-CpG; immunostimulatory; non-palindromic; immune response;
XX proliferation; differentiation; cytokine; antibody production; B-cell;
XX plasmacytoid dendritic cell; immunomodulator; gene therapy;
XX chronic myelogenous leukaemia; melanoma; Kaposi's sarcoma;
XX renal cell carcinoma.
XX
XX Synthetic.
XX
XX WO2003101375-A2.
XX
XX 11-DEC-2003.
XX
XX 30-MAY-2003; 2003WO-EP005691.
XX
XX 30-MAY-2002; 2002CA-02388049.
XX
XX (IMMU-) IMMUNOTECH SA.
XX
XX Lopez RA;
XX
XX WPI; 2004-053333/05.
XX
XX New immunostimulatory oligonucleotide comprising non-palindromic nucleic
XX acid sequence motif, useful for inducing B-cell activation, treating,
XX preventing or ameliorating immune system disorder or tumoral disease e.g.
XX melanoma.
XX
XX Claim 14; SEQ ID NO 26; 139bp; English.
XX
XX This invention relates to novel immunostimulatory oligonucleotides that
XX contain a non-palindromic sequence motif. Specifically, it refers to DNA
XX oligonucleotides (without a CpG motif), which can stimulate an immune
XX response in animals of the order of primate, including humans. The immune
XX response is characterised by the proliferation, differentiation, cytokine
XX and antibody production in B-cells, as well as cell differentiation and
XX cytokine production in plasmacytoid dendritic cells. The present
XX invention describes immunomodulator compositions that also comprise an
XX antigen selected from, for example, viruses, bacteria, parasites, tumour
XX cells and glycolipids. As such, these DNA oligos can be used in gene
XX therapy for inducing B-cell activation, treating, preventing or
XX ameliorating an immune system disorder or a tumoural disease including
XX chronic myelogenous leukaemia, melanoma, Kaposi's sarcoma, and renal cell
XX carcinoma. This oligonucleotide sequence is an immunostimulatory non-CpG
XX variant DNA oligo, used in an exemplification of the invention.
XX
SQ Sequence 24 BP; 1 A; 1 C; 1 G; 21 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
Query Match 0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 24;
Best Local Similarity 79.2%; Pred. No. 1.6e+02;
Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 5; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
OY 1386 TTGTTGTTTGTGATCTGTTT 1409
Db 1 TTGTTTGTGTTTGTGTTT 24
RESULT 34
ADG76001
ID ADG76001 standard; DNA; 24 BP.
XX
XX ADG76001;
XX
```

```
XX 11-MAR-2004 (first entry)
DT
XX Non-CpG DNA oligonucleotide 2.
XX
XX ss; non-CpG; immunostimulatory; non-palindromic; immune response;
XX proliferation; differentiation; cytokine; antibody production; B-cell;
XX plasmacytoid dendritic cell; immunomodulator; gene therapy;
XX chronic myelogenous leukaemia; melanoma; Kaposi's sarcoma;
XX renal cell carcinoma.
XX
XX Synthetic.
XX
XX WO2003101375-A2.
XX
XX 11-DEC-2003.
XX
XX 30-MAY-2003; 2003WO-EP005691.
XX
XX 30-MAY-2002; 2002CA-02388049.
XX
XX (IMMU-) IMMUNOTECH SA.
XX
XX Lopez RA;
XX
XX MPI; 2004-053333/05.
XX
XX New immunostimulatory oligonucleotide comprising non-palindromic nucleic
XX acid sequence motif, useful for inducing B-cell activation, treating,
XX preventing or ameliorating immune system disorder or tumoral disease e.g.
XX melanoma.
XX
XX Example 17; Page 80; 139pp; English.
XX
XX This invention relates to novel immunostimulatory oligonucleotides that
XX contain a non-palindromic sequence motif. Specifically, it refers to DNA
XX oligonucleotides (without a CpG motif), which can stimulate an immune
XX response in animals of the order of primate, including humans. The immune
XX response is characterised by the proliferation, differentiation, cytokine
XX and antibody production in B-cells, as well as cell differentiation and
XX cytokine production in plasmacytoid dendritic cells. The present
XX invention describes immunomodulator compositions that also comprise an
XX antigen selected from, for example, viruses, bacteria, parasites, tumour
XX cells and glycolipids. As such, these DNA oligos can be used in gene
XX therapy for inducing B-cell activation, treating, preventing or
XX ameliorating an immune system disorder or a tumoral disease including
XX chronic myelogenous leukaemia, melanoma, Kaposi's sarcoma, and renal cell
XX carcinoma. This oligonucleotide sequence is a non-CpG DNA oligo of the
XX invention.
XX
XX Sequence 24 BP; 0 A; 0 C; 3 G; 21 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
SQ
XX
XX Query Match 0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 24;
XX Best Local Similarity 79.2%; Pred. No. 1.6e+02;
XX Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 5; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
XX
XX QY 1386 TTGTTGTTTGTATCTGTTT 1409
XX 1 TTGTTTTTTGTTTGTGTTT 24
XX
XX RESULT 35
XX ADG76035 standard; DNA; 24 BP.
XX
XX AC ADG76035;
XX
XX 11-MAR-2004 (first entry)
XX
XX Non-CpG DNA oligonucleotide 36.
XX
XX ss; non-CpG; immunostimulatory; non-palindromic; immune response;
XX proliferation; differentiation; cytokine; antibody production; B-cell;
XX
```

```
KW plasmacytoid dendritic cell; immunomodulator; gene therapy;
KW chronic myelogenous leukaemia; melanoma; Kaposi's sarcoma;
KW renal cell carcinoma.
XX
XX Synthetic.
XX
XX WO2003101375-A2.
XX
XX 11-DEC-2003.
XX
XX 30-MAY-2003; 2003WO-EP005691.
XX
XX 30-MAY-2002; 2002CA-02388049.
XX
XX (IMMU-) IMMUNOTECH SA.
XX
XX Lopez RA;
XX
XX MPI; 2004-053333/05.
XX
XX New immunostimulatory oligonucleotide comprising non-palindromic nucleic
XX acid sequence motif, useful for inducing B-cell activation, treating,
XX preventing or ameliorating immune system disorder or tumoral disease e.g.
XX melanoma.
XX
XX Example 17; Page 81; 139pp; English.
XX
XX This invention relates to novel immunostimulatory oligonucleotides that
XX contain a non-palindromic sequence motif. Specifically, it refers to DNA
XX oligonucleotides (without a CpG motif), which can stimulate an immune
XX response in animals of the order of primate, including humans. The immune
XX response is characterised by the proliferation, differentiation, cytokine
XX and antibody production in B-cells, as well as cell differentiation and
XX cytokine production in plasmacytoid dendritic cells. The present
XX invention describes immunomodulator compositions that also comprise an
XX antigen selected from, for example, viruses, bacteria, parasites, tumour
XX cells and glycolipids. As such, these DNA oligos can be used in gene
XX therapy for inducing B-cell activation, treating, preventing or
XX ameliorating an immune system disorder or a tumoral disease including
XX chronic myelogenous leukaemia, melanoma, Kaposi's sarcoma, and renal cell
XX carcinoma. This oligonucleotide sequence is a non-CpG DNA oligo of the
XX invention.
XX
XX Sequence 24 BP; 0 A; 0 C; 3 G; 21 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
SQ
XX
XX Query Match 0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 24;
XX Best Local Similarity 79.2%; Pred. No. 1.6e+02;
XX Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 5; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
XX
XX QY 1386 TTGTTGTTTGTATCTGTTT 1409
XX 1 TTGTTTTTTGTTTGTGTTT 24
XX
XX RESULT 36
XX ADG75971 standard; DNA; 24 BP.
XX
XX AC ADG75971;
XX
XX 11-MAR-2004 (first entry)
XX
XX Immunostimulatory non-CpG phosphorothioate DNA oligo IMT179 SegID73.
XX
XX ss; non-CpG; immunostimulatory; non-palindromic; immune response;
XX proliferation; differentiation; cytokine; antibody production; B-cell;
XX plasmacytoid dendritic cell; immunomodulator; gene therapy;
XX chronic myelogenous leukaemia; melanoma; Kaposi's sarcoma;
XX renal cell carcinoma.
XX
XX Synthetic.
XX
XX WO2003101375-A2.
XX
XX
```



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XX 11-DEC-2003.
PD 30-MAY-2003; 2003WO-EP005691.
XX PF 30-MAY-2002; 2002CA-02388049.
XX PR (IMMUN-) IMMUNOTECH SA.
XX PA Lopez RA;
XX PI MPI; 2004-053333/05.
XX DR
XX
XX New immunostimulatory oligonucleotide comprising non-palindromic nucleic
XX acid sequence motif, useful for inducing B-cell activation, treating,
XX preventing or ameliorating immune system disorder or tumoral disease e.g.
XX melanoma.
XX
XX Example 5; SEQ ID NO 73; 139pp; English.
XX
XX This invention relates to novel immunostimulatory oligonucleotides that
XX contain a non-palindromic sequence motif. Specifically, it refers to DNA
XX oligonucleotides (without a CpG motif), which can stimulate an immune
XX response in animals of the order of primate, including humans. The immune
XX response is characterised by the proliferation, differentiation, cytokine
XX and antibody production in B-cells, as well as cell differentiation and
XX cytokine production in plasmacytoid dendritic cells. The present
XX invention describes immunomodulator compositions that also comprise an
XX antigen selected from, for example, viruses, bacteria, parasites, tumour
XX cells and glycolipids. As such, these DNA oligos can be used in gene
XX therapy for inducing B-cell activation, treating, preventing or
XX ameliorating an immune system disorder or a tumoural disease including
XX chronic myelogenous leukaemia, melanoma, Kaposi's sarcoma, and renal cell
XX carcinoma. This oligonucleotide sequence is an immunostimulatory
XX phosphorothioate non-CpG variant DNA oligo, used to determine the effect
XX of oligo size on B cell proliferation and IL6 secretion in an
XX exemplification of the invention.
XX
XX Sequence 24 BP; 1 A; 1 C; 1 G; 21 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
XX
XX
XX Query Match 0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 24;
XX Best Local Similarity 79.2%; Pred. No. 1.6e+02;
XX Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 5; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
XX
XX QY 1386 TGTGTTGTTGTTGTAATCTGTTT 1409
XX Db 1 TTTTCTTTTTCATTGTTT 24
XX
XX RESULT 37
XX AAZ07017/C
XX ID AAZ07017 standard; DNA; 24 BP.
XX AC AAZ07017;
XX
XX DT 09-NOV-1999 (first entry)
XX
XX DE Murine alpha-L-iduronidase genomic DNA oligonucleotide #3.
XX
XX KM Murine; mouse; alpha-L-iduronidase; IDUA; hepatic sulphate transporter;
XX SAT-1; mucopolysaccharidosis type I; MPS I; transgenic mouse;
XX cell-specific targeting system; tissue-specific targeting system;
XX lysosomal disorder; ss.
XX
XX OS Mus sp.
XX
XX PN CA2205710-A.
XX
XX PD 20-NOV-1997.
XX
XX PF 20-MAY-1997; 97CA-02205710.
XX
XX PR 20-MAY-1996; 96US-0017156P.

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XX (UYBR-) UNIV BRITISH COLUMBIA.
XX PA (UYBR-) UNIV BRITISH COLUMBIA.
XX XX
XX Jirik F, Clarke LA;
XX
XX DR MPI; 1999-494691/42.
XX
XX PT New transgenic mouse, useful for modeling lysosomal disorders and testing
XX cell- or tissue-specific targeting systems.
XX
XX PS Example 3; Page 12; 20pp; English.
XX
XX The present invention describes a mouse (I), homozygous for a disruption
XX in the alpha-L-iduronidase (IDUA) gene but with normal expression of the
XX hepatic sulphate transporter SAT-1 gene. (I) is used to evaluate
XX therapeutic agents for use in treating mucopolysaccharidosis Type I (MPS
XX I) by administering the agent to (I) and evaluating the mouse for
XX pathology associated with iduronidase deficiency. (I) may also be used to
XX evaluate the ability of a targeting system to deliver a therapeutic agent
XX to a specific tissue or organ in the mouse using the same techniques.
XX Targeting systems which may be tested using this regime include a target-
XX specific label, a viral expression vector or a liposome coupled to
XX iduronidase. (I) may also be used as a general model for studying the
XX pathology of MPS I. The SAT-1 gene overlaps with the IDUA gene but in (I)
XX the expression of the SAT-1 gene is unaffected. Therefore any
XX pathological effects observed in (I) are due solely to the disruption of
XX the IDUA gene. The present sequence represents a IDUA genomic DNA
XX oligonucleotide used in the exemplification of the present invention
XX
XX Sequence 24 BP; 20 A; 4 C; 0 G; 0 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
XX
XX
XX Query Match 0.9%; Score 16; DB 1; Length 24;
XX Best Local Similarity 79.2%; Pred. No. 1.6e+02;
XX Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 5; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
XX
XX QY 1384 TGTGTTGTTGTTGTAATCTGTTT 1407
XX Db 24 TGTGTTGTTTGTGTTTGTGTTT 1
XX
XX RESULT 38
XX AAV12482/C
XX ID AAV12482 standard; DNA; 26 BP.
XX AC AAV12482;
XX
XX DT 15-MAY-1998 (first entry)
XX
XX DE Oligonucleotide SEQ ID NO:5 from US5174320 Example 2.
XX
XX KM Synthesis; selection; amplification; circular oligonucleotide;
XX rolling circle synthesis; diagnosis; therapeutic agent; ss.
XX
XX OS Synthetic.
XX
XX PN US5714320-A.
XX
XX PD 03-FEB-1998.
XX
XX PF 23-FEB-1995; 95US-00393439.
XX
XX PR 15-APR-1993; 93US-00047860.
XX
XX PA (UYRP ) UNIV ROCHESTER.
XX
XX PI Kool ET;
XX
XX DR MPI; 1998-144278/13.
XX
XX PT Rolling circle synthesis of oligo:nucleotide(s) - using primed circular
XX template to produce oligonucleotide multimer for cleavage.
XX

```


XX DE Human oligonucleotide sequence.
XX
XX Human; antisense; lung dysfunction; nasal airway dysfunction;
XX antiinflammatory steroid; ubiquinone; antiinflammatory; antiallergic;
XX antiasthmatic; hypotensive; immunosuppressive; cytoskeletal; gene therapy;
XX antisense gene therapy; respiratory; lung; adenosine sensitivity;
XX adenosine receptor; bronchodilation; bronchoconstriction; lung allergy;
XX lung inflammation; respiratory disease; ds.
XX
XX Homo sapiens.
XX
XX WO200285308-A2.
XX
XX 31-OCT-2002.
XX
XX 23-APR-2002; 2002WO-US013135.
XX
XX 24-APR-2001; 2001US-0286137P.
XX
XX (EPIC-) EPIGENESIS PHARM INC.
XX
XX Nyce JW, Li Y, Sandrasagra A, Katz E, Pabalan J, Aguilar D;
XX Miller S, Tang L, Shahabuddin S;
XX WPI; 2003-229219/22.
XX
XX Pharmaceutical composition for treating ailments associated with impaired
XX respiration, has oligo(s) antisense to specific gene(s) or its
XX corresponding RNAs, and glucocorticoid or non-glucocorticoid steroid or
XX ubiquinone.
XX
XX Disclosure; SEQ ID NO 5616; 872pp; English.
XX
XX The invention relates to a novel pharmaceutical composition, which has a
XX first active agent comprising an oligonucleotide antisense to the
XX initiation codon, coding region, 5' or 3' end genomic flanking regions,
XX 5' and 3' intron-exon junctions, or regions within 2-10 nucleotides of
XX junctions of genes encoding a polypeptide associated with lung and/or
XX nasal airway dysfunction and a second active agent comprising an
XX antiinflammatory steroid and ubiquinone. A composition of the invention
XX has antiinflammatory, antiallergic, antiasthmatic, hypotensive,
XX immunosuppressive, and cytoskeletal activity. The composition may have a
XX use in antisense gene therapy. The composition is useful for treating or
XX preventing a respiratory, lung or malignant disease or condition, also
XX for enhancing the prophylactic or therapeutic respiratory effect of an
XX antiinflammatory steroid in a subject, for reducing or depleting levels
XX of, or reducing sensitivity to adenosine, reducing levels of ubiquinone or
XX receptor, producing bronchodilation, increasing levels of ubiquinone or
XX lung surfactant in a subject's tissue, or treating bronchoconstriction,
XX lung inflammation, lung allergies, or a respiratory disease or condition.
XX Note: The sequence data for this patent is not represented in the printed
XX specification, but was obtained in electronic format directly from WIPO
XX at ftp.wipo.int/pub/published_pct_sequences
XX
XX Sequence 20 BP; 17 A; 3 C; 0 G; 0 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
SQ
Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 1.8e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
CY 1382 TTGTGTTGTTGTTGTTGTT 1400
DB 20 TTGTGTTTGTGTTGTTT 2

RESULT 44
ABD26604/C
ID ABD26604 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
AC ABD26604;
XX
DT 29-JUL-2004 (first entry)

XX XX
XX DE AA909635-derived oligonucleotide SEQ ID 5616.
XX
XX Human; antisense; bronchoconstriction; allergy; hyposecretion; pain;
XX respiratory tract inflammation; adenosine sensitivity; lung; cancer;
XX surfactant depletion; antiallergic; antiinflammatory; antiasthmatic;
XX analgesic; hypotensive; immunosuppressive; cytoskeletal; cystic fibrosis;
XX beta-adrenergic agonist; respiratory disease; pulmonary vasoconstriction;
XX respiratory distress syndrome; allergic rhinitis; pulmonary hypertension;
XX emphysema; chronic obstructive pulmonary disease; cancer; bronchitis;
XX pulmonary transplantation rejection; ss; primer.
XX
XX Homo sapiens.
XX
XX WO200285309-A2.
XX
XX 31-OCT-2002.
XX
XX 23-APR-2002; 2002WO-US013143.
XX
XX 24-APR-2001; 2001US-0286036P.
XX
XX (EPIC-) EPIGENESIS PHARM INC.
XX
XX Nyce JW, Li Y, Sandrasagra A, Katz E, Pabalan J, Aguilar D;
XX Miller S, Tang L, Shahabuddin S;
XX WPI; 2003-093058/08.
XX
XX Pharmaceutical composition for treating asthma, has antisense
XX oligonucleotide containing less percentage of adenosine, targeted to
XX nucleic acids associated with lung airway or lung dysfunction, and
XX bronchodilating agent.
XX
XX Claim 15; SEQ ID NO 5616; 763pp; English.
XX
XX This invention describes a novel composition (a) a first active agent,
XX comprising oligonucleotides, effective for alleviating
XX bronchoconstriction, respiratory tract inflammation, allergies and
XX reducing adenosine sensitivity, levels of adenosine (A) or (A) receptors,
XX surfactant depletion or hyposecretion, when administered to a mammal. The
XX oligonucleotides are derived from a gene encoding or regulating
XX expression of a target polypeptide associated with lung airway or lung
XX dysfunction or cancer and can be anti-sense to the corresponding mRNA.
XX The invention also describes a kit, that comprises: (a) a delivery
XX device, in separate containers, (b) the oligonucleotides, (c)
XX instructions for adding a carrier and for use of the kit. The composition
XX of the invention has antiallergic, antiinflammatory, antiasthmatic, is a
XX analgesic, hypotensive, immunosuppressive and cytoskeletal activity, is a
XX beta-adrenergic agonist. The composition is useful for preventing or
XX treating a respiratory, lung or malignant disease. The administered
XX composition comprises oligo and is administered to reduce the production
XX or availability or to increase the degradation of the target mRNA or to
XX reduce the amount of target polypeptide present in the lungs. The
XX pulmonary obstruction, and/or bronchoconstriction and/or lung
XX inflammation, allergies and/or surfactant hypoproduction are associated
XX with a disease or condition such as pulmonary vasoconstriction,
XX inflammation, allergies, asthma, impeded respiration, respiratory
XX distress syndrome, pain, cystic fibrosis, allergic rhinitis, pulmonary
XX hypertransplantation rejection, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, pulmonary
XX hypertension, emphysema, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, cancer,
XX The reduced adenosine content of the anti-sense oligos corresponding to
XX thymidines present in the target RNA serves to prevent the breakdown of
XX the oligonucleotides into products that free adenosine into the system
XX e.g., lung, brain, heart, kidney, etc, tissue environment and thereby, to
XX prevent any unwanted effects due to it
XX
XX Sequence 20 BP; 17 A; 3 C; 0 G; 0 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
SQ
Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 1.8e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1382 TTGTTGTTGTTGTTGTTAT 1400
 |||||
 Db 20 TTGTTGTTGTTGTTGTTT 2

RESULT 45
 AAV58430
 ID AAV58430 standard; cDNA; 20 BP.
 XX
 AC AAV58430;
 XX
 DT 01-DEC-1998 (first entry)
 XX

PCR primer for PN4 sodium channel clone.
 DE
 XX
 KW Tetrodotoxin-sensitive sodium channel; rat; PN4 sodium channel; stroke;
 KW nervous system disorder; epilepsy; brain injury; diabetic neuropathy;
 KW AIDS-associated neuropathy; therapy; PCR primer; ss.
 XX
 OS Synthetic.
 OS Rattus sp.
 XX
 PN WO9838302-A2.
 XX
 PD 03-SEP-1998.
 XX
 PF 20-FEB-1998; 98WO-EP000997.
 XX
 PR 26-FEB-1997; 97US-0039447P.
 XX
 PA (HOFF) HOFFMANN LA ROCHE & CO AG F.
 XX
 PI Delgado SG, Dietrich PS, Fish LM, Herman RC, Sangameswaran L;
 XX
 DR WPI; 1998-481204/41.
 XX

New rat tetrodotoxin-sensitive sodium channel alpha subunit and DNA - for
 PT detecting inhibitors which alleviate pain, and treating nervous system
 PT disorders, e.g. epilepsy, stroke, diabetic and AIDS neuropathy.
 PT
 XX

Example 2; Page 20; 87pp; English.
 PS
 XX

This sequence represents a primer for the isolated rat PN4 sodium channel
 CC cDNA clone of the invention. The clone sequence was isolated from a
 CC peripheral nerve from a rat dorsal ganglia. The PN4 sodium channel
 CC sequences are tetrodotoxin-sensitive sodium channels. The protein is used
 CC in assays for detecting inhibitors of tetrodotoxin-sensitive sodium
 CC channels, which alleviate pain. The probes can be used to detect and
 CC isolate the DNA or protein in tissues. The antibodies can also be used to
 CC isolate the protein. The protein is used as a therapeutic target for
 CC compounds to treat disorders of the nervous system, such as epilepsy,
 CC stroke and brain injury, diabetic neuropathy, and AIDS-associated
 CC neuropathy, etc
 CC
 SQ Sequence 20 BP; 6 A; 6 C; 5 G; 3 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 1.8e+02;
 Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 392 CAGCAGCAACGCTGCTTC 410
 |||||
 Db 1 CAGCAGCTACAGTGGCTAC 19

RESULT 46
 AAX94392
 ID AAX94392 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
 XX
 AC AAX94392;
 XX
 DT 13-SEP-1999 (first entry)
 XX

DE PCR primer used to amplify an ORF of Chlamydia pneumoniae.
 XX
 KW Respiratory disease; pneumonia; bronchitis; heart disease; sarcoidosis;
 KW sinusitis; purulent otitis media; erythema nodosum; pharyngitis; vaccine;
 KW neutralising epitope; PCR primer; ss.
 XX
 OS Synthetic.
 OS Chlamydia pneumoniae.
 XX
 PN WO927105-A2.
 XX
 PD 03-JUN-1999.
 XX
 PF 20-NOV-1998; 98WO-1B001890.
 XX
 PR 21-NOV-1997; 97PR-00014673.
 XX
 PR 04-NOV-1998; 98US-0107078P.
 XX
 PA (BEST) GENSET.
 XX
 PI Grifflats R;
 XX
 DR WPI; 1999-357842/30.
 XX

Genome sequence of Chlamydia pneumoniae.
 PT
 XX

Page 1666; Disclosure; 1912pp; English.
 PS
 XX

AAX01991-X97517 represent PCR primers used to amplify open reading frames
 CC and other nucleic acid sequences from the genome of Chlamydia pneumoniae
 CC (see AAX91990). C. pneumoniae causes respiratory disease such as
 CC pneumonia and bronchitis and is thought to be a contributing factor in
 CC heart disease, sarcoidosis, sinusitis, purulent otitis media, erythema
 CC nodosum or pharyngitis. The polypeptides encoded by the open reading
 CC frames of the C. pneumoniae genome (see AAY4584-AAY35879) can be used
 CC in immunogenic compositions as vaccines. Vectors containing C. pneumoniae
 CC nucleic acid sequences can also be used as immunogenic compositions,
 CC especially where the vector directs the expression of a neutralising
 CC epitope of C. pneumoniae
 XX

SQ Sequence 20 BP; 5 A; 7 C; 5 G; 3 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 1.8e+02;
 Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 825 GGCTTCAGCCAGTCCCTGA 843
 |||||
 Db 2 GGCGTCAGCCAACTCCTGA 20

RESULT 47
 AAZ37992/C
 ID AAZ37992 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
 XX
 AC AAZ37992;
 XX
 DT 07-FEB-2000 (first entry)
 XX

Human GLCIA gene exon 1 specific reverse primer.
 DE
 XX
 KW Glaucoma; PCR amplification; primary open wide angle glaucoma;
 KW GLCIA gene; human; PCR primer; ss.
 XX
 OS Synthetic.
 OS Homo sapiens.
 XX
 PN WO9951779-A2.
 XX
 PD 14-OCT-1999.
 XX
 PF 07-APR-1999; 99WO-US007671.
 XX


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PD 19-JUN-2003.
XX
XX 04-DEC-2002; 2002WO-US038520.
XX
XX 06-DEC-2001; 2001US-00003126.
XX
XX (ISIS-) ISIS PHARM INC.
XX
XX Monia BP, Freier SM;
XX
XX WPI; 2003-558997/52.
XX
XX New oligonucleotides which bind the nucleic acid encoding the G protein
XX coupled receptor ETRB-LP-2 (endothelin type b receptor-like protein-2
XX receptor), useful for treating e.g. cancer and cardiovascular diseases.
XX
XX Claim 3; Page 79; 106pp; English.
XX
XX The invention relates to antisense compounds targeted to the nucleic
XX acid encoding the G protein-coupled receptor ETRB-LP-2 (endothelin type b
XX receptor-like protein-2) to inhibit its expression. ETRB-LP-2 is also
XX known as endothelin-binding receptor-like protein 2, ETRB-like protein 2
XX and G-protein coupled receptor 37 like 1 (GPR37L1). Antisense compounds
XX of the invention are useful for treating hyperproliferative disorders
XX (especially cancer) and cardiovascular diseases especially atherosclerosis,
XX atherosclerosis, hypertension, cerebral vascular disease, stroke and
XX acute proliferative nephropathy. The present sequence is an antisense
XX oligonucleotide targeted to human ETRB-LP-2 DNA
XX
XX Sequence 20 BP; 2 A; 9 C; 3 G; 6 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
XX
XX Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 20;
XX Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 1.8e+02;
XX Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
XX
XX QY 808 ACTCTCCCTCTCTCCCTCG 826
XX ||||| ||||| ||||| |||||
XX Db 2 ACTCTGACTTCTCTCCCTCG 20
XX
XX RESULT 52
XX AB291337
XX ID AB291337 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
XX
XX AC AB291337;
XX
XX DT 17-OCT-2003 (first entry)
XX
XX DE Human oligonucleotide sequence.
XX
XX KW Human; antisense; lung dysfunction; nasal airway dysfunction;
XX antiinflammatory steroid; ubiquinone; antiinflammatory; antiallergic;
XX antiasthmatic; hypotensive; immunosuppressive; cyostatic; gene therapy;
XX antisense gene therapy; respiratory; lung; adenosine sensitivity;
XX adenosine receptor; bronchodilation; bronchoconstriction; lung allergy;
XX lung inflammation; respiratory disease; ds.
XX
XX OS Homo sapiens.
XX
XX PN WO200285308-A2.
XX
XX PD 31-OCT-2002.
XX
XX PF 23-APR-2002; 2002WO-US013135.
XX
XX PR 24-APR-2001; 2001US-0286137P.
XX
XX PA (EPIG-) EPIGENESIS PHARM INC.
XX
XX PI Myce JW, Li Y, Sandrasagra A, Katz E, Pabalan J, Aguilar D;
XX Miller S, Tang L, Shahabuddin S;
XX WPI; 2003-229219/22.
XX
XX
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```
XX
XX Pharmaceutical composition for treating ailments associated with impaired
XX respiration, has oligo(s) antisense to specific gene(s) or its
XX corresponding RNAs, and glucocorticoid or non-glucocorticoid steroid or
XX ubiquinone.
XX
XX Disclosure; SEQ ID NO 6579; 872pp; English.
XX
XX The invention relates to a novel pharmaceutical composition, which has a
XX first active agent comprising an oligonucleotide antisense to the
XX initiation codon, coding region, 5' or 3' end genomic flanking regions,
XX 5' and 3' intron-exon junctions, or regions within 2-10 nucleotides of
XX junctions of genes encoding a polypeptide associated with lung and/or
XX nasal airway dysfunction and a second active agent comprising an
XX antiinflammatory steroid and ubiquinone. A composition of the invention
XX has antiinflammatory, antiallergic, antiasthmatic, hypotensive,
XX immunosuppressive, and cyostatic activity. The composition may have a
XX use in antisense gene therapy. The composition is useful for treating or
XX preventing a respiratory, lung or malignant disease or condition, also
XX for enhancing the prophylactic or therapeutic respiratory effect of an
XX antiinflammatory steroid in a subject, for reducing or depleting levels
XX of, or reducing sensitivity to adenosine, reducing levels of adenosine
XX receptor, producing bronchodilation, increasing levels of ubiquinone or
XX lung surfactant in a subject's tissue, or treating bronchoconstriction,
XX lung inflammation, lung allergies, or a respiratory disease or condition.
XX Note: The sequence data for this patent is not represented in the printed
XX specification, but was obtained in electronic format directly from WIPO
XX at ftp.wipo.int/pub/published_pct_sequences
XX
XX SQ Sequence 20 BP; 3 A; 10 C; 4 G; 3 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
XX
XX Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 20;
XX Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 1.8e+02;
XX Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
XX
XX QY 716 CCCGAGCTGTGTGCCAC 734
XX ||||| ||||| ||||| |||||
XX Db 1 CACGAGCTGTGTGCCATC 19
XX
XX RESULT 53
XX AB288193
XX ID AB288193 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
XX
XX AC AB288193;
XX
XX DT 17-OCT-2003 (first entry)
XX
XX DE Human oligonucleotide sequence.
XX
XX KW Human; antisense; lung dysfunction; nasal airway dysfunction;
XX antiinflammatory steroid; ubiquinone; antiinflammatory; antiallergic;
XX antiasthmatic; hypotensive; immunosuppressive; cyostatic; gene therapy;
XX antisense gene therapy; respiratory; lung; adenosine sensitivity;
XX adenosine receptor; bronchodilation; bronchoconstriction; lung allergy;
XX lung inflammation; respiratory disease; ds.
XX
XX OS Homo sapiens.
XX
XX PN WO200285308-A2.
XX
XX PD 31-OCT-2002.
XX
XX PF 23-APR-2002; 2002WO-US013135.
XX
XX PR 24-APR-2001; 2001US-0286137P.
XX
XX PA (EPIG-) EPIGENESIS PHARM INC.
XX
XX PI Myce JW, Li Y, Sandrasagra A, Katz E, Pabalan J, Aguilar D;
XX Miller S, Tang L, Shahabuddin S;
XX WPI; 2003-229219/22.
XX
XX
```


XX Pharmaceutical composition for treating ailments associated with impaired
PT respiration, has oligo(s) antisense to specific gene(s) or its
PT corresponding RNAs, and glucocorticoid or non-glucocorticoid steroid or
PT ubiquinone.
XX
PS Disclosure; SEQ ID NO 3435; 872bp; English.
XX
CC The invention relates to a novel pharmaceutical composition, which has a
CC first active agent comprising an oligonucleotide antisense to the
CC initiation codon, coding region, 5' or 3' end genomic flanking regions,
CC 5' and 3' intron-exon junctions, or regions within 2-10 nucleotides of
CC junctions of genes encoding a polypeptide associated with lung and/or
CC nasal airway dysfunction and a second active agent comprising an
CC antiinflammatory steroid and ubiquinone. A composition of the invention
CC has antiinflammatory, antiallergic, antiasthmatic, hypotensive,
CC immunosuppressive, and cytostatic activity. The composition may have a
CC use in antisense gene therapy. The composition is useful for treating or
CC preventing a respiratory, lung or malignant disease or condition, also
CC for enhancing the prophylactic or therapeutic respiratory effect of an
CC antiinflammatory steroid in a subject, for reducing or depleting levels
CC of, or reducing sensitivity to adenosine, reducing levels of adenosine
CC receptor, producing bronchodilation, increasing levels of ubiquinone or
CC lung surfactant in a subject's tissue, or treating bronchoconstriction,
CC lung inflammation, lung allergies, or a respiratory disease or condition.
CC Note: The sequence data for this patent is not represented in the printed
CC specification, but was obtained in electronic format directly from WIPO
CC at ftp.wipo.int/pub/published_pct_sequences
XX
SQ Sequence 20 BP; 6 A; 6 C; 5 G; 3 T; 0 U; 0 Other:
XX
Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 1.8e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 378 TGGGAGTCCCTGACAGCA 396
Db 1 TGGGAGTCCCTGACAGCA 19
|||||
RESULT 54
ABZ99156
ID ABZ99156 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
XX
XX ABZ99156;
AC
XX
XX 17-OCT-2003 (first entry)
DT
XX
DE Human PDE4C oligonucleotide sequence.
XX
XX Human; antisense; lung dysfunction; nasal airway dysfunction;
KW antiinflammatory steroid; ubiquinone; antiinflammatory; antiasthmatic;
KW antiasthmatic; hypotensive; immunosuppressive; cytostatic; gene therapy;
KW antisense gene therapy; respiratory; lung; adenosine sensitivity;
KW adenosine receptor; bronchodilation; bronchoconstriction; lung allergy;
KW lung inflammation; respiratory disease; ds.
XX
XX Homo sapiens.
OS
XX
XX WO200285308-A2.
PN
XX
XX 31-OCT-2002.
PD
XX
XX 23-APR-2002; 2002WO-US013135.
PF
XX
XX 24-APR-2001; 2001US-0286137P.
PR
XX
XX (EPIG-) EPIGENESIS PHARM INC.
PA
XX
XX Nyce JW, Li Y, Sandrasagra A, Katz E, Pabalan J, Aguilar D;
PI Miller S, Tang L, Shahabuddin S;
XX
XX WPI; 2003-229219/22.
DR

XX Pharmaceutical composition for treating ailments associated with impaired
PT respiration, has oligo(s) antisense to specific gene(s) or its
PT corresponding RNAs, and glucocorticoid or non-glucocorticoid steroid or
PT ubiquinone.
XX
PS Disclosure; SEQ ID NO 14398; 872bp; English.
XX
CC The invention relates to a novel pharmaceutical composition, which has a
CC first active agent comprising an oligonucleotide antisense to the
CC initiation codon, coding region, 5' or 3' end genomic flanking regions,
CC 5' and 3' intron-exon junctions, or regions within 2-10 nucleotides of
CC junctions of genes encoding a polypeptide associated with lung and/or
CC nasal airway dysfunction and a second active agent comprising an
CC antiinflammatory steroid and ubiquinone. A composition of the invention
CC has antiinflammatory, antiallergic, antiasthmatic, hypotensive,
CC immunosuppressive, and cytostatic activity. The composition may have a
CC use in antisense gene therapy. The composition is useful for treating or
CC preventing a respiratory, lung or malignant disease or condition, also
CC for enhancing the prophylactic or therapeutic respiratory effect of an
CC antiinflammatory steroid in a subject, for reducing or depleting levels
CC of, or reducing sensitivity to adenosine, reducing levels of adenosine
CC receptor, producing bronchodilation, increasing levels of ubiquinone or
CC lung surfactant in a subject's tissue, or treating bronchoconstriction,
CC lung inflammation, lung allergies, or a respiratory disease or condition.
CC Note: The sequence data for this patent is not represented in the printed
CC specification, but was obtained in electronic format directly from WIPO
CC at ftp.wipo.int/pub/published_pct_sequences
XX
SQ Sequence 20 BP; 3 A; 8 C; 6 G; 3 T; 0 U; 0 Other:
XX
Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 1.8e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 712 TGGACCCAGCCTGTGTC 730
Db 1 TGGACCCAGCCTGTGTC 19
|||||
RESULT 55
ABD32187
ID ABD32187 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
XX
XX ABD32187;
AC
XX
XX 29-JUL-2004 (first entry)
DT
XX
DE Human PDE4C-derived oligonucleotide SEQ ID 14398.
XX
XX Human; antisense; bronchoconstriction; allergy; hyposecretion; pain;
KW respiratory tract inflammation; adenosine sensitivity; lung; cancer;
KW surfactant depletion; antiallergic; antiinflammatory; antiasthmatic;
KW anasthetic; hypotensive; immunosuppressive; cytostatic; cystic fibrosis;
KW beta-adrenergic agonist; respiratory disease; pulmonary vasoconstriction;
KW respiratory distress syndrome; allergic rhinitis; pulmonary hypertension;
KW emphysema; chronic obstructive pulmonary disease; cancer; bronchitis;
KW pulmonary transplantation rejection; ss; primer.
XX
XX Homo sapiens.
OS
XX
XX WO200285309-A2.
PN
XX
XX 31-OCT-2002.
PD
XX
XX 23-APR-2002; 2002WO-US013143.
PF
XX
XX 24-APR-2001; 2001US-0286036P.
PR
XX
XX (EPIG-) EPIGENESIS PHARM INC.
PA
XX
XX Nyce JW, Li Y, Sandrasagra A, Katz E, Pabalan J, Aguilar D;
PI Miller S, Tang L, Shahabuddin S;
PI

XX	WP1: 2003-093056/08.
XX	
XX	Pharmaceutical composition for treating asthma, has antisease
PT	oligonucleotide containing less percentage of adenosine, targeted to
PT	nucleic acids associated with lung airway or lung dysfunction, and
PT	bronchodilating agent.
XX	
ES	Claim 15; SEQ ID NO 14398; 763pp; English.
XX	
CC	This invention describes a novel composition (a) a first active agent,
CC	comprising oligonucleotides, effective for alleviating
CC	bronchoconstriction, respiratory tract inflammation, allergies and
CC	reducing adenosine sensitivity, levels of adenosine (A) or (A) receptors,
CC	surfactant depletion or hyposecretion, when administered to a mammal. The
CC	oligonucleotides are derived from a gene encoding or regulating
CC	expression of a target polypeptide associated with lung airway or lung
CC	dysfunction or cancer and can be anti-sense to the corresponding mRNA.
CC	The invention also describes a kit, that comprises: (a) a delivery
CC	device, in separate containers, (b) the oligonucleotides, (c)
CC	instructions for adding a carrier and for use of the kit. The composition
CC	of the invention has antiallergic, antiinflammatory, antiasthmatic,
CC	analgesic, hypotensive, immunosuppressive and cytostatic activity, is a
CC	beta-adrenergic agonist. The composition is useful for preventing or
CC	treating a respiratory, lung or malignant disease. The administered
CC	composition comprises oligo and is administered to reduce the production
CC	or availability, or to increase the degradation of the target mRNA or to
CC	reduce the amount of target polypeptide present in the lungs. The
CC	pulmonary obstruction, and/or bronchoconstriction and/or lung
CC	inflammation, allergies and/or surfactant hypoproduction are associated
CC	with a disease or condition such as pulmonary vasoconstriction,
CC	inflammation, allergies, asthma, impeded respiration, respiratory
CC	distress syndrome, pain, cystic fibrosis, allergic rhinitis, pulmonary
CC	hypertension, emphysema, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, pulmonary
CC	transplantation rejection, pulmonary infections, bronchitis or cancer.
CC	The reduced adenosine content of the anti-sense oligos corresponding to
CC	thymidines present in the target RNA serves to prevent the breakdown of
CC	the oligonucleotides into products that free adenosine into the system
CC	e.g., lung, brain, heart, kidney, etc, tissue environment and thereby, to
CC	prevent any unwanted effects due to it
XX	
XX	Sequence 20 BP; 3 A; 8 C; 6 G; 3 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
XX	
Query Match	0.9%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity	89.5%; Pred. NO. 1.8e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;	
Oy	712 TCGAGCCGAGCCTGTGCC 730
Db	1 TGGACCCGAGCCAGGTGCC 19
RESULT 56	
ABD24423	
ID	ABD24423 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
XX	
AC	ABD24423;
XX	
DT	29-JUL-2004 (first entry)
XX	
DE	A1652901-derived oligonucleotide SEQ ID 3435.
XX	
XX	Human; antisense; bronchoconstriction; allergy; hyposecretion; pain;
KW	respiratory tract inflammation; adenosine sensitivity; lung; cancer;
KW	surfactant depletion; antiallergic; antiinflammatory; antiasthmatic;
KW	analgesic; hypotensive; immunosuppressive; cytostatic; cystic fibrosis;
KW	beta-adrenergic agonist; respiratory disease; pulmonary vasoconstriction;
KW	respiratory distress syndrome; allergic rhinitis; pulmonary hypertension;
KW	emphysema; chronic obstructive pulmonary disease; cancer; bronchitis;
KW	pulmonary transplantation rejection; ss; primer.
XX	
XX	Homo sapiens.
XX	

PN	WM0200285309-A2.
XX	
PD	31-OCT-2002.
XX	
XX	
PF	23-APR-2002; 2002WO-US013143.
XX	
PR	24-APR-2001; 2001US-0286036P.
XX	
XX	
PA	(EPIC-) EPIGENESIS PHARM INC.
XX	
P1	Nyce JW, Li Y, Sandrasagra A, Katz E, Pabalan J, Aguilar D;
P1	Miller S, Tang L, Shahbuddin S;
XX	
DR	WPI; 2003-093058/08.
XX	
PT	Pharmaceutical composition for treating asthma, has antisense
PT	oligonucleotide containing less percentage of adenosine, targeted to
PT	nucleic acids associated with lung airway or lung dysfunction, and
PT	bronchodilating agent.
XX	
PS	Claim 15; SEQ ID NO 3435; 763bp; English.
XX	
XX	This invention describes a novel composition (a) a first active agent,
CC	comprising oligonucleotides, effective for alleviating
CC	bronchoconstriction, respiratory tract inflammation, allergies and
CC	reducing adenosine sensitivity, levels of adenosine (A) or (A) receptors,
CC	surfactant depletion or hyposecretion, when administered to a mammal. The
CC	oligonucleotides are derived from a gene encoding or regulating
CC	expression of a target polypeptide associated with lung airway or lung
CC	dysfunction or cancer and can be anti-sense to the corresponding mRNA.
CC	The invention also describes a kit, that comprises: (a) a delivery
CC	device, in separate containers, (b) the oligonucleotides, (c)
CC	instructions for adding a carrier, and for use of the kit. The composition
CC	of the invention has anti-allergic, anti-inflammatory, antispasmodic,
CC	analgesic, hypotensive, immunosuppressive and cytostatic activity, is a
CC	beta-adrenergic agonist. The composition is useful for preventing or
CC	treating a respiratory, lung or malignant disease. The administered
CC	composition comprises oligo and is administered to reduce the production
CC	or availability, or to increase the degradation of the target mRNA or to
CC	reduce the amount of target polypeptide present in the lungs. The
CC	pulmonary obstruction, and/or bronchoconstriction and/or lung
CC	inflammation, allergies and/or surfactant hypoproduction are associated
CC	with a disease or condition such as pulmonary vasoconstriction,
CC	inflammation, allergies, asthma, impeded respiration, respiratory
CC	distress syndrome, pain, cystic fibrosis, allergic rhinitis, pulmonary
CC	hypertension, emphysema, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, pulmonary
CC	transplantation rejection, pulmonary infections, bronchitis or cancer.
CC	The reduced adenosine content of the anti-sense oligos corresponding to
CC	thymidines present in the target RNA serves to prevent the breakdown of
CC	the oligonucleotides into products that free adenosine into the system
CC	e.g., lung, brain, heart, kidney, etc, tissue environment and thereby, to
CC	prevent any unwanted effects due to it
XX	
SEQ	Sequence 20 BP; 6 A; 6 C; 5 G; 3 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
XX	
Query Match	0.9%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity	89.5%; Pred. No. 1.8e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0.	
QY	378 TGCAGATCCTCGACAGCA 396
DB	1 TGCAGTACTCGACAGCA 19
XX	
RESULT 57	
ABD27567	
ID	ABD27567 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
XX	
AC	ABD27567;
XX	
DT	29-JUL-2004 (first entry)
XX	
DE	AA504431-derived oligonucleotide SEQ ID 6579.

Human; antisense; bronchoconstriction; allergy; hyposecretion; pain; respiratory tract inflammation; adenosine sensitivity; lung; cancer; surfactant depletion; anti-allergic; anti-inflammatory; antialasthmatic; analgesic; hypotensive; immunosuppressive; cytostatic; cystic fibrosis; beta-adrenergic agonist; respiratory disease; pulmonary vasoconstriction; respiratory distress syndrome; allergic rhinitis; pulmonary hypertension; emphysema; chronic obstructive pulmonary disease; cancer; bronchitis; pulmonary transplantation rejection; ss; primer.

Homo sapiens.

WO2002985309-A2.

31-OCT-2002.

23-APR-2002; 2002WO-US013143.

24-APR-2001; 2001US-0286036P.

(EPIG-) EPIGENESIS PHARM INC.

Nyco Jw, Li Y, Sandrasagra A, Katz E, Pabalan J, Aguilar D; Miller S, Tang L, Shanabuddin S;

WPI; 2003-093058/08.

Pharmaceutical composition for treating asthma, has antisense oligonucleotide containing less percentage of adenosine, targeted to nucleic acids associated with lung airway or lung dysfunction, and bronchodilating agent.

Claim 15; SEQ ID NO 6579; 763p; English.

This invention describes a novel composition (a) a first active agent, comprising oligonucleotides, effective for alleviating bronchoconstriction, respiratory tract inflammation, allergies and reducing adenosine sensitivity, levels of adenosine (A) or (A) receptors, surfactant depletion or hyposecretion, when administered to a mammal. The oligonucleotides are derived from a gene encoding or regulating expression of a target polypeptide associated with lung airway or lung dysfunction or cancer and can be anti-sense to the corresponding mRNA. The invention also describes a kit, that comprises: (a) a delivery device, in separate containers; (b) the oligonucleotides; (c) instructions for adding a carrier and for use of the kit. The composition of the invention has anti-allergic, anti-inflammatory, antialasthmatic, analgesic, hypotensive, immunosuppressive and cytostatic activity, is a beta-adrenergic agonist. The composition is useful for preventing or treating a respiratory, lung or malignant disease. The administered composition comprises oligo and is administered to reduce the production or availability, or to increase the degradation of the target mRNA or to reduce the amount of target polypeptide present in the lungs. The pulmonary obstruction, and/or bronchoconstriction and/or lung inflammation, allergies and/or surfactant hypoproduction are associated with a disease or condition such as pulmonary vasoconstriction, inflammation, allergies, asthma, impeded respiration, restriction, distress syndrome, pain, cystic fibrosis, allergic rhinitis, respiratory hyperextension, emphysema, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, pulmonary transplantation rejection, pulmonary infections, bronchitis or cancer. The reduced adenosine content of the anti-sense oligos corresponding to thymidines present in the target RNA serves to prevent the breakdown of the oligonucleotides into products that free adenosine into the system e.g., lung, brain, heart, kidney, etc. tissue environment and thereby, to prevent any unwanted effects due to it

Sequence 20 BP; 3 A; 10 C; 4 G; 3 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

	Query Match	0.9%	Score 15.8	DB 1	Length 20
	Best Local Similarity	89.5%	Pred. No. 1.8e+02		
	Matches 17	Conservative 0	Mismatches 2	Indels 0	Gaps 0
QY	716	CCCCAGCTGGTGGCCACC	734		

Db	1	CACCAGCCTGGGCCCCATC	19
RESULT	58		
ADH18776			
ID	ADH18776	standard; DNA; 20 BP.	
XX			
AC	ADH18776;		
XX			
XX	11-MAR-2004	(first entry)	
DE			
DE	Human apolipoprotein B antisense inhibition target DNA - SEQ ID 765.		
XX			
XX	apolipoprotein B; Apob; antiarteriosclerotic; cardiact; antidiabetic;		
KW	anorectic; lipid; cholesterol metabolism; atherosclerosis;		
KW	diabetes Type 2; obesity; hyperlipidaemia; cardiovascular; gene therapy;		
KW	antisense inhibition target; human; ds.		
OS			
XX	Homo sapiens.		
XX			
PN	WO2003097662-A1.		
XX			
PD	27-NOV-2003.		
XX			
XX	15-MAY-2003; 2003WO-US015493.		
PF			
XX			
PR	15-MAY-2002; 2002US-00147196.		
PR	13-NOV-2002; 2002US-0426324P.		
XX			
PA	(ISIS-) ISIS PHARM INC.		
XX			
PI	Crooke RM, Graham MJ;		
XX			
DR	WPI, 2004-022840/02.		
PT			
PT	New antisense compound, useful for preparing a composition for treating		
PT	abnormal lipid or cholesterol metabolism, atherosclerosis, diabetes Type		
PT	2, obesity, hyperlipidemia or cardiovascular disease.		
XX			
PS			
XX	Claim 1; SEQ ID NO 765; 405bp; English.		
XX			
CC	The invention relates to a novel antisense compound targeted to a nucleic		
CC	acid molecule encoding human apolipoprotein B (Apob) which specifically		
CC	hybridises with and inhibits the expression of human apolipoprotein B.		
CC	The compound of the invention demonstrates antiarteriosclerotic,		
CC	cardiact, antidiabetic and anorectic activities and may be useful for		
CC	preparing a composition for treating abnormal lipid or cholesterol		
CC	metabolism, atherosclerosis, diabetes Type 2, obesity, hyperlipidaemia or		
CC	cardiovascular disease. Furthermore, the compound has gene therapy		
CC	applications. The current sequence is that of the human Apob antisense		
CC	inhibition target DNA of the invention.		
XX			
SEQ	Sequence 20 BP; 6 A; 4 C; 5 G; 5 T; 0 U; 0 Other;		
Query Match	0.9%;	Score 15.8;	DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity	89.5%;	Pred. No. 1.8e+02;	
Matches 17; Conservative 0;	Mismatches 2;	Indels 0;	Gaps 0
QY	574	TGCTAGCCAGTTGGTAG	592
Db	1	TGCTAGCCAGTTGGAAG	19
RESULT	59		
ADH18453/C			
ID	ADH18453	standard; DNA; 20 BP.	
XX			
AC	ADH18453;		
XX			
XX	11-MAR-2004	(first entry)	
DE			
DE	2'-MOE gapmer antisense oligo targeted to human Apob DNA 3 - SEQ ID 442.		
XX			

KW apolipoprotein B; Apob; antiarteriosclerotic; cardiact; antidiabetic;
XX anorectic; lipid; cholesterol metabolism; atherosclerosis;
XX diabetes type 2; obesity; hyperlipidaemia; cardiovascular; gene therapy;
KW antisense; 2'-O-methoxyethyl gapmer; phosphorothioate backbone; 2'-MOE;
XX human; ss.
OS Homo sapiens.
XX MO2003097662-A1.
XX 27-NOV-2003.
XX 15-MAY-2003; 2003WO-US015493.
XX 15-MAY-2002; 2002US-00147196.
PR 13-NOV-2002; 2002US-0426324P.
XX (ISIS-) ISIS PHARM INC.
XX Crooke RM, Graham MJ;
PI WPI; 2004-022840/02.
XX New antisense compound, useful for preparing a composition for treating
PT abnormal lipid or cholesterol metabolism, atherosclerosis, diabetes type
PT 2, obesity, hyperlipidemia or cardiovascular disease.
XX Claim 1; SEQ ID NO 442; 405bp; English.
PS The invention relates to a novel antisense compound targeted to a nucleic
CC acid molecule encoding human apolipoprotein B (Apob) which specifically
CC hybridizes with and inhibits the expression of human apolipoprotein B.
CC The compound of the invention demonstrates antiarteriosclerotic,
CC cardiact, antidiabetic and anorectic activities and may be useful for
CC preparing a composition for treating abnormal lipid or cholesterol
CC metabolism, atherosclerosis, diabetes type 2, obesity, hyperlipidemia or
CC cardiovascular disease. Furthermore, the compound has gene therapy
CC applications. The current sequence is that of the 2'-O-methoxyethyl (2'-
CC MOE) gapmer antisense oligo of the invention which has 2'-MOE 'wings', a
CC phosphorothioate backbone throughout and in which all cytidine residues
CC are 5-methylcytidines.
XX
SQ Sequence 20 BP; 5 A; 5 C; 4 G; 6 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 1.8e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 574 TGCCTAGCCAGTGTGTAG 592
Db 20 TGCCTAGCCAGTGTGAAG 2
RESULT 60
ID ADJ61041 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
AC ADJ61041;
XX 06-MAY-2004 (first entry)
XX Oligonucleotide associated to PDE4C #107.
DE Interleukin; IL-4 receptor; IL-5 receptor; lung disease;
KW airway inflammation; allergy; asthma; impeded respiration;
KW cystic fibrosis; acute respiratory distress syndrome;
KW pulmonary hypertension; lung inflammation; bronchitis; oligonucleotide;
KW ss.
XX Homo sapiens.
XX OS
XX WO2004011613-A2.
XX

PD 05-FEB-2004.
XX 25-JUL-2003; 2003WO-US023509.
XX 29-JUL-2002; 2002US-0399076P.
XX (EPIG-) EPIGENESIS PHARM INC.
XX Niyce JW, Tang L, Sandrasagra A, Aguilar D, Miller S;
PI Shahabuddin S, Lu H, Cong H;
PI WPI; 2004-203534/19.
XX Novel single or multiple target oligonucleotide anti-sense to e.g.
PT initiation codons and introns of respiratory disease-relevant genes e.g.,
PT CCRL, RANTES, MCP4, useful for prophylaxis or treating respiratory
PT disease e.g., asthma.
XX Claim 2; SEQ ID NO 1897; 85bp; English.
PS The present invention relates to an oligonucleotide anti-sense to e.g.,
XX initiation codon, coding region with 2-10 nucleotides of 5'-end and 3'-
XX end of nucleic acid target comprising gene(s) chosen from e.g.
CC interleukin (IL)-4 receptor, IL-5 receptor or salts of the
CC oligonucleotide and optionally surfactant operatively linked to the
CC oligonucleotide. The method is useful for preventing or treating a
CC respiratory or lung disease, which involves administering to the airways
CC of a subject an effective amount of an inhibitor. The oligonucleotide is
CC useful for production of a medicament for the prevention and/or treatment
CC of a respiratory or lung disease. The respiratory or lung disease is
CC chosen from allergy inflammation, allergy (ies), asthma, impeded
CC respiration, cystic fibrosis (CF), chronic obstructive pulmonary diseases
CC (COPD), allergic rhinitis (AR), acute respiratory distress syndrome
CC (ARDS), pulmonary hypertension, lung inflammation, bronchitis, airway
CC obstruction. The present sequence represents an oligonucleotide of the
CC invention.
XX
SQ Sequence 20 BP; 3 A; 8 C; 6 G; 3 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 1.8e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 712 TCGACCCAGCGTGTGCC 730
Db 1 TCGACCCAGCGTGTGCC 19
RESULT 61
ID ADO33317 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
AC ADO33317;
XX 12-AUG-2004 (first entry)
XX Human apolipoprotein B (Apob) antisense therapy target DNA - SEQ 765.
XX apolipoprotein B; Apob; cardiovascular; antiarteriosclerotic;
KW anti-lipemic; antidiabetic; anorectic; cardiact; vasotrophic; hypotensive;
KW anabolic; eating disorder; cytostatic; endocrine; vasotrophic;
KW neuroprotective; nootropic; lipid; cholesterol metabolism;
KW hyperlipoproteinaemia; hyperlipidaemia; hypercholesterolaemia;
KW Von Gierke's disease; lipodystrophy; Cushing's syndrome;
KW sexual ateliotic dwarfism; hyperthyroidism; hypertension;
KW anorexia nervosa; Werner's syndrome; hepatoma; multiple myeloma; uraemia;
KW impotence; obstructive liver disease; Alzheimer's; dementia; diabetes;
KW obesity; atherosclerosis; human; chromosome 2p23-2p24; ds;
KW antisense target.
XX Homo sapiens.
XX OS
XX WO2004044181-A2.
XX

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XX 27-MAY-2004.
PD 13-NOV-2003; 2003WO-US036411.
XX
PF 13-NOV-2002; 2002US-0426234P.
XX
PR 15-MAY-2003; 2003WO-US015493.
XX
PA (ISIS-) ISIS PHARM INC.
XX
PI Crooke R, Graham M, Lemonidis-Tarbet K, Dobie KW;
DR WPI; 2004-420321/39.
XX
XX Antisense oligonucleotide compound that inhibits expression of mRNA
PT encoding human apolipoprotein B, useful for treating hyperlipidemia,
PT diabetes, obesity, von Gierke's disease, lipodystrophies, Cushing's
PT syndrome.
XX
XX Example 36; SEQ ID NO 765; 483pp; English.
XX
XX The invention relates to a novel antisense compound where the compound
XX hybridizes to and inhibits expression of mRNA encoding human
XX apolipoprotein B (ApoB) after 16-24 hours by at least 30% in 80%
XX confluent HepG2 cells in culture at a concentration of 150 nM. The
XX compound of the invention demonstrates cardiovascular,
XX antiatherosclerotic, antilipemic, antidiabetic, anorectic, cardiact,
XX vasotropic, hypotensive, anabolic, eating disorder-related, cytostatic,
XX endocrine, vasotropic, neuroprotective and neurotropic activities and may
XX be useful for inhibiting the expression of apolipoprotein B in cells or
XX tissues in vivo in order to address a condition associated with abnormal
XX lipid or cholesterol metabolism. The compound may be useful for
XX decreasing circulating lipoprotein levels, triglyceride levels,
XX cholesterol levels, lipid levels, fatty acid levels, acute phase
XX reactants and chylomicrons and thus may be utilised during treatment of
XX hyperlipoproteinaemia, hyperlipidaemia, hypercholesterolaemia,
XX cardiovascular disorders, Von Gierke's disease, lipodystrophy, Cushing's
XX syndrome, sexual ateliotic dwarfism, hyperthyroidism, hypertension,
XX anorexia nervosa, Werner's syndrome, hepatoma, multiple myeloma, uraemia,
XX impotence, obstructive liver disease, Alzheimer's disease, dementia,
XX diabetes, obesity and atherosclerosis. The current sequence is that of a
XX human apolipoprotein B (ApoB) antisense therapy target DNA of the
XX invention. The human ApoB gene is located at chromosome 2p23-2p24.
XX
SQ Sequence 20 BP; 6 A; 4 C; 5 G; 5 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 1.8e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
OY 574 TGCCTAGCCAGTTGTAAG 592
Db 1 TGCCTAGCCAGTTGTAAG 19
RESULT 62
ID ADO32994/c
XX
XX ADO32994 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
XX
XX ADO32994;
XX
XX 12-AUG-2004 (first entry)
XX
XX Antisense 2'-MOE gapmer oligo targeted to human ApoB RNA - SEQ 442.
XX
XX apolipoprotein B; ApoB; cardiovascular; antiarteriosclerotic;
XX antilipemic; antidiabetic; anorectic; cardiact; vasotropic; hypotensive;
XX anabolic; eating disorder; cytostatic; endocrine; vasotropic;
XX neuroprotective; neurotropic; lipid; cholesterol metabolism;
XX hyperlipoproteinaemia; hyperlipidaemia; hypercholesterolaemia;
XX von Gierke's disease; lipodystrophy; Cushing's syndrome;
XX sexual ateliotic dwarfism; hyperthyroidism; hypertension;
XX anorexia nervosa; Werner's syndrome; hepatoma; multiple myeloma; uraemia;

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KW impotence; obstructive liver disease; Alzheimer's; dementia; diabetes;
KW obesity; atherosclerosis; antisense; 2'-MOE gapmer; 2'-methoxyethyl wing;
KW phosphorothioate backbone; human; chromosome 2p23-2p24; ss.
XX
OS Homo sapiens.
XX
XX Key Location/Qualifiers
FH modified_base 1..20
FT /tag=a
FT /mod_base=OTHER
FT /note="OTHER = Phosphorothioate backbone, bases 1-5 and
FT 16-20 2'-MOE wing bases, all cytidine residues are 5-
FT methylcytidines"
XX
XX WO2004044181-A2.
XX
XX 27-MAY-2004.
XX
XX 13-NOV-2003; 2003WO-US036411.
XX
XX 13-NOV-2002; 2002US-0426234P.
XX
XX 15-MAY-2003; 2003WO-US015493.
XX
XX (ISIS-) ISIS PHARM INC.
XX
XX Crooke R, Graham M, Lemonidis-Tarbet K, Dobie KW;
XX WPI; 2004-420321/39.
XX
XX Antisense oligonucleotide compound that inhibits expression of mRNA
XX encoding human apolipoprotein B, useful for treating hyperlipidemia,
XX diabetes, obesity, von Gierke's disease, lipodystrophies, Cushing's
XX syndrome.
XX
XX Example 33; SEQ ID NO 442; 483pp; English.
XX
XX The invention relates to a novel antisense compound where the compound
XX hybridizes to and inhibits expression of mRNA encoding human
XX apolipoprotein B (ApoB) after 16-24 hours by at least 30% in 80%
XX confluent HepG2 cells in culture at a concentration of 150 nM. The
XX compound of the invention demonstrates cardiovascular,
XX antiatherosclerotic, antilipemic, antidiabetic, anorectic, cardiact,
XX vasotropic, hypotensive, anabolic, eating disorder-related, cytostatic,
XX endocrine, vasotropic, neuroprotective and neurotropic activities and may
XX be useful for inhibiting the expression of apolipoprotein B in cells or
XX tissues in vivo in order to address a condition associated with abnormal
XX lipid or cholesterol metabolism. The compound may be useful for
XX decreasing circulating lipoprotein levels, triglyceride levels,
XX cholesterol levels, lipid levels, fatty acid levels, acute phase
XX reactants and chylomicrons and thus may be utilised during treatment of
XX hyperlipoproteinaemia, hyperlipidaemia, hypercholesterolaemia,
XX cardiovascular disorders, Von Gierke's disease, lipodystrophy, Cushing's
XX syndrome, sexual ateliotic dwarfism, hyperthyroidism, hypertension,
XX anorexia nervosa, Werner's syndrome, hepatoma, multiple myeloma, uraemia,
XX impotence, obstructive liver disease, Alzheimer's disease, dementia,
XX diabetes, obesity and atherosclerosis. The current sequence is that of an
XX antisense 2'-MOE (2'-methoxyethyl) gapmer oligo of the invention which is
XX targeted to human ApoB RNA.
XX
SQ Sequence 20 BP; 5 A; 5 C; 4 G; 6 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 1.8e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
OY 574 TGCCTAGCCAGTTGTAAG 592
Db 20 TGCCTAGCCAGTTGTAAG 2
RESULT 63
ID AAT41783/c
XX
XX AAT41783 standard; DNA; 21 BP.

```

```

XX AC AAT41783;
XX DT 18-FEB-1997 (first entry)
XX DE Lacto-N-biosidase gene primer LNB-SRV.
XX KM Lacto-N-biosidase; glycosylation; sugar chain; Streptomyces;
XX KM polymerase chain reaction; PCR; primer; ss.
XX OS Synthetic.
XX PN EP739983-A2.
XX PD 30-OCT-1996.
XX PF 25-APR-1996; 96EP-00106569.
XX PR 27-APR-1995; 95JP-00129731.
XX PA (TAKI ) TAKARA SHUZO CO LTD.
XX PI Mitta M, Sano M, Kato I;
XX WP1; 1996-478747/48.
XX ST Streptomyces lacto-N-biosidase DNA - for prodn. of recombinant lacto-N-
PT biosidase for determination of sugar chain structure and function.
PS Example 2; Page 25; 27pp; English.
XX CC PCR primer LNB-M (AAT41782) has a HindIII site and an NcoI site upstream
CC of 24 nucleotides corresponding to positions 106-129 of Streptomyces sp.
CC 142 lacto-N-biosidase DNA (see also AAT41776). Primer LNB-SRV (AAT41783)
CC is complementary to bases 301-321 of the sequence. The primers were used
CC to amplify lacto-N-biosidase DNA in pUNBP2-17M1ub. Expression plasmid
CC pUNBM was constructed that allows prodn. of Streptomyces sp. lacto-N-
CC biosidase (AAM00366) in Escherichia coli transformants
XX SQ Sequence 21 BP; 3 A; 7 C; 7 G; 4 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 21;
Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 1.8e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 746 CCTCGTCTGCGCCTGGAC 764
DB 19 CATCGTCTGCGCCAGGAC 1
RESULT 64
AAAX32869/c
ID AAAX32869 standard; DNA; 21 BP.
XX AC AAAX32869;
XX DT 27-AUG-2003 (revised)
XX DT 20-MAR-2003 (revised)
XX DT 28-JUN-1999 (first entry)
XX DE HBV DR region binding TFO B12.
XX KM Triplex-forming oligonucleotide; TFO; promoter region; pre-S gene;
XX KM inhibition; hepatitis B virus; HBV adr subtype; DR region; ss.
XX OS Synthetic.
XX OS Hepatitis B virus.
XX FH Key Location/Qualifiers
XX FT misc_feature 21
XX FT /*tag= a
XX FT /note= "optional monophosphorylation (claim 2)"

```

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PN WO920641-A1.
XX DT 29-APR-1999.
XX PF 19-OCT-1998; 98WO-CN000248.
XX PR 21-OCT-1997; 97CN-00106667.
XX PA (SHAN-) SHANGHAI INST BIOCHEMISTRY CHINESE ACAD.
XX PI Lu C;
XX WP1; 1999-288270/27.
XX ST Triplex-forming oligonucleotides, useful for, e.g. inhibition of
PT hepatitis B virus (HBV).
PS Claim 1, 2; Page 22; 39pp; Chinese.
XX CC The invention provides triplex-forming oligonucleotides (TFO) and their
CC modified derivatives. TFO B1-B5 (AAAX32862-866) can bind with the promoter
CC region of pre-S gene in inhibition of hepatitis B virus (HBV) adr subtype
CC and TFO B1, B12 and B15 (AAAX32868-870) can bind with DR region of HBV.
CC The oligonucleotides are useful for inhibition of HBV and as drug in
CC treatment of hepatitis B. Since the length of the oligonucleotides can be
CC suitably increased, the stability and specificity of the formed triplex
CC DNA with 2 similar homopoly purine/homopoly pyrimidine fragments are
CC higher. Triplex formation is specifically targeting on the HBV gene
CC expression, DNA replication and reproduction, or to produce (DNA)2:RNA
CC hybrid triplex with target sequence of RNA in stopping RNA reverse
CC transcription, so there is little effect on the human cells. Such
CC oligonucleotides are chemically modified by 3'-terminal
CC monophosphorylation, leading to more significant inhibition due to their
CC higher stability, and the degradation products of the modified
CC oligonucleotides are not toxic to the body. (Updated on 20-MAR-2003 to
CC correct DR field.) (Updated on 27-AUG-2003 to correct OS field.)
XX SQ Sequence 21 BP; 7 A; 0 C; 14 G; 0 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 21;
Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 1.8e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 256 CCTCCTCTTGCCTCTGTC 274
DB 20 CCTCCTCTTCCCTCCTC 2
RESULT 65
AAF97567
ID AAF97567 standard; DNA; 21 BP.
XX AC AAF97567;
XX DT 06-JUN-2001 (first entry)
XX DE Human gene single nucleotide polymorphism #2328.
XX KM Human; variant thrombospondin 1; variant thrombospondin 4; SNP;
XX KM polymorphism; vascular disease; coronary artery disease; forensics;
XX KM myocardial infarction; atherosclerosis; stroke; venous thromboembolism;
XX KM pulmonary embolism; paternity test; ds.
XX OS Homo sapiens.
XX FH Key Location/Qualifiers
XX FT Variation
XX FT /*tag= a
XX FT /standard_name= "single nucleotide polymorphism"
XX PN WO200118250-A2.
XX PD 15-MAR-2001.

```

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XX 07-SEP-2000; 2000MO-US024503.
PF 10-SEP-1999; 99US-0153357P.
XX 26-JUL-2000; 2000US-0220947P.
PR 16-AUG-2000; 2000US-0225724P.
XX
PA (WHD) WHITEHEAD INST BIOMEDICAL RES.
PA (MILL-) MILLENNIUM PHARM INC.
XX
PI Lander ES, Gargill M, Ireland JS, Bolk S, Daley GQ, McCarthy UT,
XX WPI; 2001-226749/23.
XX
XX Nucleic acids comprising single nucleotide polymorphisms, useful in
XX applications such as forensics, paternity testing, medicine, genetic
XX analysis and phenotype correlations to diseases such as diabetes and
XX atherosclerosis.
XX
XX Example; Page 207; 242pp; English.
XX
XX The present invention provides a method of diagnosing a vascular disease
XX in an individual, involving determining the sequence at various
XX polymorphic sites within the human thrombospondin 1 and thrombospondin 4
XX genes. The sequences at a number of polymorphic sites are also provided
XX in the specification. In particular, the method can be used in the
XX diagnosis of atherosclerosis, myocardial infarction, coronary heart
XX disease, stroke, peripheral vascular diseases, venous thromboembolism and
XX pulmonary embolism. Single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs) are also
XX useful in forensics, paternity testing, genetic analysis and phenotype
XX correlations to diseases. The present sequence is an example of one of
XX the human gene SNPs shown in the specification
XX
SQ Sequence 21 BP; 5 A; 11 C; 4 G; 1 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match          0.9%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 21;
Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 1.8e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 701 CCAGCTGGGACTCGACCCC 719
Db 2 CCAGCGGACACTCGACCCC 20

RESULT 66
AA70281
XX AA70281 standard; DNA; 27 BP.
XX
XX AA70281;
XX
XX 03-OCT-2002 (revised)
XX 26-MAY-1991 (first entry)
XX
XX Sequence of scissile link probe MRC071 (HL).
XX
XX Hybridisation; probe; ss.
XX
XX Synthetic.
XX
XX EP227976-A.
XX
XX 08-JUL-1987.
XX
XX 04-DEC-1986; 86EP-00116906.
XX
XX 05-DEC-1985; 85US-00805279.
XX
XX (MEIO-) MEIOGENICS INC.
XX
XX Duck P, Bender R, Crosby W, Robertson JG;
XX WPI; 1987-186567/27.
XX

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```

PT Synthetic nucleic acid probes - comprising two nucleic acid sequences
PT linked by a scissile linkage.
XX
XX Example; p29; 46pp; English.
XX
XX The patent claims a new molecule of formula (NA1----S----NA2)n. NA1 and
XX NA2 are noncomplementary nucleic acid sequences; ---S--- = a scissile
XX linkage; n = 1 or 1,000, which is used for the detection of specific DNA
XX or RNA sequences in a test soln. The scissile link probes may be PL
XX (Permanent Linkage to Solid Support) or HL (Hydrolysable Linkage to Solid
XX Support). The differential liability of DNA and RNA may be exploited in a
XX heterogeneous system when the scissile linkage is an RNA molecule. In the
XX examples, counter probe molecules 9 through 16 were used to determine
XX suitable hybridisation conditions. (Updated on 03-OCT-2002 to add missing
XX OS field.)
XX
SQ Sequence 27 BP; 0 A; 0 C; 0 G; 25 T; 2 U; 0 Other;

Query Match          0.9%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 27;
Best Local Similarity 70.4%; Pred. No. 1.8e+02;
Matches 19; Conservative 1; Mismatches 7; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1382 TTGTGTTGTTGTTGTAATCTGTTT 1408
Db 1 TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT 27

RESULT 67
AA70274
XX AA70274 standard; DNA; 27 BP.
XX
XX AA70274;
XX
XX 03-OCT-2002 (revised)
XX 26-MAY-1991 (first entry)
XX
XX Sequence of scissile link probe MRC046 (PL).
XX
XX Hybridisation; probe; ss.
XX
XX Synthetic.
XX
XX EP227976-A.
XX
XX 08-JUL-1987.
XX
XX 04-DEC-1986; 86EP-00116906.
XX
XX 05-DEC-1985; 85US-00805279.
XX
XX (MEIO-) MEIOGENICS INC.
XX
XX Duck P, Bender R, Crosby W, Robertson JG;
XX WPI; 1987-186567/27.
XX
XX Synthetic nucleic acid probes - comprising two nucleic acid sequences
XX linked by a scissile linkage.
XX
XX Example; p29; 46pp; English.
XX
XX The patent claims a new molecule of formula (NA1----S----NA2)n. NA1 and
XX NA2 are noncomplementary nucleic acid sequences; ---S--- = a scissile
XX linkage; n = 1 or 1,000, which is used for the detection of specific DNA
XX or RNA sequences in a test soln. The scissile link probes may be PL
XX (Permanent Linkage to Solid Support) or HL (Hydrolysable Linkage to Solid
XX Support). The differential liability of DNA and RNA may be exploited in a
XX heterogeneous system when the scissile linkage is an RNA molecule. In the
XX examples, counter probe molecules 9 through 16 were used to determine
XX suitable hybridisation conditions. (Updated on 03-OCT-2002 to add missing
XX OS field.)
XX
SQ Sequence 27 BP; 0 A; 0 C; 0 G; 21 T; 6 U; 0 Other;

```

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 27;
 Best Local Similarity 59.3%; Pred. No. 1.8e+02;
 Matches 16; Conservative 4; Mismatches 7; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

1382 TTGTTGTTGTTGTTGATCTGTTT 1408
 |||||
 1 TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT 27

Db 1 TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT 27

RESULT 68

AAN92240

ID AAN92240 standard; DNA; 27 BP.

XX AAN92240;

AC 25-MAR-2003 (revised)

DT 31-OCT-2002 (revised)

DT 25-APR-1990 (first entry)

XX SS probe MRCO46.

KM Probe MRCO46; solid support; ribonuclease.

OS Synthetic.

FH Key Location/Qualifiers

FT misc_feature 1..10

FT /*tag= a

FT /note= "deoxyribonucleotides."

FT 11..16

FT /*tag= b

FT /note= "ribonucleotides."

FT 17..27

FT /*tag= c

FT /note= "deoxyribonucleotides."

FT WO8910415-A.

PN 02-NOV-1989.

PF 29-APR-1988; 88US-00187814.

PR 29-APR-1988; 88US-00187814.

XX (MEIO-) MEIOGENICS INC.

PI Duck P, Bender R;

DR WPI; 1989-339977/46.

PT Detecting target nucleic acid molecules - using excess complementary
 nucleic acid probes and nicking to complete a cycling sequence.

PS Disclosure; Page 24; 34pp; English.

CC Probe MRCO46 is bound by a permanent linkage to a solid support at its 3' end. It is used by reacting excess probe with a target nucleic acid; nicking hybridised probe at least once within a predetermined sequence to form 2 or more probe fragments hybridised to the target sequence, which results in the probe fragments becoming hybridised to another probe; and identifying probe fragments, so detecting the target sequence. The probe can react with target sequence to complete a cycling sequence. Using this system, sensitivity of 10 exp. -19 to 10 exp. -20 molecules of target can be obtd. The probe is cleavable at the ribonucleotides by a ds RNase, eg Rnase H or ExoIII. (Updated on 31-OCT-2002 to add missing OS field.)
 CC (Updated on 25-MAR-2003 to correct PR field.)

SO Sequence 27 BP; 0 A; 0 C; 0 G; 21 T; 6 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 27;

Best Local Similarity 59.3%; Pred. No. 1.8e+02;
 Matches 16; Conservative 4; Mismatches 7; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1382 TTGTTGTTGTTGTTGATCTGTTT 1408
 |||||
 1 TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT 27

RESULT 69

AAN92247

ID AAN92247 standard; DNA; 27 BP.

XX AAN92247;

AC 25-MAR-2003 (revised)

DT 31-OCT-2002 (revised)

DT 25-APR-1990 (first entry)

XX SS probe MRCO71.

KM Probe MRCO71; solid support; ribonuclease.

OS Synthetic.

FH Key Location/Qualifiers

FT misc_feature 1..15

FT /*tag= a

FT /note= "deoxyribonucleotides."

FT 16..17

FT /*tag= b

FT /note= "ribonucleotides."

FT 18..27

FT /*tag= c

FT /note= "deoxyribonucleotides."

PN WO8910415-A.

PD 02-NOV-1989.

PF 29-APR-1988; 88US-00187814.

PR 29-APR-1988; 88US-00187814.

XX (MEIO-) MEIOGENICS INC.

PI Duck P, Bender R;

DR WPI; 1989-339977/46.

PT Detecting target nucleic acid molecules - using excess complementary
 nucleic acid probes and nicking to complete a cycling sequence.

PS Disclosure; Page 24; 34pp; English.

CC Probe MRCO71 is bound by a hydrolysable linkage to a solid support at its 3' end. It is used by reacting excess probe with a target nucleic acid; nicking hybridised probe at least once within a predetermined sequence to form 2 or more probe fragments hybridised to the target sequence, which results in the probe fragments becoming hybridised to another probe; and identifying probe fragments, so detecting the target sequence. The probe can react with target sequence to complete a cycling sequence. Using this system, sensitivity of 10 exp. -19 to 10 exp. -20 molecules of target can be obtd. The probe is cleavable at the ribonucleotides by a ds RNase, eg Rnase H or ExoIII. (Updated on 31-OCT-2002 to add missing OS field.)
 CC (Updated on 25-MAR-2003 to correct PR field.)

SO Sequence 27 BP; 0 A; 0 C; 0 G; 25 T; 2 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 27;

Best Local Similarity 70.4%; Pred. No. 1.8e+02;
 Matches 19; Conservative 1; Mismatches 7; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1382 TTGTTGTTGTTGTTGATCTGTTT 1408
 |||||
 1 TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT 27

Db 1 TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT 27

Inhibiting angiogenesis in a subject, involves administering at least one antiangiogenic nucleic acid molecule to the subject.

Claim 2; Page 35; 276pp; English.

The invention relates to inhibiting angiogenesis in a subject, comprising administering at least one antiangiogenic nucleic acid molecule. Also included is a kit comprising a first container housing the antiangiogenic nucleic acids, and instructions for administering them to a subject having a condition characterised by unwanted angiogenesis. The method is useful for inhibiting angiogenesis associated with solid tumour growth, tumour metastasis, precancerous lesion, rheumatoid arthritis, psoriasis, diabetic retinopathy, retinopathy of prematurity, macular degeneration, corneal graft rejection, neovascular glaucoma, retrolental fibroplasia, rubeosis, Osler-Weber Syndrome, myocardial angiogenesis, plaque neovascularisation, telangiectasia, haemophilic joints, angiofibroma, wound granulation, intestinal adhesions, atherosclerosis, scleroderma and hypertrophic scars. The present sequence is an antiangiogenic nucleic acid of the invention

Sequence 27 BP; 0 A; 0 C; 0 G; 27 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

	Query Match	Best Local Similarity	Score	Pred. No.	DB 1;	Length	27;
	Matches	20; Conservative	0;	Mismatches	7;	Indels	0;

Gy 1382 TTGCTGGTGTGGTTCGAACCTGTTT 1408
Db 1 TTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTT 27

RESULT 73
ABL39406
ID ABL39406 standard; DNA; 27 BP.
XX ABL39406;
AC
XX
DT 16-APR-2002 (first entry)
DE
XX Immunostimulatory nucleic acid SEQ ID NO: 842.
KW Antibody-induced cell lysis; cancer; immunostimulatory; CD20;
XX angiogenests; metastasias; cytostatic; phosphorothioate backbone; ss.
OS Synthetic.
FH Key Location/Qualifiers
FT modified_base 1..27
FT /tag= a
FT /mod_base= OTHER
FT /note= "phosphorothioate backbone"
XX WO200197843-A2.
XX PD
XX 27-DEC-2001.
XX PF 22-JUN-2001; 2001WO-US020154.
XX PR 22-JUN-2000; 2000US-0213346P.
XX PA (IOWA) UNIV IOWA RES FOUNO.
XX PI Weiner G, Hartmann G;
XX WPI, 2002-154611/20.
XX Treating or preventing cancer, such as basal cell carcinoma, comprises
PT administering immunostimulatory nucleic acids that induce expression of
XX cell surface antigens and antibodies to a subject having or at risk of
XX developing cancer.
PS Disclosure; Page 310; 312pp; English.
XX

CC	The present invention relates to methods for treating or preventing
CC	cancer, involving administering to a subject having or at risk of
CC	developing cancer immunostimulatory nucleic acids that induce expression
CC	of cell surface antigens and antibodies. The methods are useful for
CC	treating or preventing cancer such as basal cell carcinoma, bladder
CC	cancer, bone cancer, brain and central nervous system (CNS) cancer,
CC	breast cancer, cervical cancer, colon and rectum cancer, connective
CC	tissue cancer, esophageal cancer, eye cancer, kidney cancer, larynx
CC	cancer, leukemia, liver cancer, lung cancer, Hodgkin's lymphoma, non-
CC	Hodgkin's lymphoma, melanoma, myeloma, oral cavity cancer, ovarian
CC	cancer, pancreatic cancer, prostate cancer, rhabdomyosarcoma, skin
CC	cancer, stomach cancer, testicular cancer, and uterine cancer. The
CC	present sequence is an immunostimulatory oligonucleotide described in the
CC	exemplification of the invention
xx	
SQ	Sequence 27 BP; 0 A; 0 C; 0 G; 27 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
Query Match	0.9%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 27;
Best Local Similarity	74.1%; Pred. No. 1.9e+02;
Matches	20; Conservative 0; Mismatches 7; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Gy	1382 TTGTGTTGGTTCATCTGTTT 1408
Db	1 TTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTT 27
RESULT 74	
ACH03245	
ID	ACH03245 standard; DNA; 27 BP.
XX	
AC	ACH03245;
XX	
DT	25-SEP-2003 (first entry)
XX	
DE	Immunostimulatory nucleic acid #880.
XX	
KM	Immunostimulatory; antiinflammatory; dermatological; antipsoriatic;
KM	antitumor; gene therapy; vaccine; non-allergic inflammatory disease;
KW	psoriasis; eczema; allergic contact dermatitis; latex dermatitis;
KW	inflammatory bowel disease; ulcerative colitis; Crohn's disease; ss.
XX	
OS	Synthetic.
PX	US2003050268-A1.
XX	
PD	13-MAR-2003.
XX	
PF	29-MAR-2002; 2002US-00112653.
XX	
PR	29-MAR-2001; 2001US-0279642P.
XX	
PA	(KRIE/) KRIEG A M.
PA	(BERG/) BERG D J.
XX	
PI	Krieg AM, Berg DJ;
XX	
DR	WPT, 2003-521815/49.
XX	
PT	Treating non-allergic inflammatory diseases, such as psoriasis, eczema,
PT	allergic contact dermatitis, latex dermatitis or inflammatory bowel
PT	disease by administering an immunostimulatory nucleic acid.
XX	
PS	Disclosure: Page 32; 229pp; English.
XX	
XX	The invention describes a method of treating non-allergic inflammatory
CC	disease comprising administering to a subject having or at risk of
CC	developing a non-allergic inflammatory disease an immunostimulatory
CC	nucleic acid for prevention or treatment of the disease. The method is
CC	useful for treating non-allergic inflammatory diseases, such as
CC	psoriasis, eczema, allergic contact dermatitis, latex dermatitis or
CC	inflammatory bowel disease e.g., ulcerative colitis or Crohn's disease.
CC	This sequence represents an immunostimulatory nucleic acid
XX	

SQ Sequence 27 BP; 0 A; 0 C; 0 G; 27 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 27;
Best Local Similarity 74.1%; Pred. No. 1.8e+02;
Matches 20; Conservative 0; Mismatches 7; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1382 TTGTGTTGTTGTTGTAACCTGTTT 1408
DB 1 TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT 27

RESULT 75

ADB377208
ID ADB37208 standard; DNA; 27 BP.

AC ADB37208;

DT 04-DEC-2003 (first entry)

DE Immunostimulatory nucleic acid #822.

KM ds; allergy; asthma; poly-G nucleic acid; aerosol formulation;
XX hypo-responsive subject; immunostimulatory.

OS Synthetic.

PN US2003087848-A1.

PD 08-MAY-2003.

PF 02-FEB-2001; 2001US-00776479.

PR 03-FEB-2000; 2000US-0179991P.

PA (BRAT/) BRATZLER R L.

PA (PETE/) PETERSEN D M.

PA (FOUR/) FOURON Y.

PI Bratzler RL, Petersen DM, Fouron Y;

DR WPI; 2003-657977/62.

PT Treating and/or preventing allergy or asthma using an immunostimulatory

PS nucleic acid alone or in combination with an asthma/allergy medicament.

PS Disclosure; Page 17; 221pp; English.

CC The invention relates to a method of treating or preventing allergy or
CC asthma which comprises administering to a subject a poly-G nucleic acid
CC in an aerosol formulation. The methods and compositions of the present
CC invention are useful for diagnosing and/or treating asthma and allergy
CC especially in a hypo-responsive subject. The present sequence represents
CC an immunostimulatory nucleic acid of the invention.

XX Sequence 27 BP; 0 A; 0 C; 0 G; 27 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 27;
Best Local Similarity 74.1%; Pred. No. 1.8e+02;

Matches 20; Conservative 0; Mismatches 7; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1382 TTGTGTTGTTGTTGTAACCTGTTT 1408
DB 1 TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT 27

RESULT 76

AAA40358
ID AAA40358 standard; DNA; 28 BP.

AC AAA40358;

DT 10-NOV-2000 (first entry)

DE pBluescriptSK+ phagemid primer SEQ ID NO: 8.

XX Primer; cloning; ligation; ss.

XX Synthetic.

PN WO200036088-A1.

PD 22-JUN-2000.

PF 17-DEC-1999; 99WO-US030277.

PR 17-DEC-1998; 98US-00213834.

PA (ROMA/) ROMANTCHIKOV Y.

PI Romantchikov Y;

DR WPI; 2000-442381/38.

PT Inserting a nucleic acid into a circular vector comprising joining their

PT ends, melting, and reannealing ends at two different concentrations;

PT useful for cloning small amounts of nucleic acids and forming genomic

PT libraries.

XX Example 3; Page 67; 71pp; English.

XX This invention describes a novel method (M1) for inserting a nucleic acid

CC (N1) into a circular vector (V1) comprising joining ends of N1 and V1

CC under a first nucleic acid concentration, melting hybridized cohesive

CC circularization ends, and reannealing the ends at a second concentration.

CC The methods are useful for the cloning small amounts of nucleic acids and

CC forming genomic libraries of complex populations of DNA or cDNA. The

CC methods allow the cloning of minute amounts of nucleic acids efficiently

CC and avoids the size selection problems of prior art systems. Larger

CC nucleic acid fragments are just as easily cloned, allowing highly

CC representative libraries to be made. Vector to vector ligation is avoided

CC using the methods. AAA40351-A40366 represents primers used to illustrate

CC the method of the invention

XX Sequence 28 BP; 1 A; 1 C; 1 G; 25 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.8; DB 1; Length 28;
Best Local Similarity 74.1%; Pred. No. 1.8e+02;

Matches 20; Conservative 0; Mismatches 7; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1383 TTGTGTTGTTGTTGTAACCTGTTT 1409
DB 2 TAGTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT 28

RESULT 77

AA66995
ID AA66995 standard; DNA; 17 BP.

AC AA66995;

DT 05-AUG-1997 (first entry)

DE Vector-specific primer SK-Zap.

XX Mch3; cysteine protease; apoptosis; AIDS; ischaemia;

XX neurodegenerative disease; gene therapy; diagnosis; PCR;

XX polymerase chain reaction; primer; ss.

OS Synthetic.

PN WO9718313-A1.

PD 22-MAY-1997.

PF 12-NOV-1996; 96WO-US018118.

```

PR 13-NOV-1995; 95US-00556627.
XX
XX (IDUN-) IDUN PHARM INC.
PA (UYE-) UNIV JEFFERSON THOMAS.
XX
XX Alnemri ES, Fernandes-Alnemri T, Litwack G, Armstrong R;
PI Tomasek J K;
XX WPI; 1997-289289/26.
XX
XX New gene encoding Mch3, a cysteine protease that regulates apoptosis -
PT for treating human diseases associated with apoptosis, and screening for
PT antagonists and agonists of Mch3.
XX
XX Example 1; Page 26; 52pp; English.
XX
XX Vector-specific primer SK-Zap (T66995) was used with primer T50-pr1
CC (T66994), based on a Genbank sequence expressed sequence tag, to amplify
CC cDNA from a human Jarkat library. A Ced3-interleukin-1- beta converting
CC enzyme (ICE)-like partial cDNA clone was identified. This was used to
CC rescreen the library, leading to the isolation of cDNA clones (T66992-93)
CC for novel apoptotic cysteine protease Mch3-alpha (M15262) and Mch3-beta
CC (M15263)
XX
XX Sequence 17 BP; 5 A; 4 C; 6 G; 2 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
SQ
Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 2.1e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 16 CAGGAATTCGGCAGCAG 32
DB 1 CAGGAATTCGGCAGCAG 17

RESULT 78
AAT90091
ID AAT90091 standard; DNA; 17 BP.
XX
XX AAT90091;
AC
XX
XX 25-MAR-2003 (revised)
DT
XX 09-APR-1998 (first entry)
DT
XX
XX Primer SK-Zap for Mch4 and Mch5 coding sequences.
DE
XX Mch4; Mch5; aspartic acid specific Cys protease; cell apoptosis; stroke;
XX increased cell survival; hormone dependent tumour; autoimmune disease;
XX immunoglobulin mediated glomerulonephritis; degenerative disease;
XX therapy; PCR primer; amplify; ss.
XX
XX Synthetic.
OS
XX Homo sapiens.
OS
XX
XX MO9735020-A1.
XX
XX 25-SEP-1997.
XX
XX 19-MAR-1997; 97WO-US004330.
XX
XX 19-MAR-1996; 96US-00618408.
XX
XX 14-JUN-1996; 96US-00665220.
XX
XX (IDUN-) IDUN PHARM INC.
PA (UYE-) UNIV JEFFERSON THOMAS.
XX
XX Alnemri ES, Fernandes-Alnemri T, Litwack G, Armstrong R;
PI Tomasek J K;
XX
XX WPI; 1997-480225/44.
XX
XX Aspartic acid specific cysteine protease(s) Mch4 and Mch5 - which are
PT involved in cell apoptosis, useful to diagnose and treat, e.g. cancer,

```

```

PT autoimmune, Alzheimer's or Parkinson's disease.
XX
XX Example 1; Page 30; 76pp; English.
XX
XX This sequence represents a primer for the Mch4 and Mch5 genes of the
CC invention. Mch4 (see AAW23790) and Mch5 (see AAW27391) are members of the
CC Aspartic acid specific Cys protease family involved in cell apoptosis.
CC The genes and proteins can be to diagnose, treat or reduce the severity
CC of diseases resulting from increased cell survival, e.g. hormone
CC dependent tumours such as breast, prostate or ovarian cancers, or
CC autoimmune diseases, such as systemic lupus erythematosus or
CC immunoglobulin mediated glomerulonephritis, diseases resulting from
CC decreased cell survival, e.g. degenerative diseases such as Alzheimer's
CC or Parkinson's disease, or amyotrophic lateral sclerosis or other
CC diseases associated with increased apoptosis such as aplastic anaemia,
CC stroke, ischaemic injury following myocardial infarction or reperfusion
CC injury. (Updated on 25-MAR-2003 to correct PI field.)
XX
XX Sequence 17 BP; 5 A; 4 C; 6 G; 2 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
SQ
Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 2.1e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 16 CAGGAATTCGGCAGCAG 32
DB 1 CAGGAATTCGGCAGCAG 17

RESULT 79
AAX75071
ID AAX75071 standard; RNA; 17 BP.
XX
XX AAX75071;
AC
XX
XX 28-JUL-1999 (first entry)
DT
XX
XX Mouse flt-1 VEGF receptor hammerhead ribozyme substrate #599.
DE
XX
XX Vascular endothelial growth factor receptor; VEGF receptor; flt-1; flk-1;
XX KDR; hammerhead ribozyme; hairpin ribozyme; cleavage; ocular disease;
XX tumour angiogenesis; psoriasis; rheumatoid arthritis;
XX fms-like tyrosine kinase 1; kinase insert domain containing receptor;
XX foetal liver kinase 1; ss.
XX
XX Mus sp.
OS
XX
XX MO9715662-A2.
XX
XX 01-MAY-1997.
XX
XX 25-OCT-1996; 96WO-US017480.
XX
XX 26-OCT-1995; 95US-0005974P.
XX
XX 11-JAN-1996; 96US-00584040.
XX
XX (RIBO-) RIBOZYME PHARM INC.
PA (CHIR) CHIRON CORP.
XX
XX Pavco P, Mcswigen J, Strinchcomb D, Escobedo J;
PI
XX WPI; 1997-259017/23.
XX
XX Nucleic acid molecule modulating VEGF receptor(s) gene expression or mRNA
PT stability - useful for treating e.g. tumour angiogenesis, psoriasis,
PT rheumatoid arthritis, etc., in a human patient.
XX
XX Claim 4; Page 173; 218pp; English.
XX
XX The present invention describes nucleic acid molecules which modulate the
CC synthesis, expression and/or stability of a mRNA encoding 1 or more
CC receptors of vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF). A patient
CC (preferably human) having a condition associated with the level of the

```


CC reagents to diagnose diseases mediated or characterised by programmed
CC cell death. A purified recombinant Mch6 protein can be used to measure
CC hydrolysis rates for various substrates such as DEVD-AMC and YVAD-AMC in
CC a continuous fluorometric assay. The present sequence is a PCR primer
CC used to isolate the cDNA encoding human Mch6

SQ Sequence 17 BP; 5 A; 4 C; 6 G; 2 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 17;

Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 2.1e+02; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
CY 16 CAGGAATTGGCAGCAG 32
DB 1 CAGGAATTGGCAGCAG 17

RESULT 82

AAD15659 ID AAD15659 standard; DNA; 17 BP.

AC AAD15659;

DT 15-NOV-2001 (first entry)

DE Mch6 cloning primer, T3.

KM Apoptotic protease; mammalian ced-3 homologue 6; Mch6; cancer;

KM aspartate-specific cysteine protease; ASCP; apoptosis; therapy;

KM autoimmune disease; cerebellar degeneration; Alzheimer's disease;

KM cytosolic; Parkinson's disease; immunomodulator; antimicrobial;

KM viral infection; cell death-mediated disease; neuroprotective; primer;

XX ss.

XX Unidentified.

XX US6271361-B1.

XX 07-AUG-2001.

XX 25-FEB-1999; 99US-00257218.

XX 29-MAY-1997; 97US-00865579.

XX (UYJB-) UNIV JEFFERSON THOMAS.

XX Alnemri ES, Fernandes-Alnemri T, Litwack G;

XX WPI; 2001-528686/58.

XX New apoptotic genes and their apoptotic protease products, useful for

PT modulating apoptosis for the therapeutic treatment of human diseases,

PT e.g. cancers, autoimmune disease, Alzheimer's disease or Parkinson's

PT disease.

XX Example 1; Col 12; 36pp; English.

XX The invention relates to an isolated gene encoding apoptic protease,

CC mammalian ced-3 homologue 6 (Mch6). Mch6 is a member of the aspartate-

CC specific cysteine protease (ASCP) family. Mch6 DNA and protein sequences

CC are useful for modulating apoptosis for the therapeutic treatment of

CC human diseases. Mch6 sequences are useful for upregulating apoptosis

CC (e.g. for treating cancers, autoimmune disease or viral infections) or

CC downregulating apoptosis (e.g. for treating Alzheimer's disease,

CC Parkinson's disease or cerebellar degeneration). The Mch6 sequence is

CC useful for diagnosing, treating or reducing the severity of cell death-

CC mediated diseases, as well as other diseases mediated by either increased

CC or decreased programmed cell death. The present sequence is a primer,

CC used for cloning and characterisation of Mch6

XX Sequence 17 BP; 5 A; 4 C; 6 G; 2 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

XX Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 17;

Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 2.1e+02; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
CY 16 CAGGAATTGGCAGCAG 32
DB 1 CAGGAATTGGCAGCAG 17

RESULT 83

AAH25194 ID AAH25194 standard; DNA; 17 BP.

AC AAH25194;

DT 22-AUG-2001 (first entry)

DE Primer for DNA encoding aspartate-specific cysteine protease Mch6.

KM Human; apoptotic protease; Mch6; aspartate-specific cysteine protease;

KM cell death; cancer; autoimmune disease; systemic lupus erythematosus;

KM viral infection; degenerative disorder; Alzheimer's disease;

KM Parkinson's disease; myelodysplastic syndrome; myocardial infarction;

KM stroke; PCR primer; ss.

XX Homo sapiens.

XX US2001006779-A1.

XX 05-JUL-2001.

XX 29-MAY-1997; 97US-00865579.

XX 29-MAY-1997; 97US-00865579.

XX (ALNE/) ALNEMRI E S.

XX (FERN/) FERNANDES-ALNEMRI T.

XX (LITW/) LITWACK G.

XX Alnemri ES, Fernandes-Alnemri T, Litwack G;

XX WPI; 2001-389294/41.

XX Isolated gene encoding a human apoptotic protease known as Mch6, useful

PT in the diagnosis or treatment of cell death-mediated conditions, e.g.

PT cancers and autoimmune diseases such as systemic lupus erythematosus.

XX Example 1; Page 7; 15pp; English.

XX The present PCR primer was used to amplify DNA encoding an apoptotic

CC protease, designated Mch6. Mch6 is an aspartate-specific cysteine

CC protease. Mch6 polypeptides and polynucleotides can be used to diagnose,

CC treat or reduce the severity of cell death-mediated conditions, e.g.

CC cancers, autoimmune diseases such as systemic lupus erythematosus, viral

CC infections such as herpesvirus, degenerative disorders such as

CC Alzheimer's disease and Parkinson's disease, myelodysplastic syndromes

CC such as myocardial infarction and stroke. They can also be used to screen

CC for compounds that inhibit or promote Mch6 mediated apoptosis

XX Sequence 17 BP; 5 A; 4 C; 6 G; 2 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

XX Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 17;

XX Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 2.1e+02;

XX Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

XX CY 16 CAGGAATTGGCAGCAG 32

XX DB 1 CAGGAATTGGCAGCAG 17

XX RESULT 84

XX ACC63780/C

XX ID ACC63780 standard; DNA; 17 BP.

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AC ACC63780;
XX
XX
DT 01-UTL-2003 (first entry)
XX
DE Murine oligonucleotide associated with tumour suppression, SEQ ID 1027.
XX
XX Cytostatic; virucide; neuroprotective; nootropic; neuroleptic; murine;
XX tumour suppression; tumour reversion; apoptosis; virus resistance;
XX viral disease; tumour; cell degeneration; cancer; Alzheimer's disease;
XX schizoprenia; ss.
XX
XX Mus musculus.
XX
XX MO2003025176-A2.
XX
XX 27-MAR-2003.
XX
XX 17-SEP-2002; 2002WO-IB004210.
XX
XX 17-SEP-2001; 2001FR-00011979.
XX
XX (MOLE-) MOLECULAR ENGINES LAB.
XX
XX Telerman A, Amson R, Tuijnder M;
XX
XX MPI; 2003-333167/31.
XX
XX New isolated nucleic acid, useful for treating viral diseases associated
XX with tumors and cell degeneration, also related polypeptides, antibodies
XX and transfected cells.
XX
XX PS Disclosure; Page 151; 738pp; French.
XX
XX
XX The present invention relates to murine oligonucleotides (ACC62754-
XX ACC6886), which are associated with tumour suppression, tumour
XX reversion, apoptosis and virus resistance. The oligonucleotides are
XX useful as (1) as probes and primers for detecting, identifying,
XX quantifying and/or amplifying nucleic acid, e.g. as one component of a
XX gene chip; in vitro as (anti)sense reagents; and (2) for production of
XX recombinant polypeptides. The oligonucleotides are useful for preparation
XX of pharmaceuticals for prevention and/or treatment of viral diseases that
XX are characterised by development of tumours or cell degeneration,
XX specifically cancer but also Alzheimer's disease and schizoprenia.
XX
XX
XX Sequence 17 BP; 4 A; 8 C; 2 G; 3 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
XX
XX Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 17;
XX Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 2.1e+02;
XX Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
XX
OY 1482 GGTGGGTCTCAGGATC 1498
Db 17 GGTGGGTCTCAGGATC 1

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XX
XX Synthetic.
XX OS Homo sapiens.
XX
XX US2002183504-A1.
XX
XX 05-DEC-2002.
XX
XX 29-JAN-2002; 2002US-00059749.
XX
XX 29-MAY-1997; 97US-00865579.
XX PR 25-FEB-1999; 99US-00257218.
XX PR 22-DEC-2000; 2000US-00746731.
XX
XX (UYTE-) UNIV JEFFERSON THOMAS.
XX
XX PI Alnemri ES, Fernandes-Alnemri T, Litwack G;
XX
XX MPI; 2004-040943/04.
XX
XX
XX New isolated gene encoding a mammalian ced-3 homolog 6, for modulating
XX apoptosis for the therapeutic treatment of human diseases, such as
XX cancers and degenerative disorders.
XX
XX Example 1; SEQ ID NO 5; 15pp; English.
XX
XX
XX The invention describes an isolated gene (I) encoding Mch6 (mammalian ced
XX -3 homolog 6), or a functional fragment of it. (I) and the polypeptide
XX encoded by (I) is used to modulate apoptosis for the therapeutic
XX treatment of human diseases. (I) is used to prepared a recombinant
XX aspartate-specific cysteine protease, that it encodes. The recombinant
XX protease can be used to screen for Mch6 inhibitors. Disorders involving
XX apoptosis that can be diagnosed or treated by (I) or the polypeptide it
XX encodes, including cancers, viral infections, degenerative disorders,
XX such as Alzheimers and Parkinsons disease, and myocardial infarction.
XX This sequence represents a primer used in the isolation of human
XX mammalian ced-3 homolog 6 (Mch6), a member of the aspartate-specific
XX cysteine protease (ASCP) family of proteases.
XX
XX
XX Sequence 17 BP; 5 A; 4 C; 6 G; 2 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
XX
XX Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 17;
XX Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 2.1e+02;
XX Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
XX
OY 16 CAGGAATTCGGCAGAG 32
Db 1 CAGGAATTCGGCAGAG 17

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RESULT 86
AAQ46560
ID AAQ46560 standard; DNA, 18 BP.
XX
XX AAQ46560;
XX
XX 25-MAR-2003 (revised)
XX DT 13-SEP-1993 (first entry)
XX
XX Monomer DRB5706 for typing of HLA DR beta.
XX
XX Reverse dot blot hybridisation; tandem; head to tail monomers; probe;
XX staggered complementary primers; HLA molecular typing; ds.
XX
XX Synthetic.
XX OS
XX XX
XX PN W09309245-A1.
XX
XX 13-MAY-1993.
XX
XX 22-OCT-1992; 92NC-US009113.
XX PR 31-OCT-1991; 91US-00786228.
XX

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XX (UPI-) UNIT PITTSBURGH.
XX
XX Rudert WA, Trucco M;
XX
XX WPI; 1993-167708/20.
XX
XX Detecting presence or absence of nucleic acid sequence - by reverse dot
XX blot hybridisation using tandem head-to-tail monomers contg. probes
XX synthesised by staggered complementary primers.
XX
XX Example 2; Fig 11; 59pp; English.
XX
CC Five amplifications are necessary to fully type DR beta, bringing to 11
CC the number of independent amplifications to be completed: 2 for DQ alpha
CC and beta, 2 for DP alpha and beta, 1 for DR alpha, 1 for DR beta all
CC segments, and 5 for DR beta allele specific segments. While this number
CC is not prohibitive, it can be reduced by performing co-amplifications
CC that reduce the no. of independent reactions necessary to generate all
CC the segments specifically representing DR, DQ and DP alpha and beta chain
CC gene hypervariable regions. The sequence shown is that of a monomer which
CC must be transformed in repetitive polymers to test all the DRB sequences,
CC via the novel, reverse dot blot method of the invention. See also
CC AAQ41355-78, AAQ41388-414 and AAQ46555-78. (Updated on 25-MAR-2003 to
CC correct PN field.)
XX
SQ Sequence 18 BP; 3 A; 5 C; 6 G; 4 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
XX
Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 18;
Best local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 2.1e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
XX
QY 839 CCTGACCTGAGCAGCTG 855
DB 2 CCTGACCTGAGCAGCTG 18
XX
RESULT 87
ABJ31588/c
ID ABLJ31588 standard; DNA; 18 BP.
XX
XX ABLJ31588;
XX
XX 21-MAR-2002 (first entry)
XX
XX Human HLA genotyping oligonucleotide SEQ ID NO 1077.
XX
XX Human; human leukocyte antigen; HLA; genotype; polymorphism;
XX immunogenetic; transplantation; genetic disease; ss.
XX
XX Homo sapiens.
XX
XX WO200192572-A1.
XX
XX 06-DEC-2001.
XX
XX 01-JUN-2001; 2001MO-JP004662.
XX
XX 01-JUN-2000; 2000JP-00164798.
XX
XX (NISN ) NISSHINO IND INC.
XX (SYST-) SYSTEM RES INC.
XX
XX Inoko H, Kagiya T, Ichihara T, Matsumura Y, Moriya S, Nishida M;
XX WPI; 2002-122074/16.
XX
XX Human leukocyte antigen (HLA) typing, useful for judging HLA genotypes of
XX individuals e.g. by determining immunogenetic differences when
XX transplanting between them.
XX
XX Disclosure; Page 297; 345pp; Japanese.
XX

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CC The invention relates to a typing kit for judging human leukocyte antigen
CC (HLA) genotype of a sample by hybridising a substrate on which 10-24 base
CC oligonucleotides (ABL30512-ABL31809) originating in the sequences of
CC genes e.g. belonging to HLA class I antigens have been immobilised as
CC containing gene polymorphisms as allantoigens have been immobilised as
CC primers for amplification of cleaved nucleic acids relating to gene
CC polymorphisms. The method is useful for judging HLA genotypes of
CC individuals by determining immunogenetic differences before transplanting
CC between them, providing genetic information to decide compatibility of
CC organ and tissue for transplantation e.g. of bone marrow, kidney, liver,
CC pancreas, langerhans islet in pancreas and cornea, susceptibility
CC diagnosis of genetic diseases and identifying individuals
XX
SQ Sequence 18 BP; 1 A; 6 C; 8 G; 3 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
XX
Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 18;
Best local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 2.1e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
XX
QY 522 GAGAGCTTGCCCGAGGC 538
DB 18 GAGAGCTTGCCCGAGGC 2
XX
RESULT 88
AAJ33800
ID AAX33800 standard; DNA; 19 BP.
XX
XX AAX33800;
XX
XX 25-JUN-1999 (first entry)
XX
XX S. aureus coding sequence PCR primer SEQ ID NO. 31.
XX
XX S. aureus infection; diagnosis; therapy; central nervous system disorder;
XX upper respiratory tract infection; otitis media; bacterial tracheitis;
XX acute epiglottitis; thyroditis; empyema; lung abscess; splenic abscess;
XX cardiac infection; infective endocarditis; secretory diarrhoea; ulcer;
XX retroperitoneal abscess; cerebral abscess; blepharitis; conjunctivitis;
XX keratitis; endophthalmitis; preseptal cellulitis; orbital cellulitis;
XX dacryocystitis; epididymitis; intrarenal abscess; perinephric abscess;
XX toxic shock syndrome; impetigo; folliculitis; cutaneous abscess;
XX cellulitis; wound infection; bacterial myositis; septic arthritis;
XX osteomyelitis; Helicobacter pylori infection; stomach cancer; gastritis;
XX PCR primer; ss.
XX
XX Synthetic.
XX OS Staphylococcus aureus.
XX WO9912557-A1.
XX
XX 18-MAR-1999.
XX
XX 14-SEP-1998; 98WO-US018987.
XX
XX 12-SEP-1997; 97US-0058710F.
XX
XX (SMIK ) SMITHKLINE BEECHAM CORP.
XX
XX Burnham MKR, Lonetto MA, Warren PV;
XX WPI; 1999-229138/19.
XX
XX New isolated Staphylococcus aureus polynucleotides.
XX
XX Disclosure; Page 83; 102pp; English.
XX
XX This sequence represents a PCR primer for a S. aureus polynucleotide of
XX the invention. The invention also relates to the polypeptides encoded by
XX the S. aureus polynucleotides. The polypeptides can be used for the
XX treatment or prevention of disease. The polypeptide or polynucleotide can
XX also be used to diagnose diseases related to their expression. The
XX polypeptides and vectors containing them can also be used in immunisation
XX

```


CC methods. The products can be used for treating infection, e.g. infections
CC of the upper respiratory tract, (e.g. otitis media, bacterial tracheitis,
CC acute epiglottitis, thyroiditis), respiratory (e.g. empyema, lung
CC abscess), cardiac (e.g. infective endocarditis), gastrointestinal (e.g.
CC secretory diarrhoea, splenic abscess, retroperitoneal abscess), central
CC nervous system (CNS) (e.g. cerebral abscess), eye (e.g. blepharitis,
CC conjunctivitis, keratitis, endophthalmitis, preseptal and orbital
CC cellulitis, dacryocystitis), kidney and urinary tract (e.g.
CC epididymitis, intrarenal and perinephric abscesses, toxic shock syndrome),
CC skin (e.g. impetigo, folliculitis, cutaneous abscesses, cellulitis, wound
CC infection, bacterial myositis), bone and joint (e.g. septic arthritis,
CC osteomyelitis), or Helicobacter pylori infections, (e.g. causing stomach
CC cancer, ulcers and gastritis). The products can also be used for treating
CC in-dwelling devices and wounds
XX
SQ Sequence 19 BP; 4 A; 5 C; 8 G; 2 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 2.1e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 19 GAATTCGCGCAGGAGG 35
DB 2 GAATTCGCGCAGGAGG 18
RESULT 89
AAA83614
ID AAA83614 standard; DNA; 19 BP.
XX
AC AAA83614;
XX
XX 04-DEC-2000 (first entry)
XX
DE cdk-we-hu ribozyme binding site #89.
XX
KW Ribozyme; hairpin; hammerhead; gene therapy; vasotropic; restenosis; ss.
XX
OS Mammalia.
XX
PN WO200032765-A2.
XX
PD 08-JUN-2000.
XX
PF 06-DEC-1999; 99WO-US028772.
XX
PR 04-DEC-1998; 98US-0110954P.
XX
PA (IMMU-) IMMUSOL INC.
XX
PI Tritz R, Welch PJ, Barber JR, Robbins JM;
XX
XX WPI; 2000-412314/35.
XX
PT New hairpin and hammerhead ribozyme for inhibiting restenosis, cleaves
PT RNA encoding a cyclin or cell-cycle dependent kinase other than CDKL,
PT PCNA and Cyclin B1.
XX
PS Disclosure; Page 64; 109pp; English.
XX
CC The present invention relates to a hairpin or hammerhead ribozyme,
CC designed to cleave RNA encoding a cyclin or cell-cycle dependent kinase
CC other than cell-cycle dependent kinases CDKL, PCNA and Cyclin B1.
CC Representative examples of ribozyme recognition sites are given in
CC AAA82415 to AAA86787. The ribozyme of the invention is useful for
CC inhibiting restenosis by introduction of the ribozyme into cells. The
CC ribozyme is resistant to endonuclease activity and hence is efficient in
CC restenosis treatment
XX
SQ Sequence 19 BP; 4 A; 2 C; 7 G; 6 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 2.1e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1001 GGACTGATTCCTGTGCT 1017
DB 1 GGATGATTCCTGTGCT 17
RESULT 90
AAA83613
ID AAA83613 standard; DNA; 19 BP.
XX
AC AAA83613;
XX
DT 04-DEC-2000 (first entry)
XX
DE cdk-we-hu ribozyme binding site #88.
XX
KW Ribozyme; hairpin; hammerhead; gene therapy; vasotropic; restenosis; ss.
XX
OS Mammalia.
XX
PN WO200032765-A2.
XX
PD 08-JUN-2000.
XX
PF 06-DEC-1999; 99WO-US028772.
XX
PR 04-DEC-1998; 98US-0110954P.
XX
PA (IMMU-) IMMUSOL INC.
XX
PI Tritz R, Welch PJ, Barber JR, Robbins JM;
XX
XX WPI; 2000-412314/35.
XX
PT New hairpin and hammerhead ribozyme for inhibiting restenosis, cleaves
PT RNA encoding a cyclin or cell-cycle dependent kinase other than CDKL,
PT PCNA and Cyclin B1.
XX
PS Disclosure; Page 64; 109pp; English.
XX
CC The present invention relates to a hairpin or hammerhead ribozyme,
CC designed to cleave RNA encoding a cyclin or cell-cycle dependent kinase
CC other than cell-cycle dependent kinases CDKL, PCNA and Cyclin B1.
CC Representative examples of ribozyme recognition sites are given in
CC AAA82415 to AAA86787. The ribozyme of the invention is useful for
CC inhibiting restenosis by introduction of the ribozyme into cells. The
CC ribozyme is resistant to endonuclease activity and hence is efficient in
CC restenosis treatment
XX
SQ Sequence 19 BP; 3 A; 2 C; 7 G; 7 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 2.1e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1001 GGACTGATTCCTGTGCT 1017
DB 2 GGATGATTCCTGTGCT 18
RESULT 91
AAH58775
ID AAH58775 standard; DNA; 19 BP.
XX
AC AAH58775;
XX
DT 10-SEP-2001 (first entry)
XX
DE cdk-we-hu ribozyme binding site SEQ ID NO:1199.
XX
KW Human; ribozyme therapy; hairpin ribozyme; hammerhead ribozyme;
KW recognition site; target; ribozyme binding site; eye disease; vulnerary;

KM proliferative disease; skin disease; psoriasis; diabetic retinopathy;
KM cytokine; inflammation; cell-cycle dependent kinase; cyclin; MMP;
KM matrix metalloproteinase; growth factor; reductase; scarring; cytostatic;
KM antipsoriatic; dermatological; antisborrheic; antidiabetic; vituicide;
KM antistickling; ophthalmological; keratolytic; gene therapy; viral wart;
KM atopic dermatitis; actinic keratosis; squamous cell carcinoma;
KM basal cell carcinoma; seborrhic wart; vitreoretinopathy; scar;
KM sickle cell retinopathy; ss.
XX
OS Homo sapiens.
OS Synthetic.
XX
PN MO200130362-A2.
XX
PD 03-MAY-2001.
XX
PF 26-OCT-2000; 2000MO-US029500.
XX
PR 26-OCT-1999; 99US-0161532P.
XX
PA (IMMU-) IMMUSOL INC.
XX
PI Robbins JM, Tritz R;
XX
DR WPI; 2001-300427/31.
XX
PT Treating proliferative skin or eye diseases and scarring, using ribozymes
PT that cleave RNA encoding cytokines involved in inflammation, matrix
PT metalloproteinases, growth factors and cell-cycle dependent kinases.
XX
PS Example 1; Page 159; 408bp; English.
XX
XX The present invention describes a method for treating a proliferative
XX skin or eye disease and scarring. The method involves administering a
XX ribozyme (I) which cleaves RNA encoding a cytokine involved in
XX inflammation, matrix metalloproteinase (MMP), cyclin, cell-cycle
XX dependent kinase, growth factor or a reductase, or administering a
XX nucleic acid molecule (II) comprising a promoter operably linked to a
XX nucleic acid segment encoding (I). (I) can have antipsoriatic,
XX dermatological, cytostatic, antiseborrheic, antidiabetic, antistickling,
XX ophthalmological, vulnerary, keratolytic and vituicide activities, and
XX cleaves RNA encoding cytokine involved in inflammation. (I) can be used
XX in gene therapy. (I) and (II) are useful for treating proliferative skin
XX diseases such as psoriasis, atopic dermatitis, actinic keratosis,
XX squamous or basal cell carcinoma and viral or seborrhic wart. They can
XX also be used for treating proliferative eye diseases such as diabetic
XX retinopathy, vitreoretinopathy, sickle cell retinopathy, retinopathy of
XX prematurity and retinal detachment, and for treating and preventing
XX scarring such as keloid, adhesion and hypertrophic or hypertrophic burn
XX scar. AAH57577 to AAH62099 represent sequences used in the
XX exemplification of the present invention
SQ Sequence 19 BP; 3 A; 2 C; 7 G; 7 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
XX
XX Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 19;
XX Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 2.1e+02;
XX Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1001 GGAATGATTCCTGTGT 1017
Db 2 GGAATGATTCCTGTGT 18
XX
XX RESULT 92
XX AAH58776
XX ID AAH58776 standard; DNA; 19 BP.
XX
XX AAH58776;
XX
XX 10-SEP-2001 (first entry)
XX
XX Cdk-we-hu ribozyme binding site SEQ ID NO:1200.
XX

KM Human; ribozyme therapy; hairpin ribozyme; hammerhead ribozyme;
KM recognition site; target; ribozyme binding site; eye disease; vulnerary;
KM proliferative disease; skin disease; psoriasis; diabetic retinopathy;
KM cytokine; inflammation; cell-cycle dependent kinase; cyclin; MMP;
KM matrix metalloproteinase; growth factor; reductase; scarring; cytostatic;
KM antipsoriatic; dermatological; antisborrheic; antidiabetic; vituicide;
KM antistickling; ophthalmological; keratolytic; gene therapy; viral wart;
KM atopic dermatitis; actinic keratosis; squamous cell carcinoma;
KM basal cell carcinoma; seborrhic wart; vitreoretinopathy; scar;
KM sickle cell retinopathy; ss.
XX
OS Homo sapiens.
OS Synthetic.
XX
PN MO200130362-A2.
XX
PD 03-MAY-2001.
XX
PF 26-OCT-2000; 2000MO-US029500.
XX
PR 26-OCT-1999; 99US-0161532P.
XX
PA (IMMU-) IMMUSOL INC.
XX
PI Robbins JM, Tritz R;
XX
DR WPI; 2001-300427/31.
XX
PT Treating proliferative skin or eye diseases and scarring, using ribozymes
PT that cleave RNA encoding cytokines involved in inflammation, matrix
PT metalloproteinases, growth factors and cell-cycle dependent kinases.
XX
PS Example 1; Page 159; 408bp; English.
XX
XX The present invention describes a method for treating a proliferative
XX skin or eye disease and scarring. The method involves administering a
XX ribozyme (I) which cleaves RNA encoding a cytokine involved in
XX inflammation, matrix metalloproteinase (MMP), cyclin, cell-cycle
XX dependent kinase, growth factor or a reductase, or administering a
XX nucleic acid molecule (II) comprising a promoter operably linked to a
XX nucleic acid segment encoding (I). (I) can have antipsoriatic,
XX dermatological, cytostatic, antiseborrheic, antidiabetic, antistickling,
XX ophthalmological, vulnerary, keratolytic and vituicide activities, and
XX cleaves RNA encoding cytokine involved in inflammation. (I) can be used
XX in gene therapy. (I) and (II) are useful for treating proliferative skin
XX diseases such as psoriasis, atopic dermatitis, actinic keratosis,
XX squamous or basal cell carcinoma and viral or seborrhic wart. They can
XX also be used for treating proliferative eye diseases such as diabetic
XX retinopathy, vitreoretinopathy, sickle cell retinopathy, retinopathy of
XX prematurity and retinal detachment, and for treating and preventing
XX scarring such as keloid, adhesion and hypertrophic or hypertrophic burn
XX scar. AAH57577 to AAH62099 represent sequences used in the
XX exemplification of the present invention
SQ Sequence 19 BP; 4 A; 2 C; 7 G; 6 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
XX
XX Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 19;
XX Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 2.1e+02;
XX Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1001 GGAATGATTCCTGTGT 1017
Db 1 GGAATGATTCCTGTGT 17
XX
XX RESULT 93
XX ABL8937/c
XX ID ABL8937 standard; DNA; 19 BP.
XX
XX ABL8937;
XX
XX 22-MAY-2002 (first entry)
XX

DE HIV-1 related binding molecule oligonucleotide sequence SEQ ID NO:159.
XX
XX Binding molecule; HIV-1; human immunodeficiency virus type 1;
KW reverse transcriptase; binding group; ss.
XX
XX Human immunodeficiency virus 1.
OS Synthetic.
XX
XX EP174518-A1.
PN
XX 23-JAN-2002.
PD
XX 20-JUL-2000; 2000EP-00202611.
PF
XX 20-JUL-2000; 2000EP-00202611.
PR
XX 20-JUL-2000; 2000EP-00202611.
PA (AMST-) AMSTERDAM SUPPORT DIAGNOSTICS BV.
XX
XX Loukachov VV, Van Gemen B, Goudsmid J;
PI
XX WPI; 2002-156696/21.
DR
XX
XX Collection of binding groups for determining or typing samples,
PT especially clinical samples, has groups capable to identify essentially
PT all members of the family of nucleic acids of relatively high
PT significance.
XX
XX
XX Disclosure; Page 45; 166pp; English.
XX
XX The present invention describes a collection of binding groups for a
CC family of nucleic acids comprising members of relative high and relative
CC low significance, where the binding groups are selected to be capable to
CC identify, alone or in combination, essentially all members of the family
CC of nucleic acids of relatively high significance. The collection of
CC binding groups is useful for typing of nucleic acid in a clinical sample,
CC by contacting the nucleic acid with the collection and determining
CC whether one or more binding groups bound to the nucleic acid of the
CC sample. This method is useful for determining whether the sample
CC comprises at least a part of a member of relatively high significance
CC of a family of nucleic acids. The collection of binding groups is useful for
CC diagnosing the severity of a disease caused by a pathogen containing a
CC member of a family of nucleic acids. AB188779 to AB189321 represent
CC oligonucleotide sequences used in the exemplification of the present
CC invention
XX
XX
SQ Sequence 19 BP; 9 A; 2 C; 5 G; 3 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 2.1e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1646 TCCATCTAGAACTGTTT 1662
Db 18 TCCATCTAGTACTGTTT 2
RESULT 94
ADP49398
ID ADF49398 standard; RNA; 19 BP.
XX
XX ADF49398;
AC
XX
XX 12-FEB-2004 (first entry)
DT
XX
XX Human BCL2 siNA lower sequence SEQ ID NO:126.
DE
XX
XX ss; siNA; human; BCL2; short interfering nucleic acid; RNA interference;
KW cytosolic; immunosuppressive; virucide; anti-HIV; cancer;
KW autoimmune disease; viral infection; HIV.
XX
XX Homo sapiens.
OS
XX
XX WO2003070969-A2.
PN

XX
XX 28-AUG-2003.
PD
XX
XX 18-FEB-2003; 2003WO-US004908.
PF
XX
XX 20-FEB-2002; 2002US-0358580P.
PR
XX 11-MAR-2002; 2002US-0363124P.
PR
XX 06-JUN-2002; 2002US-0386782P.
PR
XX 18-JUL-2002; 2002US-0396905P.
PR
XX 29-AUG-2002; 2002US-0406784P.
PR
XX 05-SEP-2002; 2002US-0408378P.
PR
XX 09-SEP-2002; 2002US-0409293P.
PR
XX 15-JAN-2003; 2003US-0440129P.
XX
XX (RIBO-) RIBOZYME PHARM INC.
PA
XX
XX Mcswigen J, Beigelman L;
PI
XX
XX WPI; 2003-712622/67.
DR
XX
XX New short interfering nucleic acid, useful e.g. for treatment and
PT diagnosis of cancer or autoimmune disease, downregulates expression of
PT the BCL2 gene.
XX
XX Example 3; SEQ ID NO 126; 148pp; English.
XX
XX
XX The invention relates to a novel short interfering nucleic acid (siNA)
CC that downregulates expression of the BCL2 gene by RNA interference. A
CC siNA of the invention has cytosolic, immunosuppressive, virucide, and
CC anti-HIV activity. The siNA are useful for modulation (inhibition) of
CC expression or activity of BCL2 by RNA interference. siNA are used to
CC modulate expression of BCL2 genes, in cells, tissue explants or
CC organisms, e.g. for treating cancer, autoimmune diseases and viral
CC infections (including by HIV) but also for drug screening, diagnosis,
CC target identification and validation, genetic engineering, e.g. of single
CC pharmacogenomics, studying gene function and gene mapping (e.g. of single
CC nucleotide polymorphisms). The sequences shown in ADF49273-ADF50143
CC represent siNA of the invention.
XX
XX
SQ Sequence 19 BP; 8 A; 4 C; 3 G; 0 T; 4 U; 0 Other;
Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 76.5%; Pred. No. 2.1e+02;
Matches 13; Conservative 3; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1129 TGTACATGAAACCAAG 1145
Db 1 UGUACCAUGAAACCAAG 17
RESULT 95
ADP49812/C
ID ADF49812 standard; RNA; 19 BP.
XX
XX ADF49812;
AC
XX
XX 12-FEB-2004 (first entry)
DT
XX
XX Human BCL2 siNA lower sequence SEQ ID NO:540.
DE
XX
XX ss; siNA; human; BCL2; short interfering nucleic acid; RNA interference;
KW cytosolic; immunosuppressive; virucide; anti-HIV; cancer;
KW autoimmune disease; viral infection; HIV.
XX
XX Homo sapiens.
OS
XX
XX WO2003070969-A2.
PN
XX
XX 28-AUG-2003.
PD
XX
XX 18-FEB-2003; 2003WO-US004908.
PR
XX
XX 20-FEB-2002; 2002US-0358580P.
PR

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PR 11-MAR-2002; 2002US-0363124P.
PR 06-JUN-2002; 2002US-0386782P.
PR 18-JUL-2002; 2002US-0396905P.
PR 29-AUG-2002; 2002US-0406784P.
PR 05-SEP-2002; 2002US-0408378P.
PR 09-SEP-2002; 2002US-0409293P.
PR 15-JAN-2003; 2003US-0440129P.
XX (RIBO-) RIBOZYME PHARM INC.
XX PA
XX PI
XX PI Mcswigen J, Belgelman J;
XX WPI; 2003-712622/67.
XX
XX New short interfering nucleic acid, useful e.g. for treatment and
XX PT diagnosis of cancer or autoimmune disease, downregulates expression of
XX PT the BCL2 gene.
XX
XX Example 3; SEQ ID NO 540; 148bp; English.
XX
XX The invention relates to a novel short interfering nucleic acid (siNA)
XX CC that downregulates expression of the BCL2 gene by RNA interference. A
XX CC siNA of the invention has cytosstatic, immunosuppressive, virocidic, and
XX CC anti-HIV activity. The siNA are useful for modulation (inhibition) of
XX CC expression or activity of BCL2 by RNA interference. siNA are used to
XX CC modulate expression of BCL2 genes, in cells, tissue explants or
XX CC organisms, e.g. for treating cancer, autoimmune diseases and viral
XX CC infections (including by HIV) but also for drug screening, diagnosis,
XX CC target identification and validation, genetic engineering,
XX CC pharmacogenomics, studying gene function and gene mapping (e.g. of single
XX CC -nucleotide polymorphisms). The sequences shown in ADF49273-ADF50143
XX CC represent siNA of the invention.
XX
XX Sequence 19 BP; 4 A; 3 C; 4 G; 0 T; 8 U; 0 Other;
XX
XX Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 19;
XX Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 2.1e+02;
XX Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
XX
XX 1129 TGTAGCATGAAACAAAG 1145
XX |||||
XX 19 TGTACCATGAAACAAAG 3
XX Db

RESULT 96
AAA13146/c
ID AAA13146 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
XX
XX AAA13146;
XX
XX 17-JUL-2000 (first entry)
XX
XX PI3K antisense inhibitor oligonucleotide ISIS# 32120.
XX
XX Phosphatidylinositol 3 kinase; PI3K; antisense oligonucleotide; p110;
XX KM catalytic subunit; treatment; rheumatoid arthritis; asthma; research;
XX KM diagnostic; infection; inflammation; tumour formation; inhibitor; ss.
XX
XX Synthetic.
XX
XX Key location/Qualifiers
XX FH 1..20
XX FT /*tag= a
XX FT /note= "Phosphorothioate internucleoside linkage"
XX
XX modified_base 1..5
XX FT /*tag= b
XX FT /mod_base= OTHER
XX FT /note= "Optionally 2'-methoxyethyl (2'-MOE) nucleotides"
XX
XX modified_base 16..20
XX FT /*tag= c
XX FT /mod_base= OTHER
XX FT /note= "Optionally 2'-methoxyethyl (2'-MOE) nucleotides"
XX

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PN US6046049-A.
XX
XX 04-APR-2000.
XX
XX 19-JUL-1999; 99US-00357070.
XX
XX 19-JUL-1999; 99US-00357070.
XX
XX (ISIS-) ISIS PHARM INC.
XX PA
XX PI
XX PI Monia BP, Cowsett LM;
XX WPI; 2000-282691/24.
XX
XX New antisense compounds targeting nucleic acids encoding human PI3 kinase
XX PT p110 delta useful for treating a disease or condition associated with PI3
XX PT kinase p110 delta expression, e.g. rheumatoid arthritis, asthma.
XX
XX Example 15; Col 40; 35pp; English.
XX
XX This sequence represents a phosphatidylinositol 3 kinase (PI3K)
XX CC targeting antisense oligonucleotide. Phosphatidylinositol 3 kinases act
XX CC as downstream effectors of hormone and growth factor receptors, and have
XX CC been implicated in growth factor mediated cell transformation,
XX CC mitogenesis, protein trafficking, cell survival and proliferation, and
XX CC many other cellular activities. PI3K is a heterodimer, consisting of a
XX CC 110KD catalytic subunit (p110), and an 85KD regulatory subunit (p85). The
XX CC invention relates to antisense oligonucleotides which target the p110
XX CC delta mRNA of PI3K. The antisense oligonucleotides specifically hybridise
XX CC with various regions of the PI3K mRNA sequence, and inhibit the
XX CC expression of PI3K. The antisense oligonucleotides may be used to treat
XX CC an animal, particularly human, suspected of having or being prone to a
XX CC disease or condition associated with the expression of PI3K, e.g.
XX CC rheumatoid arthritis or asthma. The treatment works through the
XX CC modulation (preferably inhibition) of the expression of PI3K. The
XX CC antisense oligonucleotides may also be used for research and diagnostics,
XX CC in pharmaceutical compositions and formulations, in the preparation of
XX CC kits for detecting the level of PI3K in a sample, and as prophylaxis,
XX CC e.g. to prevent or delay infection, inflammation or tumour formation.
XX CC Antisense oligonucleotides, which are able to inhibit gene expression
XX CC specifically, are used to elucidate the function of particular genes, and
XX CC to distinguish between functions of various members of a biological
XX CC pathway
XX
XX Sequence 20 BP; 2 A; 8 C; 6 G; 4 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
XX
XX Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 20;
XX Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 2.1e+02;
XX Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
XX
XX 19 GAATTCGGCAGCAGCGG 35
XX |||||
XX 20 GAATTCGGCAGCAGCGG 4
XX Db

RESULT 97
ABA09745/c
ID ABA09745 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
XX
XX ABA09745;
XX
XX 26-FEB-2002 (first entry)
XX
XX PCR primer GP12 used in gene sorting method.
XX
XX Gene sorting; PCR primer; disease diagnosis; disease analysis;
XX KM cell differentiation; gene therapy; ss.
XX
XX Synthetic.
XX
XX WO200175180-A2.
XX
XX 11-OCT-2001.
XX

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XX PF 23-MAR-2001; 2001WO-US009392.
XX XX
XX PR 30-MAR-2000; 2000US-00538709.
XX XX
XX PA (QBIQ-) QBI ENTERPRISES LTD.
XX PI Ulanovsky L, Mugasimangalam R, Elnat P, Zezin-Sonkin D, Shlomit G;
XX DR MPI; 2001-626451/72.
XX PT Sorting genes into non-redundant groups, useful e.g. for gene isolation,
XX PT diagnosis and in gene therapy, by amplifying cDNA fragments attached to
XX PT selective adaptors.
XX PS Example 1; Page 22; 67pp; English.
XX XX
XX CC The present invention relates to a method for sorting genes. The method
XX CC comprises producing first double stranded (ds) cDNA from mRNA by reverse
XX CC transcription using a poly-T primer. The ds cDNA is then digested with a
XX CC restriction enzyme that generates cohesive ends with overhanging single
XX CC stranded sequence containing a constant number of nucleotides, and the
XX CC digestion products are ligated to a set of ds DNA oligonucleotide
XX CC adaptors. Each adaptor has at one end, a sequence complementary to a
XX CC possible overhang and the other end a primer-template sequence specific
XX CC for the adaptor complementary sequence, and between these two ends the
XX CC same sequence is present for all adaptors. The ligated cDNA molecules are
XX CC amplified in separate PCR assays, using for each a primer that anneals to
XX CC polyT and a second primer, from a set that anneals to the cDNA specific
XX CC primer-template sequences. Amplicons are finally sorted into non-
XX CC redundant groups defined by the specific primer that annealed to the
XX CC primer-template sequence and thus primed PCR. The method is useful for
XX CC producing a collection of non-redundant cDNA groups, especially where
XX CC every expressed gene transcript in the original sample is represented by
XX CC its own subgroup. The method is also useful for isolation, identification
XX CC or analysis of genes, analysis and diagnosis of diseases, for studying
XX CC cell differentiation and in gene therapy. The present sequence was used
XX CC to illustrate the method of the present invention
XX SQ Sequence 20 BP; 5 A; 4 C; 6 G; 5 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
XX
XX Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 20;
XX Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 2.1e+02;
XX Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
XX
XX QY 1115 ATACCCCTCAGTACTGT 1131
XX DB 18 ATACCACTCAGTACTGT 2
XX
XX RESULT 98
XX ABRN89953
XX ID ABRN89953 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
XX AC ABRN89953;
XX XX
XX DT 16-AUG-2002 (first entry)
XX XX
XX DE Real-time validation forward primer for mouse clone IMX3_29.
XX XX
XX KM Mouse; antiinflammatory; gene therapy; ileitis; DST; ss; primer;
XX KM real-time validation.
XX XX
XX OS Mus musculus.
XX PN WO200231114-A2.
XX PD 18-APR-2002.
XX XX
XX PF 11-OCT-2001; 2001WO-US032091.
XX PR 11-OCT-2000; 2000US-0239483P.
XX XX

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PA (DIGI-) DIGITAL GENE TECHNOLOGIES INC.
XX XX
XX PI Vaney UL, Sims UE, Dubose RF, Baum PR, Hasel KW, Hilbush BS;
XX XX
XX DR MPI; 2002-426279/45.
XX XX
XX PT New isolated nucleic acid molecules that are associated with ileitis, for
XX PT preventing, treating, modulating and diagnosing ileitis in a mammalian
XX PT subject.
XX PS Disclosure, Page 219; 273pp; English.
XX XX
XX CC The invention relates to a novel isolated nucleic acid molecule
XX CC comprising a polynucleotide having one of 90 polynucleotide sequences,
XX CC given in the specification. The polynucleotides of the invention have
XX CC antiinflammatory activity, and may have a use in gene therapy. The
XX CC polynucleotide or a polypeptide encoded by it is used for preventing,
XX CC treating, modulating or ameliorating a medical condition such as ileitis.
XX CC The polypeptide or polynucleotide is also useful for manufacturing a
XX CC medicament for treating ileitis. The sequence represents a real-time
XX CC validation primer for the DNA sequence obtained from one of the mouse
XX CC clones of the invention
XX SQ Sequence 20 BP; 4 A; 1 C; 12 G; 3 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
XX
XX Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 20;
XX Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 2.1e+02;
XX Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
XX
XX QY 1598 GAGGCTGGGCGCTGGAA 1614
XX DB 2 GAGTGTGGGCGCTGGAA 18
XX
XX RESULT 99
XX ABR30368
XX ID ABR30368 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
XX AC ABR30368;
XX XX
XX DT 30-JAN-2003 (first entry)
XX XX
XX DE Candida albicans GRACE strain PCR primer SEQ ID NO 4519.
XX XX
XX KM Fungus; Yeast; tetracyclin; promoter; GRACE strain; biosynthesis;
XX KM signal transduction; DNA replication; cell division; growth;
XX KM proliferation; Candida albicans; fungicide; antifungal; PCR; primer; ss.
XX OS Candida albicans.
XX PN WO200253728-A2.
XX PD 11-JUL-2002.
XX XX
XX DT 26-DEC-2001; 2001WO-US049486.
XX XX
XX PR 29-DEC-2000; 2000US-0259128P.
XX PR 20-FEB-2001; 2001US-00792024.
XX PR 22-AUG-2001; 2001US-0314050P.
XX XX
XX PA (ELIT-) ELITRA PHARM INC.
XX XX
XX PI Roemer T, Jiang B, Boone C, Bussey H, Ohlsen KL;
XX DR MPI; 2002-566694/60.
XX XX
XX PT Constructing strains for identifying gene products as effective targets
XX PT for therapeutic intervention, by inactivating in the strain one allele of
XX PT a gene and placing other allele of the gene under conditional expression.
XX XX
XX PS Claim 36; SEQ ID NO 4519; 167pp + Sequence listing; English.
XX CC The invention relates to constructing (M1) a strain of diploid fungal

```

CC cells in which both alleles of a gene are modified, comprising modifying
CC one allele by insertion or replacement by a cassette having an
CC expressible selectable marker and modifying other allele by
CC recombination, of a promoter replacement fragment other allele by
CC promoter, so that expression of the second allele is regulated by the
CC promoter. (M1) is useful for constructing a strain of diploid fungal
CC cells in which both alleles of a gene are modified. The diploid fungal
CC cells having both alleles modified are useful for identifying a gene that
CC is essential to the survival or growth of a fungus, a gene that
CC contributes to the virulence and/or pathogenicity of a fungus, a gene
CC that contributes to the resistance and/or pathogenicity of a diploid fungus
CC agent, an antifungal agent that inhibits the growth of a mammalian
CC and for identifying a therapeutic agent for treatment of a mammalian
CC disease. (M1) is useful for identifying a compound which modulates the
CC activity of a gene product, preferably enzymatic activity, carbon
CC compound catabolism, biosynthetic, transporter, transcriptional,
CC translational, signal transduction, DNA replication and cell division
CC activity. The method is useful for identifying a compound having the
CC ability to inhibit growth or proliferation of C. albicans cells and for
CC treating infection by C. albicans. The present sequence is that of a PCR
CC primer used in the method of the invention. Note: The sequence data for
CC this patent is not represented in the printed specification but is based
CC on sequence information supplied to Derwent by the European Patent Office

CC
XX
SQ Sequence 20 BP; 3 A; 1 C; 12 G; 4 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 2.1e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1044 TGGAGTGGGGGAGTATG 1060
DB 1 TGGAGTGGGGGAGTATG 17
|||||

RESULT 100
ABZ93386/c
ID ABZ93386 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
XX
AC ABZ93386;
XX
DT 17-OCT-2003 (first entry)
XX
DE Human PDB4C oligonucleotide sequence.
XX
XX Human; antisense; lung dysfunction; nasal airway dysfunction;
XX antiinflammatory steroid; ubiquinone; antiinflammatory; antiallergic;
KW antisthmatic; hypotensive; immunosuppressive; cytostatic; gene therapy;
KW antisense gene therapy; respiratory; lung; adenosine sensitivity;
KW adenosine receptor; bronchodilation; bronchoconstriction; lung allergy;
KW lung inflammation; respiratory disease; ds.
XX
XX Homo sapiens.
OS
XX WO200285308-A2.
PN
XX 31-OCT-2002.
PD
XX 23-APR-2002; 2002WO-US013135.
PF
XX 24-APR-2001; 2001US-0286137P.
PR
XX (EPIG-) EPIGENESIS PHARM INC.
PA
XX
PI Myce JW, Li Y, Sandrasagra A, Katz E, Pabalan J, Aguilar D;
PI Miller S, Tang L, Shahbuddin S;
XX
XX WPI; 2003-229219/22.
DR
XX
XX Pharmaceutical composition for treating ailments associated with impaired
PT respiration, has oligo(s) antisense to specific gene(s) or its
PT corresponding RNAs, and glucocorticoid or non-glucocorticoid steroid or
PT ubiquinone.

XX
PS Disclosure; SEQ ID NO 14628; 872bp; English.
XX
CC The invention relates to a novel pharmaceutical composition, which has a
CC first active agent comprising an oligonucleotide antisense to the
CC initiation codon, coding region, 5' or 3' end genomic flanking regions,
CC 5' and 3' intron-exon junctions, or regions within 2-10 nucleotides of
CC junctions of genes encoding a polypeptide associated with lung and/or
CC nasal airway dysfunction and a second active agent comprising an
CC antiinflammatory steroid and ubiquinone. A composition of the invention
CC has antiinflammatory, antiallergic, antisthmatic, hypotensive,
CC immunosuppressive, and cytostatic activity. The composition may have a
CC use in antisense gene therapy. The composition is useful for treating or
CC preventing a respiratory, lung or malignant disease or condition, also
CC for enhancing the prophylactic or therapeutic respiratory effect of an
CC antiinflammatory steroid in a subject, for reducing or depleting levels
CC of, or reducing sensitivity to adenosine, reducing levels of ubiquinone or
CC receptor, producing bronchodilation, increasing levels of ubiquinone or
CC lung surfactant in a subject's tissue, or treating bronchoconstriction,
CC lung inflammation, lung allergies, or a respiratory disease or condition.
CC Note: The sequence data for this patent is not represented in the printed
CC specification, but was obtained in electronic format directly from WIPO
CC at ftp.wipo.int/pub/published_pct_sequences

CC
XX
SQ Sequence 20 BP; 2 A; 9 C; 4 G; 5 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 2.1e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 314 ACCCTGGGGGTGGCGA 330
DB 18 AACCTGGGGGTGGCGA 2
|||||

RESULT 101
ABZ93334
ID ABZ93334 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
XX
AC ABZ93334;
XX
DT 17-OCT-2003 (first entry)
XX
DE Human oligonucleotide sequence.
XX
XX Human; antisense; lung dysfunction; nasal airway dysfunction;
XX antiinflammatory steroid; ubiquinone; antiinflammatory; antiallergic;
KW antisthmatic; hypotensive; immunosuppressive; cytostatic; gene therapy;
KW antisense gene therapy; respiratory; lung; adenosine sensitivity;
KW adenosine receptor; bronchodilation; bronchoconstriction; lung allergy;
KW lung inflammation; respiratory disease; ds.
XX
XX Homo sapiens.
OS
XX WO200285308-A2.
PN
XX 31-OCT-2002.
PD
XX 23-APR-2002; 2002WO-US013135.
PF
XX 24-APR-2001; 2001US-0286137P.
PR
XX (EPIG-) EPIGENESIS PHARM INC.
PA
XX
PI Myce JW, Li Y, Sandrasagra A, Katz E, Pabalan J, Aguilar D;
PI Miller S, Tang L, Shahbuddin S;
XX
XX WPI; 2003-229219/22.
DR
XX
XX Pharmaceutical composition for treating ailments associated with impaired
PT respiration, has oligo(s) antisense to specific gene(s) or its
PT corresponding RNAs, and glucocorticoid or non-glucocorticoid steroid or
PT ubiquinone.

XX Disclosure; SEQ ID NO 8576; 872bp; English.

XX The invention relates to a novel pharmaceutical composition, which has a

XX first active agent comprising an oligonucleotide antisense to the

XX initiation codon, coding region, 5' or 3' end genomic flanking regions,

XX 5' and 3' intron-exon junctions, or regions within 2-10 nucleotides of

XX junctions of genes encoding a polypeptide associated with lung and/or

XX nasal airway dysfunction and a second active agent comprising an

XX antiinflammatory steroid and ubiquinone. A composition of the invention

XX has antiinflammatory, antiallergic, antiasthmatic, hypotensive,

XX immunosuppressive, and cytosstatic activity. The composition may have a

XX use in antisense gene therapy. The composition is useful for treating or

XX preventing a respiratory, lung or malignant disease or condition, also

XX for enhancing the prophylactic or therapeutic respiratory effect of an

XX antiinflammatory steroid in a subject, for reducing or depleting levels

XX of, or reducing sensitivity to adenosine, reducing levels of adenosine

XX receptor, producing bronchodilation, increasing levels of ubiquinone or

XX lung surfactant in a subject's tissue, or treating bronchoconstriction,

XX lung inflammation, lung allergies, or a respiratory disease or condition.

XX Note: The sequence data for this patent is not represented in the printed

XX specification, but was obtained in electronic format directly from WIPO

XX at ftp.wipo.int/pub/published_pct_sequences

XX

XX Sequence 20 BP; 5 A; 7 C; 5 G; 3 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

XX

XX Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 20;

XX Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 2.1e+02;

XX Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

XX

XX 385 CCTGGACGACGACGAC 401

XX 2 CCTGGACGACGACGAC 18

XX

XX RESULT 102

XX AB277075

XX AB277075 standard; DNA; 20 BP.

XX

XX AC AB277075;

XX

XX DT 07-MAY-2003 (first entry)

XX

XX DE Human stearyl-CoA desaturase phosphorothioate oligonucleotide SEQ.30.

XX

XX XX Human; stearyl-CoA desaturase; phosphorothioate; 2'-O-methoxyethyl;

XX XX 2'-MOE; cardiovascular; antiarteriosclerotic; antiinflammatory; cytosstatic;

XX XX antiinflammatory; antisense therapy; antisense oligonucleotide; tumour;

XX XX abnormal lipid metabolism; abnormal cholesterol metabolism; infection;

XX XX atherosclerosis; cardiovascular disease; inflammation; inhibition; ss.

XX

XX OS Homo sapiens.

XX

XX OS Synthetic.

XX

XX FH Key Location/Qualifiers

XX FT 1..20

XX FT /*tag= a

XX FT /mod_base= OTHER

XX FT /note= "phosphorothioate linkages"

XX FT 1..5

XX FT /*tag= b

XX FT /mod_base= OTHER

XX FT /note= "2'-O-methoxyethyl (2'-MOE) gapmer"

XX FT 16..20

XX FT /*tag= c

XX FT /mod_base= OTHER

XX FT /note= "2'-O-methoxyethyl (2'-MOE) gapmer"

XX

XX EN WO2003012031-A2.

XX

XX XX 13-FEB-2003.

XX

XX PD 16-JUL-2002; 2002WO-US022676.

XX

XX PF

XX 30-JUL-2001; 2001US-00918187.

XX

XX PR (ISIS-) ISIS PHARM INC.

XX

XX PA Crooke RM, Graham MJ;

XX

XX PI MPI; 2003-248160/24.

XX

XX DR

XX

XX PT New antisense oligonucleotides targeted to nucleic acids encoding human

XX PT stearyl-CoA desaturase, useful for treating diseases associated with the

XX PT desaturase, e.g. atherosclerosis, and in diagnostic and research

XX PT applications.

XX

XX Claim 3; Page 94; 117pp; English.

XX

XX The present invention describes a compound (I) that is 8-50 nucleobases

XX in length targeted to a nucleic acid molecule encoding human stearyl-CoA

XX desaturase, and which specifically hybridises with and inhibits the

XX expression of human stearyl-CoA desaturase, or which specifically

XX hybridises with at least an 8-nucleobase portion of an active site on a

XX nucleic acid molecule encoding human stearyl-CoA desaturase. Human

XX stearyl-CoA desaturase is mapped to chromosome 10. (1) has antiinflammatory,

XX cardiovascular, antiarteriosclerotic, cytosstatic and antiinflammatory

XX activities, and can be used in antisense therapy. The antisense compounds

XX (I) can be used for modulating the expression of human stearyl-CoA

XX desaturase and for treating diseases or conditions associated with

XX expression of human stearyl-CoA desaturase, e.g. abnormal lipid or

XX cholesterol metabolism, atherosclerosis, or cardiovascular diseases. The

XX antisense compounds (I) can also be used for diagnostics, therapeutics

XX and prophylaxis, e.g. to prevent or delay infection, inflammation or

XX tumour formation, as research reagents and kits, and in distinguishing

XX between functions of various members of a biological pathway. The present

XX sequence represents a human stearyl-CoA desaturase inhibiting chimeric

XX phosphorothioate antisense oligonucleotide, which is given in an example

XX from the present invention

XX

XX Sequence 20 BP; 4 A; 6 C; 4 G; 6 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

XX

XX Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 20;

XX Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 2.1e+02;

XX Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

XX

XX 469 TCAGTGACCTGAGGAT 485

XX 1 TCAGTGACCTGAGGAT 17

XX

XX RESULT 103

XX ABD29564

XX ABD29564 standard; DNA; 20 BP.

XX

XX AC ABD29564;

XX

XX DT 29-JUL-2004 (first entry)

XX

XX DE AA664176-derived oligonucleotide SEQ ID 8576.

XX

XX XX Human; antisense; bronchoconstriction; allergy; hyposecretion; pain;

XX XX respiratory tract inflammation; adenosine sensitivity; lung; cancer;

XX XX surfactant depletion; antiallergic; antiinflammatory; antiasthmatic;

XX XX analgesic; hypotensive; immunosuppressive; cytosstatic; cystic fibrosis;

XX XX beta-adrenergic agonists; respiratory disease; pulmonary vasocostriction;

XX XX respiratory distress syndrome; allergic rhinitis; pulmonary hypertension;

XX XX emphysema; chronic obstructive pulmonary disease; cancer; bronchitis;

XX XX pulmonary transplantation rejection; ss; primer.

XX

XX OS Homo sapiens.

XX

XX OS WO200285309-A2.

XX

XX PD 31-OCT-2002.

XX

XX PF

23-APR-2002; 2002W0-US013143.
 24-APR-2001; 2001US-0286036P.
 (EPIC-) EPIGENESIS PHARM INC.
 Nyce JW, Li Y, Sandrasagra A, Katz E, Pabalan J, Aguilar D;
 Miller S, Tang L, Shahabuddin S;
 WPI; 2003-093058/08.
 Pharmaceutical composition for treating asthma, has antisense
 oligonucleotide containing less percentage of adenosine, targeted to
 nucleic acids associated with lung airway or lung dysfunction, and
 bronchodilating agent.
 Claim 15; SEQ ID NO 8576; 763bp; English.
 This invention describes a novel composition (a) a first active agent,
 comprising oligonucleotides, effective for alleviating
 bronchoconstriction, respiratory tract inflammation, allergies and
 reducing adenosine sensitivity, levels of adenosine (A) or (A) receptors,
 surfactant depletion or hyposecretion, when administered to a mammal. The
 oligonucleotides are derived from a gene encoding or regulating
 expression of a target polypeptide associated with lung airway or lung
 dysfunction or cancer and can be anti-sense to the corresponding mRNA.
 The invention also describes a kit, that comprises: (a) a delivery
 device, in separate containers, (b) the oligonucleotides, (c)
 instructions for adding a carrier and for use of the kit. The composition
 of the invention has antiallergic, antiinflammatory, antiasthmatic,
 analgesic, hypotensive, immunosuppressive and cytostatic activity, is a
 beta-adrenergic agonist. The composition is useful for preventing or
 treating a respiratory, lung or malignant disease. The administered
 composition comprises oligo and is administered to reduce the production
 or availability, or to increase the degradation of the target mRNA or to
 reduce the amount of target polypeptide present in the lungs. The
 pulmonary obstruction, and/or bronchoconstriction and/or lung
 inflammation, allergies and/or surfactant hypoproduction are associated
 with a disease or condition such as pulmonary vasoconstriction,
 inflammation, allergies, asthma, impeded respiration, respiratory
 distress syndrome, pain, cystic fibrosis, allergic rhinitis, pulmonary
 hypertension, emphysema, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, pulmonary
 transplantation rejection, pulmonary infections, bronchitis or cancer.
 The reduced adenosine content of the anti-sense oligos corresponding to
 thymidines present in the target RNA serves to prevent the breakdown of
 the oligonucleotides into products that free adenosine into the system
 e.g., lung, brain, heart, kidney, etc, tissue environment and thereby, to
 prevent any unwanted effects due to it

analgesic; hypotensive; immunosuppressive; cytostatic; cystic fibrosis;
 beta-adrenergic agonist; respiratory disease; pulmonary vasoconstriction;
 respiratory distress syndrome; allergic rhinitis; pulmonary hypertension;
 emphysema; chronic obstructive pulmonary disease; cancer; bronchitis;
 pulmonary transplantation rejection; ss; primer.
 Homo sapiens.
 WO200295309-A2.
 31-OCT-2002.
 23-APR-2002; 2002W0-US013143.
 24-APR-2001; 2001US-0286036P.
 (EPIC-) EPIGENESIS PHARM INC.
 Nyce JW, Li Y, Sandrasagra A, Katz E, Pabalan J, Aguilar D;
 Miller S, Tang L, Shahabuddin S;
 WPI; 2003-093058/08.
 Pharmaceutical composition for treating asthma, has antisense
 oligonucleotide containing less percentage of adenosine, targeted to
 nucleic acids associated with lung airway or lung dysfunction, and
 bronchodilating agent.
 Claim 15; SEQ ID NO 14628; 763bp; English.
 This invention describes a novel composition (a) a first active agent,
 comprising oligonucleotides, effective for alleviating
 bronchoconstriction, respiratory tract inflammation, allergies and
 reducing adenosine sensitivity, levels of adenosine (A) or (A) receptors,
 surfactant depletion or hyposecretion, when administered to a mammal. The
 oligonucleotides are derived from a gene encoding or regulating
 expression of a target polypeptide associated with lung airway or lung
 dysfunction or cancer and can be anti-sense to the corresponding mRNA.
 The invention also describes a kit, that comprises: (a) a delivery
 device, in separate containers, (b) the oligonucleotides, (c)
 instructions for adding a carrier and for use of the kit. The composition
 of the invention has antiallergic, antiinflammatory, antiasthmatic,
 analgesic, hypotensive, immunosuppressive and cytostatic activity, is a
 beta-adrenergic agonist. The composition is useful for preventing or
 treating a respiratory, lung or malignant disease. The administered
 composition comprises oligo and is administered to reduce the production
 or availability, or to increase the degradation of the target mRNA or to
 reduce the amount of target polypeptide present in the lungs. The
 pulmonary obstruction, and/or bronchoconstriction and/or lung
 inflammation, allergies and/or surfactant hypoproduction are associated
 with a disease or condition such as pulmonary vasoconstriction,
 inflammation, allergies, asthma, impeded respiration, respiratory
 distress syndrome, pain, cystic fibrosis, allergic rhinitis, pulmonary
 hypertension, emphysema, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, pulmonary
 transplantation rejection, pulmonary infections, bronchitis or cancer.
 The reduced adenosine content of the anti-sense oligos corresponding to
 thymidines present in the target RNA serves to prevent the breakdown of
 the oligonucleotides into products that free adenosine into the system
 e.g., lung, brain, heart, kidney, etc, tissue environment and thereby, to
 prevent any unwanted effects due to it

RESULT 104
 ABD32417/c
 ID ABD32417 standard; DNA: 20 BP.
 XX
 AC ABD32417;
 XX
 XX 29-JUL-2004 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Human PDE4C-derived oligonucleotide SEQ ID 14628.
 XX
 XX Human; antisense; bronchoconstriction; allergy; hyposecretion; pain;
 KW respiratory tract inflammation; adenosine sensitivity; lung; cancer;
 KW surfactant depletion; antiallergic; antiinflammatory; antiasthmatic;
 KW

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 2.1e+02;
 Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 385 CCCTGGACAGAGCAAC 401
 DB 2 CCTTGGACAGAGCAAC 18
 314 AGCCTGGAGGTGGCGA 330
 DB 18 AACCTGGAGGTGGCGA 2
 RESULT 105

ADJ61271/c
ID ADJ61271 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
XX
AC ADJ61271;
XX
DT 06-MAY-2004 (first entry)
XX
DE Oligonucleotide associated to PDE4C #337.
XX
KW interleukin, IL-4 receptor; IL-5 receptor; lung disease;
KW airway inflammation; allergy; asthma; impeded respiration;
KW cystic fibrosis; acute respiratory distress syndrome;
KW pulmonary hypertension; lung inflammation; bronchitis; oligonucleotide;
KW ss.
XX
OS Homo sapiens.
XX
PN MO2004011613-A2.
XX
PD 05-FEB-2004.
XX
PF 25-JUL-2003; 2003WO-US023509.
XX
PR 29-JUL-2002; 2002US-0399076P.
XX
PA (EPIC-) EPIGENESIS PHARM INC.
XX
PI Nyce JW, Tang L, Sandrasagra A, Aguilar D, Miller S;
PI Shahabuddin S, Lu H, Cong H;
XX
DR WPI; 2004-203534/19.
XX
PT Novel single or multiple target oligonucleotide anti-sense to e.g.
PT initiation codons and introns of respiratory disease-relevant genes e.g.,
PT CCR1, RANTES, MCP4, useful for prophylaxis or treating respiratory
XX
XX disease e.g., asthma.
XX
PS Claim 2; SEQ ID NO 2127; 85bp; English.
XX
CC The present invention relates to an oligonucleotide anti-sense to e.g.,
CC initiation codon, coding region with 2-10 nucleotides of 5'-end and 3'-
CC end of nucleic acid target comprising gene(s) chosen from e.g.
CC interleukin (IL)-4 receptor, IL-5 receptor or salts of the
CC oligonucleotide and optionally surfactant operatively linked to the
CC oligonucleotide. The method is useful for preventing or treating a
CC respiratory or lung disease, which involves administering to the airways
CC of a subject an effective amount of an inhibitor. The oligonucleotide is
CC useful for production of a medicament for the prevention and/or treatment
CC of a respiratory or lung disease. The respiratory or lung disease is
CC chosen from airway inflammation, allergy(ies), asthma, impeded
CC respiration, cystic fibrosis (CF), chronic obstructive pulmonary diseases
CC (COPD), allergic rhinitis (AR), acute respiratory distress syndrome
CC (ARDS), pulmonary hypertension, lung inflammation, bronchitis, airway
CC obstruction. The present sequence represents an oligonucleotide of the
XX
XX invention.
SQ Sequence 20 BP; 2 A; 9 C; 4 G; 5 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 2.1e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 314 AGCTGCGGGTGGCGCA 330
DB 18 AACCTGGGGTGGCGCA 2
RESULT 106
ADO46661/c
ID ADO46661 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
XX
XX ADO46661;
XX

DT 15-JUL-2004 (first entry)
XX
DE Human oligonucleotide #2027.
XX
KW Human; ss; interleukin-4 receptor; IL-4; interleukin-5 receptor; IL-5;
KW CCR1; CCR3; Eotaxin-1; RANTES; MCP4; CD23; ICAM; VCAM; tryptase a;
KW tryptase b; PDE4 A; PDE4 B; PDE4 C; PDE4 D; respiratory disease;
KW lung disease; hyper-responsiveness; adenosis; adenosis A receptor;
KW asthma; lung allergy; inflammation; inflammatory disease;
KW airway inflammation; allergy; impeded respiration; cystic fibrosis; CF;
KW chronic obstructive pulmonary disease; COPD; allergic rhinitis;
KW acute respiratory distress syndrome; pulmonary hypertension;
KW lung inflammation; bronchitis; airway obstruction; bronchoconstriction.
XX
XX
OS Homo sapiens.
XX
XX
PN US2004049022-A1.
XX
PD 11-MAR-2004.
XX
PF 25-JUL-2003; 2003US-00627930.
XX
PR 23-APR-2002; 2002WO-US013135.
XX
PR 23-APR-2002; 2002WO-US013143.
XX
PA (NYCE/) NYCE J W.
PA (SAND/) SANDRASAGRA A.
PA (TANG/) TANG L.
PA (AGUI/) AGUILAR D.
PA (MILL/) MILLER S.
PA (SHAH/) SHAHABUDDIN S.
PA (LUDH/) LU H.
PA (CONG/) CONG H.
XX
PI Nyce JW, Sandrasagra A, Tang L, Aguilar D, Miller S;
PI Shahabuddin S, Lu H, Cong H;
XX
XX
DR WPI; 2004-293804/27.
XX
XX
PT Novel single or multiple target oligonucleotide anti-sense to e.g.
PT initiation codon, intron of respiratory disease-relevant gene e.g. CCR1,
PT RANTES, MCP4, useful for prophylaxis or treating respiratory disease e.g.
XX
XX asthma.
XX
PS Claim 2; SEQ ID NO 2127; 174bp; English.
XX
CC The invention relates to oligonucleotides anti-sense to an initiation
CC codon, coding region, 5' or 3' intron-exon junction, intron or region
CC with 2-10 nucleotides of the 5'-end or 3'-end of a nucleic acid target
CC chosen from a gene encoding interleukin (IL)-4 receptor, interleukin (IL)-
CC 5 receptor, CCR1, CCR3, Eotaxin-1, RANTES, MCP4, CD23, ICAM, VCAM,
CC tryptase a, tryptase b, PDE4 A, PDE4 B, PDE4 C or PDE4 D. The invention
CC also relates to a method of screening a candidate compound that binds to
CC one or more nucleic acid target(s) or expressed product(s), for the
CC prevention and/or treatment of a respiratory or lung disease. The
CC oligonucleotides are useful for reducing or inhibiting expression of a
CC gene or mRNA encoding interleukin-4 receptor, interleukin-5 receptor,
CC CCR1, CCR3, Eotaxin-1, RANTES, MCP4, CD23, ICAM, VCAM, tryptase a,
CC tryptase b, PDE4 A, PDE4 B, PDE4 C, or PDE4 D. The oligonucleotides are
CC useful for preventing or treating a respiratory or lung disease. The
CC respiratory or lung disease is associated with hyper-responsiveness to
CC and/or increased levels of, adenosis and/or levels of adenosis A
CC receptor(s), and/or asthma and/or lung allergies associated with
CC inflammation or an inflammatory disease. The respiratory or lung disease
CC is chosen from airway inflammation, allergy, asthma, impeded respiration,
CC cystic fibrosis (CF), chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD),
CC allergic rhinitis, acute respiratory distress syndrome, pulmonary
CC hypertension, lung inflammation, bronchitis, airway obstruction or
CC bronchoconstriction. This sequence represents an oligonucleotide of the
XX
XX invention.
SQ Sequence 20 BP; 2 A; 9 C; 4 G; 5 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 2.1e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

314 AGCTGGGGGTGGCGA 330
18 AACCTGGGGGTGGCGA 2

RESULT 107
ADP11812/c
ID ADP11812 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
XX
XX ADP11812;
AC
XX 12-AUG-2004 (first entry)
XX
XX Set 2 Left PCR primer for marker probe #164.
DE
XX transplant rejection; immune system; rheumatoid arthritis; lupus;
XX inflammatory bowel disease; multiple sclerosis; HIV; AIDS; ss; primer.
KW
XX Homo sapiens.
OS
XX MO2004042346-A2.
XX
XX 21-MAY-2004.
PD
XX 24-APR-2003; 2003WO-US012946.
PF
XX 24-APR-2002; 2002US-00131831.
PR 20-DEC-2002; 2002US-00325899.
XX
XX (EXPR-) EXPRESSION DIAGNOSTICS INC.
XX
XX Wohlgemuth J, Fry K, Woodward R, Ly N, Prentice J, Morris M;
PI Rosenberg S;
PI
XX WPI; 2004-400724/37.
DR
XX
XX diagnosing or monitoring transplant rejection, e.g. heart, kidney, liver,
PT pancreas, pancreatic islet, lung, bone marrow or stem cell transplant
PT rejection, in an individual, comprises detecting the expression level of
PT the genes.
PT
XX
XX Claim 58; SEQ ID NO 1821; 1762bp; English.
PS
XX
XX The present invention relates to diagnosing or monitoring transplant
CC rejection, e.g. cardiac or kidney transplant rejection, in an individual
CC comprising detecting the expression level of one or more genes. The
CC methods, system and kits are useful in diagnosing or monitoring
CC transplant rejection, e.g. heart, kidney, liver, pancreas, pancreatic
CC islet, lung, bone marrow or stem cell transplant rejection.
CC xenotransplant rejection or mechanical organ replacement rejection, in an
CC individual. The method is also useful in assessing the immune status of
CC an individual. The methods are also useful in diagnosing and monitoring
CC diseases that involve the immune system, e.g. rheumatoid arthritis,
CC lupus, inflammatory bowel diseases, multiple sclerosis, HIV/AIDS or
CC viral, bacterial or fungal infection. The present sequence represents a
CC primer for a 50 mer oligonucleotide marker for diagnosis and monitoring
CC of allograft rejection and other disorders.
CC
XX
XX Sequence 20 BP; 3 A; 7 C; 4 G; 6 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 2.1e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

486 GAACACTGTGTGCCAA 502
17 GAACACTGTGTGCCAA 1

RESULT 108
AD050692
ID AD050692 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
XX
XX AD050692;
AC
XX
XX 12-AUG-2004 (first entry)
DT
XX
XX Human STAT2 antisense target region #13.
DE
XX
XX Human; ds; antisense; STAT2;
KW signal transducer and activator of transcription-2;
KW inflammatory response; viral infection; viral hepatitis;
KW autoimmune disease; autoimmune encephalitis; cancer.
XX
XX Homo sapiens.
OS
XX US2004101853-A1.
XX
XX 27-MAY-2004.
XX
XX 23-NOV-2002; 2002US-00304103.
XX
XX 23-NOV-2002; 2002US-00304103.
XX
XX (ISIS-) ISIS PHARM INC.
XX
XX Bennett CF, Dobie KW;
XX
XX WPI; 2004-399681/37.
XX
XX
XX New antisense oligonucleotides for modulating STAT2 expression, useful
PT for diagnosing, preventing or treating diseases or conditions resulting
PT in activation of an inflammatory response.
PT
XX
XX Example 15; SEQ ID NO 57; 45bp; English.
PS
XX
XX The invention relates to a compound 8-80 nucleobases in length targeted
CC to the human signal transducer and activator of transcription-2, STAT2,
CC gene. The compound (an antisense oligonucleotide) specifically hybridizes
CC with the nucleic acid molecule encoding STAT2 (appearing as AD050639) and
CC inhibits the expression of STAT2. Also included are a method of
CC inhibiting the expression of STAT2 in cells or tissues (comprising
CC contacting the cells or tissues with the new compound so that the
CC expression of STAT2 is inhibited), a method of screening for a modulator
CC of STAT2 (comprising contacting a preferred target segment of the nucleic
CC acid encoding STAT2 with one or more candidate modulators of STAT2, and
CC identifying one or more modulators that modulate the expression of
CC STAT2), a diagnostic method for identifying a disease state (comprising
CC identifying the presence of STAT2 in a sample using at least one of the
CC primers appearing as AD050640 or AD050641, or the probe appearing as
CC AD050642), a kit or assay device comprising the above compound and a
CC method of treating an animal having a disease or condition associated
CC with STAT2 (comprising administering to the animal a therapeutic or
CC prophylactic amount of the compound so that expression of STAT2 is
CC inhibited). The antisense oligonucleotide is useful for inhibiting the
CC expression of STAT2 in cells or tissues to prevent or treat diseases
CC associated with their expression, such as diseases or conditions
CC resulting in activation of an inflammatory response e.g. viral infection,
CC viral hepatitis, autoimmune disease (e.g. autoimmune encephalitis) and
CC cancer. In addition, the compound is used for diagnostics, prophylaxis,
CC or as research reagents or kits. The present sequence is a target region
CC for the antisense oligonucleotides from the human STAT2 gene.
CC
XX
XX Sequence 20 BP; 3 A; 6 C; 6 G; 5 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 2.1e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

502 ACCTGATGACGCTGCTG 518
4 ACCTGAGGAGCTGCTG 20

RESULT 109
AD050659/c
AD050659 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
AC
XX
AD050659;
XX
12-AUG-2004 (first entry)
XX
Human STAT2 antisense oligonucleotide ISIS182971.
DE
XX
Human; ss; antisense; STAT2;
KW signal transducer and activator of transcription-2;
KW inflammatory response; viral infection; viral hepatitis;
KW autoimmune disease; autoimmune encephalitis; cancer.
XX
XX
Homo sapiens.
OS
XX
Key Location/Qualifiers
FH modified_base 1..20
FT /tag= b
FT /mod_base= OTHER
FT /note= "Phosphorothioate backbone and all cyridines are 5
modified_base 1..5
FT /tag= a
FT /mod_base= OTHER
FT /note= "2'-methoxyethyl residue"
FT /tag= c
FT /mod_base= OTHER
FT /note= "2'-methoxyethyl residue"
XX
XX
US2004101853-A1.
XX
27-MAY-2004.
XX
23-NOV-2002; 2002US-00304103.
XX
23-NOV-2002; 2002US-00304103.
XX
PA (ISIS-) ISIS PHARM INC.
XX
PI Bennett CF, Dobie KW;
XX
WPI; 2004-399681/37.
XX
New antisense oligonucleotides for modulating STAT2 expression, useful
PT for diagnosing, preventing or treating diseases or conditions resulting
PT in activation of an inflammatory response.
XX
Example 15; SEQ ID NO 24; 45bp; English.
XX
The invention relates to a compound 8-80 nucleobases in length targeted
CC to the human signal transducer and activator of transcription-2, STAT2,
CC gene. The compound (an antisense oligonucleotide) specifically hybridizes
CC with the nucleic acid molecule encoding STAT2 (appearing as AD050639) and
CC inhibits the expression of STAT2. Also included are a method of
CC inhibiting the expression of STAT2 in cells or tissues (comprising
CC contacting the cells or tissues with the new compound so that the
CC expression of STAT2 is inhibited), a method of screening for a modulator
CC of STAT2 (comprising contacting a preferred target segment of the nucleic
CC acid encoding STAT2 with one or more candidate modulators of STAT2, and
CC identifying one or more modulators that modulate the expression of
CC STAT2), a diagnostic method for identifying a disease state (comprising
CC identifying the presence of STAT2 in a sample using at least one of the
CC primers appearing as AD050640 or AD050641, or the probe appearing as
CC AD050642), a kit or assay device comprising the above compound and a
CC method of treating an animal having a disease or condition associated
CC with STAT2 (comprising administering to the animal a therapeutic or
CC prophylactic amount of the compound so that expression of STAT2 is
CC inhibited). The antisense oligonucleotide is useful for inhibiting the

CC expression of STAT2 in cells or tissues to prevent or treat diseases
CC associated with their expression, such as diseases or conditions
CC resulting in activation of an inflammatory response e.g. viral infection,
CC viral hepatitis, autoimmune disease (e.g. autoimmune encephalitis) and
CC cancer. In addition, the compound is used for diagnostics, prophylaxis,
CC or as research reagents or kits. The present sequence is an antisense
CC oligonucleotide targeting STAT2.
XX
SQ Sequence 20 BP; 5 A; 6 C; 6 G; 3 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
XX
Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 2.1e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
XX
QY 502 ACCGTGATGAGCTGCTG 518
Db 17 ACCGTGAGCGAGCTGCTG 1
XX
RESULT 110
AA084260
ID AA084260 standard; DNA; 25 BP.
XX
AC AA084260;
XX
08-SEP-1999 (first entry)
XX
DE PCR primer for human Nck associated protein 1 coding sequence.
XX
KW Nck associated protein 1; Nap1; human; apoptosis; Alzheimer's disease;
KW therapy; PCR primer; ss.
XX
XX
OS Synthetic.
OS Homo sapiens.
XX
XX W09931239-A1.
XX
24-JUN-1999.
XX
14-DEC-1998; 98WO-JP005646.
XX
15-DEC-1997; 97JP-00363183.
XX
RR (KYOW) KYOWA HAKKO KOGYO KK.
XX
PA (SAKA/) SAKAKI Y.
XX
XX
PI Sakaki Y;
XX
WPI; 1999-395181/33.
XX
Protein inhibiting apoptosis, useful in the diagnosis and treatment of
PT Alzheimer's disease.
XX
PT Alzheimer's disease.
XX
PS Disclosure; Page 77; 90pp; Japanese.
XX
XX This sequence represents a PCR primer used to isolate DNA encoding the
CC human Nck associated protein 1 (Nap1) of the invention. Nap1 inhibits
CC apoptosis. The protein can be used in the investigation, diagnosis and
CC treatment (e.g. by gene therapy) of Alzheimer's disease
XX
SQ Sequence 25 BP; 0 A; 1 C; 0 G; 24 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
XX
Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 25;
Best Local Similarity 76.0%; Pred. No. 2.1e+02;
Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 6; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
XX
QY 1386 TTGTTGTTTGGATCTGTTTTC 1410
Db 1 TTTTGTGTTTGTGTTTGTGTTTTC 25
XX
RESULT 111
AA173048

```

ID  AA173048 standard; DNA; 26 BP.
XX
XX  AA173048;
AC
XX  24-OCT-2002 (first entry)
DT
XX  Scaffold oligonucleotide.
DE
XX  Molecular scaffold; fluorophore; fluorescence; energy transfer;
XX  emission wavelength; excitation wavelength; multiple; single nucleotide;
XX  polymorphism; ss.
OS  Synthetic.
XX  WO200222883-A1.
XX  21-MAR-2002.
XX
XX  11-SEP-2001; 2001WO-US028967.
XX
XX  11-SEP-2000; 2000US-00658077.
XX  31-JUL-2001; 2001US-0309156P.
XX
XX  (UYCO ) UNIV COLUMBIA NEW YORK.
XX
XX  Ju J, Li Z, Tong A, Russo JJ;
XX  WPI; 2002-575158/61.
XX
XX  Composition of matter useful for multi-component analyses, comprises
XX  multiple fluorophores bound to molecular scaffold at preset positions to
XX  permit fluorescence energy transfer between two fluorophores.
XX
XX  Disclosure; Page 43; 113pp; English.
XX
XX  This sequence represents a molecular scaffold which may be used in a
XX  composition of matter comprising multiple fluorophores. The fluorophores
XX  are bound to the molecular scaffold at separate predetermined positions,
XX  to permit fluorescence energy transfer between two fluorophores. The
XX  fluorophores are characterized by maximum emission wavelength of one
XX  being greater than the minimum excitation wavelength of the other. The
XX  composition is useful for determining whether a preselected nucleotide
XX  residue is present at a predetermined position within a nucleic acid. It
XX  is also useful in multicomponent analysis including multiplex biological
XX  analysis, and identifying multiple single nucleotide polymorphisms. The
XX  presence of a number of given nucleotide residues is determined
XX  simultaneously by the composition of the invention
XX
XX  Sequence 26 BP; 0 A; 1 C; 0 G; 25 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
SQ
Query Match      0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 26;
Best Local Similarity 76.0%; Pred. No. 2.1e+02;
Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 6; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY  1386 TTGTTGGTTTGTACTGTTTTC 1410
    |||||
    2 TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT C 26
Db
RESULT 112
AAS20672
ID  AAS20672 standard; DNA; 26 BP.
XX
XX  AAS20672;
AC
XX  09-APR-2002 (first entry)
DT
XX  Human zalphall ligand sequencing primer ZC7764b.
DE
XX  Cytokine; zalphall ligand; zalphall receptor; NK cell progenitor;
XX  natural killer cell proliferation; T-cell proliferation;
XX  B-cell proliferation; anti-tumour response; immune system;
XX  immunostimulant; cytostatic; human; sequencing primer; ss.
XX

```

```

XX  Homo sapiens.
OS
XX  US6307024-B1.
XX
XX  23-OCT-2001.
XX
XX  09-MAR-2000; 2000US-00522217.
XX
XX  09-MAR-1999; 99US-0123547P.
XX  11-MAR-1999; 99US-0123904P.
XX  01-JUL-1999; 99US-0142013P.
XX
XX  (ZYMO ) ZYMOGENETICS INC.
XX
XX  Novak JE, Presnell SR, Sprecher CA, Foster DC, Holly RD;
XX  Gross JA, Johnston JV, Nelson AJ, Dillon SR, Hammond AK;
XX  WPI; 2002-040208/05.
XX
XX  New zalphall ligand polypeptides and polynucleotides, useful for
XX  stimulating proliferation, activation, differentiation and/or induction
XX  of inhibition of specialized cell function, or for stimulating an
XX  antigenic response.
XX
XX  Example 7; Col 139; 105pp; English.
XX
XX  The present invention relates to the isolation of a novel cytokine,
XX  zalphall ligand and the polynucleotide encoding it. The invention also
XX  gives the sequence for the zalphall receptor and the polynucleotide
XX  encoding it. The zalphall ligand polypeptide stimulates proliferation of
XX  natural killer (NK) cells or NK cell progenitors, the activation of NK
XX  cells, proliferation of T-cells, proliferation of B-cells stimulated with
XX  anti-CD40 antibodies, stimulates an antigenic response in a mammal, and
XX  reduces proliferation of B-cells stimulated with anti-IGM antibodies. The
XX  zalphall ligand polypeptide is also useful in preparing antibodies that
XX  bind to zalphall ligand epitopes. The zalphall ligand polynucleotides can
XX  be used as probes or primers to clone regions of a zalphall ligand gene,
XX  and in gene therapy. Zalphall ligand may also be used to identify
XX  inhibitors of its activity, to enhance the generation of anti-tumour
XX  responses with or without the infusion of donor lymphocytes, and to
XX  activate or stimulate the immune system. The present sequence represents
XX  a sequencing primer used to sequence cDNA clones in the isolation of
XX  human zalphall ligand
XX
XX  Sequence 26 BP; 0 A; 1 C; 0 G; 25 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
SQ
Query Match      0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 26;
Best Local Similarity 76.0%; Pred. No. 2.1e+02;
Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 6; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY  1386 TTGTTGGTTTGTACTGTTTTC 1410
    |||||
    2 TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT C 26
Db
RESULT 113
ABX93461
ID  ABX93461 standard; DNA; 26 BP.
XX
XX  ABX93461;
AC
XX  27-MAY-2003 (first entry)
DT
XX  L5147-specific polynucleotide sequencing related universal primer #1.
DE
XX  L5147; cancer; lung cancer; gene therapy; cytostatic; ss; sequencing;
XX  primer; EST clone; expressed sequence tag clone.
XX
XX  Synthetic.
XX
XX  US2002188114-A1.
XX

```


XX	15-NOV-2002; 2002US-00295723.
XX	
XX	09-MAR-2000; 2000US-00522217.
XX	
XX	(ZYMO) ZYMOGENETICS INC.
XX	
PI	Novak JE, Presnell SR, Sprecher CA, Foster DC, Holly RD,
PI	Gross JA, Johnston JV, Nelson AJ, Dillon SR, Hammond AK;
XX	
DR	WFI; 2003-811003/76.
XX	
PT	New zalphall ligand polypeptides, useful for boosting immunity to
PT	infectious diseases, and treating immunocompromised patients, such as
PT	human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) patients, or in improving vaccines.
PS	Example 7; SEQ ID NO 39; 113pp; English.
XX	
XX	The invention relates to a novel isolated zalphall ligand polypeptide.
CC	CC The polypeptide of the invention may be useful for boosting immunity to
CC	infectious diseases and treating immunocompromised patients, such as HIV
CC	patients, as well as in improving vaccines. The current sequence is that
CC	of the PCR primer which was used in the exemplification of the invention.
SO	
SO	Sequence 26 BP; 0 A; 1 C; 0 G; 25 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
Query Match	0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 26;
Best Local Similarity	76.0%; Pred. No. 2.1e+02;
Matches 19; Conservative	0; Mismatches 6; Indels 0; Gaps 0
Cy	1386 TTGTTGGTTTGTATCTGTTTTTC 1410 2 TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TC 26
Db	
RESULT 116	
ADP19768	
ID ADP19768 standard; DNA; 26 BP.	
XX	
AC ADP19768;	
XX	
DT 26-AUG-2004 (first entry)	
XX	
DE Human zalphall ligand PCR primer seqid 39.	
XX	
KM cytostatic; zalphall ligand; pharmaceutical; cancer; immune response;	
KM melanoma; tumour; solid tumour; haematopoietic tumour; lymphoma; human;	
KW PCR; primer; ss.	
XX	
OS Homo sapiens.	
XX	
PN US2004110932-A1.	
XX	
PD 10-JUN-2004.	
XX	
PFE 10-SEP-2003; 2003US-00659684.	
XX	
PR 09-MAR-1999; 99US-0123547P.	
PR 11-MAR-1999; 99US-0123904P.	
PR 01-OUL-1999; 99US-0142013P.	
PR 09-MAR-2000; 2000US-00522217.	
XX	
PA (ZYMO) ZYMOGENETICS INC.	
XX	
PI Novak JE, Presnell SR, Sprecher CA, Foster DC, Holly RD;	
PI Gross JA, Johnston JV, Nelson AJ, Dillon SR, Hammond AK;	
XX	
DR WFI; 2004-440401/41.	
XX	
PT New zalphall ligand polynucleotide and polypeptide molecules, useful for	
PT treating cancer, e.g. melanoma, solid tumor, hematopoietic tumor, or	
PT lymphoma.	
XX	
XX Example 7; SEQ ID NO 39; 113pp; English.	

CC The invention describes an isolated polypeptide comprising a sequence of
XX amino acid residues that is at least 90 or 95% identical to residues 41
CC (11n) to 148 (11e), or 32 (31n) to 148 (11e) of a sequence of 162 amino
CC acids (Seq ID NO:2, human zalpall ligand), fully defined in the
CC specification. Also described are: a pharmaceutical composition
CC comprising the polypeptide, and a vehicle; a method of treating cancer in
CC a mammal; a method of stimulating an immune response in a mammal with
CC melanoma; a method of stimulating an immune response in a mammal bearing
CC a tumour; an isolated polynucleotide comprising a sequence of nucleotide
CC that encode amino acid residues cited above, where the polynucleotide
CC encodes a polypeptide that binds a receptor comprising 538 amino acids,
CC fully defined in the specification; a pharmaceutically composition
CC comprising the polynucleotide encoding, in a pharmaceutically acceptable
CC vehicle; an expression vector comprising the following operably linked
CC elements: a control element; and a DNA segment comprising the
CC polynucleotide; and an isolated polynucleotide molecule comprising at
CC least 10 nucleotides of the polynucleotide sequence of 642 bp, fully
CC defined in the specification. The molecules, compositions and methods are
CC useful for treating cancer, e.g. melanoma, solid tumour, haematopoietic
CC tumour, or lymphoma. This sequence represents a primer used in the
CC expression cloning of human cytokine zalpall ligand.

CC
XX
SQ Sequence 26 BP; 0 A; 1 C; 0 G; 25 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
XX
Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.4; DB 1; Length 26;
Best Local Similarity 76.0%; Pred. No. 2.1e+02;
Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 6; Indels 0; Gaps
XX
CY 1386 TTGTTGTTTGTGATCTGTGTTTC 1410
XX |||||
DB 2 TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT TTTT C 26

RESULT 117
AAx09677
ID AAx09677 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
XX
AC AAx09677;
XX
DT 24-MAR-1999 (first entry)
XX
DE Human biallelic polymorphic marker upstream primer #557.
XX
KM Polymorphism: biallelic; human; forensic; paternity testing; disease;
XX detection; phenotypic typing; characteristic; infection; hereditary;
XX autoimmune disease; cancer; inflammation; drug; therapy; medicament;
XX treatment; marker; primer; ss.
XX
OS Synthetic.
OS Homo sapiens.
PN WO9820165-A2.
PD 14-MAY-1998.
PE 05-NOV-1997; 97WO-US020313.
PR 06-NOV-1996; 96US-0030455P.
PA (WHED) WHITEHEAD INST BIOMEDICAL RES.
PI Lander ES, Wang D, Hudson T;
DR WPI; 1998-286974/25.
XX
XX New isolated nucleic acid segments from the human genome - used for
PT determining polymorphic forms for use in e.g. forensics, paternity
PT testing or phenotypic typing for disease.
XX
PS Claim 15; Page 219; 310pp; English.
XX
CC AAX09121-X10268 are allele-specific oligonucleotide primers used in the

CC isolation of various biallelic polymorphic markers found in the human
CC genome (represented in AAX10269-X12937). These primers can be used in a
CC method for determining polymorphic forms in an individual for use in e.g.
CC forensics, paternity testing or for phenotypic typing for diseases such
CC as agammaglobulinemia, diabetes insipidus, Lesch-Nyhan syndrome, muscular
CC dystrophy, Wiscott-Aldrich syndrome, Fabry's disease, familial
CC hypercholesterolemia, polycystic kidney disease, hereditary
CC spherocytosis, von Willebrand's disease, tuberous sclerosis, hereditary
CC haemorrhagic telangiectasia, familial colonic polyps, Ehlers-Danlos
CC syndrome, osteogenesis imperfecta, acute intermittent porphyria,
CC autoimmune diseases, inflammation, cancer, diseases of the nervous
CC system, infection by pathogenic microorganisms, and characteristics such
CC as longevity, appearance (e.g. baldness, obesity), strength, speed,
CC endurance, fertility, and susceptibility or receptivity to particular
CC drugs or therapeutic treatments. The isolated polymorphic nucleic acid
CC segments can also be used to produce medicaments for the treatment or
CC prophylaxis of such diseases

SQ Sequence 20 BP; 3 A; 2 C; 9 G; 6 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1163 GCTTCACGCTGAGTGTCT 1182
Db 1 GCTTACGCTGAGTGTCT 20

RESULT 118

AAV49804
ID AAV49804 standard; DNA; 20 BP.

AC AAV49804;

DT 02-NOV-1998 (first entry)

DE Mouse haematopoietic marker PCR primer Gli-1 (3').

XX Mesoderm cell; haematopoiesis; vascular growth; embryo development;

KM treatment; erythroid cell; blood; infection; myocardial ischaemia;

KM hypervascularisation; hedgehog compound; modulator; gene therapy;

XX PCR primer; ss.

OS Synthetic.

OS Mus sp.

PN W09835020-A2.

PD 13-AUG-1998.

PF 10-FEB-1998; 98WO-US002633.

PR 10-FEB-1997; 97US-0037513P.

PR 16-JUN-1997; 97US-0049763P.

XX (HARD) HARVARD COLLEGE.

PA Baron MH, Farrington SM, Belaussoff M;

DR WPI; 1998-447218/38.

XX Stimulating differentiation of mesodermal cells to haematopoietic or

PT vascular cells - by exposure to an equivalent, specifically hedgehog

PT protein, of product of extra-embryonic tissue, for treating developmental

PT abnormalities in utero, e.g. ischaemia, excessive vascular growth.

XX Example 5; Page 48; 76pp; English.

CC AAV49781-V49806 are PCR primers used in a method of stimulating a

CC population of undifferentiated mesodermally derived cells to undergo

CC hematopoiesis and/or vascular growth by providing them with a compound

CC that is functionally equivalent to a gene product expressed in extra-

CC embryonic tissue. This method has applications in the treatment of
CC developmental errors (in vascular growth or haematopoiesis), in an embryo
CC in utero. The method can also be used in the treatment of conditions
CC involving an abnormal number of erythroid cells e.g. anaemia,
CC inflammation, cancer, organ failure, thrombocytopaenia, polycythaemia
CC vera, erythroleukemia and also other blood abnormalities such as the
CC effects of radiation treatment, infection with human immune deficiency
CC virus. This compound can also be used in the treatment of myocardial
CC ischaemia, and hypervascularisation of genetic or degenerative origin
CC (e.g. ocular neovascularisation of diabetes, breast cancer etc.), to
CC promote revascularisation for healing wounds such as duodenal ulcers, in
CC the treatment of excessive vascular growth by treating with a hedgehog
CC compound that inhibits activity of the compound and in vitro or in vivo
CC assays for determining activity of compounds that modulate hematopoiesis
CC and vascular growth e.g. for screening libraries, to test growth factors,
CC cytokines etc., to examine haematopoietic potential of other embryonic
CC tissues, to monitor development of primary embryonic cells and vascular
CC structures, to determine effects of targeted mutations and to study
CC effects of gene therapy

SQ Sequence 20 BP; 5 A; 5 C; 6 G; 4 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 502 ACCGTGATGAGCTGCTGAG 521
Db 1 AGCTGATGAGCTGATTCAG 20

RESULT 119

AAX55902/C
ID AAX55902 standard; DNA; 20 BP.

AC AAX55902;

DT 08-JUL-1999 (first entry)

DE Hepatitis B virus classification probe SEQ ID NO:22.

XX Hepatitis B virus; HBV; classification; probe; S gene; infection;

KM genotyping; gdw1; gdw2; ss.

XX Synthetic.

OS Hepatitis B virus.

OS JPI1103898-A.

PD 20-APR-1999.

PF 30-SEP-1997; 97JP-00282784.

PR 30-SEP-1997; 97JP-00282784.

XX (SRLS-) SRL KK.

PA WPI; 1999-305861/26.

DR New primer and probes - useful for classification of the type of

PT hepatitis B virus.

XX Claim 29; Page 13; 17pp; Japanese.

XX The present invention describes classification of the type of hepatitis B

CC virus (HBV) involving checking if the 22nd nucleotide (22nt) in the S

CC gene is cytosine, to distinguish the gdw2 type of HBV from other types.

CC Also described are: (1) a method as above for distinguishing the gdw2

CC type gene, involving checking if the 16nt, 16nt, 16nt and 39nt are

CC adenine, thymine, guanine or cytosine respectively; (2) a method as above

CC for distinguishing the gdw1 type gene, involving checking if the 39nt is

CC adenine; (3) a method as above for distinguishing the gdw type gene

CC involving checking if the 40nt is adenine; and (4) a method as above for

CC distinguishing the gdr type gene involving checking if the 328nt is
 CC cytosine and if the 337nt is adenine. The method can classify HBV easily
 CC to match with clinical symptoms. The present sequence represents a probe
 CC for use in the method of the invention

XX Sequence 20 BP; 5 A; 8 C; 3 G; 4 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

QY Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;

Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

DB Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

363 CTGAGAGCTCGACTGCGA 382
 20 CTGAGAGCTCGACTGCGA 1

RESULT 120
 AAZ40560/C

ID AAZ40560 standard; DNA; 20 BP.

AAZ40560;

18-FEB-2000 (first entry)

Human PAK5 primer #2.

XX Antirheumatic; antiarthritic; antiinflammatory; antiallergic; osteopathic;
 XX antipsoriatic; antiarteriosclerotic; antiasthmatic; immunosuppressive;
 XX neuroprotective; cardiact; cerebroprotective; cytoslatic; antidiabetic;
 XX vulnery; STE20; protein kinase; STUK2; STUK3; STUK4; STUK5; STUK6; STUK7;
 XX ZC1; ZC2; ZC3; ZC4; KHS2; SUU1; SUU3; GEK2; PAK4; PAK5; antagonist;
 XX antibody; gene therapy; rheumatoid arthritis; atherosclerosis; asthma;
 XX inflammatory bowel disease; Crohn's disease; osteoarthritis; psoriasis;
 XX rhinitis; autoimmunity; organ transplantation; multiple sclerosis;
 XX myocardial infarction; cardiovascular disease; stroke; renal failure;
 XX oxidative stress-related neurodegenerative disorder; Parkinson's disease;
 XX amyotrophic lateral sclerosis; Leigh syndrome; cancer; cardiomyopathy;
 XX ischemic disorder; inflammation; diabetes mellitus; fibrosis; mitosis;
 XX mesangial disorder; growth regulation; wound healing; T cell activation;
 XX immunosuppressant; primer; PCR; amplification; ss.

XX Synthetic.

OS Homo sapiens.

PN WO953036-A2.

21-OCT-1999.

13-APR-1999; 99WO-US008150.

14-APR-1998; 98US-0081784P.

(SUGEN-) SUGEN INC.

PI Piowman G, Martinez R, Whyte D;

WPI; 1999-611301/52.

XX Novel kinase-related polypeptides used for the diagnosis and treatment of
 PT kinase-related diseases and disorders.

PS Disclosure; Page 386; 387pp; English.

XX This sequence represents a PCR primer used to amplify the coding sequence
 CC for a novel STE20-related protein kinase. The invention relates to
 CC nucleic acid molecule encoding a kinase polypeptide selected from STUK2,
 CC STUK3, STUK4, STUK5, STUK6, STUK7, ZC1, ZC2, ZC3, ZC4, KHS2, SUU1,
 CC SUU3, GEK2, PAK4 and PAK5. The proteins are used to identify agonists
 CC and antagonists, and to raise antibodies. The polynucleotides are useful
 CC in gene therapy protocols. The polynucleotides, polypeptides, antibodies,
 CC antagonists and agonists may be used to treat diseases such as immune-
 CC related disorders and diseases (e.g. rheumatoid arthritis,
 CC artherosclerosis, chronic inflammatory bowel disease (e.g. Crohn's

CC disease), asthma, osteoarthritis, psoriasis, atherosclerosis, rhinitis,
 CC autoimmunity, and organ transplantation, chronic inflammatory pelvic
 CC disease, multiple sclerosis, organ transplantation, myocardial
 CC infarction, cardiovascular disease, stroke, renal failure, oxidative
 CC stress-related neurodegenerative disorders (e.g. amyotrophic lateral
 CC sclerosis, Parkinson's disease and Leigh syndrome), cancer,
 CC cardiomyopathies, ischemic disorders, inflammatory disorders, diabetes
 CC mellitus, fibrotic and mesangial disorders. The proteins may also be
 CC useful for cell growth regulation (e.g. in wound healing), T cell
 CC activation, mitosis control, and as immunosuppressants

XX Sequence 20 BP; 4 A; 4 C; 6 G; 6 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

QY Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;

Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

DB Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

601 GCAGAGACTCTGGCCTG 620
 20 GCAGAGACTCTGGCCTG 1

RESULT 121

AAV69725/C

AAV69725;

01-MAR-1999 (first entry)

MAGE-C2 specific PCR primer SL118.

XX MAGE-C2; human; tumour rejection antigen precursor; TRAP; therapy;
 XX diagnosis; PCR; primer; ss.

OS Homo sapiens.

PN WO9849184-A1.

05-NOV-1998.

24-APR-1998; 98WO-US008493.

25-APR-1997; 97US-00845528.

(LUDWIG-) LUDWIG INST CANCER RES.

PI Lucas S, De Smet C, Boon-Falleur T;

WPI; 1999-024041/02.

XX Tumour rejection antigen precursors - used for determining presence of
 PT cytolytic T cells specific for complexes of a human leukocyte antigen.

PS Example 11; Page 29; 84pp; English.

XX This is the nucleotide sequence of primer SL118, which is complementary
 CC to a sequence of the first intron of the human MAGE-C2 gene (see
 CC AAV69727). It was used in experiments to determine the chromosomal
 CC location (Xq26-Xq27) of the MAGE-C2 gene. MAGE-C2 (see AAV61547) is a
 CC novel tumour rejection antigen precursor (TRAP) that is expressed in a
 CC variety of tumours and in normal testis cells, but not by other normal
 CC cells. The invention provides MAGE-C1 and MAGE-C2 nucleic acids and
 CC polypeptides useful e.g. for determining the presence of cytotoxic T
 CC cells specific for complexes of a human leukocyte antigen

XX Sequence 20 BP; 3 A; 5 C; 7 G; 5 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

QY Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;

Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;


```

QY      495 TGTGCCACCTGATGCAGCT 514
      |||||
      20 TGTGCCACCAAGAGGCAAGCT 1

Db
RESULT 122
AA96441/c
ID AAX96441 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
XX
AC AAX96441;
XX
DT 13-SEP-1999 (first entry)
XX
DE PCR primer used to amplify an ORF of Chlamydia pneumoniae.
XX
KW Respiratory disease; pneumonia; bronchitis; heart disease; sarcoidosis;
KW sinusitis; purulent otitis media; erythema nodosum; pharyngitis; vaccine;
KW neutralising epitope; PCR primer; ss.
XX
OS Synthetic.
OS Chlamydia pneumoniae.
XX
FN WO9927105-A2.
XX
PD 03-JUN-1999.
XX
PF 20-NOV-1998; 98WO-IB001890.
XX
PR 21-NOV-1997; 97FR-00014673.
PR 04-NOV-1998; 98US-0107078P.
XX
PA (GEST ) GENSET.
XX
PI Griffiths R;
XX
DR WPI; 1999-357842/30.
XX
XX Genome sequence of Chlamydia pneumoniae.
XX
PS Page 1826; Disclosure; 1912pp; English.
XX
CC AAX91991-X97517 represent PCR primers used to amplify open reading frames
CC and other nucleic acid sequences from the genome of Chlamydia pneumoniae
CC (see AAX91990). C. pneumoniae causes respiratory disease such as
CC pneumonia and bronchitis and is thought to be a contributing factor in
CC heart disease, sarcoidosis, sinusitis, purulent otitis media, erythema
CC nodosum or pharyngitis. The polypeptides encoded by the open reading
CC frames of the C. pneumoniae genome (see AAY34584- AAY35879) can be used
CC in immunogenic compositions as vaccines. Vectors containing C. pneumoniae
CC nucleotide sequences can also be used as immunogenic compositions,
CC especially where the vector directs the expression of a neutralising
CC epitope of C. pneumoniae
XX
SQ Sequence 20 BP; 4 A; 7 C; 6 G; 3 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
XX
Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY      1617 CCTCCCCGAGAGAGTGCCA 1636
      |||||
      20 CTTCCTCCAGAGAGTGSCA 1

Db
RESULT 123
AAX93270/c
ID AAX93270 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
XX
AC AAX93270;
XX
DT 13-SEP-1999 (first entry)
XX
DE PCR primer used to amplify an ORF of Chlamydia pneumoniae.

```

```

XX
KW Respiratory disease; pneumonia; bronchitis; heart disease; sarcoidosis;
KW sinusitis; purulent otitis media; erythema nodosum; pharyngitis; vaccine;
KW neutralising epitope; PCR primer; ss.
XX
OS Synthetic.
OS Chlamydia pneumoniae.
XX
FN WO9927105-A2.
XX
PD 03-JUN-1999.
XX
PF 20-NOV-1998; 98WO-IB001890.
XX
PR 21-NOV-1997; 97FR-00014673.
PR 04-NOV-1998; 98US-0107078P.
XX
PA (GEST ) GENSET.
XX
PI Griffiths R;
XX
DR WPI; 1999-357842/30.
XX
XX Genome sequence of Chlamydia pneumoniae.
XX
PS Page 1576; Disclosure; 1912pp; English.
XX
CC AAX91991-X97517 represent PCR primers used to amplify open reading frames
CC and other nucleic acid sequences from the genome of Chlamydia pneumoniae
CC (see AAX91990). C. pneumoniae causes respiratory disease such as
CC pneumonia and bronchitis and is thought to be a contributing factor in
CC heart disease, sarcoidosis, sinusitis, purulent otitis media, erythema
CC nodosum or pharyngitis. The polypeptides encoded by the open reading
CC frames of the C. pneumoniae genome (see AAY34584- AAY35879) can be used
CC in immunogenic compositions as vaccines. Vectors containing C. pneumoniae
CC nucleotide sequences can also be used as immunogenic compositions,
CC especially where the vector directs the expression of a neutralising
CC epitope of C. pneumoniae
XX
SQ Sequence 20 BP; 7 A; 7 C; 3 G; 3 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
XX
Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY      996 CTGAGGACATTCCTCTG 1015
      |||||
      20 CTGTGGAGATTGATTCCTGAG 1

Db
RESULT 124
AA250781
ID AA250781 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
XX
AC AA250781;
XX
DT 31-MAY-2000 (first entry)
XX
DE PCR primer HG03.37R to obtain full length HG03 cDNA.
XX
KW HG03; G protein-coupled receptor; GPCR; screen; agonist; antagonist;
KW pharmaceutical; gene therapy; PCR primer; human; ss.
XX
OS Homo sapiens.
XX
FN WO200008133-A1.
XX
PD 17-FEB-2000.
XX
PF 02-AUG-1999; 99WO-US017388.
XX
PR 06-AUG-1998; 98US-0095571P.
XX

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PA (MERI) MERCK & CO INC.
 XX
 PI Liu Q, McDonald TP, Wang R;
 XX
 DR WPI; 2000-205701/18.
 XX
 PT Novel G-protein coupled receptor cDNA molecule encoding HG03 polypeptide
 PT useful for identifying its agonists and antagonists which are useful in
 PT pharmaceuticals.
 XX
 PS Example 1; Page 18; 36pp; English.
 XX
 CC The present sequence is the PCR primer HG03.37R, used to obtain complete
 CC HG03 cDNA sequence by primer walking. Human HG03, which is a G protein-
 CC coupled receptor (GPCR) is expressed at high levels in prostate, placenta
 CC and trachea and at low levels in thymus and testis. HG03 expression
 CC vectors can be used to transform host cells, which may be used in
 CC screening for agonists or antagonists that are potential pharmaceuticals.
 CC It can be used in gene therapy for treatment of diseases associated with
 CC low HG03 activity
 XX
 SQ Sequence 20 BP; 5 A; 4 C; 7 G; 4 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
 XX
 OY Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;
 Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 XX
 Db 1485 GGGTGTGAGGATCACTTGG 1504
 1 GCGTGTGAGGAAACACTTGG 20
 XX
 RESULT 125
 ID AAA52987/C
 XX AAA52987 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
 XX
 AC AAA52987;
 XX
 DT 03-JUN-2001 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Candida albicans growth gene vector PCR primer #3.
 XX
 KW Growth inhibition; survival; pathogen; fungal infection; vulvovaginitis;
 XX PCR primer; ss.
 XX
 OS Synthetic.
 XX
 PN WC0200034481-A2.
 XX
 PD 15-JUN-2000.
 XX
 PF 06-DEC-1999; 99WC-EPO09833.
 XX
 PR 04-DEC-1998; 98EP-00204122.
 XX
 PA (JANSEN) JANSSEN PHARM NV.
 XX
 PI Contreras RH, Nelissen B, De Backer MD, Luyten WHML, Viaene JB;
 PI Logghe MG, Vialard JE;
 XX
 DR WPI; 2000-431302/37.
 XX
 PT Novel nucleic acid molecule and polypeptides essential for survival and
 PT growth of yeast candida albicans useful for treating candida albicans
 PT associated diseases and for identifying antifungal compounds.
 XX
 PS Example 1; Page 23; 112pp; English.
 XX
 CC The present sequence is a PCR primer used during the construction of a
 CC vector for the genes encoding proteins which are essential for the
 CC survival and growth of Candida albicans. This fungus causes infection,
 CC such as vulvovaginitis, in humans, particularly in those who are
 CC immunocompromised. The growth genes and proteins can be used to diagnose

CC infection, and they can be used as targets for inhibiting the
 CC proliferation of the fungus
 XX
 SQ Sequence 20 BP; 2 A; 8 C; 7 G; 3 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
 XX
 OY Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;
 Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 XX
 Db 452 GCCGACTTCGAGCTGCTCA 471
 20 GCGCAGCGGAGCTGCTCA 1
 XX
 RESULT 126
 ID AAA26732/C
 XX AAA26732 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
 XX
 AC AAA26732;
 XX
 DT 23-JUN-2000 (first entry)
 XX
 DE PCR primer used in Candida albicans polynucleotide identification.
 XX
 KW Candida albicans infection; growth; survival; medication; AIDS;
 KW vulvovaginitis; immunocompromised patient; treat; PCR primer; ss.
 XX
 OS Candida albicans.
 XX
 PN EP982401-A2.
 XX
 PD 01-MAR-2000.
 XX
 PF 23-DEC-1998; 98EP-00310694.
 XX
 PR 14-AUG-1998; 98GB-00017796.
 XX
 PA (JANSEN) JANSSEN PHARM NV.
 XX
 PI Contreras RH, Nelissen B, De Backer MD, Luyten WHML, Viaene JB;
 PI Logghe MG;
 XX
 DR WPI; 2000-258614/23.
 XX
 PT Essential polypeptides isolated from Candida albicans, useful in the
 PT treatment of diseases caused by C. albicans, especially in
 PT immunocompromised subjects, e.g., AIDS patients.
 XX
 PS Disclosure; Page 8; 133pp; English.
 XX
 CC This sequence represents a PCR primer used in the identification of
 CC polynucleotide sequences encoding polypeptides that are critical for the
 CC survival and growth of Candida albicans. The C. albicans nucleic acid
 CC molecules of the invention may be used as probes and primers for
 CC detecting homologous nucleic acid molecule sequences. The polypeptides
 CC and nucleic acid molecules and compounds identified as selectively
 CC modulating the expression of the polypeptides, may be used as medicaments
 CC or for the preparation of a medicament to treat C. albicans associated
 CC diseases, especially in AIDS patients and to treat vulvovaginitis in
 CC otherwise healthy females. The use of the polypeptides and polynucleotide
 CC sequences to treat C. albicans associated diseases has fewer side effects
 CC and less toxicity than previously used methods such as the use of
 CC amphotericin. This method is therefore especially suitable for
 CC immunocompromised patients, such as AIDS patients
 XX
 SQ Sequence 20 BP; 2 A; 8 C; 7 G; 3 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
 XX
 OY Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;
 Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 XX
 Db 452 GCCGACTTCGAGCTGCTCA 471
 1 GCGCAGCGGAGCTGCTCA 1

Db 20 GCGGACGCGGAGCTCTCA 1

RESULT 127
AAA11324/C
ID AAA11324 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
XX
AC AAA11324;
XX
DT 08-NOV-2000 (first entry)
XX
DE Human TRPC7 gene intron 20/exon 21 junction.
XX
KW Transmembrane protein; TRPC7; brain; transient receptor potential; TRP;
KW calcium channel function; human; gene therapy; periodic psychosis;
XX mutation; ss.
XX
OS Homo sapiens.
XX
FH Key Location/Qualifiers
FT intron 1..10
FT /*tag= a
FT /number= 20
FT exon 11..20
FT /*tag= b
FT /number= 21
XX
PN WO200029571-A1.
XX
PD 25-MAY-2000.
XX
PF 11-NOV-1999; 99WO-JP006289.
XX
PR 12-NOV-1998; 98JP-00321200.
XX
PA (EIKE) EIKEN KAGAKU KK.
XX
PI Shimizu N, Nagamine K;
XX
DR WPI; 2000-387784/33.
XX
PT Nucleic acids encoding transmembrane protein TRPC7 expressed in brain and
PT homologous to transient receptor potential protein useful in the of
PT treatment of associated diseases such as periodic psychosis.
XX
PS Example 7; Page 39; 77pp; Japanese.
XX
CC The invention relates to the isolation of a nucleic acid (AAA11284)
CC coding for a transmembrane protein TRPC7 (AA92944) which is expressed in
CC brain and is homologous to transient receptor potential (TRP) protein.
CC This suggests that the TRPC7 protein may have a calcium channel function.
CC The genomic sequence has been shown to contain 31 introns. This sequence
CC represents an exon/intron junction from the genomic TRPC7 sequence. The
CC DNA and protein can be used in the diagnosis and treatment of disorders
CC associated with TRPC7, especially in the screening, monitoring and treatment
CC (by gene therapy) of periodic psychosis, which appears to be associated
CC with mutations in the TRPC7 gene
XX
SQ Sequence 20 BP; 4 A; 9 C; 2 G; 5 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1477 GAAGGAGTGGGTGTACAGGA 1496
DB 20 GAAGGTGTAGCTGTACAGGA 1
|||||
|||

RESULT 128
AAC62074
ID AAC62074 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
XX

AC AAC62074;
XX
DT 06-MAR-2001 (first entry)
XX
DE Reverse primer used to amplify a human pancreatic elastase III cDNA.
XX
KW Human; elastase I; chromosome 12q13; mutant; serine protease; eczema;
KW hyperproliferative skin condition; psoriasis; lupus erythematosus;
KW erythema; cancer; elastase II; PCR primer; ss.
XX
OS Homo sapiens.
XX
PN WO200061728-A2.
XX
PD 19-OCT-2000.
XX
PF 12-APR-2000; 2000WO-GB001389.
XX
PR 13-APR-1999; 99GB-00008458.
XX
PA (QUEEN MARY & WESTFIELD COLLEGE.
XX
PI Gerst-Talae U, Dunlop J, Kelsell DP;
XX
DR WPI; 2000-679482/66.
XX
PT Recombinant polynucleotide encoding human elastase I mutant useful for
PT determining the predisposition of a subject to cancer or
PT hyperproliferative skin condition such as psoriasis, eczema,
PT erythematosis.
XX
PS Disclosure; Page 18; 35pp; English.
XX
CC PCR primers AAC62073-74 were used to amplify a human elastase II
CC transcript. The specification describes elastase I, whose gene maps to
CC chromosome 12q13. Elastase is a serine protease, and is localised in the
CC basal layer of the mammalian skin. The specification describes a mutant
CC elastase I, with a frame shift mutation in any one of the codons 207-225.
CC The mutation results in the disruption of the carboxy terminal of the
CC protein, and possibly affects substrate binding. An allele encoding a
CC mutant elastase I can be detected to determine the predisposition of a
CC subject to a hyperproliferative skin condition (e.g. psoriasis, eczema,
CC lupus erythematosus and erythema) or cancer
XX
SQ Sequence 20 BP; 5 A; 4 C; 10 G; 1 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1304 AGGACCGCGGAGGAGGGGG 1323
DB 1 ACCGACCGGAGGAGGTGAGG 20
|||||
|||

RESULT 129
AAH23216/C
ID AAH23216 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
XX
AC AAH23216;
XX
DT 17-SEP-2001 (first entry)
XX
DE Human MMIF mRNA inhibiting antisense oligo ISIS #112369.
XX
KW Macrophage migration inhibitory factor; MMIF; antisense; neurological;
KW hyperproliferation; nocotropic; antihormonal; immunosuppressive; human;
KW antiinflammatory; cytostatic; ss.
XX
OS Synthetic.
OS Homo sapiens.
XX
PN WO200153317-A1.

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XX 26-JUL-2001.
XX
XX 16-JAN-2001; 2001WO-US001475.
XX
XX 20-JAN-2000; 2000US-00489869.
XX
XX (ISIS-) ISIS PHARM INC.
XX
XX Murray SF, Cowser LM, Wyatt JR;
XX
XX WPI; 2001-451899/48.
XX
XX New antisense compound(s) are useful to inhibit a nucleic acid molecule
XX encoding macrophage migration inhibitory factor.
XX
XX Claim 3; Page 83; 105pp; English.
XX
XX The invention relates to antisense oligonucleotides 8-30 nucleotides in
XX length targeted to a nucleic acid molecule encoding macrophage migration
XX inhibitory factor (MIF), where the antisense compound specifically
XX hybridizes with and inhibits the expression of MIF. The antisense
XX nucleotides are useful for the treatment of a disease or condition
XX associated with MIF such as neurological, hormonal, immune, inflammatory
XX or hyperproliferative disorder. Sequences AAH23191-268 represent chimeric
XX antisense phosphorothioate oligonucleotides used for inhibition of human
XX MIF mRNA expression
XX
XX Sequence 20 BP; 3 A; 7 C; 8 G; 2 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
XX
XX Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
XX Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;
XX Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
XX
XX 624 TACAGCAGCGCGCGCT 643
XX | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
XX 20 TCCAGCGAGCGCGCGCT 1
XX
XX RESULT 130
XX AAD15581/c
XX ID AAD15581 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
XX
XX AAD15581;
XX
XX 15-NOV-2001 (first entry)
XX
XX Human carbonic anhydrase (CA12) protein target DNA #7.
XX
XX Human; carbonic anhydrase; CA12; genetic disease; antisense target;
XX therapeutic; ss.
XX
XX Homo sapiens.
XX
XX WO200161030-A2.
XX
XX 23-AUG-2001.
XX
XX 14-FEB-2001; 2001WO-US004732.
XX
XX 14-FEB-2000; 2000US-00504653.
XX
XX (BOLL/) BOLLON A P.
XX (GRAY/) GRAY D M.
XX (JUSE/) JU-SEOG L.
XX
XX BOLLON AP, Gray DM, Ju-Seog L;
XX
XX WPI; 2001-529916/58.
XX
XX Selecting optimal subsequence antisense targets for inhibition of mRNA
XX expression of target mRNA for the therapeutic treatment of genetic
XX disease.

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XX Example 4; Page 23; 87pp; English.
XX
XX The invention relates to a method for selecting optimal subsequence
XX antisense targets. The method involves preparing an antisense
XX oligonucleotide capable of inhibiting mRNA expression of target mRNA.
XX sequences, as well as antisense oligonucleotides capable of binding DNA.
XX The antisense and antigen libraries are useful for preparing therapeutic
XX agents for the treatment of genetic disease. The present DNA sequence is
XX human carbonic anhydrase (CA12) protein target DNA related to the
XX invention. Note: The present sequence is shown as DNA in the
XX specification; however, in vivo, this target sequence would be mRNA
XX
XX Sequence 20 BP; 2 A; 9 C; 8 G; 1 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
XX
XX Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
XX Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;
XX Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
XX
XX 300 CGCGCGCGCGCTAGCGCTG 319
XX | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
XX 20 CGCGCGCGCGCTGCGAGCTG 1
XX
XX RESULT 131
XX AAF62920
XX ID AAF62920 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
XX
XX AAF62920;
XX
XX 08-MAY-2001 (first entry)
XX
XX Human PEPCK-cytosolic antisense oligonucleotide ISIS 108090.
XX
XX Human; antiinflammatory; cytosolic; antisense gene therapy;
XX phosphoenol pyruvate carboxykinase-cytosolic; PEPCK-cytosolic; infection;
XX inflammation; tumour formation; phosphorothioate; ss.
XX
XX Homo sapiens.
XX
XX US6187545-B1.
XX
XX 13-FEB-2001.
XX
XX 21-JAN-2000; 2000US-00488671.
XX
XX 21-JAN-2000; 2000US-00488671.
XX
XX (ISIS-) ISIS PHARM INC.
XX
XX McKay R, Butler MM, Wyatt J, Cowser LM;
XX
XX WPI; 2001-190979/19.
XX
XX Antisense compound capable of modulating the expression of phosphoenol
XX pyruvate carboxykinase-cytosolic, useful for preventing or delaying
XX infection, inflammation or tumor formation.
XX
XX Claim 1; Col 43; 64pp; English.
XX
XX The present sequence is one of a number of antisense compounds of up to
XX 30 nucleobases in length that are capable of inhibiting the expression of
XX phosphoenol pyruvate carboxykinase-cytosolic (PEPCK-cytosolic). The
XX antisense compounds are useful for inhibiting the expression of PEPCK-
XX cytosolic in cells or tissues. They are commonly used as research
XX reagents and in diagnostics, e.g. to elucidate the function of particular
XX genes. They are also useful for distinguishing between functions of
XX various members of a biological pathway and for research use. The
XX antisense compounds are also useful prophylactically, e.g. to prevent or
XX delay infection, inflammation or tumor formation. The present sequence
XX is a chimeric phosphorothioate oligonucleotide with 2'-MOE wings and a
XX deoxy gap

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Sequence 20 BP; 2 A; 9 C; 2 G; 7 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
 Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;
 Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 Db 1 TCTCGATGCTTCTCCACTCC 20

241 TCTCGATGCTTCTCCACTCC 260
 |||||
 1 TCTCGATGCTTCTCCACTCC 20

RESULT 132
 AAC91651
 ID AAC91651 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
 XX AAC91651;
 AC
 XX 16-MAR-2001 (first entry)
 DT
 XX
 XX Human angiotensinogen gene exon 3 PCR primer, SEQ ID NO:53.
 DE
 XX Human angiotensinogen gene; AGT; insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus;
 KW type 1 diabetes; chromosome 1q42-43; single nucleotide polymorphism;
 KW IDDM; SNP; diagnosis; susceptibility; transgenic animal; drug screening;
 KW anti-diabetic; gene therapy; exon 3; PCR primer; ss.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 XX
 PN WO200071751-A1.
 PD 30-NOV-2000.
 XX
 XX 16-MAY-2000; 2000WO-US013327.
 PF
 XX 21-MAY-1999; 99US-0135423P.
 PR 06-JAN-2000; 2000US-0174700P.
 PA (MYRI-) MYRIAD GENETICS INC.
 XX
 PI McGrail M, Russel DL, Shattuck DM;
 XX
 DR WPI; 2001-025172/03.
 PT Novel angiotensinogen gene, mutant alleles of which causes susceptibility
 PT to insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus useful for diagnosis of
 PT predisposition to diabetes.
 XX
 XX Example 2; Page 33; 83pp; English.
 XX
 CC The invention relates to the human angiotensinogen (AGT) gene, some
 CC mutant alleles of which cause a susceptibility to insulin-dependent
 CC diabetes mellitus (IDDM, type 1 diabetes). The AGT gene is located on
 CC chromosome 1q42-43, a region linked to IDDM. The invention discloses
 CC genomic sequences comprising exons 1-5 of the human AGT gene (AAC91600-
 CC C91604) and a genomic sequence comprising an alternative AGT gene exon 1
 CC (AAC91606). The invention also encompasses the specifically claimed human
 CC AGT mutant nucleic acid sequences AAC91667-C91684, and the mutant
 CC angiotensinogen proteins AAB48945-B48949. The invention also relates to
 CC detecting mutant AGT alleles or gene products thereof which are related
 CC to IDDM; determining whether a person has, or is at risk of developing
 CC diabetes via detection of a polymorphism in the AGT gene; and methods of
 CC screening for drug candidates which may be useful in the treatment of
 CC diabetes resulting from an AGT mutation. Methods of preventing or
 CC treating diabetes are claimed which comprise the administration of a
 CC compound which antagonises or antagonises wild-type or mutant AGT, which
 CC agonises or antagonises an AGT receptor, which inhibits AGT gene
 CC expression, or which cleaves AGT proteins. In addition, the invention
 CC encompasses a transgenic non-human animal, or cell line derived
 CC therefrom, comprising a mutant human AGT allele. The polymorphisms
 CC identified in the AGT gene are useful for determining if a person has, or
 CC is at risk from developing insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus. AGT
 CC modulators can be used to treat or prevent diabetes. Mutant AGT proteins
 CC or fragments thereof are useful for screening compounds which bind to AGT

polypeptides. The present sequence represents a human AGT gene exon 3 PCR
 CC primer used in an exemplification of the invention
 CC
 XX Sequence 20 BP; 6 A; 5 C; 6 G; 3 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
 SO

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;
 Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 Db 1 AGCACTGAGTGACATCCAG 20

1219 AACAGTGTGTGACATCCAG 1238
 |||||
 1 AGCACTGAGTGACATCCAG 20

RESULT 133
 AAC91840/C
 ID AAC91840 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
 XX AAC91840;
 AC
 XX 21-MAR-2001 (first entry)
 DT
 XX P53 consensus binding sequence mutated probe.
 DE
 XX P53; apoptosis; neurodegenerative disease; Alzheimer's disease;
 KW diffuse Lewy body disease; Pick's disease; Parkinson's disease;
 KW progressive supranuclear palsy; multiple system atrophy;
 KW amyotrophic lateral sclerosis; probe; ss.
 XX
 OS Unidentified.
 XX
 PN WO200074726-A1.
 PD 14-DEC-2000.
 XX
 XX 07-JUN-2000; 2000WO-US015709.
 PF
 XX 07-JUN-1999; 99US-0138157P.
 PR
 XX (GLAD-) GLADSTONE INST J DAVID.
 PA
 XX Xu X, Mucke J;
 PI
 XX
 DR WPI; 2001-061660/07.
 PT Preventing or treating condition associated especially with neuronal
 PT apoptosis, e.g. Alzheimer's disease by administering an agent having hAP
 PT anti-p53 apoptotic activity.
 XX
 XX Disclosure; Page 15; 29pp; English.
 XX
 CC The present invention provides a novel method of preventing a cell from
 CC undergoing apoptosis by administering to the cell an agent having hAP
 CC anti-p53 apoptotic activity. This method can be used in the treatment of
 CC neurodegenerative diseases such as Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's
 CC disease, diffuse Lewy body disease, progressive supranuclear palsy,
 CC Pick's disease, multiple system atrophy and amyotrophic lateral sclerosis
 CC
 SO Sequence 20 BP; 6 A; 6 C; 4 G; 4 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
 Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;
 Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 Db 1 AGGATCTAGGATCTCT 1

1492 AGGATCTAGGATCTCT 1511
 |||||
 20 AGGATCTAGGATCTCT 1

RESULT 134
 AAF69698
 ID AAF69698 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
 XX

AC AAF69698;
 XX 18-APR-2001 (first entry)
 XX
 XX Human IL4Ralpha gene PCR primer #34.
 DE
 XX Polymorphism; human; interleukin 4 receptor-alpha; IL4R-alpha;
 XX allergic disease; PCR primer; ss.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 XX
 PN MO200104270-A1.
 XX
 PD 18-JAN-2001.
 XX
 PF 13-JUL-2000; 2000WO-US019094.
 XX
 PR 13-JUL-1999; 99US-0143435P.
 XX
 PA (GENA-) GENAISSANCE PHARM INC.
 XX
 PI Chew A, Denton RR, Duda A, Nandabalan K, Stephens JC;
 PI Windemuth AK;
 DR WPI; 2001-103078/11.
 XX
 XX New isolated polynucleotide useful for the identification of therapeutics
 PT in allergic diseases is new.
 XX
 PS Example 1; Page 60; 188pp; English.
 XX
 XX The present invention relates to polymorphisms of the human interleukin 4
 CC receptor-alpha gene (IL4R-alpha; see AAF57718 for the reference
 CC sequence). Polynucleotides comprising polymorphic gene variants are
 CC useful for therapeutic purposes. For example, where a patient may benefit
 CC from expression of a particular IL4Ralpha protein isoform, an expression
 CC vector encoding the isoform may be administered to the patient. It may
 CC desirable to decrease or block expression of a particular IL4Ralpha
 CC isogene, which may be done by turning off by transforming a targeted
 CC organ, tissue or cell population with an expression vector that expresses
 CC high levels of untranslatable mRNA for the isogene. Specific therapeutics
 CC identified by these methods may be useful for allergic diseases. The
 CC present sequence is a PCR primer for human IL4R-alpha
 CC
 XX Sequence 20 BP; 6 A; 4 C; 8 G; 2 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
 SQ
 Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;
 Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 579 AGCCAGTGTGTAAGCCAGGT 598
 DB 1 AGCCAGGTGAGAAAGCCAGGT 20
 AAS16424
 ID AAS16424 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
 XX
 AC AAS16424;
 XX
 DT 05-JUN-2002 (first entry)
 XX
 XX Mouse G11-1 transcription factor, 3' primer.
 DE
 XX G11-1; transcription factor; mesodermal precursor cell; vasotropic;
 KM sonic hedgehog; desert hedgehog; indian hedgehog; moonrat hedgehog;
 KM tliggy wrinkle hedgehog; haemostatic; cytostatic; anaemia; leukopenia;
 KM chronic inflammatory disease; cancer; organ failure; thrombocytopenia;
 KM ischaemia; tumour; diabetes; aging; hypervascularisation; trauma;
 KM infection; neovascularisation; AIDS; acquired immunodeficiency virus;
 KM leukaemia; arthritis; polycythaemia vera; erythroleukaemia;
 KM transgenic mouse; haematopoiesis; PCR primer; ss.

XX Mus sp.
 XX US2001041668-A1.
 XX
 XX 15-NOV-2001.
 XX
 PD 10-FEB-1998; 98US-00021660.
 XX
 PF 10-FEB-1998; 98US-00021660.
 XX
 PR 10-FEB-1998; 98US-00021660.
 XX
 XX (HARD) HARVARD COLLEGE.
 XX
 PA Baron MH, Farrington SM, Belaussoff M;
 XX WPI; 2002-017219/02.
 XX
 DR WPI; 2002-017219/02.
 XX
 PT Stimulating differentiation of mesodermal cells, useful e.g. for treating
 PT anemia or ischemia, comprises treatment with functional equivalent of
 PT protein expressed in embryonic tissue.
 XX
 PS Example 5; Page 18; 41pp; English.
 XX
 XX The invention describes a novel method of stimulating a population of
 CC undifferentiated mesodermally derived cells to undergo haematopoiesis
 CC and/or vascular growth. This involves treating cells with a compound that
 CC is functionally equivalent to a gene product expressed in an embryo's
 CC embryonic tissue e.g. the hedgehog family including sonic, desert,
 CC indian, moonrat and tliggy wrinkle, to modulate differentiation and
 CC proliferation of mesodermal precursor cells. The method is used to treat
 CC developmental errors in vascular growth and haematopoiesis in utero, to
 CC modulate disorders associated with an abnormal number of erythroid cells
 CC e.g. polycythaemia vera, erythroleukaemia and anaemia (including
 CC idiopathic, constitutional or secondary aplastic, or myelodysplastic
 CC forms, where induced by virus, chronic inflammatory disease, cancer,
 CC organ failure or drugs, or thrombocytopenia) but also leukopenia (caused
 CC by radiation, chemotherapy or infections) e.g. leukaemia, AIDS, to treat
 CC tissue ischaemia (specifically myocardial) and hypervascularisation
 CC associated with genetic or inherited diseases, trauma, infections and
 CC aging, or neovascularisation, e.g. in tumours, diabetes, arthritis etc.
 CC This sequence is the mouse G11-1 transcription factor 3' primer used with
 CC the 5' primer (AAS16423) to demonstrate that G11-1 is a target of the
 CC hedgehog signalling pathway in the yolk sac mesoderm, described in the
 CC method of the invention
 CC
 XX Sequence 20 BP; 5 A; 5 C; 6 G; 4 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
 SQ
 Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;
 Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 502 ACCGTGATCAGCTGCTGAG 521
 DB 1 AGCTGATCAGCTGATCCAG 20
 AAS97838/c
 ID AAS97838 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
 XX
 AC AAS97838;
 XX
 DT 12-MAR-2002 (first entry)
 XX
 XX Murine SACL gene-specific oligonucleotide PCR primer #405.
 DE
 XX Human; mouse; SACL; carbohydrate; sweetener; ethanol; alcoholism; ss;
 KM obesity; diabetes; transgenic embryo; body tissue; body fluid; pancreas;
 KM blood; tongue; PCR primer; anorectic; antidiabetic; gene therapy;
 KM protein replacement therapy.
 XX
 OS Mus sp.
 XX

EN WO200183749-A2.
 XX
 PD 08-NOV-2001.
 XX
 PF 25-APR-2001; 2001WO-US013387.
 XX
 PR 28-APR-2000; 2000US-0200794P.
 PR 28-JUL-2000; 2000US-0221419P.
 PR 10-NOV-2000; 2000US-0247443P.
 XX
 PA (WARN) WARNER LAMBERT CO.
 PA (MONE-) MONELL CHEM SENSES CENT.
 XX
 PI Bachmanov AA, Beauchamp GK, Chatterjee A, De Jong PJ, Li S, Li X,
 PI Ohmen JD, Reed DR, Ross D, Tordoff MG,
 XX
 DR WPI; 2002-075162/10.
 XX
 PT Novel isolated polypeptide comprising variant form of mouse or human SACL
 PT polypeptide, and is associated with altered preference for carbohydrates
 PT or other sweeteners, useful for preventing obesity, diabetes, alcoholism.
 XX
 PS Claim 14; Page 89; 239pp; English.
 XX
 CC The invention relates to an isolated polypeptide, comprising a variant
 CC form of mouse or human SACL polypeptide. The variant form is associated
 CC with altered preference for carbohydrates, other sweeteners or ethanol.
 CC The polypeptide and its associated DNA sequence can be produced by
 CC recombinant techniques and is useful for preventing obesity, diabetes or
 CC alcoholism associated with SACL expression. The sequences are useful in
 CC screening for drugs and sweeteners. Recombinant cell lines and transgenic
 CC embryos may be used in screening for and identifying agents that induce
 CC or repress function of SACL. Predisposition to diabetes, obesity or
 CC alcoholism can be ascertained by testing any fluid or tissue of a human
 CC (such as blood, pancreas or tongue) for sequence variations of the SACL
 CC gene. A sequence variation of the SACL locus may indicate a
 CC predisposition to diabetes, obesity and/or alcoholism and may provide a
 CC diagnostic mark. The polynucleotide can be detected in a biological
 CC sample by contacting the DNA with a probe to form a hybridisation complex
 CC which is then detected. The sequences represent cDNA encoding human and
 CC mouse SACL polypeptides and PCR primers specific for the SACL genes
 CC
 SQ Sequence 20 BP; 2 A; 9 C; 3 G; 6 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
 Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;
 Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 979 GAGACTAGAGGAGGAGCTG 998
 DB 20 GAGACCAAGAGAGGCTGCTG 1
 RESULT 137
 AAD44828/c
 ID AAD44828 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
 XX
 AC AAD44828;
 XX
 DT 13-DEC-2002 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Human raf kinase related antisense oligonucleotide #7.
 XX
 KW Raf kinase; hyperproliferation; neovascularisation; ocular angiogenesis;
 KW therapy; cancer; cytostatic; anti-angiogenic; vascular; ophthalmological;
 KW antisense; ss.
 XX
 OS Unidentified.
 XX
 PN US6410518-B1.
 PD 25-JUN-2002.
 XX

PF 18-FEB-2000; 2000US-00506073.
 XX
 PR 31-MAY-1994; 94US-00250856.
 PR 31-MAY-1995; 95WO-US007111.
 PR 26-NOV-1996; 96US-00756806.
 PR 07-JUL-1997; 97US-00889882.
 PR 06-JUL-1998; 98WO-US013961.
 PR 28-AUG-1998; 98US-00143214.
 XX
 PA (ISIS-) ISIS PHARM INC.
 XX
 PI Nonia BP.
 XX
 DR WPI; 2002-597918/64.
 XX
 PT Treating cancer, angiogenesis or neovascularization by administering
 PT antisense oligonucleotides targeted to human raf sequences.
 XX
 PS Disclosure; Col 57; 41pp; English.
 XX
 CC The present invention relates to novel antisense oligonucleotides which
 CC are targeted to nucleic acids encoding human raf proteins and capable of
 CC inhibiting raf expression. The invention also relates to methods of
 CC inhibiting hyperproliferation of cells which involves contacting the
 CC hyperproliferating cells with a therapeutically effective amount of an
 CC oligonucleotide of the invention. The method is useful for treating
 CC cancer, angiogenesis or neovascularisation, especially ocular
 CC angiogenesis or neovascularisation. The present DNA sequence is human raf
 CC kinase related antisense oligonucleotide
 CC
 SQ Sequence 20 BP; 2 A; 9 C; 4 G; 5 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
 Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;
 Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1267 CCGGCCCAAGGAGGAAG 1286
 DB 20 CTGGCCCTGGAGAGGAAG 1
 RESULT 138
 ABX95003/c
 ID ABX95003 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
 XX
 AC ABX95003;
 XX
 DT 05-JUN-2003 (first entry)
 XX
 DE MAGE-C2 specific primer S118 used to determine chromosomal location.
 XX
 KW TRAP; ss; tumour rejection antigen precursor; cytolytic T-cell; CTL;
 KW tumour; seminoma; bladder transitional-cell carcinoma; NSCLC; adaptor;
 KW head-and-neck squamous-cell carcinoma; breast carcinoma; sarcoma;
 KW cutaneous melanoma; non-small cell lung cancer; PCR; primer; MAGE-C2;
 KW human.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 XX
 PN US2002176865-A1.
 XX
 DT 28-NOV-2002.
 XX
 DE 01-MAR-2002; 2002US-00085108.
 XX
 PF 25-APR-1997; 97US-00845528.
 PR 24-APR-1998; 98US-00066281.
 PR 17-DEC-1999; 99US-00468433.
 PR 09-FEB-2000; 2000US-00501104.
 XX
 PA (LUCAS/) LUCAS S.
 PA (BOON/) BOON-FALLEUR T.
 XX

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PI Lucas S, Boon-Falleur T;
XX
XX WPI, 2003-328468/31.
DR
XX
XX Novel isolated nucleic acid encoding tumor rejection antigen precursor
PT MAGE-C3, MAGE-B5, or MAGE-B6, useful as diagnostic probes to determine
PT presence of abnormal e.g., tumor cells expressing MAGE-C1, MAGE-B5 or
XX MAGE-B6.
XX
XX Example 11, Page 12; 59pp; English.
XX
XX The invention relates to an isolated nucleic acid molecule which encodes
CC a tumour rejection antigen precursor (TRAP) having an amino acid sequence
CC of a TRAP encoded by a fully defined MAGE-C3, MAGE-B5, or MAGE-B6
CC polynucleotide sequence. Also disclosed is a method which is useful for
CC determining presence of cytolytic T-cells specific for complexes of human
CC leukocyte antigen (HLA) and a peptide derived from the nucleic acid in a
CC cytotoxic T-lymphocyte (CTL)-containing sample. The nucleic acid is
CC useful as a diagnostic probe to determine the presence of abnormal
CC (tumour) cells such as seminoma, bladder transitional-cell carcinoma,
CC head-and-neck squamous-cell carcinoma, breast carcinoma, sarcoma,
CC cutaneous melanoma or non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) which express
CC MAGE-C1, MAGE-B5 or MAGE-B6. The nucleic acid is useful for diagnosing a
CC disorder characterised by expression of MAGE-C1, MAGE-B5 or MAGE-B6 TRAPs
CC or tumour rejection antigens (TRAs). The present sequence represents the
CC human MAGE-C2 specific primer S118 used to determine the chromosomal
CC location of MAGE-C2
XX
SQ Sequence 20 BP; 3 A; 5 C; 7 G; 5 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
XX
XX Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
XX Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;
XX Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
XX
OY 495 TGTGCCAAGCTGATGCAGCT 514
XX | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
XX 20 TGTGCCAAGCTGATGCAGCT 1
XX
XX
XX RESULT 139
XX ADB89920/c
XX ID ADB89920 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
XX
XX ADB89920;
XX
XX 04-DEC-2003 (first entry)
XX
XX Antisense oligonucleotide targeting human C3 component, ISIS140022.
XX
XX Human; ss; antisense; complement component C3; inflammation;
XX septic shock; multiple organ failure; hyperacute organ failure;
XX autoimmune disorder; CNS inflammation; multiple sclerosis;
XX atherosclerosis; tumour.
XX
XX Homo sapiens.
XX
XX Key Location/Qualifiers
XX modified_base 1..20
XX /*tag= b
XX /mod_base= OTHER
XX /note= "Phosphorothioate backbone and all cytosines are 5
XX -methyl cytosines"
XX
XX modified_base 1..5
XX /*tag= a
XX /mod_base= OTHER
XX /note= "2'-methoxyethyl nucleotides"
XX
XX modified_base 16..20
XX /*tag= c
XX /mod_base= OTHER
XX /note= "2'-methoxyethyl nucleotides"
XX
XX US2003096775-A1.
XX
XX

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PD 22-MAY-2003.
XX
XX 23-OCT-2001; 2001US-00001076.
XX
XX 23-OCT-2001; 2001US-00001076.
XX
XX (ISIS-) ISIS PHARM INC.
XX
XX Graham MJ, Watt AT;
XX
XX WPI, 2003-606441/57.
XX
XX New antisense oligonucleotides targeted to a nucleic acid molecule
PT encoding complement component C3, useful for treating a disease or
PT condition associated with complement component C3, e.g. autoimmune
PT disorder or infection.
XX
XX Example 15, Page 26; 72pp; English.
XX
XX The invention relates to a compound 8-50 nucleobases in length targeted
CC to a nucleic acid molecule encoding complement component C3. The compound
CC specifically hybridises with the nucleic acid molecule encoding
CC complement component C3, or inhibits the expression of complement
CC component C3, or specifically hybridises with at least an 8-nucleobase
CC portion of an active site on a nucleic acid molecule encoding complement
CC component C3. Also included are a composition comprising the compound and
CC a pharmaceutical carrier or diluent, inhibiting the expression of
CC complement component C3 in cells or tissues (comprising contacting the
CC cells or tissues with the compound cited above) and treating an animal
CC having a disease or condition associated with complement component C3
CC comprising administering to the animal the compound cited above so that
CC expression of complement component C3 is inhibited. The antisense
CC compounds are useful for inhibiting the expression of complement
CC component C3 in cells or tissues, or for treating an animal having a
CC disease or condition associated with complement component C3 such as an
CC autoimmune disorder (e.g. multiple sclerosis), an infection, or
CC atherosclerosis, inflammation, septic shock, multiple organ failure,
CC hyperacute organ failure and CNS inflammation. The compounds are also
CC useful as research reagents and diagnostics, in distinguishing functions
CC of various members of a biological pathway, or for preventing or delaying
CC infection, inflammation or tumour formation. The present sequence is an
CC antisense oligonucleotide targeting human C3.
XX
XX Sequence 20 BP; 1 A; 8 C; 5 G; 6 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
XX
XX Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
XX Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;
XX Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
XX
OY 667 GCGTGGAGCAGGCGCAAGAC 686
XX | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
XX 20 GCGGAGGAGCAGGCGCAAGAC 1
XX
XX
XX RESULT 140
XX ADG18034/c
XX ID ADG18034 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
XX
XX ADG18034;
XX
XX 26-FEB-2004 (first entry)
XX
XX MAGE-C2 gene PCR primer #4.
XX
XX MAGE-C2; MAGE-related tumour rejection antigen precursor; TRAP;
XX tumour immunotherapy; vaccine; PCR; ss; primer.
XX
XX unidentified.
XX
XX US6475783-B1.
XX
XX 05-NOV-2002.
XX
XX

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PF 24-APR-1998; 98US-00066281.
XX
PR 25-APR-1997; 97US-00845528.
XX
PA (LUDWIG) LUDWIG INST CANCER RES.
XX
PI Lucas S, De Smet C, Boon-Fallour T;
XX
DR WPI; 2003-208836/20.
XX
PT Novel MAGE-C2 nucleic acid encoding MAGE-related tumor rejection antigen
PT precursors, useful in diagnostic and therapeutic applications.
PS
XX Example 11; SEQ ID NO 17; 42pp; English.
XX
CC The invention comprises a nucleic acid (designated as MAGE-C2) encoding
CC an MAGE-related tumor rejection antigen precursor (TRAP). The MAGE-C2
CC nucleic acid of the invention is useful for producing MAGE-related tumor
CC rejection precursors (TRAPs), which can be used in tumor immunotherapy
CC and as vaccines. The MAGE-C2 nucleic acid is also useful in diagnostic
CC and therapeutic applications, especially in diagnosing disorders
CC characterised by MAGE-C1 or C2 RNAs or TRAPs. The present DNA sequence
CC represents a PCR primer that was used in an example of the invention.
XX
SQ Sequence 20 BP; 3 A; 5 C; 7 G; 5 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match          0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 495 TGTGCCACCTGATGACGCT 514
Db 20 TGTGCCACCAAGAGGACGCT 1

RESULT 141
ADG92990/C
ID ADG92990 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
XX
XX ADG92990;
XX
DT 11-MAR-2004 (first entry)
XX
DE Human FT-beta subunit phosphorothioate oligonucleotide #18.
XX
KW Human; farnesyl transferase beta subunit; ss; FT-beta subunit;
KW antisense oligonucleotide; phosphorothioate linkage;
KW 2'-O-methoxyethyl sugar moiety; 5-methylcytosine;
KW hyperproliferative disorder; cancer; ovarian carcinoma; adenocarcinoma;
KW colorectal cancer; pancreatic cancer; prostate cancer;
KW inflammatory condition; tumour formation; cytostatic; antiinflammatory;
KW antimicrobial; phosphorothioate oligonucleotide.
XX
OS Synthetic.
OS Homo sapiens.
XX
FN US2003212017-A1.
XX
PD 13-NOV-2003.
XX
PE 10-MAY-2002; 2002US-00144488.
XX
PR 10-MAY-2002; 2002US-00144488.
XX
PA (ISIS-) ISIS PHARM INC.
XX
PI Monia BP, Freier SM;
XX
DR WPI; 2003-901641/82.
XX
XX
PT New compounds that hybridizes with nucleic acid molecules encoding
PT farnesyl transferase beta subunit and inhibits the expression of farnesyl
PT transferase beta subunit, useful for treating e.g. cancer or inflammatory

```

```

PT disease.
XX
XX Example 15; SEQ ID NO 25; 44pp; English.
XX
CC The invention relates to a compound targeted to a nucleic acid molecule
CC encoding the human farnesyl transferase beta (FT-beta) subunit and
CC inhibits the expression of the (FT-beta) subunit, or specifically
CC hybridizes with at least an 8-nucleobase portion of an active site on a
CC nucleic acid molecule encoding the FT-beta subunit. The invention also
CC relates to a method of inhibiting the expression of the FT-beta subunit
CC in cells or tissues and a method of treating an animal having a disease
CC or condition associated with the FT-beta subunit. The compound is an
CC antisense oligonucleotide, preferably a chimeric oligonucleotide, which
CC comprises at least one modified internucleoside linkage which is a
CC 2'-O-methoxyethyl sugar moiety or at least one modified nucleobase which
CC is 5-methylcytosine. The compound is useful in inhibiting the expression
CC of the FT-beta subunit in cells or tissues. It can also be used for
CC treating cells or conditions associated with the FT-beta subunit, such as
CC hyperproliferative disorders, including cancer (such as ovarian
CC carcinoma, adenocarcinoma, colorectal cancer, pancreatic cancer or
CC prostate cancer) and inflammatory conditions. The antisense compounds can
CC also be used as research agents, in diagnostics or for preventing or
CC delaying infection, inflammation or tumour formation. This sequence
CC represents a human farnesyl transferase beta subunit phosphorothioate
CC oligonucleotide of the invention.
XX
SQ Sequence 20 BP; 5 A; 5 C; 6 G; 4 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match          0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 879 CTGTACAGCTGGAGACGCT 898
Db 20 CTGCACAGCTTGGAAGTCT 1

RESULT 142
ADH94264/C
ID ADH94264 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
XX
XX ADH94264;
XX
DT 22-APR-2004 (first entry)
XX
DE Human gene PCR primer #1109.
XX
KW human; gene sequence; single nucleotide polymorphism; SNP;
KW disease diagnosis; ss; PCR; primer.
XX
OS Homo sapiens.
XX
FN JP2003174883-A.
XX
PD 24-JUN-2003.
XX
PE 11-DEC-2001; 2001JP-00377637.
XX
PR 11-DEC-2001; 2001JP-00377637.
XX
PA (KAGAKU) KAGAKU GIUTSU SHINKO JIGYODAN.
XX
PI WPI; 2003-819215/77.
XX
XX
PT Polynucleotide for detecting single nucleotide polymorphisms existing in
PT human gene, contains isolated human gene having specified sequence.
XX
PS Claim 2; SEQ ID NO 2101; 529pp; Japanese.
XX
XX
CC The invention comprises isolated human gene sequences and PCR primer
CC sequences which can be used to detect single nucleotide polymorphisms
CC (SNPs). The DNA sequences of the invention are useful for detecting SNPs

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CC existing in human genes and for the diagnosis of human disease. The
CC present DNA sequence represents a human gene PCR primer of the invention.
XX
SQ Sequence 20 BP; 4 A; 3 C; 8 G; 5 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 176 CACTGTGAGTTCATCAGCAA 195
Db 20 CACTGTGAGTTCATCAGCAA 1

RESULT 143
ABZ87187
ID ABZ87187 standard; DNA; 20 BP.

AC ABZ87187;

DT 17-OCT-2003 (first entry)

DE Human oligonucleotide sequence.

XX Human; antisense; lung dysfunction; nasal airway dysfunction;
XX antiinflammatory steroid; ubiquinone; antiinflammatory; antiallergic;
XX antisthmatic; hypotensive; immunosuppressive; cytostatic; gene therapy;
XX antisense gene therapy; respiratory; lung; adenosine sensitivity;
XX adenosine receptor; bronchodilation; bronchoconstriction; lung allergy;
XX lung inflammation; respiratory disease; ds.

OS Homo sapiens.

PN WO200285308-A2.

PD 31-OCT-2002.

PF 23-APR-2002; 2002WO-US013135.

PR 24-APR-2001; 2001US-0286137P.

PA (EPIC-) EPIGENESIS PHARM INC.

PI NYCE JW, Li Y, Sandrasagra A, Katz E, Pabalan J, Aguilar D;
PI Miller S, Tang L, Shahabuddin S;

DR WPI; 2003-229219/22.

XX Pharmaceutical composition for treating ailments associated with impaired
PT respiration, has oligo(s) antisense to specific gene(s) or its
PT corresponding RNAs, and glucocorticoid or non-glucocorticoid steroid or
PT ubiquinone.

PS Claim 15; SEQ ID NO 2429; 872pp; English.

XX The invention relates to a novel pharmaceutical composition, which has a
CC first active agent comprising an oligonucleotide antisense to the
CC initiation codon, coding region, 5' or 3' end genomic flanking regions,
CC 5' and 3' intron-exon junctions, or regions within 2-10 nucleotides of
CC junctions of genes encoding a polypeptide associated with lung and/or
CC nasal airway dysfunction and a second active agent comprising an
CC antiinflammatory steroid and ubiquinone. A composition of the invention
CC has antiinflammatory, antiallergic, antisthmatic, hypotensive,
CC immunosuppressive, and cytostatic activity. The composition may have a
CC use in antisense gene therapy. The composition is useful for treating or
CC preventing a respiratory, lung or malignant disease or condition, also
CC for enhancing the prophylactic or therapeutic respiratory effect of an
CC antiinflammatory steroid in a subject, for reducing or depleting levels
CC of, or reducing sensitivity to adenosine, reducing levels of adenosine
CC receptor, producing bronchodilation, increasing levels of ubiquinone or
CC lung surfactant in a subject's tissue, or treating bronchoconstriction,
CC lung inflammation, lung allergies, or a respiratory disease or condition.
CC Note: The sequence data for this patent is not represented in the printed

CC specification, but was obtained in electronic format directly from WIPO
CC at ftp.wipo.int/pub/published_pct_sequences

XX
SQ Sequence 20 BP; 4 A; 5 C; 7 G; 4 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 508 TGCAGCTGCTGCAGGAGAC 527
Db 1 TGCAGCTGCTGCAGGAGAC 20

RESULT 144
ABZ88322
ID ABZ88322 standard; DNA; 20 BP.

AC ABZ88322;

DT 17-OCT-2003 (first entry)

DE Human oligonucleotide sequence.

XX Human; antisense; lung dysfunction; nasal airway dysfunction;
XX antiinflammatory steroid; ubiquinone; antiinflammatory; antiallergic;
XX antisthmatic; hypotensive; immunosuppressive; cytostatic; gene therapy;
XX antisense gene therapy; respiratory; lung; adenosine sensitivity;
XX adenosine receptor; bronchodilation; bronchoconstriction; lung allergy;
XX lung inflammation; respiratory disease; ds.

OS Homo sapiens.

PN WO200285308-A2.

PD 31-OCT-2002.

PF 23-APR-2002; 2002WO-US013135.

PR 24-APR-2001; 2001US-0286137P.

PA (EPIC-) EPIGENESIS PHARM INC.

PI NYCE JW, Li Y, Sandrasagra A, Katz E, Pabalan J, Aguilar D;
PI Miller S, Tang L, Shahabuddin S;

DR WPI; 2003-229219/22.

XX Pharmaceutical composition for treating ailments associated with impaired
PT respiration, has oligo(s) antisense to specific gene(s) or its
PT corresponding RNAs, and glucocorticoid or non-glucocorticoid steroid or
PT ubiquinone.

PS Disclosure, SEQ ID NO 3564; 872pp; English.

XX The invention relates to a novel pharmaceutical composition, which has a
CC first active agent comprising an oligonucleotide antisense to the
CC initiation codon, coding region, 5' or 3' end genomic flanking regions,
CC 5' and 3' intron-exon junctions, or regions within 2-10 nucleotides of
CC junctions of genes encoding a polypeptide associated with lung and/or
CC nasal airway dysfunction and a second active agent comprising an
CC antiinflammatory steroid and ubiquinone. A composition of the invention
CC has antiinflammatory, antiallergic, antisthmatic, hypotensive,
CC immunosuppressive, and cytostatic activity. The composition may have a
CC use in antisense gene therapy. The composition is useful for treating or
CC preventing a respiratory, lung or malignant disease or condition, also
CC for enhancing the prophylactic or therapeutic respiratory effect of an
CC antiinflammatory steroid in a subject, for reducing or depleting levels
CC of, or reducing sensitivity to adenosine, reducing levels of adenosine
CC receptor, producing bronchodilation, increasing levels of ubiquinone or
CC lung surfactant in a subject's tissue, or treating bronchoconstriction,
CC lung inflammation, lung allergies, or a respiratory disease or condition.
CC Note: The sequence data for this patent is not represented in the printed

CC specification, but was obtained in electronic format directly from WIPO
CC at ftp.wipo.int/pub/published_pct_sequences
XX
SQ Sequence 20 BP; 4 A; 8 C; 5 G; 3 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 916 GAACCTTCAACCTGAGGGGCG 935
DB 1 GAACCTTCAACCTGAGGGGCG 20
RESULT 145
ABZ87743
ID ABZ87743 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
XX
AC ABZ87743;
XX
DT 17-OCT-2003 (first entry)
XX
DE Human oligonucleotide sequence.
XX
KW Human; antisense; lung dysfunction; nasal airway dysfunction;
antiinflammatory steroid; ubiquinone; antiinflammatory; antiallergic;
antiasthmatic; hypotensive; immunosuppressive; cytostatic; gene therapy;
adenosine gene therapy; respiratory; lung; adenosine sensitivity;
adenosine receptor; bronchodilation; bronchoconstriction; lung allergy;
lung inflammation; respiratory disease; ds.
XX
OS Homo sapiens.
XX
PN WO200285308-A2.
XX
PD 31-OCT-2002.
XX
PF 23-APR-2002; 2002WO-US013135.
XX
PR 24-APR-2001; 2001US-0286137P.
XX
PA (EPIG-) EPIGENESIS PHARM INC.
XX
PI Nyce JW, Li Y, Sandrasagra A, Katz E, Pabalan J, Aguilar D;
PI Miller S, Tang L, Shahabuddin S;
XX
DR WPI; 2003-229219/22.
XX
PT Pharmaceutical composition for treating ailments associated with impaired
PT respiration, has oligo(s) antisense to specific gene(s) or its
PT corresponding RNAs, and glucocorticoid or non-glucocorticoid steroid or
PT ubiquinone.
XX
PS Disclosure; SEQ ID NO 2985; 872pp; English.
XX
CC The invention relates to a novel pharmaceutical composition, which has a
CC first active agent comprising an oligonucleotide antisense to the
CC initiation codon, coding region, 5' or 3' end genomic flanking regions,
CC 5' and 3' intron-exon junctions, or regions within 2-10 nucleotides of
CC junctions of genes encoding a polypeptide associated with lung and/or
CC nasal airway dysfunction and a second active agent comprising an
CC antiinflammatory steroid and ubiquinone. A composition of the invention
CC has antiinflammatory, antiallergic, antiasthmatic, hypotensive,
CC immunosuppressive, and cytostatic activity. The composition may have a
CC use in antisense gene therapy. The composition is useful for treating or
CC preventing a respiratory, lung or malignant disease or condition, also
CC for enhancing the prophylactic or therapeutic respiratory effect of an
CC antiinflammatory steroid in a subject, for reducing or depleting levels
CC of, or reducing sensitivity to adenosine, reducing levels of adenosine
CC receptor, producing bronchodilation, increasing levels of ubiquinone or
CC lung surfactant in a subject's tissue, or treating bronchoconstriction,
CC lung inflammation, lung allergies, or a respiratory disease or condition.
CC Note: The sequence data for this patent is not represented in the printed

CC specification, but was obtained in electronic format directly from WIPO
CC at ftp.wipo.int/pub/published_pct_sequences
XX
SQ Sequence 20 BP; 9 A; 6 C; 3 G; 2 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 950 AAGACGAGACGACCTGAACT 969
DB 1 AAGACGAGACGACCTGAACT 20
RESULT 146
ACD42144/C
ID ACD42144 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
XX
AC ACD42144;
XX
DT 05-SEP-2003 (first entry)
XX
DE Human raf-associated antisense oligonucleotide #6.
XX
KW Antisense; c-raf; a-raf; b-raf; protein kinase; cancer; ss;
signal transduction; cell proliferation; lung carcinoma; cytostatic;
KW antisense gene therapy; chemotherapeutic agent; angiogenesis;
KW hyperproliferative condition; neovascularisation; ocular angiogenesis.
XX
OS Unidentified.
XX
PN US2003032607-A1.
XX
PD 13-FEB-2003.
XX
PF 25-JAN-2002; 2002US-00057550.
XX
PR 31-MAY-1994; 94US-00250856.
XX
PR 31-MAY-1995; 95WO-US0007111.
XX
PR 26-NOV-1996; 96US-00766806.
XX
PR 07-JUL-1997; 97US-00888982.
XX
PR 06-JUL-1998; 98WO-US013961.
XX
PR 28-AUG-1998; 98US-00143214.
XX
PR 18-FEB-2000; 2000US-00506073.
XX
PA (MONI/) MONIA B P.
XX
PI Monia BP;
XX
DR WPI; 2003-503332/47.
XX
PT Novel antisense oligonucleotide which is targeted to mRNA encoding human
PT raf and which is capable of inhibiting raf expression, useful for
PT treating or preventing hyperproliferative conditions such as cancer.
XX
PS Disclosure; Page 30; 42pp; English.
XX
CC The invention relates to an oligonucleotide 8-50 nucleotides in length
CC which is targeted to mRNA encoding human c-raf, a-raf or b-raf (raf is a
CC protein kinase playing a regulatory role in signal transduction,
CC regulating cell proliferation and has been implicated in lung carcinoma),
CC and which is capable of inhibiting raf expression. Also included is a
CC composition comprising the oligonucleotide and a pharmaceutically
CC acceptable carrier. The antisense oligonucleotide is useful for
CC inhibiting the expression of human raf in human cells or tissues, by
CC contacting the human cells or tissues with the oligo. The oligo, is also
CC useful for treating or preventing a disease or condition associated
CC with the expression of raf by administering it in combination with a
CC chemotherapeutic agent to a human or cells of the human, where the
CC expression of raf is abnormal expression, and the condition is a
CC hyperproliferative condition such as cancer, angiogenesis or
CC neovascularisation (preferably ocular angiogenesis or
CC neovascularisation). The oligo, is also useful for inhibiting

RESULT 148
 ID ABD23973 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
 AC ABD23973;
 XX ABD23973;
 XX
 DT 29-JUL-2004 (first entry)
 DE Human calmodulin 2-derived oligonucleotide SEQ ID 2985.
 XX
 XX Human; antisense; bronchoconstriction; allergy; hyposecretion; pain;
 KW respiratory tract inflammation; adenosine sensitivity; lung; cancer;
 KW surfactant depletion; anti-allergic; anti-inflammatory; antiasthmatic;
 KW analgesic; hypotensive; immunosuppressive; cytosolic; cystic fibrosis;
 KW beta-adrenergic agonist; respiratory disease; pulmonary vasodilation;
 KW respiratory distress syndrome; allergic rhinitis; pulmonary hypertension;
 KW emphysema; chronic obstructive pulmonary disease; cancer; bronchitis;
 KW pulmonary transplantation rejection; ss; primer.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 XX
 XX W0200285309-A2.
 EN
 PD 31-OCT-2002.
 XX
 XX 23-APR-2002; 2002WO-US013143.
 PF
 XX 24-APR-2001; 2001US-0286036P.
 PR
 XX
 PA (EPIG-) EPIGENESIS PHARM INC.
 PI Myce JW, Li Y, Sandrasagra A, Katz E, Pabalan J, Aguilar D;
 PI Miller S, Tang L, Shahbuddin S;
 DR WPI; 2003-093058/08.
 XX
 XX Pharmaceutical composition for treating asthma, has antisense
 PT oligonucleotide containing less percentage of adenosine, targeted to
 PT nucleic acids associated with lung airway or lung dysfunction, and
 PT bronchodilating agent.
 PT
 PS Claim 15; SEQ ID NO 2985; 763BP; English.
 XX
 XX This invention describes a novel composition (a) a first active agent,
 CC comprising oligonucleotides, effective for alleviating
 CC bronchoconstriction, respiratory tract inflammation, allergies and
 CC reducing adenosine sensitivity, levels of adenosine (A) or (A) receptors,
 CC surfactant depletion or hyposecretion, when administered to a mammal. The
 CC oligonucleotides are derived from a gene encoding or regulating
 CC expression of a target polypeptide associated with lung airway or lung
 CC dysfunction or cancer and can be anti-sense to the corresponding mRNA.
 CC The invention also describes a kit, that comprises: (a) a delivery
 CC device, in separate containers, (b) the oligonucleotides, (c)
 CC instructions for adding a carrier and for use of the kit. The composition
 CC of the invention has anti-allergic, anti-inflammatory, antiasthmatic,
 CC analgesic, hypotensive, immunosuppressive and cytosolic activity, is a
 CC beta-adrenergic agonist. The composition is useful for preventing or
 CC treating a respiratory, lung or malignant disease. The administered
 CC composition comprises oligo and is administered to reduce the production
 CC or availability, or to increase the degradation of the target mRNA or to
 CC reduce the amount of target polypeptide present in the lungs. The
 CC pulmonary obstruction, and/or bronchoconstriction and/or lung
 CC inflammation, allergies and/or surfactant hypoproduction are associated
 CC with a disease or condition such as pulmonary vasoconstriction,
 CC inflammation, allergies, asthma, impeded respiration, respiratory
 CC distress syndrome, pain, cystic fibrosis, allergic rhinitis, pulmonary
 CC hypertension, emphysema, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, pulmonary
 CC transplantation rejection, pulmonary infections, bronchitis or cancer.
 CC The reduced adenosine content of the anti-sense oligos corresponding to
 CC thymidines present in the target RNA serves to prevent the breakdown of
 CC the oligonucleotides into products that free adenosine into the system
 CC e.g., lung, brain, heart, kidney, etc. tissue environment and thereby, to

CC prevent any unwanted effects due to it
 XX
 XX Sequence 20 BP; 9 A; 6 C; 3 G; 2 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
 SQ
 Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;
 Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 950 AAGACGAGACGACTGAACT 969
 DB 1 AAAACCCAGACGACTGAACT 20
 RESULT 149
 ABD23417
 ID ABD23417 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
 AC ABD23417;
 XX
 DT 29-JUL-2004 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Human myosin X-derived oligonucleotide SEQ ID 2429.
 XX
 KW Human; antisense; bronchoconstriction; allergy; hyposecretion; pain;
 KW respiratory tract inflammation; adenosine sensitivity; lung; cancer;
 KW surfactant depletion; antiasthmatic; antiinflammatory; antiasthmatic;
 KW analgesic; hypotensive; immunosuppressive; cytostatic; cystic fibrosis;
 KW beta-adrenergic agonist; respiratory disease; pulmonary vasoconstriction;
 KW respiratory distress syndrome; allergic rhinitis; pulmonary hypertension;
 KW emphysema; chronic obstructive pulmonary disease; cancer; bronchitis;
 KW pulmonary transplantation rejection; ss; primer.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 XX
 EN WO200285309-A2.
 XX
 PD 31-OCT-2002.
 XX
 PF 23-APR-2002; 2002WO-US013143.
 XX
 PR 24-APR-2001; 2001US-0286036P.
 XX
 PA (EPIG-) EPIGENESIS PHARM INC.
 XX
 PI Nye JW, Li Y, Sandrasagra A, Katz E, Pabalan J, Aguilar D;
 PI Miller S, Tang L, Shahabuddin S;
 XX
 DR WPI; 2003-093058/08.
 XX
 PT Pharmaceutical composition for treating asthma, has antisense
 PT oligonucleotide containing less percentage of adenosine, targeted to
 PT nucleic acids associated with lung airway or lung dysfunction, and
 PT bronchodilating agent.
 XX
 PS Claim 15; SEQ ID NO 2429; 763pp; English.
 XX
 CC This invention describes a novel composition (a) a first active agent,
 CC comprising oligonucleotides, effective for alleviating
 CC bronchoconstriction, respiratory tract inflammation, allergies and
 CC reducing adenosine sensitivity, levels of adenosine (A) or (A) receptors,
 CC surfactant depletion or hyposecretion, when administered to a mammal. The
 CC oligonucleotides are derived from a gene encoding or regulating
 CC expression of a target polypeptide associated with lung airway or lung
 CC dysfunction or cancer and can be anti-sense to the corresponding mRNA.
 CC The invention also describes a kit, that comprises: (a) a delivery
 CC device, in separate containers, (b) the oligonucleotides, (c)
 CC instructions for adding a carrier and for use of the kit. The composition
 CC of the invention has antiasthmatic, antiinflammatory, antiasthmatic,
 CC analgesic, hypotensive, immunosuppressive and cytostatic activity, is a
 CC beta-adrenergic agonist. The composition is useful for preventing or
 CC treating a respiratory, lung or malignant disease. The administered
 CC composition comprises oligo and is administered to reduce the production
 CC or availability, or to increase the degradation of the target mRNA or to

CC reduce the amount of target polypeptide present in the lungs. The
 CC pulmonary obstruction, and/or bronchoconstriction and/or lung
 CC inflammation, allergies and/or surfactant hypoproduction are associated
 CC with a disease or condition such as pulmonary vasoconstriction,
 CC inflammation, allergies, asthma, impeded respiration, respiratory
 CC distress syndrome, pain, cystic fibrosis, allergic rhinitis, pulmonary
 CC hypertension, emphysema, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, pulmonary
 CC transplantation rejection, pulmonary infections, bronchitis or cancer.
 CC The reduced adenosine content of the anti-sense oligos corresponding to
 CC thymidines present in the target RNA serves to prevent the breakdown of
 CC the oligonucleotides into products that free adenosine into the system
 CC e.g., lung, brain, heart, kidney, etc, tissue environment and thereby, to
 CC prevent any unwanted effects due to it
 XX
 SQ Sequence 20 BP; 4 A; 5 C; 7 G; 4 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
 QY
 Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;
 Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 508 TCAGCTCTGAGAGAGC 527
 DB 1 TCAGCTCTGAGAGAGC 20
 RESULT 150
 ABD24552
 ID ABD24552 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
 AC ABD24552;
 XX
 DT 29-JUL-2004 (first entry)
 XX
 DE A1652764-derived oligonucleotide SEQ ID 3564.
 XX
 KW Human; antisense; bronchoconstriction; allergy; hyposecretion; pain;
 KW respiratory tract inflammation; adenosine sensitivity; lung; cancer;
 KW surfactant depletion; antiasthmatic; antiinflammatory; antiasthmatic;
 KW analgesic; hypotensive; immunosuppressive; cytostatic; cystic fibrosis;
 KW beta-adrenergic agonist; respiratory disease; pulmonary vasoconstriction;
 KW respiratory distress syndrome; allergic rhinitis; pulmonary hypertension;
 KW emphysema; chronic obstructive pulmonary disease; cancer; bronchitis;
 KW pulmonary transplantation rejection; ss; primer.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 XX
 EN WO200285309-A2.
 XX
 PD 31-OCT-2002.
 XX
 PF 23-APR-2002; 2002WO-US013143.
 XX
 PR 24-APR-2001; 2001US-0286036P.
 XX
 PA (EPIG-) EPIGENESIS PHARM INC.
 XX
 PI Nye JW, Li Y, Sandrasagra A, Katz E, Pabalan J, Aguilar D;
 PI Miller S, Tang L, Shahabuddin S;
 XX
 DR WPI; 2003-093058/08.
 XX
 PT Pharmaceutical composition for treating asthma, has antisense
 PT oligonucleotide containing less percentage of adenosine, targeted to
 PT nucleic acids associated with lung airway or lung dysfunction, and
 PT bronchodilating agent.
 XX
 PS Claim 15; SEQ ID NO 3564; 763pp; English.
 XX
 CC This invention describes a novel composition (a) a first active agent,
 CC comprising oligonucleotides, effective for alleviating
 CC bronchoconstriction, respiratory tract inflammation, allergies and
 CC reducing adenosine sensitivity, levels of adenosine (A) or (A) receptors,
 CC surfactant depletion or hyposecretion, when administered to a mammal. The

CC oligonucleotides are derived from a gene encoding or regulating
CC expression of a target polypeptide associated with lung artery or lung
CC dysfunction or cancer and can be anti-sense to the corresponding mRNA.
CC The invention also describes a kit, that comprises: (a) a delivery
CC device, in separate containers, (b) the oligonucleotides, (c)
CC instructions for adding a carrier and for use of the kit. The composition
CC of the invention has anti-allergic, anti-inflammatory, antistatic,
CC analgesic, hypotensive, immunosuppressive and cytostatic activity, is a
CC beta-adrenergic agonist. The composition is useful for preventing or
CC treating a respiratory, lung or malignant disease. The administered
CC composition comprises oligo and is administered to reduce the production
CC or availability, or to increase the degradation of the target mRNA or to
CC reduce the amount of target polypeptide present in the lungs. The
CC pulmonary obstruction, and/or bronchoconstriction and/or lung
CC inflammation, allergies and/or surfactant hypoproduction are associated
CC with a disease or condition such as pulmonary vasoconstriction,
CC inflammation, allergies, asthma, impeded respiration, respiratory
CC distress syndrome, pain, cystic fibrosis, allergic rhinitis, pulmonary
CC hypertension, emphysema, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, pulmonary
CC transplantation rejection, pulmonary infections, bronchitis or cancer.
CC The reduced adenosine content of the anti-sense oligos corresponding to
CC thymidines present in the target RNA serves to prevent the breakdown of
CC the oligonucleotides into products that free adenosine into the system
CC e.g., lung, brain, heart, kidney, etc, tissue environment and thereby, to
CC prevent any unwanted effects due to it

QY 916 GAACCTTCACCTCAGGGGCG 935
DB 1 GAACCTTCACCTCAGGGGCG 20

SEQUENCE 20 BP; 4 A; 8 C; 5 G; 3 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

RESULT 151
ADH67851 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
XX ADH67851;
XX
XX
XX 25-MAR-2004 (first entry)
XX
XX
XX Human glucocorticoid receptor-specific antisense oligonucleotide #4685.
XX
XX
XX antisense oligonucleotide; glucocorticoid receptor; infection;
XX inflammation; tumour formation; diabetes; obesity;
XX cardiovascular disorder; hyperlipidaemia; Cushing's syndrome; human; ss;
XX phosphorothioate backbone; 2'-methoxyethyl; 2'-MOE.
XX
XX Homo sapiens.
XX
XX WO2003099215-A2.
XX
XX
XX 04-DEC-2003.
XX
XX 20-MAY-2003; 2003WO-US016084.
XX
XX 20-MAY-2002; 2002US-0381857P.
XX
XX (PHAA) PHARMACIA CORP.
XX
XX Crosby SD, Nalseth AB;
XX
XX WPI; 2004-035034/03.
XX
XX
XX New antisense compound targeted to a nucleic acid molecule encoding
XX mammalian glucocorticoid receptor, useful for treating diabetes, obesity,
XX cardiovascular disorder, hyperlipidaemia or Cushing's syndrome.
XX
XX Claim 4; SEQ ID NO 4685; 985pp; English.

XX
CC The invention comprises an antisense oligonucleotide that are targeted
CC to nucleic acids encoding a mammalian glucocorticoid receptor. The
CC antisense oligonucleotides of the invention are useful for preventing or
CC delaying infection, inflammation or tumour formation. The antisense
CC oligonucleotides are also useful for treating diabetes, obesity, the
CC cardiovascular disorders, hyperlipidaemia or Cushing's syndrome. The
CC present DNA sequence represents an antisense oligonucleotide that targets
CC the human glucocorticoid receptor gene. NOTE: The present sequence
CC contains 2'-methoxyethyl (2'-MOE) wings and a phosphorothioate backbone.

QY 1726 AATATTTTACTTTCTTCTAA 1745
DB 1 AATATATTTTCTTTCTTCTAA 20

SEQUENCE 20 BP; 6 A; 1 C; 0 G; 13 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

RESULT 152
AD179409/C
ID AD179409 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
XX AD179409;
XX
XX 22-APR-2004 (first entry)
XX
XX
XX Human MAGE-C2 PCR primer S1118.
XX
XX
XX Human; ss; MAGE; chromosome Xq26-q27; cancer; cytostatic; TRAP;
XX tumour rejection antigen precursor; PCR; primer.
XX
XX
XX Homo sapiens.
XX
XX US6680191-B1.
XX
XX 20-JAN-2004.
XX
XX
XX 17-DEC-1999; 99US-00468433.
XX
XX 25-APR-1997; 97US-00845528.
XX
XX 24-APR-1998; 98US-00066281.
XX
XX
XX (LUDW-) LUDWIG INST CANCER RES.
XX
XX
XX Lucas S, Boon-Falleur T;
XX
XX WPI; 2004-088565/09.
XX
XX
XX New nucleic acid molecules coding for tumor rejection antigen precursors
XX of the MAGE-C and MAGE-B families, useful for diagnosing, preventing or
XX treating cancer.
XX
XX Example 11; SEQ ID NO 17; 56pp; English.

CC The invention relates to an isolated nucleic acid molecule comprising the
CC open reading frame of human MAGE-C3 (not defined) appearing as AD179413,
CC or its complete complement. Also included are an expression vector
CC comprising the new nucleic acid molecule operatively linked to a
CC promoter, an isolated cell line or cell strain transfected or transformed
CC with the expression vector and a kit useful in a polymerase chain
CC reaction (PCR) based assay, comprising an oligonucleotide fragment of
CC AD179413 comprising nucleotides 175-195 or 711-731. MAGE-C and MAGE-B
CC family members are tumor rejection antigen precursors (TRAP). The
CC composition and methods are useful for diagnosing, preventing or treating
CC cancer. Also disclosed as new are the DNAs and proteins for MAGE-C1, MAGE
CC -C2, MAGE-B5 and MAGE-B6. The genes for MAGE-C1, C2 and C3 are located on
CC chromosome Xq26-27. The present sequence is a PCR primer used in the
CC isolation or analysis of the MAGE genes of the invention.

SQ Sequence 20 BP; 3 A; 5 C; 7 G; 5 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 495 TGTGCACTGATGAGCT 514
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
Db 20 TGTGCCACCAAGGAGCT 1

RESULT 153
AD128308
ID AD128308 standard; cDNA, 20 BP.
XX
AC AD128308;
XX
XX 22-APR-2004 (first entry)
XX
DE Human PRL3 antisense target region #52.
XX
XX Human; antisense gene therapy; ss; PRL3;
KW protein tyrosine phosphatase type IVA member 3; colorectal cancer;
KW diabetes; glucose tolerance; insulin resistance; obesity;
KW hyperproliferative disorder; cytostatic.
XX
OS Homo sapiens.
XX
EN US2003235911-A1.
XX
XX 25-DEC-2003.
XX
XX 20-JUN-2002; 2002US-00177554.
XX
XX 20-JUN-2002; 2002US-00177554.
XX
XX (ISIS-) ISIS PHARM INC.
XX
XX Dobie KW, Zhang H;
XX
XX WPI; 2004-070585/07.
XX
PT New antisense oligonucleotide, comprising a sequence targeted to a
PT nucleic acid encoding protein tyrosine phosphatase type IVA member 3 (PRL
PT -3), useful for preparing a composition for treating hyperproliferative
PT disorders, e.g., cancer.
XX
XX Example 16; SEQ ID NO 215; 77bp; English.
XX
XX The invention relates to a compound comprising a sequence comprising 8-80
XX base pairs (bp) targeted to a nucleic acid encoding protein tyrosine
XX phosphatase type IVA member 3 (PRL-3), that specifically hybridises with
XX the nucleic acid encoding PRL-3 and inhibits expression of PRL-3, i.e. is
XX an antisense oligonucleotide (AO). Also included are a composition
XX comprising the compound and a carrier or diluent, inhibiting the
XX expression of PRL-3 in cells or tissues, treating an animal having or
XX suspected of having a disease or condition associated with PRL-3 and
XX screening for an antisense compound. The antisense oligonucleotide is
XX useful for preparing a composition for treating hyperproliferative
XX disorder, particularly cancer (e.g. colorectal cancer), diabetes,
XX reduced glucose tolerance, insulin resistance and obesity. The present
XX sequence is a Human PRL3 cDNA AO target region.
XX
SQ Sequence 20 BP; 2 A; 8 C; 4 G; 6 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1428 CTGACCTGTTGAGCAGCT 1447
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
Db 1 CTGACCTGTTCTCGCAGCT 20

RESULT 154
AD128178/c
ID AD128178 standard; DNA, 20 BP.
XX
XX AD128178;
XX
XX 22-APR-2004 (first entry)
XX
XX Antisense oligonucleotide targeting human PRL3 ISIS 217516.
XX
XX Human; antisense gene therapy; ss; PRL3;
KW protein tyrosine phosphatase type IVA member 3; colorectal cancer;
KW diabetes; glucose tolerance; insulin resistance; obesity;
KW hyperproliferative disorder; cytostatic.
XX
OS Homo sapiens.
XX
XX Key Location/Qualifiers
XX FH 1..20
XX FT modified_base
XX FT /*tag= b
XX FT /mod_base= OTHER
XX FT /note= "Phosphorothioate backbone and all cytidines are 5
XX FT -methyl cytidines"
XX FT 1..5
XX FT modified_base
XX FT /*tag= a
XX FT /mod_base= OTHER
XX FT /note= "2'-methoxyethyl residues"
XX FT /*tag= c
XX FT /mod_base= OTHER
XX FT /note= "2'-methoxyethyl residues"
XX
XX US2003235911-A1.
XX
XX 25-DEC-2003.
XX
XX 20-JUN-2002; 2002US-00177554.
XX
XX 20-JUN-2002; 2002US-00177554.
XX
XX (ISIS-) ISIS PHARM INC.
XX
XX Dobie KW, Zhang H;
XX
XX WPI; 2004-070585/07.
XX
XX New antisense oligonucleotide, comprising a sequence targeted to a
XX nucleic acid encoding protein tyrosine phosphatase type IVA member 3 (PRL
XX -3), useful for preparing a composition for treating hyperproliferative
XX disorders, e.g., cancer.
XX
XX Example 15; SEQ ID NO 85; 77bp; English.
XX
XX The invention relates to a compound comprising a sequence comprising 8-80
XX base pairs (bp) targeted to a nucleic acid encoding protein tyrosine
XX phosphatase type IVA member 3 (PRL-3), that specifically hybridises with
XX the nucleic acid encoding PRL-3 and inhibits expression of PRL-3, i.e. is
XX an antisense oligonucleotide (AO). Also included are a composition
XX comprising the compound and a carrier or diluent, inhibiting the
XX expression of PRL-3 in cells or tissues, treating an animal having or
XX suspected of having a disease or condition associated with PRL-3 and
XX screening for an antisense compound. The antisense oligonucleotide is
XX useful for preparing a composition for treating hyperproliferative
XX disorder, particularly cancer (e.g. colorectal cancer), diabetes,
XX reduced glucose tolerance, insulin resistance and obesity. The present
XX sequence is an antisense oligonucleotide targeting human PRL3.
XX
SQ Sequence 20 BP; 6 A; 4 C; 8 G; 2 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

[illegible]

PN JP2003259875-A.
 XX
 PD 16-SEP-2003.
 XX
 PF 08-MAR-2002; 2002JP-00064373.
 XX
 PR 08-MAR-2002; 2002JP-00064373.
 XX
 PA (KAGA-) KAGAKU GIUTTSU SHINKO JIGYODAN.
 XX
 DR WPI; 2004-093977/10.
 XX
 PT Novel polynucleotide useful for PCR amplification along with two DNA
 PT fragment from another set of sequences, or for detecting single
 PT nucleotide polymorphism in human gene.
 XX
 PS Claim 2; SEQ ID NO 4561; 2627bp; Japanese.
 XX
 CC The present invention relates to a polynucleotide isolated from a human
 CC gene and is useful for detecting a single nucleotide polymorphism in a
 CC human gene or for diagnosing of disease. The invention enables the
 CC detection of a single nucleotide polymorphism in a human gene. The
 CC present sequence represents a primer of the invention.
 XX
 SQ Sequence 20 BP; 4 A; 6 C; 6 G; 4 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
 XX
 QY
 Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;
 Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 XX
 Db 1019 GGAAACTGAGGACGACC 1038
 20 GATTAAGTGTGAGCTCC 1
 XX
 RESULT 158
 ADK97463/C
 ID ADK97463 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
 XX
 AC ADK97463;
 XX
 DT 06-MAY-2004 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Primer of the invention #3183.
 XX
 KW human; single nucleotide polymorphism; SNP; ss; primer.
 XX
 OS Synthetic.
 XX
 PW JP2003259875-A.
 XX
 PD 16-SEP-2003.
 XX
 PF 08-MAR-2002; 2002JP-00064373.
 XX
 PR 08-MAR-2002; 2002JP-00064373.
 XX
 PA (KAGA-) KAGAKU GIUTTSU SHINKO JIGYODAN.
 XX
 DR WPI; 2004-093977/10.
 XX
 PT Novel polynucleotide useful for PCR amplification along with two DNA
 PT fragment from another set of sequences, or for detecting single
 PT nucleotide polymorphism in human gene.
 XX
 PS Claim 2; SEQ ID NO 6492; 2627bp; Japanese.
 XX
 CC The present invention relates to a polynucleotide isolated from a human
 CC gene and is useful for detecting a single nucleotide polymorphism in a
 CC human gene or for diagnosing of disease. The invention enables the
 CC detection of a single nucleotide polymorphism in a human gene. The
 CC present sequence represents a primer of the invention.
 XX

SQ Sequence 20 BP; 5 A; 4 C; 7 G; 4 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
 XX
 QY
 Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;
 Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 XX
 Db 169 GCTCCGACACTGAGTTCA 188
 20 GCTCCTGCAATCTGAGCTCA 1
 XX
 RESULT 159
 ADK95099
 ID ADK95099 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
 XX
 AC ADK95099;
 XX
 DT 06-MAY-2004 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Primer of the invention #819.
 XX
 KW human; single nucleotide polymorphism; SNP; ss; primer.
 XX
 OS Synthetic.
 XX
 PW JP2003259875-A.
 XX
 PD 16-SEP-2003.
 XX
 PF 08-MAR-2002; 2002JP-00064373.
 XX
 PR 08-MAR-2002; 2002JP-00064373.
 XX
 PA (KAGA-) KAGAKU GIUTTSU SHINKO JIGYODAN.
 XX
 DR WPI; 2004-093977/10.
 XX
 PT Novel polynucleotide useful for PCR amplification along with two DNA
 PT fragment from another set of sequences, or for detecting single
 PT nucleotide polymorphism in human gene.
 XX
 PS Claim 2; SEQ ID NO 4128; 2627bp; Japanese.
 XX
 CC The present invention relates to a polynucleotide isolated from a human
 CC gene and is useful for detecting a single nucleotide polymorphism in a
 CC human gene or for diagnosing of disease. The invention enables the
 CC detection of a single nucleotide polymorphism in a human gene. The
 CC present sequence represents a primer of the invention.
 XX
 SQ Sequence 20 BP; 5 A; 9 C; 3 G; 3 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
 XX
 QY
 Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;
 Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 XX
 Db 1284 AAGAGGACGACGCTCCTCAG 1303
 1 AAGAGCCACCTCCTCCTCAG 20
 XX
 RESULT 160
 ADK12219/C
 ID ADK12219 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
 XX
 AC ADK12219;
 XX
 DT 20-MAY-2004 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Human complement component C3 DNA, antisense oligonucleotide #59.
 XX
 KW Antisense therapy; human; complement component C3; autoimmune disorder;
 KW multiple sclerosis; infection; atherosclerosis; neuroprotective;
 KW antiarteriosclerotic; antimicrobial; antiinflammatory; cytostatic;

KW phosphorothioate; ss.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 XX
 FH modified_base 1. .20
 FT Location/Qualifiers
 FT /tag= a
 FT /mod_base= OTHER
 FT /note= "This oligonucleotide has a phosphorothioate
 backbone and 2'-methoxyethyl (2'-MOE) wings at the 5'
 and 3' ends, which are 5 nucleotides in length at each
 end. All cytidine residues are 5-methylcytidines"
 XX
 XX US2004043956-A1.
 XX
 XX 04-MAR-2004.
 XX
 XX 18-AUG-2003; 2003US-00642802.
 XX
 XX 23-OCT-2001; 2001US-00001076.
 XX
 XX (GRAH/) GRAHAM M J.
 XX (WATT/) WATT A T.
 XX
 XX Graham MJ, Watt AT;
 XX
 XX WPI; 2004-225730/21.
 XX
 XX New antisense compound targeted to a nucleic acid molecule encoding
 PT complement component C3, useful for treating multiple sclerosis, an
 PT infection or atherosclerosis.
 XX
 XX Example 15; SEQ ID NO 77; 74pp; English.
 PS
 XX The present invention relates to antisense compounds targeted to a
 CC nucleic acid encoding human and mouse complement component C3. The
 CC antisense compound comprises an antisense oligonucleotide that
 CC specifically hybridises with the nucleic acid and inhibits the expression
 CC of complement component C3 in cells. The antisense oligonucleotide is a
 CC chimeric oligonucleotide. The antisense oligonucleotide comprises at
 CC least one modified internucleoside linkage, preferably a phosphorothioate
 CC linkage. It also comprises at least one modified sugar moiety, preferably
 CC a 2'-O-methoxyethyl (2'-MOE) sugar moiety. The antisense oligonucleotide
 CC further comprises at least one modified nucleobase, preferably a 5-
 CC methylcytosine. The antisense oligonucleotides are useful for the
 CC treatment of diseases such as autoimmune disorders e.g. multiple
 CC sclerosis, infections, and atherosclerosis. The present sequence
 CC represents an antisense oligonucleotide used in the examples of the
 CC present invention.
 CC
 XX Sequence 20 BP; 1 A; 8 C; 5 G; 6 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
 SQ
 Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;
 Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 667 GCGGAGGAGGAGGAGGAGC 686
 DB 20 GCGAGGAGGAGGAGGAGC 1
 RESULT 161
 ADJ25457/c
 ID ADJ25457 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
 XX
 XX ADJ25457;
 AC
 XX 20-MAY-2004 (first entry)
 DT
 XX Human endothelial lipase antisense oligonucleotide, SEQ ID 3855.
 DE
 XX Antihypertensive; Cardiovascular; Analgesic; Antitumor; Antisense therapy;
 KW Human; Endothelial lipase; dyslipidemia; high density lipoprotein; HDL;

KW cardiovascular disorder; metabolic syndrome X; ss.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 OS Synthetic.
 XX
 FH modified_base 1. .20
 FT Location/Qualifiers
 FT /tag= a
 FT /mod_base= OTHER
 FT /note= "This oligonucleotide has a phosphorothioate
 backbone and 2'-methoxyethyl (2'-MOE) wings at the 5'
 and 3' ends, which are 4 nucleotides in length. Also all
 cytidine residues are 5-methylcytidines"
 XX
 XX WO2004009541-A2.
 XX
 XX 29-JUN-2004.
 XX
 XX 18-JUL-2003; 2003WO-US022410.
 XX
 XX 19-JUL-2002; 2002US-0397106P.
 XX
 XX (PHAR) PHARMACIA CORP.
 XX
 XX Bhat BG;
 XX
 XX WPI; 2004-132912/13.
 XX
 XX New antisense oligonucleotide for modulating endothelial lipase
 PT expression, for diagnosing, preventing or treating e.g. dyslipidemia, low
 PT high density lipoprotein or cardiovascular disorders.
 XX
 XX Claim 3; SEQ ID NO 3855; 1007pp; English.
 PS
 XX The present invention relates to antisense oligonucleotides (ADJ21603-
 CC ADJ25510) targeted to human Endothelial lipase (EL) coding sequence
 CC (ADJ25517), where the antisense oligonucleotide specifically hybridises
 CC with and inhibits the expression of EL. The antisense oligonucleotides
 CC are useful for modulating the expression of endothelial lipase in cells
 CC or tissues to treat diseases associated with EL expression, such as
 CC dyslipidemia, low high density lipoprotein (HDL), cardiovascular
 CC disorder or metabolic syndrome X. In addition, the oligonucleotides are
 CC used for diagnostics, prophylaxis, or as research reagents or kits.
 CC
 XX Sequence 20 BP; 12 A; 6 C; 0 G; 2 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
 SQ
 Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;
 Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1339 GAGGTGTTTGTATCTTA 1358
 DB 20 GAGGTGTTTGTATCTTA 1
 RESULT 162
 ADJ78855/c
 ID ADJ78855 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
 XX
 XX ADJ78855;
 AC
 XX 20-MAY-2004 (first entry)
 DT
 XX Chimeric phosphorothioate oligonucleotide to target Nav1.3 #6189.
 DE
 XX Nav1.3; Analgesic; Nootropic; Neuroprotective; post-herpetic neuralgia;
 KW diabetic neuropathy; arthritic pain; migraine headache;
 KW infantile epilepsy; ataxia; ss.
 XX
 XX Synthetic.
 OS
 XX WO2004016754-A2.
 FN
 XX

PD 26-FEB-2004.
 XX
 PF 14-AUG-2003; 2003WO-US025465.
 XX
 PF 14-AUG-2002; 2002US-0403416P.
 XX
 PA (PHAA) PHARMACIA CORP.
 XX
 PI Roberds SL;
 XX
 DR WPI; 2004-203785/19.
 XX
 PT New antisense compound targeted to a nucleic acid molecule encoding
 PT Nav1.3, useful for useful for treating a disease or condition associated
 PT with Nav1.3, e.g. pain, seizure disorder such as childhood seizure
 PT disorder, or ataxia.
 XX
 PS Claim 4; SEQ ID NO 6189; 417bp; English.
 XX
 CC The present invention relates to an antisense compound targeted to a
 CC nucleic acid molecule encoding Nav1.3, where the antisense compound
 CC specifically hybridizes with and inhibits the expression of Nav1.3. The
 CC compound and composition are useful for treating a disease or condition
 CC associated with Nav1.3, e.g. pain including but not limited to
 CC neuropathic pain, post-herpetic neuralgia, chronic pain, lower back pain,
 CC pain from burns, migraine headache, cluster headache, mild-to-moderate
 CC headache; seizure disorder such as childhood seizure disorder, including
 CC but not limited to neonatal or infantile epilepsy; or ataxia. The present
 CC sequence represents a chimeric phosphorothioate oligonucleotide with
 CC 2'MOE wings and a deoxy gap. Used during the antisense inhibition of
 CC human Nav1.3 expression, the oligonucleotides are designed to target
 CC different regions of the human Nav1.3 RNA.
 XX
 SQ Sequence 20 BP; 10 A; 3 C; 4 G; 3 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
 XX
 QY Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;
 Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 XX
 DB 1185 AGCAGTACCTTATTATTT 1204
 20 ACCATGTCCTTATGTTT 1
 XX
 RESULT 163
 ID ADL00781
 XX ADL00781 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
 AC
 AC ADL00781;
 XX
 DT 20-MAY-2004 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Human VEGF co-regulated chemokine-1 DNA antisense oligonucleotide #314.
 XX
 KW Human: VEGF co-regulated chemokine-1; VCC-1;
 KW vascular endothelial growth factor; ss; antisense compound;
 KW phosphorothioate linkage; 2'-O-methoxyethyl sugar moiety;
 KW 5-methylcytosine; antisense oligonucleotide; diabetes;
 KW immunological disorder; cardiovascular disorder; neurological disorder;
 KW ischaemia; reperfusion injury; cancer; angiogenic disorder; haemangioma;
 KW tumour angiogenesis; rheumatoid arthritis; atherosclerosis; psoriasis;
 KW fibrosis; myocardial infarction; wound healing; bone fracture;
 KW cartilage damage; tissue regeneration; organ regeneration;
 KW peritoneal disease; gut regeneration; atrial fibrillation.
 KW
 XX Homo sapiens.
 OS
 XX
 PN WO2004016224-A2.
 XX
 PD 26-FEB-2004.
 PD
 PF 19-AUG-2003; 2003WO-US025891.

XX
 PR 19-AUG-2002; 2002US-0404484P.
 XX
 PA (PHAA) PHARMACIA CORP.
 XX
 PI Weinstein EJ;
 XX
 DR WPI; 2004-192065/18.
 XX
 PT New antisense compounds targeted to a nucleic acid molecule encoding
 PT vascular endothelial growth factor co-regulated chemokine-1 (VCC-1),
 PT useful for treating VCC-1-associated disorders, e.g. diabetes or a
 PT neurologic disorder.
 XX
 PS Claim 4; SEQ ID NO 314; 336bp; English.
 XX
 CC The invention relates to an antisense compound targeted to a nucleic acid
 CC molecule encoding human vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF) co-
 CC regulated chemokine-1 (VCC-1), and which specifically hybridizes with and
 CC inhibits the expression of VCC-1. The invention also relates to a
 CC composition comprising the antisense compound, a method of inhibiting the
 CC expression of VCC-1 in cells or tissues comprising contacting the cells
 CC or tissues with the antisense compound and a method of treating a human
 CC having a disease or condition associated with VCC-1 comprising
 CC administering the antisense compound to an animal to inhibit expression
 CC of VCC-1. The antisense oligonucleotide comprises at least one modified
 CC internucleoside linkage, preferably a phosphorothioate linkage. It also
 CC comprises at least one modified sugar moiety, preferably a 2'-O-
 CC methoxyethyl sugar moiety, and at least one modified nucleobase,
 CC specifically a 5-methylcytosine. The antisense oligonucleotide preferably
 CC is a chimeric oligonucleotide. The antisense compound is useful for
 CC treating a disease or condition associated with VCC-1, such as diabetes,
 CC an immunological disorder, a cardiovascular disorder, a neurological
 CC disorder, ischaemia, reperfusion injury, cancer or an angiogenic
 CC disorder, e.g. haemangioma, tumour angiogenesis, rheumatoid arthritis,
 CC atherosclerosis, psoriasis or fibrosis after myocardial infarction. VCC-1
 CC antisense oligonucleotides may also be used for wound healing, for
 CC healing of bone fractures and cartilage damage, for regeneration of
 CC tissues or organs, for treating periodontal diseases, for gut protection
 CC or regeneration, for treatment of lung or liver fibrosis or for
 CC management of atrial fibrillation. This sequence represents an antisense
 CC oligonucleotide targeted to DNA encoding the human VCC-1 polypeptide of
 CC the invention.
 XX
 SQ Sequence 20 BP; 5 A; 4 C; 6 G; 5 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
 XX
 QY Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;
 Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 XX
 DB 388 TGGACAGCAGCAGTGGC 407
 1 TGGACATCAGCATTGATGTC 20
 XX
 RESULT 164
 ID ADN48788/c
 XX ADN48788 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
 AC
 AC ADN48788;
 XX
 DT 15-JUL-2004 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Human Notch (Drosophila) homologue 4 antisense oligo ISIS 141629.
 XX
 KW Notch (Drosophila) homologue 4; hyperproliferative disorder; cancer;
 KW rheumatoid arthritis; diabetes; prophylactic; infection; inflammation;
 KW tumour formation; antisense therapy; human; antisense;
 KW phosphorothioate backbone; ss.
 KW
 XX Homo sapiens.
 OS
 XX
 PF Synthetic.

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FH Key Location/Qualifiers
FT modified_base 1..20
FT /tag= b
FT /mod_base= OTHER
FT /note= "Phosphorothioate backbone where all cytidines are
FT 5-methyl cytidines"
FT modified_base 1..5
FT /tag= a
FT /mod_base= OTHER
FT /note= "2' -methoxyethyl (2' -MOE) nucleotide"
FT modified_base 16..20
FT /tag= c
FT /mod_base= OTHER
FT /note= "2' -methoxyethyl (2' -MOE) nucleotide"
FT US2004077569-A1.
XX 22-APR-2004.
XX 16-OCT-2002; 2002US-00273070.
XX 16-OCT-2002; 2002US-00273070.
XX (ISIS-) ISIS PHARM INC.
XX Watt AT;
XX WPI; 2004-340034/31.
XX New compound of 8-50 nucleobases in length which specifically hybridizes
XX with and inhibits the expression of Notch (Drosophila) homolog 4, useful
XX for treating cancer, rheumatoid arthritis or diabetes.
XX Example 15; SEQ ID NO 41; 66pp; English.
XX The present invention provides antisense okigonucleotides which are
XX targeted to nucleic acid encoding human Notch (Drosophila) homologue 4
XX and which modulate the expression Notch (Drosophila) homologue 4. The
XX invention is useful for inhibiting the expression of Notch (Drosophila)
XX homologue 4 in cells or tissues, in treating a disease or condition
XX associated with Notch (Drosophila) homologue 4 which includes
XX hyperproliferative disorder such as cancer, rheumatoid arthritis and
XX diabetes and useful prophylactically to prevent or delay infection,
XX inflammation and tumour formation. The invention is also useful in
XX antisense therapy. The present sequence is human Notch (Drosophila)
XX homologue 4 antisense oligonucleotide. This sequence is used in the
XX exemplification of the invention.
XX Sequence 20 BP; 3 A; 2 C; 9 G; 6 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
XX
XX Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
XX Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;
XX Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
XX
XX 608 ACTACTGCGCCTGCGCTACA 627
XX | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
XX 20 ACACTGCGCCTGCGCTACA 1
XX
XX RESULT 165
XX ADM16178/c
XX ID ADM16178 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
XX
XX AC ADM16178;
XX
XX 15-JUL-2004 (first entry)
XX
XX DE Murine SACL DNA PCR primer #405.
XX
XX KM Mouse; SACL; PCR; ss; carbohydrate; sweetener; ethanol; obesity;
XX KM diabetes; alcoholism; antidiabetic; alcohol; anorectic; antialcoholic;
XX KM primer.
XX

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OS Mus musculus.
XX US2004081964-A1.
XX 29-APR-2004.
XX 25-OCT-2002; 2002US-00280183.
XX 25-OCT-2002; 2002US-00280183.
XX 25-OCT-2002; 2002US-00280183.
XX (BACH/) BACHMANOV A. A.
XX (BERU/) BEAUCHAMP G. K.
XX (LISS/) LI S.
XX (LIXX/) LI X.
XX (REED/) REED D. R.
XX (TORD/) TORDOFF M. G.
XX (ROSS/) ROSS D. A.
XX (OHMA/) OHMAN J. D.
XX (CHAT/) CHATTERJEE A.
XX (DJON/) DE JONG P. J.
XX Bachmanov AA, Beauchamp GK, Li S, Li X, Reed DR, Tordoff MG;
XX Ross DA, Ohman JD, Chatterjee A, De Jong PJ;
XX WPI; 2004-340133/31.
XX New isolated polynucleotides for sensing carbohydrates, other sweeteners,
XX or ethanol, useful for screening drugs for inhibition or restoration of
XX gene function as antidiabetic, antioesity or antialcohol consumption
XX therapies.
XX Example 12; SEQ ID NO 448; 148pp; English.
XX The invention relates to SACL polypeptides and the polynucleotides
XX encoding them. The polynucleotides contain a variation associated with
XX sensing carbohydrates, other sweeteners or ethanol. The invention also
XX relates to a method for analysing a biomolecule in a biological sample,
XX comprising altering SACL activity in the sample and measuring the
XX activity, a method for analysing a polynucleotide in a biological sample,
XX comprising contacting a polynucleotide in a biological sample with a
XX probe where the probe hybridises to a SACL polynucleotide to form a
XX hybridisation complex and detecting the hybridisation complex, a method
XX of identifying susceptibility to obesity or diabetes comprising comparing
XX the nucleotide sequence of the suspected SACL allele with a wild type
XX nucleotide sequence, where the difference between the suspected allele
XX and the wild-type sequence identifies a sequence variation of the SACL
XX nucleotide sequence, and a method of treating or preventing obesity,
XX diabetes or alcoholism associated with expression of SACL, comprising
XX administering to a subject a pharmaceutical composition and a transgenic
XX animal that carries an altered SACL allele. The methods and compositions
XX of the invention are useful for screening drugs for inhibition or
XX restoration of gene function as antidiabetic, antioesity or antialcohol
XX consumption therapies and for identifying sweeteners and alcohols. This
XX sequence represents a PCR primer used to amplify murine SACL DNA of the
XX invention.
XX Sequence 20 BP; 2 A; 9 C; 3 G; 6 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
XX
XX Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
XX Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;
XX Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
XX
XX 979 GAGACTGAGGCGAGGAGCTG 998
XX | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
XX 20 GAGACCGAGGAGGAGGCTG 1
XX
XX RESULT 166
XX ADNS8843
XX ID ADNS8843 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
XX
XX AC ADNS8843;
XX

```

DT 12-AUG-2004 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Human B7H antisense oligonucleotide ISIS 205954.
 XX
 KW B7H; autoimmune disease; ss; antisense; human.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 OS Synthetic.
 XX
 PN US2004102396-A1.
 XX
 PD 27-MAY-2004.
 XX
 PF 23-NOV-2002; 2002US-00303420.
 XX
 PR 23-NOV-2002; 2002US-00303420.
 XX
 PA (ISIS-) ISIS PHARM INC.
 XX
 PI Monia BP, Dobie KM;
 XX
 DR WPI; 2004-39728/37.
 XX
 PT New compound targeted to a nucleic acid molecule encoding B7H and
 PT inhibits expression of B7H, useful for modulating the expression of B7H
 PT or for diagnosing or treating, e.g. autoimmune disease.
 XX
 PS Example 15; SEQ ID NO 94; 97bp; English.
 XX
 CC The invention relates to a compound targeted to a nucleic acid molecule
 CC encoding B7H, where the compound specifically hybridizes with the nucleic
 CC acid molecule encoding B7H and inhibits the expression of B7H. The
 CC compound is useful for modulating the expression of B7H. It is also
 CC useful for diagnosing or treating diseases associated with expression of
 CC B7H, e.g. an autoimmune disease. The present sequence represents a human
 CC B7H antisense oligonucleotide.
 XX
 SQ Sequence 20 BP; 5 A; 9 C; 3 G; 3 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
 Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;
 Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1116 TACCCCTGACTGACTGACCA 1135
 DB 1 TACCCCTGACCACTGACCA 20
 RESULT 167
 ADP48323/c
 ID ADP48323 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
 XX
 AC ADP48323;
 XX
 DT 09-SEP-2004 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Human Lck DNA antisense oligonucleotide #16.
 XX
 KW Human; lymphocyte specific tyrosine kinase; Lck; ss;
 KW antisense oligonucleotide; phosphorothioate linkage;
 KW 2'-O-methoxyethyl sugar moiety; 5-methylcytosine;
 KW hyperproliferative disorder; cancer; cyostatic.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 OS
 PN US2004116365-A1.
 XX
 PD 17-JUN-2004.
 XX
 PF 10-DEC-2002; 2002US-00316515.
 XX
 PR 10-DEC-2002; 2002US-00316515.
 XX
 PT

PA (ISIS-) ISIS PHARM INC.
 XX
 PI Borchers AH, Freier SM;
 XX
 DR WPI; 2004-498280/47.
 XX
 PT New antisense oligonucleotide compounds, useful for diagnosing,
 PT preventing and/or treating diseases or conditions associated with
 PT aberrant expression or activity of Lck, such as hyperproliferative
 PT disorders.
 XX
 PS Example 15; SEQ ID NO 26; 40bp; English.
 XX
 CC The invention relates to a compound targeted to a nucleic acid molecule
 CC encoding the human lymphocyte specific tyrosine kinase (Lck) polypeptide.
 CC The compound is an antisense oligonucleotide that specifically hybridizes
 CC with the nucleic acid and inhibits expression of the polypeptide. The
 CC antisense oligonucleotide comprises at least one modified internucleoside
 CC linkage i.e. a phosphorothioate linkage, at least one modified sugar
 CC moiety, preferably a 2'-O-methoxyethyl sugar moiety, or at least one
 CC modified nucleobase comprising a 5-methylcytosine. The antisense
 CC compounds are useful for modulating the expression for treating
 CC hyperproliferative disorders, e.g. cancer. This sequence represents an
 CC antisense oligonucleotide targeted to DNA encoding a human Lck
 CC polypeptide of the invention.
 XX
 SQ Sequence 20 BP; 3 A; 4 C; 6 G; 7 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
 Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;
 Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 501 AACCTGATGCGAGCTGCTGCA 520
 DB 20 AACCTGATGAGAGAGCTGCA 1
 RESULT 168
 ADQ80769
 ID ADQ80769 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
 XX
 AC ADQ80769;
 XX
 DT 23-SEP-2004 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Porcine IGF2 exon 5 UP-primer.
 XX
 KW Anorectic; Antidiabetic; Muscular; Gene Therapy; CpG island;
 KW IGF2 gene intron 3; muscle mass; fat deposition; test number; obesity;
 KW muscle deficiency; diabetes; PCR; primer; ss; pig.
 XX
 OS Sus scrofa.
 OS
 PN EP1437418-A1.
 XX
 PD 14-JUL-2004.
 XX
 PF 10-JAN-2003; 2003EP-00075091.
 XX
 PR 10-JAN-2003; 2003EP-00075091.
 XX
 PA (UPLI-) UNIV LIEGE.
 PA (MELI-) MELICA HB.
 PA (GENT-) GENTEC BV.
 XX
 PI Andersson L, Andersson G, Georges M, Buys N;
 XX
 DR WPI; 2004-501307/48.
 XX
 PT Selecting an animal for desired genotypic or potential phenotypic
 PT properties such as muscle mass and/or fat deposition, comprises testing
 PT for a single nucleotide polymorphism in intron 3 of the IGF2 gene.

XX Example 1; Page 21; 38pp; English.
PS
CC The present invention relates to a method (M1) for selecting an animal
CC for having desired genotypic or potential phenotypic properties. (M1)
CC comprises testing the animal for the presence of a nucleic acid
CC modification affecting the activity of an evolutionary conserved CpG
CC island located in intron 3 of an IGF2 gene; and/or binding of a nuclear
CC factor to an IGF2 gene. The nuclear factor is capable of binding to a
CC stretch of nucleotides which in the wild type pig, mouse or human IGF2
CC gene is part of an evolutionary conserved CpG island, located in intron 3
CC of the IGF2 gene. The stretch is functionally equivalent to (ADQ80709).
CC The nucleic acid modification in ADQ80709 comprises a G to A transition
CC at IGF2-intron3-nt3072. (M1) is useful for selecting an animal with
CC properties related to muscle mass, fat deposition, and/or test number.
CC Also claimed is a method (M2) for modulating mRNA transcription of an
CC IGF2 gene by modulating the activity of an evolutionarily conserved CpG
CC island located in intron 3 of an IGF2 gene and/or modulating binding of a
CC nuclear factor to an IGF2 gene. Also claimed is a method (M3) for
CC identifying a compound capable of modulating mRNA transcription of an
CC IGF2 gene and a method (M4) for identifying a compound capable of
CC modulating binding of a nuclear factor to an IGF2 gene. (M2) is useful
CC for modulating mRNA transcription of an IGF2 gene in a cell or organism.
CC (M3) and (M4) are useful for identifying compounds capable of modulating
CC mRNA transcription of an IGF2 gene and/or modulating binding of a nuclear
CC factor to an IGF2 gene. Compounds identified are potentially useful for
CC treating obesity, muscle deficiencies and diabetes. The present sequence
CC is a primer which was used to produce porcine sequence tagged sites (STS)
CC in an example from the invention.
SQ Sequence 20 BP; 2 A; 12 C; 1 G; 5 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
QY
Query Match 0.9%; Score 15.2; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 85.0%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Db 1 CTTGCCCTCCAACTCCTCC 20
275 CTTGCCCTCCAACTCCTCC 294
AAAF03309
ID AAFA03309 standard; DNA; 17 BP.
XX
XX AAFA03309;
AC
XX
XX 16-FEB-2001 (first entry)
DT
XX
XX Hammerhead ribozyme substrate #1604.
DB
XX
XX Ribozyme; erythropoietin; granulocyte colony stimulating factor;
XX interferon alpha; ss.
KM
XX
XX Homo sapiens.
OS
XX
XX WO200061729-A2.
EN
XX
XX 19-OCT-2000.
PD
XX
XX 11-APR-2000; 2000WO-US009721.
PF
XX
XX 12-APR-1999; 99US-0129390P.
PR
XX
XX (RIBO-) RIBOZYME PHARM INC.
PA
XX
XX Blatt L, Zwick M, Pavco P, Mcswigen J;
PI
XX
XX WPI; 2000-647423/62.
DR
XX
XX Enzymatic and antisense nucleic acid inhibition of repressor genes,
PT useful for producing e.g. granulocyte colony stimulating factor protein,
PT interferon alpha and erythropoietin.

XX Claim 37; Page 92; 164pp; English.
PS
XX
CC The present invention relates to enzymatic and antisense nucleic acid
CC molecules that act as inhibitors of the expression of repressor genes
CC encoding the IR2 Orphan receptor. EAR3/COUP-TF-1, the GATA transcription
CC factor gene, IRF-2 and/or the C/EBP Displacement Protein (CDP).
CC Inhibition of the repressors removes prevents inhibition (and
CC consequently increases expression of) genes involved in the production of
CC erythropoietin, granulocyte colony stimulating factor protein and
CC interferon alpha
SQ Sequence 17 BP; 4 A; 2 C; 7 G; 4 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
QY
Query Match 0.9%; Score 15; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.5e+02;
Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Db 2 TGTGATTGGGGACA 16
1099 TGTGATTGGGGACA 1113
TGTGATTGGGGACA 16
RESULT 170
AD138744/C
ID AD138744 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
XX
XX AD138744;
AC
XX
XX 22-APR-2004 (first entry)
DT
XX
XX Human LIM domain kinase 1 antisense oligonucleotide #28.
DE
XX
XX neuroprotective; LIM domain kinase 1; developmental disorder;
XX neurological disorder; diagnostic; prophylaxis; human; ss.
KM
XX
XX Homo sapiens.
OS
XX
XX
FH
XX
XX modified_base
FT 1.20
FT /tag= b
FT /mod_base= OTHER
FT /note= "OTHER= Phosphorochioate backbone. All cytidines
FT are 5-methylcytidines"
FT 1.5
FT /tag= a
FT /mod_base= OTHER
FT /note= "OTHER= 2'-O-Methoxyethyl (2'-MOE) nucleotides"
FT 15.20
FT /tag= c
FT /mod_base= OTHER
FT /note= "OTHER= 2'-O-Methoxyethyl (2'-MOE) nucleotides"
PN US2004014047-A1.
XX
XX 22-JAN-2004.
PD
XX
XX 18-JUL-2002; 2002US-00199199.
PF
XX
XX 18-JUL-2002; 2002US-00199199.
PR
XX
XX (ISIS-) ISIS PHARM INC.
PA
XX
XX Cowser LM, Dobie KW;
PI
XX
XX WPI; 2004-121553/12.
DR
XX
XX New antisense oligonucleotides for modulating LIM domain kinase 1
PT expression, useful for diagnosing, preventing or treating conditions
PT associated with the kinase, e.g. neurological or developmental disorders.
PT
XX
XX Example 15; SEQ ID NO 43; 81pp; English.
XX

CC The invention describes a compound 8-80 nucleobases in length targeted to
CC a nucleic acid molecule encoding LIM domain kinase 1. The compound
CC specifically hybridises with the nucleic acid molecule encoding LIM
CC domain kinase 1 and inhibits the expression of LIM domain kinase 1. It
CC specifically hybridises with at least an 8-nucleobase portion of a
CC preferred target region on the nucleic acid molecule encoding LIM domain
CC kinase 1. The antisense oligonucleotide is useful for modulating the
CC expression of LIM domain kinase 1 in cells or tissues to treat diseases
CC associated with their expression, such as a developmental disorder or a
CC neurological disorder. In addition, the compound is used for diagnostics,
CC prophylaxis, or as research reagents or kits. This sequence represents a
CC human LIM domain kinase 1 antisense oligonucleotide.
XX
SQ Sequence 20 BP; 4 A; 4 C; 9 G; 3 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
Query Match 0.9%; Score 15; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred.No. 2.5e+02;
Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 736 TCCAGCTGACCTCG 750
Db 16 TCCAGCTGACCTCG 2
RESULT 171
AD138817
ID AD138817 standard; DNA; 20 BP.
XX
AC AD138817;
XX
DT 22-APR-2004 (first entry)
XX
DE Human LIM domain kinase 1 antisense oligonucleotide #101.
XX
KW neuroprotective; LIM domain kinase 1; developmental disorder;
KW neurological disorder; diagnostic; prophylaxis; human; ss.
XX
OS Homo sapiens.
XX
Key Location/Qualifiers
FH modified_base 1..20
FT /*tag= b
FT /mod_base= OTHER
FT /note= "OTHER= Phosphorochic acid backbone. All cytidines
FT are 5-methylcytidines"
FT modified_base 1..5
FT /*tag= a
FT /mod_base= OTHER
FT /note= "OTHER= 2'-O-Methoxyethyl (2'-MOE) nucleotides"
FT modified_base 15..20
FT /*tag= c
FT /mod_base= OTHER
FT /note= "OTHER= 2'-O-Methoxyethyl (2'-MOE) nucleotides"
PN US2004014047-A1.
XX
PD 22-JAN-2004.
XX
PF 18-JUL-2002; 2002US-00199199.
XX
PR 18-JUL-2002; 2002US-00199199.
XX
PA (ISIS-) ISIS PHARM INC.
XX
PI Cowser LM, Dobie KW;
XX
DR WPI, 2004-121553/12.
XX
XX New antisense oligonucleotides for modulating LIM domain kinase 1
XX expression, useful for diagnosis, preventing or treating conditions
XX associated with the kinase, e.g. neurological or developmental disorders.
XX
PS Example 15, SEQ ID NO 116; 81pp; English.

XX
XX The invention describes a compound 8-80 nucleobases in length targeted to
CC a nucleic acid molecule encoding LIM domain kinase 1. The compound
CC specifically hybridises with the nucleic acid molecule encoding LIM
CC domain kinase 1 and inhibits the expression of LIM domain kinase 1. It
CC specifically hybridises with at least an 8-nucleobase portion of a
CC preferred target region on the nucleic acid molecule encoding LIM domain
CC kinase 1. The antisense oligonucleotide is useful for modulating the
CC expression of LIM domain kinase 1 in cells or tissues to treat diseases
CC associated with their expression, such as a developmental disorder or a
CC neurological disorder. In addition, the compound is used for diagnostics,
CC prophylaxis, or as research reagents or kits. This sequence represents a
CC human LIM domain kinase 1 antisense oligonucleotide.
XX
SQ Sequence 20 BP; 3 A; 9 C; 4 G; 4 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
Query Match 0.9%; Score 15; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred.No. 2.5e+02;
Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 736 TCCAGCTGACCTCG 750
Db 5 TCCAGCTGACCTCG 19
RESULT 172
ADG16131
ID ADG16131 standard; DNA; 24 BP.
XX
AC ADG16131;
XX
DT 26-FEB-2004 (first entry)
XX
DE Compound activity characterisation-related oligonucleotide Seq106.
XX
KW compound activity characterisation; cellular activity;
KW phenotypic attribute; candidate medicine; candidate treatment;
KW multiple biological descriptor; cell marker; ss.
XX
OS Unidentified.
XX
PN WO200181895-A2.
XX
PD 01-NOV-2001.
XX
PF 24-APR-2001; 2001WO-US013248.
XX
PR 26-APR-2000; 2000US-0199778P.
XX
PR 20-FEB-2001; 2001US-00790214.
XX
PA (CYTO-) CYTOKINETICS INC.
XX
PI Oestreicher DR, Sabry JH, Adams CL, Vaisberg EA, Crompton AM;
XX
DR WPI, 2002-041423/05.
XX
XX Characterizing cellular activity of compound, by receiving images of
XX cells with known activity and images of cells treated with compound,
XX characterizing phenotypic attributes of images and comparing the
XX phenotypes.
XX
PS Disclosure; Fig 18; 139pp; English.
XX
XX This invention relates to a novel method for the characterisation of the
CC activity of a compound on cell. The method involves receiving images of
CC cells with a cellular activity and images of other cells treated with the
CC compound, quantitatively characterising phenotypic attributes of the
CC image of cells with a cellular activity to produce a target phenotype for
CC the cellular activity and that of the image of other cells to produce a
CC second phenotype for the compound, and comparing the two phenotypes to
CC determine whether the compound possesses cellular activity. The invention
CC may be useful for characterising cellular activity of a compound, for
CC determining information about properties of substances based upon the

ID	ABX12469	standard; DNA; 27 BP.
AC	ABX12469;	
DT	10-MAY-2003	(first entry)
DE	Coxsackie B virus 4 (CBV-4) strain VD2921, PCR primer dt26v.	
KM	Coxsackie virus strain VD2921; diabetogenic coxsackie B virus-4; strain VD2921; VP1; VP2; VP3; VP4; P2A; P2B; P2C; P3A; P3B; P3C; P3D; diabetes; diabetogenic enterovirus; beta cell loss; blindness; renal failure; leg amputation; PCR; primer; ss.	
OS	Coxsackievirus.	
PN	WO2002103060-A2.	
PD	27-DEC-2002.	
PF	19-JUN-2002; 2002WO-IB003278.	
PR	20-JUN-2001; 2001SE-00002198.	
PA	(INNO-) INNOVENTUS PROJECT AB.	
PI	Tivemo HT, Frisk GE, Yin H;	
DR	WPI; 2003-278229/27.	
PT	Polymerase chain reaction and primers for detecting nucleic acids from the diabetogenic coxsackie B virus-4 strain VD2921.	
PS	Example 5; Page 44; 79pp; English.	
XX	The invention describes a polymerase chain reaction (PCR) and primers for detecting nucleic acids from the diabetogenic coxsackie B virus-4 (CBV-4) strain VD2921, (particularly VP1, VP2, VP3, VP4, P2A, P2B, P2C, P3A, P3B, P3C and P3D nucleic acids). The methods and primers are used for the detection of CBV-4 strain VD2921 which is associated with diabetes (diabetogenic enterovirus). Early detection of the diabetes e.g. detection of diabetogenic enteroviral RNA in peripheral mononuclear cells, can improve prognosis by allowing treatment e.g. with antiviral drugs, to prevent further loss of beta cells and severe long term consequences of diabetes including blindness, renal failure and leg amputations. This sequence represents a primer used to determine the genomic structure of diabetogenic coxsackie B virus 4 (CBV-4) strain VD2921	
SO	Sequence 27 BP; 0 A; 0 C; 0 G; 26 T; 0 U; 1 Other;	
QY	Query Match 0.9%; Score 15; DB 1; Length 27; Best Local Similarity 70.4%; Pred NO.2.4e+02; Matches 19; Conservative 1; Mismatches 7; Indels 0; Gaps 0;	
DB	1364 TGTGTTTGGTTTGATCTGTTTTTC 1410 1 TTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTV 27	
RESULT 176		
ID	AAK67192	
AC	AAK67192 standard; RNA; 18 BP.	
DT	20-JUN-1999	(first entry)
DE	Human CD40 hairpin ribozyme target SEQ ID NO:3824.	
KM	Arthritic condition; graft tolerance; immune response; target; cleavage; hammerhead ribozyme; hairpin ribozyme; human; rabbit; mouse; collagenase;	

KM	stromelysin; synovial membrane; joint; arthritis; osteoarthritis;
KM	streptococcal arthritis; autoimmune disease; allergy; inflammation;
KM	diagnosis, ss.
XX	
OS	Homo sapiens.
XX	
PN	W09618736-A2.
XX	
PD	20-JUN-1996.
XX	
PF	22-NOV-1995; 95MO-US015516.
XX	
PR	13-DEC-1994; 94US-00354920.
PR	23-DEC-1994; 94US-00363253.
PR	23-DEC-1994; 94US-00363254.
PR	17-FEB-1995; 95US-00390850.
PR	20-APR-1995; 95US-00426124.
PR	02-MAY-1995; 95US-00432874.
PR	04-MAY-1995; 95US-00434509.
PR	07-JUL-1995; 95US-0000951P.
PR	07-JUL-1995; 95US-0000974P.
PR	07-AUG-1995; 95US-00512861.
XX	05-OCT-1995; 95US-00541365.
XX	
PA	(RIBO-) RIBOZYME PHARM INC.
PI	Beigelman J, Stinchcomb DT, Jarvis T, Draper K, Payco P;
PI	Mcswigen J, Gustofson J, Usman N, Wincott F, Matulic-Adamic J;
PI	Karpitsky A, Thompson JD, Modak A, Burgin A;
XX	
DR	WPI, 1996-300653/30.
XX	
PT	Enzymatic nucleic acid molecules having a hammer-head motif - used for
PT	the treatment of arthritis, induction of graft tolerance or treatment of
PT	auto-immune diseases.
PS	Claim 10; Page 218; 307pp; English.
XX	
CC	The present invention describes a novel enzymatic nucleic acid (ENA)
CC	having a hammerhead motif (HM) comprising: (i) at least 5 ribose residues
CC	; (ii) a 2'-O-allyl modification at position 4 of the ENA; (iii) at least
CC	ten 2'-O-methyl modifications; and (iv) a 3'-end modification. The ENA's
CC	can inhibit collagenase and stromelysin production in the synovial
CC	membrane of joints for the treatment or prevention of arthritis.
CC	particularly osteoarthritis or rheumatoid arthritis. The ENA's can also
CC	be used to treat antigen presenting cells of a donor to induce tolerance
CC	in a recipient to an alloantigen of a donor. They can also be used for
CC	enhancing graft tolerance or for treating autoimmune disease, and for
CC	treating allergies and other inflammatory conditions. The ENA's can also
CC	be used in diagnosis. Ribozyme therapy impacts on the expression of
CC	stromelysin without introducing the non-specific effects upon gene
CC	expression which accompany treatment with retinoids and dexamethasone.
CC	The concentration of ribozyme required to affect a therapeutic treatment
CC	is lower than that required of antisense molecules, and is highly
CC	specific. The present sequence is used in the exemplification of the
CC	present invention
XX	
SQ	Sequence 18 BP; 1 A; 4 C; 8 G; 0 T; 5 U; 0 Other;
QY	Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 18;
DB	Best Local Similarity 66.7%; Pred.No. 2.7e+02;
DB	Matches 12; Conservative 4; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
XX	
XX	1 TGATGACAGCTGCTGACAG 522
XX	1 UGUGCGUGCGUGCGUGCAG 18
XX	
XX	RESULT 177
XX	AAT76222
XX	AAT76222 standard; DNA; 18 BP.
XX	AAT76222;

XX 12-SEP-1997 (first entry)
 XX Human IL5 antisense oligonucleotide HUMIL5AS3.
 DE
 XX
 XX Asthma; airway epithelium; adenosine free; cystic fibrosis;
 KM chronic obstructive pulmonary disease; bronchitis; interleukin; ss.
 XX
 XX Synthetic.
 OS
 XX MO9640162-A1.
 PN
 XX 19-DEC-1996.
 PD
 XX 06-JUN-1996; 96WO-US009306.
 PF
 XX 07-JUN-1995; 95US-00474497.
 PR
 XX (UYEC-) UNIV EAST CAROLINA.
 PA
 XX Nyce JW, Metzger WJ;
 PI
 XX WPI, 1997-051871/05.
 DR
 PT Treatment of airway diseases such as asthma - by topically applying
 PT adenosine-free antisense oligonucleotide to airway epithelium of
 PT subject.
 PS
 XX
 PS Claim 5; Page 31; 71pp; English.
 CC A method for treating airway disease in a subject has been produced,
 CC which involves the topical administration of an essentially adenosine
 CC free antisense oligonucleotide (ON) to the airway epithelium of the
 CC subject. The present sequence is an antisense oligonucleotide HUMIL5AS3
 CC specific for the human IL5. The method can be used to treat airway
 CC diseases such as cystic fibrosis, asthma, chronic obstructive pulmonary
 CC disease, bronchitis and other airway diseases characterised by an
 CC inflammatory response. By eliminating adenosine from the antisense ON,
 CC its liberation upon antisense degradation is prevented, thereby
 CC preventing adenosine-induced bronchoconstriction in patients with hyper-
 CC reactive airways
 CC
 SQ Sequence 18 BP; 0 A; 1 C; 3 G; 14 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
 Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 18;
 Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 2.7e+02;
 Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1381 GTTGTGTTGTTGTTGT 1398
 DB 1 GTTTTGTGTTGTTCT 18
 RESULT 178
 ID AAX54018 standard; DNA; 18 BP.
 AC AAX54018;
 XX
 XX 05-JUL-1999 (first entry)
 DE
 XX Human IL-5 antisense oligonucleotide fragment.
 XX Antisense oligonucleotide; multiple target; antisense treatment;
 KM impaired respiration; inflammation; lung disease;
 KM pulmonary vasoconstriction; inflammation; allergic rhinitis;
 KM acute asthma; allergy; asthma; impeded respiration;
 KM respiratory distress syndrome; pain; cystic fibrosis;
 KM pulmonary hypertension; pulmonary vasoconstriction; emphysema;
 KM chronic obstructive pulmonary disease; leukemia; lymphoma; carcinoma;
 KM colon cancer; breast cancer; lung cancer; pancreatic cancer;
 KM hepatocellular carcinoma; kidney cancer; melanoma; hepatic metastasis;
 KM prostate cancer; ss.

XX Synthetic.
 OS
 XX MO9913886-A1.
 PN
 XX 25-MAR-1999.
 PD
 XX 17-SEP-1998; 98WO-US019419.
 PF
 XX 17-SEP-1997; 97US-0059160P.
 PR
 XX 09-JUN-1998; 98US-00093972.
 PA
 XX (UYEC-) UNIV EAST CAROLINA.
 PI
 XX Nyce JW;
 PI WPI, 1999-229400/19.
 DR
 PT New antisense oligonucleotides used in treatment of, e.g. pulmonary
 PT vasoconstriction.
 PS
 XX Disclosure; Page 49; 120pp; English.
 CC The specification describes antisense oligonucleotides (AAX52869-X55271)
 CC directed against at least 2 mRNAs selected from target genes, coding and
 CC non-coding regions of RNAs corresponding to target genes, gene initiation
 CC codons, genomic flanking regions, intron-exon borders, the 5'-end, the 3'-
 CC end and the juxta-section between coding and non-coding regions and all
 CC segments of RNAs encoding proteins associated with one or more diseases,
 CC conditions or mixtures. The antisense oligonucleotides may be derived
 CC from sequences AAX55272-74. These multiple target oligonucleotides
 CC (specifically AAX55180-271) can be used for the antisense treatment of
 CC diseases and conditions. Typical diseases and conditions are those
 CC associated with impaired respiration and inflammation, including lung
 CC diseases, pulmonary vasoconstriction, inflammation, allergic rhinitis,
 CC acute asthma, allergies, asthma, impeded respiration, respiratory
 CC distress syndrome, pain, cystic fibrosis, pulmonary hypertension,
 CC pulmonary vasoconstriction, emphysema, chronic obstructive pulmonary
 CC disease (COPD), and cancers such as leukemias, lymphomas, carcinomas e.g.
 CC colon cancer, breast cancer, lung cancer, pancreatic cancer,
 CC hepatocellular carcinoma, kidney cancer, melanoma, hepatic metastases, as
 CC well as all types of cancers which may metastasize or have metastasized
 CC to the lungs, including breast and prostate cancer
 CC
 SQ Sequence 18 BP; 0 A; 1 C; 3 G; 14 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
 Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 18;
 Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 2.7e+02;
 Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1381 GTTGTGTTGTTGTTGT 1398
 DB 1 GTTTTGTGTTGTTCT 18
 RESULT 179
 ID AAA33462 standard; DNA; 18 BP.
 AC AAA33462;
 XX
 XX 28-JUL-2000 (first entry)
 DE
 XX Low adenosine antisense oligonucleotide SEQ ID NO:1151.
 XX Human, adenosine receptor; low adenosine antisense oligonucleotide;
 KM phosphorothioate; impaired respiration; inflammation; allergy;
 KM allergic disease; bronchoconstriction; inhibitor; antiinflammatory;
 KM antiallergic; antisthmatic; cytostatic; analgesic; impeded airway;
 KM lung disease; ischaemic condition; pulmonary vasoconstriction; asthma;
 KM respiratory distress syndrome; pain; cystic fibrosis; emphysema;
 KM pulmonary hypertension; chronic obstructive pulmonary disease; COPD;
 KM cancer; leukemia; lymphoma; carcinoma; metastasis; ss.

XX OS Homo sapiens.
XX KM WO200009525-A2.
XX PN 24-FEB-2000.
XX PD 03-AUG-1999; 99WO-US017712.
XX PF 03-AUG-1999; 98US-0095212P.
XX PR 03-AUG-1998; 98US-0095212P.
XX PA (UYEC-) UNIV EAST CAROLINA.
XX PI NYCE JW;
XX DR WPI; 2000-205971/18.
XX PT New antisense oligonucleotides useful for treating e.g. pulmonary
XX PT vasoconstriction, inflammation, allergies, asthma, hypertension,
XX PT bronchitis, emphysema, respiratory distress syndrome, ischemia or
XX PT cancers.
XX PS Claim 18; Page 409; 1343pp; English.
XX CC The present invention describes a new composition comprising an antisense
XX CC oligonucleotide (ON) with low adenosine (up to 15%), which targets
XX CC nucleic acids involved in bronchoconstriction, allergies, and/or
XX CC inflammation. The ON can have anti-inflammatory, antiallergic,
XX CC antiasthmatic, cytostatic and analgesic activities. The compositions are
XX CC useful for the treatment of diseases associated with inflammation,
XX CC impaired airways, including lung disease and diseases whose secondary
XX CC effects afflict the lungs of a subject. They can be used for treating
XX CC e.g. ischemic conditions, pulmonary vasoconstriction, allergies, asthma,
XX CC impaired respiration, respiratory distress syndrome, pain, cystic
XX CC fibrosis, pulmonary hypertension, emphysema, chronic obstructive
XX CC pulmonary disease (COPD), and cancers such as leukaemia, lymphomas,
XX CC carcinomas, and cancers which may metastasize to the lungs, including
XX CC breast and prostate cancer. The reduction of the adenosine content of the
XX CC ON reduces side effects. The A-containing ONs break down with the
XX CC release of deoxyadenosine which activates adenosine receptors causing
XX CC bronchoconstriction and inflammation. AAA3313 to AAA3312 represent the
XX CC nucleotide sequences given in the sequence listing from the present
XX CC invention, which correspond to SEQ ID NO:1 to 2815, and then the last 185
XX CC sequences are also called SEQ ID NO:1 to 185, but the sequences differ
XX CC from the previously named sequences. SEQ ID NO:11 to 1680 (AAA2323 to
XX CC AAA3392) are specifically claimed ONs from the present invention. N.B.
XX CC Sequences given in the disclosure of the present invention do not match
XX CC up with their corresponding SEQ ID NO: sequences given in the sequence
XX CC listing
XX SQ Sequence 18 BP; 0 A; 1 C; 3 G; 14 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
XX
XX Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 18;
XX Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 2.7e+02;
XX Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
XX
XX QY 1381 GTTTGTTGTTGTTGTTGTT 1398
XX DB 1 GTTTTGTGTTGTTTCT 18
XX
XX RESULT 180
XX AAF19584
XX ID AAF19584 standard; DNA; 18 BP.
XX AC AAF19584;
XX XX
XX DT 14-MAR-2001 (first entry)
XX XX
XX DE Human IIS polynucleotide fragment #1151.
XX XX
XX KM Low adenosine antisense oligonucleotide; phosphorothioate; allergy;
XX KM human; airway disorder; bronchoconstriction; lung inflammation;

XX KM surfactant depletion; respiratory; bronchodilator; antiinflammatory;
XX KM immunosuppressive; antiasthmatic; analgesic; hypotensive; cytostatic;
XX KM respiratory obstruction; pulmonary obstruction; impeded respiration;
XX KM surfactant hypoproduction; pulmonary vasoconstriction; asthma; RDS;
XX KM respiratory distress syndrome; pain; cystic fibrosis; allergic rhinitis;
XX KM pulmonary hypertension; emphysema; pulmonary transplantation rejection;
XX KM chronic obstructive pulmonary disease; pulmonary infection; bronchitis;
XX KM cancer; ss.
XX OS Homo sapiens.
XX KM WO200062736-A2.
XX PN 26-OCT-2000.
XX PD 24-MAR-2000; 2000WO-US008020.
XX PF 06-APR-1999; 99US-0127958P.
XX PR (UYEC-) UNIV EAST CAROLINA.
XX PA (NYCE/) NYCE J W.
XX PI NYCE JW;
XX DR WPI; 2000-679539/66.
XX XX Low adenosine (A) content antisense oligonucleotides which do not trigger
XX PT adenosine receptors during metabolism, useful e.g. for treating cancers
XX PT and respiratory obstructions.
XX PS Claim 14; Page 208; 1592pp; English.
XX CC The present invention describes low adenosine (A) content antisense
XX CC oligonucleotides and compositions (1) comprising them. In the antisense
XX CC oligonucleotides the A is replaced by a 'Universal' or alternative base.
XX CC (1) can have respiratory, bronchodilator, antiinflammatory, analgesic,
XX CC immunosuppressive, antiasthmatic, hypotensive and cytostatic activities.
XX CC The antisense oligonucleotides and (1) can be used to down-regulate the
XX CC expression and/or activity of target polypeptides associated with
XX CC lung/respiratory disorders and malignancies, such as stimulating and
XX CC activating peptide factors and transmitters, such as stimulating and
XX CC immunoglobulin and antibodies, antibody receptors, cytokines and
XX CC chemokines, endogenously produced specific and non-specific enzymes,
XX CC binding proteins, adhesion molecules and their receptors, cytokine and
XX CC chemokine receptors, adenosine receptors, bradykinin receptors, central
XX CC nervous system (CNS) and peripheral nervous and non-nervous system
XX CC receptors, CNS and peripheral nervous and non-nervous system
XX CC transmitters, defensins, growth factors, vasoactive peptides and
XX CC including respiratory obstruction (especially pulmonary obstruction
XX CC and/or bronchoconstriction) and/or lung inflammation, allergies) and/or
XX CC surfactant hypoproduction which are associated with a disease or
XX CC condition selected from pulmonary vasoconstriction, inflammation,
XX CC allergies, asthma, impeded respiration, respiratory distress syndrome
XX CC (RDS), pain, cystic fibrosis (CF), allergic rhinitis (AR), pulmonary
XX CC hypertension, emphysema, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD),
XX CC pulmonary transplantation rejection, pulmonary infections, bronchitis,
XX CC and/or cancer. AAF18434 to AAF21543 represent human polynucleotide
XX CC fragments and antisense oligonucleotides used in the exemplification of
XX CC the present invention
XX XX
XX SQ Sequence 18 BP; 0 A; 1 C; 3 G; 14 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
XX
XX Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 18;
XX Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 2.7e+02;
XX Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
XX
XX QY 1381 GTTTGTTGTTGTTGTTGTT 1398
XX DB 1 GTTTTGTGTTGTTTCT 18
XX

Query	Best Local Similarity	Score	DB 1:	Length	DB 2:	Gaps
Matches 16;	Conservative 0;	Mismatches 2;	Indels 0;	Gaps 0;		
713 CGAGCCAGCGCTGGTCC	730					
18 CGAGACCGAGCTGGTCC	1					

RESULT 183
ID ABD19252
ABD19252 standard; DNA; 18 BP.
XX
AC ABD19252;
XX
DT 29-JUL-2004 (first entry)
XX
DE Human IL5 DNA fragment 1142.
XX
KM Human; antisense; bronchoconstriction; allergy; hyposecretion; pain;
KM respiratory tract inflammation; adenosine sensitivity; lung; cancer;
KM surfactant depletion; antiallergic; antiinflammatory; antiasthmatic;
KM analgesic; hypotensive; immunosuppressive; cytostatic; cystic fibrosis;
KM beta-adrenergic agonist; respiratory disease; pulmonary vasoconstriction;
KM respiratory distress syndrome; allergic rhinitis; pulmonary hypertension;
KM emphysema; chronic obstructive pulmonary disease; cancer; bronchitis;
KM pulmonary transplantation rejection; ds.
XX
OS Homo sapiens.
XX
PN WO200285309-A2.
XX
PD 31-OCT-2002.
XX
PF 23-APR-2002; 2002WO-US013143.
XX
PR 24-APR-2001; 2001US-0286036P.
XX
PA (EPIG-) EPIGENESIS PHARM INC.
XX
PI Myce JW, Li Y, Sandrasagra A, Katz E, Pabalan J, Aguilar D,
PI Miller S, Tang L, Shahabuddin S;
XX
DR WPI; 2003-093058/08.
XX
PT Pharmaceutical composition for treating asthma, has antisense
PT oligonucleotide containing less percentage of adenosine, targeted to
PT nucleic acids associated with lung airway or lung dysfunction, and
PT bronchodilating agent.
XX
PS Claim 15; SEQ ID NO 10520; 763bp; English.
XX
CC This invention describes a novel composition (a) a first active agent,
CC comprising oligonucleotides, effective for alleviating
CC bronchoconstriction, respiratory tract inflammation, allergies and
CC reducing adenosine sensitivity, levels of adenosine (A) or (A) receptors,
CC surfactant depletion or hyposecretion, when administered to a mammal. The
CC oligonucleotides are derived from a gene encoding or regulating
CC expression of a target polypeptide associated with lung airway or lung
CC dysfunction or cancer and can be anti-sense to the corresponding mRNA.
CC The invention also describes a kit, that comprises: (a) a delivery
CC device, in separate containers, (b) the oligonucleotides, (c)
CC instructions for adding a carrier and for use of the kit. The composition
CC of the invention has antiallergic, antiinflammatory, antiasthmatic,
CC analgesic, hypotensive, immunosuppressive and cytostatic activity, is a
CC beta-adrenergic agonist. The composition is useful for preventing or
CC treating a respiratory, lung or malignant disease. The administered
CC composition comprises oligo and is administered to reduce the production
CC or availability, or to increase the degradation of the target mRNA or to
CC reduce the amount of target polypeptide present in the lungs. The
CC pulmonary obstruction, and/or bronchoconstriction and/or lung
CC inflammation, allergies and/or surfactant hypoproduction are associated
CC with a disease or condition such as pulmonary vasoconstriction,
CC inflammation, allergies, asthma, impeded respiration, respiratory
CC distress syndrome, pain, cystic fibrosis, allergic rhinitis, pulmonary
CC hypertension, emphysema, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, pulmonary
CC transplantation rejection, pulmonary infections, bronchitis or cancer.
CC The reduced adenosine content of the anti-sense oligos corresponding to
CC thymidines present in the target RNA serves to prevent the breakdown of
CC the oligonucleotides into products that free adenosine into the system
CC e.g., lung, brain, heart, kidney, etc, tissue environment and thereby, to
CC prevent any unwanted effects due to it

XX
SQ Sequence 18 BP; 0 A; 1 C; 3 G; 14 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
XX
Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 18;
Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 2.7e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
XX
QY 1381 GTTGTGTTGTTGTTGTTGT 1398
DB 1 GTTTTGTGTTGTTTCT 18
XX
RESULT 184
ABD30366/C
ID ABD30366 standard; DNA; 18 BP.
XX
AC ABD30366;
XX
DT 29-JUL-2004 (first entry)
XX
DE Human IL4-R derived oligonucleotide SEQ ID 12577.
XX
KM Human; antisense; bronchoconstriction; allergy; hyposecretion; pain;
KM respiratory tract inflammation; adenosine sensitivity; lung; cancer;
KM surfactant depletion; antiallergic; antiinflammatory; antiasthmatic;
KM analgesic; hypotensive; immunosuppressive; cytostatic; cystic fibrosis;
KM beta-adrenergic agonist; respiratory disease; pulmonary vasoconstriction;
KM respiratory distress syndrome; allergic rhinitis; pulmonary hypertension;
KM emphysema; chronic obstructive pulmonary disease; cancer; bronchitis;
KM pulmonary transplantation rejection; ss; primer.
XX
OS Homo sapiens.
XX
PN WO200285309-A2.
XX
PD 31-OCT-2002.
XX
PF 23-APR-2002; 2002WO-US013143.
XX
PR 24-APR-2001; 2001US-0286036P.
XX
PA (EPIG-) EPIGENESIS PHARM INC.
XX
PI Myce JW, Li Y, Sandrasagra A, Katz E, Pabalan J, Aguilar D,
PI Miller S, Tang L, Shahabuddin S;
XX
DR WPI; 2003-093058/08.
XX
PT Pharmaceutical composition for treating asthma, has antisense
PT oligonucleotide containing less percentage of adenosine, targeted to
PT nucleic acids associated with lung airway or lung dysfunction, and
PT bronchodilating agent.
XX
PS Claim 15; SEQ ID NO 12577; 763bp; English.
XX
CC This invention describes a novel composition (a) a first active agent,
CC comprising oligonucleotides, effective for alleviating
CC bronchoconstriction, respiratory tract inflammation, allergies and
CC reducing adenosine sensitivity, levels of adenosine (A) or (A) receptors,
CC surfactant depletion or hyposecretion, when administered to a mammal. The
CC oligonucleotides are derived from a gene encoding or regulating
CC expression of a target polypeptide associated with lung airway or lung
CC dysfunction or cancer and can be anti-sense to the corresponding mRNA.
CC The invention also describes a kit, that comprises: (a) a delivery
CC device, in separate containers, (b) the oligonucleotides, (c)
CC instructions for adding a carrier and for use of the kit. The composition
CC of the invention has antiallergic, antiinflammatory, antiasthmatic,
CC analgesic, hypotensive, immunosuppressive and cytostatic activity, is a
CC beta-adrenergic agonist. The composition is useful for preventing or
CC treating a respiratory, lung or malignant disease. The administered
CC composition comprises oligo and is administered to reduce the production
CC or availability, or to increase the degradation of the target mRNA or to
CC reduce the amount of target polypeptide present in the lungs. The

CC pulmonary obstruction, and/or bronchoconstriction and/or lung
CC inflammation, allergies and/or surfactant hypoproduction are associated
CC with a disease or condition such as pulmonary vasoconstriction,
CC inflammation, allergies, asthma, impeded respiration, respiratory
CC distress syndrome, pain, cystic fibrosis, allergic rhinitis, pulmonary
CC hyperextension, emphysema, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, pulmonary
CC transplantation rejection, pulmonary infections, bronchitis or cancer.
CC The reduced adenosine content of the anti-sense oligos corresponding to
CC the oligonucleotides present in the target RNA serves to prevent the breakdown of
CC the oligonucleotides into products that free adenosine into the system
CC e.g., lung, brain, heart, kidney, etc, tissue environment and thereby, to
CC prevent any unwanted effects due to it

XX Sequence 18 BP; 2 A; 6 C; 7 G; 3 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
SQ

QY 713 CGACCCCAGCCTGTGCC 730
Db 18 CGAGACCAGCCTGTGCC 1
||| |||||||||
||| |||||||||

RESULT 185
ADJ59154/C
ID ADJ59154 standard; DNA; 18 BP.
XX
XX AC
XX ADJ59154;
DT 06-MAY-2004 (first entry)
XX
DE Oligonucleotide associated to IL 4R #9.
XX
XX interleukin; IL-4 receptor; IL-5 receptor; lung disease;
KM airway inflammation; allergy; asthma; impeded respiration;
KM cyclic fibrosis; acute respiratory distress syndrome;
KM pulmonary hypertension; lung inflammation; bronchitis; oligonucleotide;
ss.
XX
XX Homo sapiens.
OS
XX WO2004011613-A2.
EN
XX PD
XX 05-FEB-2004.
XX
XX 25-JUL-2003; 2003WO-US023509.
PR 29-JUL-2002; 2002US-0399076P.
PA
XX (EPIG-) EPIGENESIS PHARM INC.
XX
XX NYce JW, Tang L, Sandrasagra A, Aguilar D, Miller S;
PI Shahabuddin S, Lu H, Cong H;
DR WPI; 2004-203534/19.
XX
XX Novel single or multiple target oligonucleotide anti-sense to e.g.
PT initiation codons and introns of respiratory disease-relevant genes e.g.,
PT CCRL1, RANTES, MCP4, useful for prophylaxis or treating respiratory
PT disease e.g., asthma.
XX
PS Claim 2; SEQ ID NO 10; 85pp; English.
XX
XX The present invention relates to an oligonucleotide anti-sense to e.g.,
CC initiation codon, coding region with 2-10 nucleotides of 5'-end and 3'-
CC end of nucleic acid target comprising gene(s) chosen from e.g.
CC interleukin (IL)-4 receptor, IL-5 receptor or salts of the
CC oligonucleotide and optionally surfactant operatively linked to the
CC oligonucleotide. The method is useful for preventing or treating a
CC respiratory or lung disease, which involves administering to the always
CC useful for production of a medicament for the prevention and/or treatment

CC	of a respiratory or lung disease. The respiratory or lung disease is
CC	chosen from airway inflammation, allergy(rhinitis), asthma, impeded
CC	respiration, cystic fibrosis (CF), chronic obstructive pulmonary diseases
CC	(COPD), allergic rhinitis (AR), acute respiratory distress syndrome
CC	(ARDS), pulmonary hypertension, lung inflammation, bronchitis, airway
CC	obstruction. The present sequence represents an oligonucleotide of the
CC	invention.
XX	
XX	Sequence 18 BP; 2 A; 6 C; 7 G; 3 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
XX	
XX	Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 18;
XX	Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 2.7e+02;
XX	Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Oy	713 CGACCCGAGCCTGGTGCC 730
Db	18 CGAGAGCCAGCCTGGTGCC 1
XX	
XX	RESULT 186
XX	ADO44644/C
ID	ADO44644 standard; DNA; 18 BP.
XX	
XX	ADO44644;
AC	
XX	
DT	15-JUL-2004 (first entry)
XX	
XX	Human oligonucleotide #10.
XX	
XX	Human; ss; interleukin-4 receptor; IL-4; interleukin-5 receptor; IL-5;
XX	CCR1; CCR3; Eotaxin-1; RANTES; MCP4; CD23; ICAM; VCAM; tryptase a;
KW	tryptase b; PDE4 A; PDE4 B; PDE4 C; PDE4 D; respiratory disease;
KW	lung disease; hyper-responsiveness; adenosine; adenosine A receptor;
KW	asthma; lung allergy; inflammation; inflammatory disease;
KW	airway inflammation; allergy; impeded respiration; cystic fibrosis; CF;
KW	chronic obstructive pulmonary disease; COPD; allergic rhinitis;
KW	acute respiratory distress syndrome; pulmonary hypertension;
KW	lung inflammation; bronchitis; airway obstruction; bronchoconstriction.
XX	
OS	Homo sapiens.
XX	
XX	US2004049022-A1.
XX	
PD	11-MAR-2004.
XX	
XX	25-JUL-2003; 2003US-00627930.
XX	
XX	23-APR-2002; 2002WO-US013135.
PR	23-APR-2002; 2002WO-US013143.
XX	
XX	(NYCE/) NYCE J W.
PA	(SAND/) SANDRASAGRA A.
PA	(TANG/) TANG L.
PA	(AGUI/) AGUILAR D.
PA	(MILL/) MILLER S.
PA	(SHAH/) SHAHABUDDIN S.
PA	(LUHH/) LU H.
PA	(CONG/) CONG H.
PI	
PI	Nyce JW, Sandrasagra A, Tang L, Aguilar D, Miller S;
PI	Shahabuddin S, Lu H, Cong H;
XX	
XX	WPI; 2004-293804/27.
DR	
XX	
XX	Novel single or multiple target oligonucleotide anti-sense to e.g.
XX	initiation codon, intron of respiratory disease-relevant gene e.g. CCR1,
XX	RANTES, MCP4, useful for prophylaxis or treating respiratory disease e.g.
XX	asthma.
XX	
XX	Claim 2; SEQ ID NO 10; 174pp; English.
XX	
XX	The invention relates to oligonucleotides anti-sense to an initiation
XX	codon, coding region, 5' or 3' intron-exon junction, intron or region
CC	

CC with 2-10 nucleotides of the 5'-end or 3'-end of a nucleic acid target
CC chosen from a gene encoding interleukin (IL)-4 receptor, interleukin (IL)
CC -5 receptor, CCR1, CCR3, Eotaxin-1, RANTES, MCP4, CD23, ICAM, VCAM,
CC tryptase a, tryptase b, PDE4 A, PDE4 B, PDE4 C or PDE4 D. The invention
CC also relates to a method of screening a candidate compound that binds to
CC one or more nucleic acid target(s) or expressed product(s), for the
CC prevention and/or treatment of a respiratory or lung disease. The
CC oligonucleotides are useful for reducing or inhibiting expression of a
CC gene or mRNA encoding interleukin-4 receptor, interleukin-5 receptor,
CC CCR1, CCR3, Eotaxin-1, RANTES, MCP4, CD23, ICAM, VCAM, tryptase a,
CC tryptase b, PDE4 A, PDE4 B, PDE4 C, or PDE4 D. The oligonucleotides are
CC useful for preventing or treating a respiratory or lung disease. The
CC respiratory or lung disease is associated with hyper-responsiveness to
CC and/or increased levels of, adenosine and/or levels of adenosine A
CC receptor(s), and/or asthma and/or lung allergies associated with
CC inflammation or an inflammatory disease. The respiratory or lung disease
CC is chosen from at least one of allergic rhinitis, allergy, asthma, impaired respiration,
CC cystic fibrosis (CF), chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD),
CC allergic rhinitis, acute respiratory distress syndrome, pulmonary
CC hypertension, lung inflammation, bronchitis, airway obstruction or
CC bronchoconstriction. This sequence represents an oligonucleotide of the
CC invention.

XX SQ Sequence 18 BP; 2 A; 6 C; 7 G; 3 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 18;
Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 2.7e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 713 CGACCCGAGCCTGTGTC 730
Db 18 CGAGACGAGCCTGTGTC 1

RESULT 187
ADQ26950/c
ID ADQ26950 standard; DNA; 18 BP.

XX AC ADQ26950;

XX DT 09-SEP-2004 (first entry)

XX DE Human myosin heavy chain MYH14 exon 1 PCR primer M1b-F.

XX KM ss; human; non-muscle myosin-family heavy chain protein; MYH14;

XX KM chromosome 19q13.3; Charcot-Marie-Tooth syndrome; brain;

XX KM peripheral nerve; ovary; intestine; primer; PCR.

XX OS Homo sapiens.

XX PN DE10260633-A1.

XX PD 24-JUN-2004.

XX PF 16-DEC-2002; 2002DE-01060633.

XX PR 16-DEC-2002; 2002DE-01060633.

XX RA (RAUT/) RAUTENSTRAUSS B.

XX PI Rautenstrauss B, Reis A, Leal A;

XX DR WPI; 2004-469573/45.

XX PT New isolated nucleic acid encoding the human myosin heavy chain protein
XX MYH14, useful for identifying mutations or alterations in nucleic acid,
XX derived from chromosome 19q 13.3.

XX PS Disclosure; Page 4; 21pp; German.

XX CC This invention describes a novel non-muscle, human myosin-family heavy
XX chain protein, designated MYH14 which maps to chromosome 19q13.3, a
XX region associated with Charcot-Marie-Tooth syndrome. MYH14 is associated

CC with brain, peripheral nerves, ovary and intestines and has closest
CC homology with the myosin family proteins MYH9, MYH10 and MYH11. The
CC product of the invention is used to identify mutations and alteration in
CC nucleic acids, by hybridisation. Computer-based comparison of the human
CC chromosome 19q region with the rat sequence AF139055 (encoding a non-
CC muscle myosin heavy chain B) indicated a potential human homologue. A set
CC of exonic primers was designed and used to amplify cDNA derived from mRNA
CC isolated from the sciatic nerve. The 13 amplicons were sequenced and
CC assembled to form an approximately 6kb sequence that included an open
CC reading frame for MYH14, but lacked the polyadenylation signal. The
CC corresponding gene contains 40 exons (about 100 kb), entirely present
CC within the bacterial artificial chromosome AC020906, AC010515 and
CC AC008655. The MYH14 protein corresponds to the hypothetical protein FLJ
CC 13881. This sequence represents a PCR primer used to amplify the human
CC MYH14 gene.

XX SQ Sequence 18 BP; 6 A; 2 C; 10 G; 0 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 18;
Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 2.7e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 257 CTCCTCTTCCGCTGTC 274
Db 18 CTCCTCTTCCGCTGTC 1

RESULT 188
AAZ22783

ID AAZ22783 standard; DNA; 19 BP.

XX AC AAZ22783;

XX DT 06-DEC-1999 (first entry)

XX DE Rabbit alpha-actin 5' PCR primer.

XX KM Asthma; immunoglobulin E; IgE; ligand; reverse transcriptase; PCR;

XX KM primer; Fc receptor; ss.

XX OS Synthetic.

XX OS Oryctolagus cuniculus.

XX PN W09945777-A1.

XX PD 16-SEP-1999.

XX PF 03-MAR-1999; 99WO-US004571.

XX PR 10-MAR-1998; 98US-0077398P.

XX RA (CHIL-) CHILDRENS HOSPITAL PHILADELPHIA.

XX PI Grunstein MM, Hakonarson H;

XX DR WPI; 1999-571674/48.

XX PT Treating asthma in humans by administering an Fc-epsilon-RII receptor
XX protein ligand.

XX PS Example 1; Page 35; 84pp; English.

XX CC This sequence represents a rabbit alpha-actin 5' PCR primer, used with a
XX 3' primer (AAZ22784) in a control experiment to determine general
XX transcription levels in rabbit airway smooth muscle (ASM) cells. The
XX level of Fc receptor subtype mRNA expression in ASM cells was being
XX assessed, the ASM cells having previously been sensitised by exposure to
XX human serum containing immunoglobulin E (IgE) obtained from asthmatic
XX patients. The Fc receptor protein, which binds immunoglobulins and is
XX expressed on airway smooth muscle cells, plays a significant role in the
XX development of the asthmatic state in an individual having an asthma
XX attack. There are several subtypes of this receptor: Fc-gamma-RI; Fc-
XX gamma-RIIa, b, c; Fc-gamma-RIII; and Fc-epsilon-RII. Fc-epsilon-RII is an

CC inducible, low affinity IGF receptor which was found to be upregulated in
 CC rabbit ASM cells on exposure to IGF. Antibodies directed against Pc-
 CC epsilon-RII can block the induction of the pro-inflammatory allergic
 CC pulmonary response. This provides a method for the prevention or
 CC treatment of asthma by administering an anti-Pc-epsilon-RII receptor
 CC protein ligand (such as an antibody), and also for the identification and
 CC characterisation of such ligands

XX Sequence 19 BP; 7 A; 4 C; 6 G; 2 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

QY Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
 Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 2.7e+02;
 Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Db 864 GTCATCAAGAGAGAGCTG 881
 2 GACATCAAGAGAGAGCTG 19

RESULT 189
 AAA13267
 ID AAA13267 standard; CDNA; 19 BP.
 AC AAA13267;
 DT 25-JUN-2000 (first entry)
 DE PCR primer #2 used in GnRH-I and GnRH-II expression determination.
 XX Gonadotrophin-releasing hormone; GnRH; differentiation modulator;
 XX osteoporosis; bone metabolism; bone repair; osteogenesis imperfecta;
 XX osteomalacia; bone loss; fracture healing; PCR primer; ss.
 OS Synthetic.
 XX GB2343182-A.
 PD 03-MAY-2000.
 PF 27-OCT-1998; 98GB-00023515.
 PR 27-OCT-1998; 98GB-00023515.
 XX (FERR) FERRING BV.
 PI Akinsanya K, Hayward A, Qi S;
 XX WPI; 2000-331495/29.
 DR Composition containing gonadotrophin-releasing hormone II peptide, useful
 PT e.g. for treating osteoporosis and for accelerating bone repair.
 PS Example 4; Page 12; 16pp; English.

XX This sequence represents a PCR primer used in the expression
 CC determination of gonadotrophin-releasing hormone (GnRH) I and II. GnRH is
 CC released by the hypothalamus and acts on the pituitary to stimulate the
 CC release of luteinizing hormone and follicle stimulating hormone. GnRH is
 CC capable of modulating the differentiation of bone precursor cells, and
 CC inducing the expansion of osteoblast populations. The invention relates
 CC to GnRH-II peptide analogues that can be used in compositions for
 CC treating osteoporosis (and other diseases of bone metabolism) and for the
 CC acceleration of bone repair. The compositions have osteogenic activity.
 CC The compositions are used to treat or prevent osteoporosis, other
 CC disorders of bone metabolism (e.g. osteogenesis imperfecta, osteomalacia
 CC or bone loss resulting from prolonged periods of immobility), and to
 CC accelerate bone growth and repair (e.g. for healing fractures)

XX Sequence 19 BP; 0 A; 5 C; 12 G; 2 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

QY Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
 Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 2.7e+02;
 Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 536 GGGCGGGCTGGGCTCTCG 553
 Db 2 GGGCGGGCGGGCTCTCG 19

RESULT 190
 AAA84391
 ID AAA84391 standard; DNA; 19 BP.
 AC AAA84391;
 DT 04-DEC-2000 (first entry)
 DE Cyclin D3 ribozyme binding site #3.
 XX Ribozyme; hairpin; hammerhead; gene therapy; vasotropic; restenosis; ss.
 OS Mammalia.
 XX WO200032765-A2.
 PD 08-JUN-2000.
 PF 06-DEC-1999; 99WO-US028772.
 PR 04-DEC-1998; 98US-0110954P.
 XX (IMMU-) IMMUSOL INC.
 PA Tritz R, Welch PJ, Barber JR, Robbins JM;
 XX WPI; 2000-412314/35.
 DR New hairpin and hammerhead ribozyme for inhibiting restenosis, cleaves
 PT RNA encoding a cyclin or cell-cycle dependent kinase other than CDK1,
 PT PCNA and Cyclin B1.
 XX Disclosure; Page 76; 109pp; English.

XX The present invention relates to a hairpin or hammerhead ribozyme,
 CC designed to cleave RNA encoding a cyclin or cell-cycle dependent kinase
 CC other than cell-cycle dependent kinases CDK1, PCNA and Cyclin B1.
 CC Representative examples of ribozyme recognition sites are given in
 CC AAA82415 to AAA86787. The ribozyme of the invention is useful for
 CC inhibiting restenosis by introduction of the ribozyme into cells. The
 CC ribozyme is resistant to endonuclease activity and hence is efficient in
 CC restenosis treatment

XX Sequence 19 BP; 3 A; 7 C; 6 G; 3 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

QY 1556 CCATCGTGTACTGCAGAG 1573
 Db 1 CCACGGTGTCTCTGCAGAG 18

RESULT 191
 AAA85488
 ID AAA85488 standard; DNA; 19 BP.
 AC AAA85488;
 DT 04-DEC-2000 (first entry)
 DE Cyclin A1 ribozyme binding site #10.
 XX Ribozyme; hairpin; hammerhead; gene therapy; vasotropic; restenosis; ss.
 OS Mammalia.

XX XX WO200032765-A2.
XX PD 08-JUN-2000.
XX PF 06-DEC-1999; 99WO-US028772.
XX PR 04-DEC-1998; 98US-0110954P.
XX PA (IMMU-) IMMUSOL INC.
XX PI Tritz R, Welch PJ, Barber JR, Robbins JM;
XX WPI; 2000-412314/35.
XX DR WPI; 2000-412314/35.
XX PT New hairpin and hammerhead ribozyme for inhibiting restenosis, cleaves
XX RNA encoding a cyclin or cell-cycle dependent kinase other than CDK1,
XX PCNA and Cyclin B1.
XX PS Disclosure; Page 93; 109pp; English.
XX CC The present invention relates to a hairpin or hammerhead ribozyme,
XX CC designed to cleave RNA encoding a cyclin or cell-cycle dependent kinase
XX CC other than cell-cycle dependent kinases CDK1, PCNA and Cyclin B1.
XX CC Representative examples of ribozyme recognition sites are given in
XX CC AAA82415 to AAA86787. The ribozyme of the invention is useful for
XX CC inhibiting restenosis by introduction of the ribozyme into cells. The
XX CC ribozyme is resistant to endonuclease activity and hence is efficient in
XX CC restenosis treatment
XX SQ Sequence 19 BP; 5 A; 0 C; 11 G; 3 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
XX
XX Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
XX Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 2.7e+02;
XX Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
XX
XX QY 1042 GGTGGAGGTGGGGGATA 1059
XX DB 1 GGTGGAGGTGGGGAGGA 18
XX
XX RESULT 192
XX AAA84248
XX ID AAA84248 standard; DNA; 19 BP.
XX AC AAA84248;
XX DT 04-DEC-2000 (first entry)
XX DE Cyclin D1 ribozyme binding site #15.
XX KM Ribozyme; hairpin; hammerhead; gene therapy; vasotropic; restenosis; ss.
XX OS Mammalia.
XX PN WO200032765-A2.
XX PD 08-JUN-2000.
XX PF 06-DEC-1999; 99WO-US028772.
XX PR 04-DEC-1998; 98US-0110954P.
XX PA (IMMU-) IMMUSOL INC.
XX PI Tritz R, Welch PJ, Barber JR, Robbins JM;
XX WPI; 2000-412314/35.
XX PT New hairpin and hammerhead ribozyme for inhibiting restenosis, cleaves
XX RNA encoding a cyclin or cell-cycle dependent kinase other than CDK1,
XX PT PCNA and Cyclin B1.
XX

PS Disclosure; Page 74; 109pp; English.
XX XX
XX CC The present invention relates to a hairpin or hammerhead ribozyme,
XX CC designed to cleave RNA encoding a cyclin or cell-cycle dependent kinase
XX CC other than cell-cycle dependent kinases CDK1, PCNA and Cyclin B1.
XX CC Representative examples of ribozyme recognition sites are given in
XX CC AAA82415 to AAA86787. The ribozyme of the invention is useful for
XX CC inhibiting restenosis by introduction of the ribozyme into cells. The
XX CC ribozyme is resistant to endonuclease activity and hence is efficient in
XX CC restenosis treatment
XX SQ Sequence 19 BP; 4 A; 3 C; 9 G; 3 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
XX
XX Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
XX Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 2.7e+02;
XX Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
XX
XX QY 656 GCTGGACGCTGCGTGA 673
XX DB 1 GCTGGAGGTGCGGAGGA 18
XX
XX RESULT 193
XX AAH27311/C
XX ID AAH27311 standard; DNA; 19 BP.
XX AC AAH27311;
XX DT 08-AUG-2001 (first entry)
XX DE Human TSG16 PCR primer #11.
XX KM Tumour suppressor gene 16; TSG16; human; immune response modulator;
XX KM inflammatory response modulator; signal transduction activator;
XX KM cytokine inhibitor; gene therapy; anticancer; anti-inflammatory;
XX KM autoimmune disorder; infection; chromosome 16q24.3;
XX KM cellular proliferation suppressor; PCR primer; ss.
XX OS Homo sapiens.
XX EN WO200132861-A1.
XX PD 10-MAY-2001.
XX PF 30-OCT-2000; 2000WO-AU001329.
XX PR 29-OCT-1999; 99AU-00003771.
XX PA (WOMEN-) WOMEN'S & CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL.
XX PI Callen DF, Whitmore SA, Kremmidiotis G, Kochetkova M, Crawford J;
XX WPI; 2001-316439/33.
XX DR WPI; 2001-316439/33.
XX PT New nucleic acid representing the human tumor suppressor gene TSG16,
XX PT useful e.g. for diagnosis and treatment of tumors, inflammatory and
XX PT immunological disorders.
XX PS Claim 84; Page 184; 215pp; English.
XX CC The present invention relates to human tumour suppressor gene 16 (TSG16;
XX CC see AAH21688). TSG16 was isolated from chromosome 16q24.3. TSG16
XX CC suppresses cellular proliferation. TSG16 is useful for treating disorders
XX CC associated with decreased expression or activity of TSG16, e.g. cancers,
XX CC (auto)immune disorders, inflammation, complications of wound healing and
XX CC infections (by viruses, bacteria, fungi, parasites, protozoa or
XX CC helminths). The present sequence is a PCR primer, which was used in the
XX CC present invention
XX SQ Sequence 19 BP; 5 A; 4 C; 7 G; 3 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
XX
XX Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
XX Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 2.7e+02;
XX

Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 Oy 818 CCTCCCTGCTTCAGCGA 815
 |||||
 Db 19 CCTCAGCTGGCTTCAGCGA 2

RESULT 194

AAH59553
 ID AAH59553 standard; DNA; 19 BP.

AC AAH59553;

DT 10-SEP-2001 (first entry)

DE Cyclin D3 ribozyme binding site SEQ ID NO:1977.

Human; ribozyme therapy; hairpin ribozyme; hammerhead ribozyme;
 recognition site; target; ribozyme binding site; eye disease; vulnery;
 proliferative disease; skin disease; psoriasis; diabetic retinopathy;
 cytokine; inflammation; cell-cycle dependent kinase; cyclin; MMP;
 matrix metalloproteinase; growth factor; reductase; scarring; cytosatic;
 antipsoriatic; dermatological; antiseborrheic; antidiabetic; vincide;
 antiskinking; ophthalmological; keratolytic; gene therapy; viral wart;
 atopic dermatitis; actinic keratosis; squamous cell carcinoma;
 basal cell carcinoma; seborrheic wart; vitreoretinopathy; scar;
 sickle cell retinopathy; ss.

OS Homo sapiens.
 Synthetic.

PN WO200130362-A2.

PD 03-MAY-2001.

PF 26-OCT-2000; 2000MO-US029500.

PR 26-OCT-1999; 99US-0161532P.

PA (IMMU-) IMMUSOL INC.

PI Robbins JM, Tritz R;

DR WPI; 2001-300427/31.

Treating proliferative skin or eye diseases and scarring, using ribozymes
 that cleave RNA encoding cytokines involved in inflammation, matrix
 metalloproteinases, growth factors and cell-cycle dependent kinases.

Example 1; Page 215; 408bp; English.

The present invention describes a method for treating a proliferative
 skin or eye disease and scarring. The method involves administering a
 ribozyme (I) which cleaves RNA encoding a cytokine involved in
 inflammation, matrix metalloproteinase (MMP), cyclin, cell-cycle
 dependent kinase, growth factor or a reductase, or administering a
 nucleic acid molecule (II) comprising a promoter operably linked to a
 nucleic acid segment encoding (I). (I) can have antipsoriatic,
 dermatological, cytosatic, antiseborrheic, antidiabetic, antiskinking,
 ophthalmological, vulnery, keratolytic and vincide activities, and
 cleaves RNA encoding cytokine involved in inflammation. (I) can be used
 in gene therapy. (I) and (II) are useful for treating proliferative skin
 diseases such as psoriasis, atopic dermatitis, actinic keratosis,
 squamous or basal cell carcinoma and viral or seborrheic wart. They can
 also be used for treating proliferative eye diseases such as diabetic
 retinopathy, vitreoretinopathy, sickle cell retinopathy, retinopathy of
 prematurity and retinal detachment, and for treating and preventing
 scarring such as keloid, adhesion and hypertrophic or hypertrophic burn
 scar. AAH57577 to AAH62099 represent sequences used in the
 exemplification of the present invention

Sequence 19 BP; 3 A; 7 C; 6 G; 3 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
 Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 2.7e+02;
 Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Oy 1556 CCATCGTGTACTGACGAG 1573
 |||||

Db 1 CCAGCGTGTCTCTGACGAG 18

RESULT 195

AAH60650
 ID AAH60650 standard; DNA; 19 BP.

AC AAH60650;

DT 10-SEP-2001 (first entry)

DE Cyclin A1 ribozyme binding site SEQ ID NO:3074.

Human; ribozyme therapy; hairpin ribozyme; hammerhead ribozyme;
 recognition site; target; ribozyme binding site; eye disease; vulnery;
 proliferative disease; skin disease; psoriasis; diabetic retinopathy;
 cytokine; inflammation; cell-cycle dependent kinase; cyclin; MMP;
 matrix metalloproteinase; growth factor; reductase; scarring; cytosatic;
 antipsoriatic; dermatological; antiseborrheic; antidiabetic; vincide;
 antiskinking; ophthalmological; keratolytic; gene therapy; viral wart;
 atopic dermatitis; actinic keratosis; squamous cell carcinoma;
 basal cell carcinoma; seborrheic wart; vitreoretinopathy; scar;
 sickle cell retinopathy; ss.

OS Homo sapiens.
 Synthetic.

PN WO200130362-A2.

PD 03-MAY-2001.

PF 26-OCT-2000; 2000MO-US029500.

PR 26-OCT-1999; 99US-0161532P.

PA (IMMU-) IMMUSOL INC.

PI Robbins JM, Tritz R;

DR WPI; 2001-300427/31.

Treating proliferative skin or eye diseases and scarring, using ribozymes
 that cleave RNA encoding cytokines involved in inflammation, matrix
 metalloproteinases, growth factors and cell-cycle dependent kinases.

Example 1; Page 295; 408bp; English.

The present invention describes a method for treating a proliferative
 skin or eye disease and scarring. The method involves administering a
 ribozyme (I) which cleaves RNA encoding a cytokine involved in
 inflammation, matrix metalloproteinase (MMP), cyclin, cell-cycle
 dependent kinase, growth factor or a reductase, or administering a
 nucleic acid molecule (II) comprising a promoter operably linked to a
 nucleic acid segment encoding (I). (I) can have antipsoriatic,
 dermatological, cytosatic, antiseborrheic, antidiabetic, antiskinking,
 ophthalmological, vulnery, keratolytic and vincide activities, and
 cleaves RNA encoding cytokine involved in inflammation. (I) can be used
 in gene therapy. (I) and (II) are useful for treating proliferative skin
 diseases such as psoriasis, atopic dermatitis, actinic keratosis,
 squamous or basal cell carcinoma and viral or seborrheic wart. They can
 also be used for treating proliferative eye diseases such as diabetic
 retinopathy, vitreoretinopathy, sickle cell retinopathy, retinopathy of
 prematurity and retinal detachment, and for treating and preventing
 scarring such as keloid, adhesion and hypertrophic or hypertrophic burn
 scar. AAH57577 to AAH62099 represent sequences used in the
 exemplification of the present invention

SQ Sequence 19 BP; 5 A; 0 C; 11 G; 3 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
 Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 2.7e+02;
 Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1042 GGTGAGAGTGGGGAATA 1059
 |||||
 1 GGTGAGAGTGGGGAAGA 18

Db

RESULT 196
 AAH59410
 ID AAH59410 standard; DNA; 19 BP.
 AC AAH59410;
 XX
 XX
 DT 10-SEP-2001 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Cyclin D1 ribozyme binding site SEQ ID NO:1834.
 XX
 XX Human; ribozyme therapy; hairpin ribozyme; hammerhead ribozyme;
 KW recognition site; target; ribozyme binding site; eye disease; vulnery;
 KW proliferative disease; skin disease; psoriasis; diabetic retinopathy;
 KW cytokine; inflammation; cell-cycle dependent kinase; cyclin; MMP;
 KW matrix metalloproteinase; growth factor; reductase; scarring; cytoskeletal;
 KW antiproliferative; dermatological; antiangiogenic; antidiabetic; vitreous;
 KW antisticking; ophthalmological; keratolytic; gene therapy; viral wart;
 KW atopic dermatitis; actinic keratosis; squamous cell carcinoma;
 KW basal cell carcinoma; sebaceous wart; vitreoretinopathy; scar;
 KW sickle cell retinopathy; ss.
 XX
 XX Homo sapiens.
 OS Synthetic.
 XX
 XX WO200130362-A2.
 PN
 PD 03-MAY-2001.
 XX
 XX 26-OCT-2000; 2000WO-US029500.
 PF
 XX 26-OCT-1999; 99US-0161532P.
 PR
 XX (IMMU-) IMMUSOL INC.
 PA
 XX Robbins JM, Tritz R;
 PI
 XX WPI; 2001-300427/31.
 DR
 XX
 XX Treating proliferative skin or eye diseases and scarring; using ribozymes
 PT that cleave RNA encoding cytokines involved in inflammation; matrix
 PT metalloproteinases; growth factors and cell-cycle dependent kinases.
 PT
 XX
 XX Example 1; Page 205; 408pp; English.

The present invention describes a method for treating a proliferative skin or eye disease and scarring. The method involves administering a ribozyme (I) which cleaves RNA encoding a cytokine involved in inflammation; matrix metalloproteinase (MMP), cyclin, cell-cycle dependent kinase, growth factor or a reductase, or administering a nucleic acid molecule (II) comprising a promoter operably linked to a nucleic acid segment encoding (I). (I) can have antiproliferative, dermatological, cytoskeletal, antiangiogenic, antidiabetic, antisticking, ophthalmological, vulnery, keratolytic and vitreous activities, and cleaves RNA encoding cytokine involved in inflammation. (I) can be used in gene therapy. (I) and (II) are useful for treating proliferative skin diseases such as psoriasis, atopic dermatitis, actinic keratosis, squamous or basal cell carcinoma and viral or sebaceous wart. They can also be used for treating proliferative eye diseases such as diabetic retinopathy, vitreoretinopathy, sickle cell retinopathy, retinopathy of prematurity and retinal detachment, and for treating and preventing scarring such as keloid, adhesion and hypertrophic or hypertrophic burn scar. AAH57577 to AAH6099 represent sequences used in the

CC exemplification of the present invention

SQ Sequence 19 BP; 4 A; 3 C; 9 G; 3 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
 Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 2.7e+02;
 Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 656 GCTGAGCGTGGCGAGA 673
 |||||
 1 GCTGAGCGTGGCGAGA 18

Db

RESULT 197
 ABK10370/C
 ID ABK10370 standard; DNA; 19 BP.
 AC ABK10370;
 XX
 XX
 DT 21-MAY-2002 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Rat Collagen I RT-PCR probe.
 XX
 XX Vascular inflammation; cardiac tissue damage; inflammatory response;
 KW inflammation-related disorder; trauma induced inflammation;
 KW surgically induced inflammation; bacterial induced inflammation;
 KW viral induced inflammation; cardiovascular disorder; atherosclerosis;
 KW coronary artery disease; aneurysm; arteriosclerosis; angina;
 KW myocardial infarction; embolism; stroke; thrombosis; Kawasaki disease;
 KW vascular plaque inflammation; vascular plaque rupture; calcification;
 KW vascular calcification; valvular calcification; PCR; probe; ss;
 KW aldosterone blocker.
 KW
 XX
 XX Rattus sp.
 OS
 XX
 XX WO200209683-A2.
 PN
 PD 07-FEB-2002.
 XX
 XX 26-JUL-2001; 2001WO-US023520.
 PF
 XX 27-JUL-2000; 2000US-0221358P.
 PR
 XX 12-JAN-2001; 2001US-0261352P.
 PR
 XX (PRAA) PHARMACIA CORP.
 PA
 XX Rocha R, Zack MD, McMahon EG;
 PI
 XX WPI; 2002-195909/25.
 DR
 XX
 XX Treating or preventing an inflammation-related disorder e.g. coronary
 PT artery disease, aneurysm, arteriosclerosis and myocardial infarction,
 PT comprises treatment with an aldosterone blocker.
 PT
 XX
 XX Example 18; Page 111; 210pp; English.

The invention relates to treating or preventing an inflammation-related disorder comprises treatment with an aldosterone blocker or its salts. Rats were treated with aldosterone in the presence of salt to induce vascular inflammation and cardiac tissue damage. The damage induced by the treatment was preceded by an inflammatory response characterised by upregulation of proinflammatory molecules. Administration of eplerenone markedly attenuated this initial vascular inflammatory response and subsequent myocardial infarction. The aldosterone blocker is used for treating or preventing inflammation-related disorders (occurring in tissue or organs), such as trauma induced inflammation, surgically induced inflammation, bacterial induced inflammation or viral induced inflammation, e.g. cardiovascular disorders (e.g. coronary artery disease, aneurysm, arteriosclerosis, atherosclerosis, myocardial infarction, embolism, stroke, thrombosis, angina, vascular plaque inflammation, vascular plaque rupture, Kawasaki disease, calcification (e.g. vascular calcification and valvular calcification) and inflammation) or cardiovascular disorder which occurs in whole or in part in the

CC kidney, brain or heart. The present sequence is an RT-PCR (reverse
 CC transcriptase PCR) probe for a rat gene encoding a molecule involved in
 CC regulation of inflammation whose expression may be altered by the
 CC administration of an aldosterone blocker. The probes are labelled at
 CC their 5' end with 6-carboxyfluorescein (6FAM) and 6-carboxy-N,N,N',N'-
 CC tetramethylrhodamine (TMRM) at the 3' end
 CC
 SQ Sequence 19 BP; 5 A; 3 C; 8 G; 3 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
 Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
 Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 2.7e+02;
 Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 736 TCCAGCTGACCTCGTGC 753
 DB 18 TCCAGCTGACCTCGTGC 1
 RESULT 198
 AA167970/c
 ID AA167970 standard; DNA; 19 BP.
 AC AA167970;
 XX
 DT 13-MAR-2002 (first entry)
 DE VEGF gene specific reverse primer.
 XX
 DE VEGF, chromatin; cytosolic; vasotropic; antidiabetic; ophthalmological;
 KW VEGF; chromatin; cytosolic; vasotropic; antidiabetic; ophthalmological;
 KW antidiabetic; antidiabetic; antidiabetic; anti-HIV; antistoking;
 KW neuroprotective; neuroprotective; neuroprotective; antibacterial; fungicide;
 KW virucide; gene therapy; Veg 1; zinc finger; PCR primer; ss.
 XX
 OS Synthetic.
 OS Homo sapiens.
 XX
 PN MO200183793-A2.
 XX
 PD 08-NOV-2001.
 XX
 PF 27-APR-2001; 2001MO-US040616.
 XX
 PR 28-APR-2000; 2000US-0200590P.
 PR 28-APR-2000; 2000US-0228523P.
 XX
 PA (SANG-) SANGAMO BIOSCIENCES INC.
 XX
 PI Wolfe AP, Collingwood T;
 XX
 DR WPI; 2002-075165/10.
 XX
 PT Modification of chromatin structure for facilitating transcription,
 PT replication and repair, comprises contacting chromatin with fusion
 PT molecule comprising DNA binding domain and component of a chromatin
 PT remodeling complex.
 XX
 Example 7; Page 77; 99pp; English.
 CC The invention provides a method of modifying a region of interest in
 CC cellular chromatin that involves contacting the cellular chromatin with a
 CC fusion molecule that binds to a binding site in the region of interest,
 CC where the fusion molecule comprises a DNA binding domain and a component
 CC of a chromatin remodeling complex or its functional fragment, which
 CC modifies the region of interest. The method is useful for modifying a
 CC region of interest, in particular a gene encoding a product such as
 CC vascular endothelial growth factor, erythropoietin, androgen receptor,
 CC peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor (PPAR-gamma2), p16, p53, pRb,
 CC dystrophin and e-cadherin in cellular chromatin present in a plant,
 CC animal or human cell. The chromatin modification facilitates detection of
 CC sequence of interest comprising a single nucleotide polymorphism,
 CC activation or repression of a gene of interest or recombination between
 CC an exogenous nucleic acid and cellular chromatin. It also results in
 CC generation of an accessible region in the cellular chromatin which

CC facilitates binding of an exogenous molecule such as polypeptides,
 CC nucleic acids, small molecule therapeutics, minor groove binders, major
 CC groove binders and intercalators (see AB807125 for further uses of the
 CC fusion molecule and encoding polynucleotides). The present sequence
 CC represents a PCR primer specific for the VEGF gene
 CC
 SQ Sequence 19 BP; 4 A; 9 C; 4 G; 2 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
 Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
 Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 2.7e+02;
 Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1322 GCAGCTCGAGTCTGTGG 1339
 DB 19 GTAGCTCGAGTCTGTGG 2
 RESULT 199
 AA172105/c
 ID AA172105 standard; DNA; 19 BP.
 AC AA172105;
 XX
 DT 25-MAR-2002 (first entry)
 DE VEGF reverse primer.
 XX
 DE Target site; transcriptional effector protein; zinc finger domain; human;
 KW Target site; transcriptional effector protein; zinc finger domain; human;
 KW vascular endothelial growth factor; VEGF; cellular chromatin;
 KW gene expression; sequence-specific; DNA binding protein; phenotype;
 KW copy number; p53; cancer; gene function; primer; probe; ss.
 XX
 OS Synthetic.
 OS
 PN MO200183751-A2.
 XX
 PD 08-NOV-2001.
 XX
 PF 27-APR-2001; 2001MO-US013631.
 XX
 PR 28-APR-2000; 2000US-0200590P.
 XX
 PA (SANG-) SANGAMO BIOSCIENCES INC.
 XX
 PI Raschke E, Wolfe AP, Case CC;
 XX
 DR WPI; 2002-066534/09.
 XX
 PT Binding an exogenous molecule (EM) to a binding site located within a
 PT region of interest in chromatin, useful for modulating gene expression,
 PT by identifying an EM target site within an accessible region and
 PT introducing the EM into the cell.
 XX
 Example 11; Page 30; 50pp; English.
 CC The sequences given in AA172104-11 are primers and probes which were used
 CC to analyse chromatin immunoprecipitates by hydrolyzable probe analysis,
 CC whereby the chromatin is immunoprecipitated after identification using
 CC the method of the invention. The method of the invention is for binding
 CC an exogenous molecule (EM) to a binding site (BS), where the BS is
 CC located within a region of interest in cellular chromatin. The method
 CC comprises identifying an accessible region within the region of interest,
 CC identifying a target site for the EM within the accessible region, and
 CC introducing the EM into the cell, where the EM binds to the BS. The
 CC method is useful for modulating gene expression by administering an
 CC exogenous molecule. The binding of an exogenous molecule to a binding
 CC site in cellular chromatin can be used for detection of a particular
 CC sequence, for example, an exogenous molecule, such as a sequence-specific
 CC DNA binding protein, can be used to detect variant alleles associated
 CC with a disease or with a particular phenotype in patient samples and to
 CC detect the presence of pathological microorganisms in clinical samples.
 CC Exogenous molecules can also be used to quantify copy number of a gene in
 CC a sample. For example, detection of the loss of one copy of a p53 gene in

CC a clinical sample is an indicator of susceptibility to cancer. The
 CC methods can also be used in assays to determine gene function and to
 CC determine changes in phenotype resulting from specific modulation of gene
 CC expression
 XX
 SQ Sequence 19 BP; 4 A; 9 C; 4 G; 2 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
 Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
 Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 2.7e+02;
 Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1322 GGAGGTCGAGGTCGTGG 1339
 Db 19 GTAGCTCGAGGTCGTGG 2
 RESULT 200
 ID ABA95113 standard; DNA; 19 BP.
 XX ABA95113;
 AC 20-MAY-2002 (first entry)
 DT 20-MAY-2002 (first entry)
 XX Collagen I gene specific reverse primer.
 DE Collagen I gene specific reverse primer.
 XX Aldosterone; cyclooxygenase-2; cardiovascular; eplerenone; cardiant;
 KW vasotrophic; antiarteriosclerotic; cerebroprotective; thrombolytic; rat;
 KW antiangiinal; antiinflammatory; vulnery; antibacterial; vitrucide; ss;
 KW nephrotropic; collagen I; PCR primer.
 XX Rattus sp.
 OS Rattus sp.
 XX WO200209759-A2.
 PN 07-FEB-2002.
 PD 07-FEB-2002.
 XX 26-JUL-2001; 2001WO-US023601.
 PF 27-JUL-2000; 2000US-0221364P.
 PR 12-JAN-2001; 2001US-0261497P.
 XX (PHAA) PHARMACIA CORP.
 PA Rocha R, Zack MD, McMahon EG;
 PI WPI; 2002-227077/28.
 DR Method for treating or preventing inflammation-related cardiovascular
 PT disorders comprises administration of an aldosterone antagonist and
 PT cyclooxygenase-2 inhibitor combination.
 XX
 PS Example 18; Page 160; 273pp; English.
 XX
 CC The invention provides a method for treating or preventing an
 CC inflammation-related cardiovascular disorder. The method involves
 CC administration of an aldosterone antagonist and cyclooxygenase-2
 CC inhibitor combination or their salts. The method is used to treat or
 CC prevent inflammation-related cardiovascular disorders in the heart,
 CC kidney and/or brain, e.g. coronary artery disease, aneurysm, embolism,
 CC arteriosclerosis, atherosclerosis, myocardial infarction, thrombosis,
 CC stroke, angina, vascular plaque inflammation, vascular plaque rupture,
 CC Kawasaki disease, vascular or valvar calcification, trauma-, surgically-,
 CC bacterial- or viral-induced inflammation. The use of eplerenone in
 CC conjunction with the aldosterone receptor antagonist markedly attenuates
 CC the initial vascular inflammatory response and subsequent myocardial
 CC injury. Sequences ABA95106-138 represent TagMan primers and probes
 CC designed from known sequences of rat genes such as transforming growth
 CC factor beta 1 (TGFbeta1), atrial natriuretic factor (ANP), collagen I and
 CC III, cyclooxygenase-2 (COX-2), osteopontin, monocyte chemoattractant
 CC protein-1 (MCP-1), intercellular adhesion molecule-1 (ICAM-1), vascular
 CC adhesion molecule-1 (VCAM-1) and a reference cyclophilin, used in the
 CC course of the invention

XX
 SQ Sequence 19 BP; 5 A; 3 C; 8 G; 3 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
 Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
 Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 2.7e+02;
 Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 736 TCCAGCTGACCTCGTGC 753
 Db 18 TCCAGCTGACCTCTTCTGC 1
 RESULT 201
 ID ADCl8709/c
 XX ADCl8709 standard; DNA; 19 BP.
 AC ADCl8709;
 XX 18-DEC-2003 (first entry)
 DT 18-DEC-2003 (first entry)
 XX Rat RT-PCR primer 11 used for amplification of Collagen I gene.
 DE Rat RT-PCR primer 11 used for amplification of Collagen I gene.
 XX aldosterone receptor antagonist; non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug;
 KW NSAID; cardiovascular disorder; inflammation; prostaglandin production;
 KW anti-inflammatory drug; ulcer;
 KW human arachidonic acid/prostaglandin pathway; cyclooxygenase; COX; COX-2;
 KW prostaglandin G/H synthase II; combination therapy; cardiovascular-gen;
 KW hypertensive; cardiac; antiarteriosclerotic; thrombolytic;
 KW cerebroprotective; antiangiinal; vasotrophic; antiinflammatory;
 KW immunomodulator; dermatological; hypertension; heart failure;
 KW coronary artery disease; aneurysm; arteriosclerosis; atherosclerosis;
 KW myocardial infarction; embolism; stroke; thrombosis; angina;
 KW vascular plaque inflammation; vascular plaque rupture; Kawasaki disease;
 KW calcification; inflammation-related disorder; ss; rat; Collagen I;
 KW RT-PCR; reverse transcription PCR; PCR; primer.
 XX Rattus sp.
 OS Rattus sp.
 XX
 XX Key Location/Qualifiers
 FH modified_base 1
 FT /*tag= a
 FT /mod_base= OTHER
 FT /note= "OTHER= Labelled with FAM (6'-carboxyfluorescein)"
 FT modified_base 19
 FT /*tag= b
 FT /mod_base= OTHER
 FT /note= "OTHER= Labelled with TAMRA (6'-carboxy-N,N,N',N'-
 FT tetramethylrhodamine) quencher dye"
 XX WO2003063908-A1.
 PN 07-AUG-2003.
 PD 30-JAN-2003; 2003WO-US002923.
 PF 30-JAN-2002; 2002US-0353008P.
 PR (PHAA) PHARMACIA CORP.
 PA McMahon EG, Rocha R;
 PI WPI; 2003-697387/66.
 DR Combination used for treating cardiovascular disorder e.g. hypertension
 PT comprises aldosterone receptor antagonist and non-steroidal
 PT antiinflammatory drug.
 XX
 PS Disclosure; Page 75; 79pp; English.
 XX
 CC This invention relates to an aldosterone receptor antagonist and a non-
 CC steroidal anti-inflammatory drug (NSAID) for use in the treatment of
 CC cardiovascular disorders. Prostaglandins play a major role in the
 CC inflammation process and the inhibition of prostaglandin production and

CC have been the target of anti-inflammatory drug discovery. Common NSAIDs, CC however, are also active in other prostaglandin-regulated processes and CC can produce severe side-effects such as life-threatening ulcers. NSAIDs CC prevent prostaglandin production by inhibiting enzymes in the human CC arachidonic acid/prostaglandin pathway including cyclooxygenase (COX). A CC novel inducible enzyme associated with inflammation has been described, CC termed COX-2 or prostaglandin G/H synthase II, which is a novel target CC for drug therapy. It has been suggested that inflammation plays a role in CC cardiovascular disease. The present invention therefore proposes an CC aldosterone receptor antagonist and NSAID for the combination therapy CC treatment for cardiovascular disease. The invention may have CC cardiovascular-gen, hypotensive, cardiact, antiatherosclerotic, CC thrombolytic, cerebroprotective, antianginal, vasotropic, CC antiinflammatory, immunomodulator or dermatological activities. The CC invention may be useful for the treatment of a cardiovascular disorder CC (for example hypertension, heart failure, coronary artery disease, CC aneurysm, arteriosclerosis, atherosclerosis, myocardial infarction, CC embolism, stroke, thrombosis, angina, vascular plaque inflammation, CC vascular plaque rupture, Kawasaki disease, calcification and CC inflammation) and inflammation-related disorders occurring in tissues or CC organs, for example heart, brain and kidney. The synergistic combination CC of aldosterone receptor antagonist and NSAID is effective and well CC tolerated during therapy. The present sequence is that of an RT-PCR CC primer which was used for amplification of the rat Collagen I gene during CC the exemplification of the invention.

SQ Sequence 19 BP; 5 A; 3 C; 8 G; 3 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 2.7e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 736 TCCAGCTGACCTCGTGC 753
|||
18 TCCAGCTGACCTCGTGC 1

RESULT 202

ADP71326
ID ADF71326 standard; RNA; 19 BP.

AC ADF71326;

DT 12-FEB-2004 (first entry)

DE Protein tyrosine phosphatase type IV (PRU3) gene siNA, SEQ ID No 111.

XX short interfering nucleic acid; siNA;
KW protein tyrosine phosphatase type IV; PRU3; RNA interference; cyostatic;
KM cancer; ss.

XX Homo sapiens.

XX WO2003070886-A2.

XX 28-AUG-2003.

PF 11-FEB-2003; 2003WO-US004347.

XX 20-FEB-2002; 2002US-0358580P.
PR 11-MAR-2002; 2002US-0363124P.
PR 06-JUN-2002; 2002US-0386782P.
PR 29-AUG-2002; 2002US-0406784P.
PR 05-SEP-2002; 2002US-0408378P.
PR 09-SEP-2002; 2002US-0409293P.
PR 15-JAN-2003; 2003US-0440129P.

XX (RIBO-) RIBOZYME PHARM INC.

XX Mcswiggen J, Beigelman L, Usman N;

XX WPI; 2003-697606/66.

PT New short interfering nucleic acid, useful e.g. for treatment and
PT diagnosis of cancer, downregulates expression of a protein tyrosine
PT phosphatase type IVa gene.

PS Example 3; SEQ ID NO 111; 131bp; English.

XX The invention relates to a novel short interfering nucleic acid (siNA)
CC that downregulates expression of a protein tyrosine phosphatase type IV
CC (PRU3) gene by RNA interference. The invention further relates to
CC modulating the expression of PRU3 genes in cells, tissue explants or
CC organisms by the introduction of an siNA; kits for in vitro or in vivo
CC delivery of an siNA; conjugates and/or complexes of siNA; and vectors
CC that express siNA. The novel siNA's of the invention have cytostatic
CC activity. siNA's are used to modulate expression of PRU3 genes, in cells,
CC tissue explants or organisms, e.g. for treating cancer but also for drug
CC screening; diagnosis; target identification and validation; genetic
CC engineering; pharmacogenomics; studying gene function and gene mapping
CC (e.g. of single-nucleotide polymorphisms). This polynucleotide sequence
CC represents a short interfering nucleic acid for downregulating the
CC expression of a protein tyrosine phosphatase type IV (PRU3) gene of the
CC invention.

SQ Sequence 19 BP; 2 A; 9 C; 8 G; 0 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 2.7e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 524 GAGCCTGGCCGAGCGCG 541
|||
2 GAGCCTGGCCGAGCGCG 19

RESULT 203

ADP71252/C
ID ADF71252 standard; RNA; 19 BP.

AC ADF71252;

DT 12-FEB-2004 (first entry)

DE Protein tyrosine phosphatase type IV (PRU3) gene siNA, SEQ ID No 37.

XX short interfering nucleic acid; siNA;
KW protein tyrosine phosphatase type IV; PRU3; RNA interference; cyostatic;
KM cancer; ss.

XX Homo sapiens.

XX WO2003070886-A2.

XX 28-AUG-2003.

PF 11-FEB-2003; 2003WO-US004347.

XX 20-FEB-2002; 2002US-0358580P.
PR 11-MAR-2002; 2002US-0363124P.
PR 06-JUN-2002; 2002US-0386782P.
PR 29-AUG-2002; 2002US-0406784P.
PR 05-SEP-2002; 2002US-0408378P.
PR 09-SEP-2002; 2002US-0409293P.
PR 15-JAN-2003; 2003US-0440129P.

XX (RIBO-) RIBOZYME PHARM INC.

XX Mcswiggen J, Beigelman L, Usman N;

XX WPI; 2003-697606/66.

PT New short interfering nucleic acid, useful e.g. for treatment and
PT diagnosis of cancer, downregulates expression of a protein tyrosine
PT phosphatase type IVa gene.

PS Example 3; SEQ ID NO 37; 131p; English.
XX
XX The invention relates to a novel short interfering nucleic acid (siNA)
CC that downregulates expression of a protein tyrosine phosphatase type IV
CC (PTP-1B) gene by RNA interference. The invention further relates to
CC modulating the expression of PTP-1B genes in cells, tissue explants or
CC organisms by the introduction of an siNA; kits for in vitro or in vivo
CC delivery of an siNA; conjugates and/or complexes of siNA; and vectors
CC that express siNA. The novel siNA's of the invention have cytostatic
CC activity. siNA's are used to modulate expression of PTP-1B genes, in cells,
CC tissue explants or organisms, e.g. for treating cancer but also for drug
CC screening; diagnosis; target identification and validation; genetic
CC engineering; pharmacogenomics; studying gene function and gene mapping
CC (e.g. of single-nucleotide polymorphisms). This polynucleotide sequence
CC represents a short interfering nucleic acid for downregulating the
CC expression of a protein tyrosine phosphatase type IV (PTP-1B) gene of the
CC invention.
SQ Sequence 19 BP; 0 A; 8 C; 9 G; 0 T; 2 U; 0 Other;
XX
XX
XX Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 2.7e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 524 GAGCCTGGCCGAGGCGC 541
Db 18 GAGCCCGGCGCCGAGGCCG 1
RESULT 204
ADP75525
ID ADF75525 standard; RNA; 19 BP.
XX
XX ADF75525;
XX
XX 26-FEB-2004 (first entry)
XX
XX Sense siNA that down regulates human PTP-1B expression (SeqID 66).
XX
XX human; ss; siRNA; short interfering nucleic acid; siNA;
KW protein tyrosine phosphatase-1B; PTP-1B; RNA interference; RNAi;
KW micro-RNA; miRNA; short hairpin RNA; shRNA; gene silencing; antisense;
KW obesity; insulin resistance; diabetes; anorectic; antidiabetic.
XX
XX Homo sapiens.
XX
XX PN WO2003070881-A2.
XX
XX 28-AUG-2003.
XX
XX PF 11-FEB-2003; 2003WO-US004123.
XX
XX PR 20-FEB-2002; 2002US-0358580P.
PR 11-MAR-2002; 2002US-0363124P.
PR 06-JUN-2002; 2002US-0386782P.
PR 26-JUL-2002; 2002US-0026705.
PR 29-AUG-2002; 2002US-0406784P.
PR 05-SEP-2002; 2002US-0408378P.
PR 09-SEP-2002; 2002US-0409293P.
PR 15-JAN-2003; 2003US-0440129P.
XX
XX (RIBO-) RIBOZYME PHARM INC.
XX
XX PA McSwiggen J, Beigelman L, Usman N;
XX
XX PI WPI; 2003-697604/66.
XX
XX New short interfering nucleic acid, useful e.g. for treatment and
PT diagnosis of obesity, downregulates expression of a protein tyrosine
PT phosphatase-1B gene.
PS Example 3; SEQ ID NO 66; 140p; English.

CC This invention relates to novel short interfering nucleic acid (siNA)
CC molecules that downregulate expression of a protein tyrosine phosphatase-
CC 1B (PTP-1B) gene by RNA interference (RNAi). Specifically, the siNAs can
CC be short interfering RNA (siRNA), double-stranded RNA (dsRNA), micro-RNA
CC (miRNA) or short hairpin RNA (shRNA), all of which can mediate inhibition
CC of PTP-1B. The present invention describes sequence-specific post-
CC transcriptional gene silencing in animals using siNA molecules and
CC antisense oligonucleotides to modulate PTP-1B gene expression or
CC activity. Furthermore, these siNA molecules provide useful reagents for a
CC variety of therapeutic and diagnostic purposes, and as such can be used
CC for treating obesity, insulin resistance or diabetes (types I and II), as
CC well as for drug screening, target identification and validation, genetic
CC engineering, pharmacogenomics and for studying gene function and gene
CC mapping (for example of single-nucleotide polymorphisms). Accordingly,
CC these molecules exhibit anorectic and antidiabetic activities. This
CC oligonucleotide sequence is a sense siNA molecule that targets human PTP-
CC 1B RNA of the invention.
SQ Sequence 19 BP; 6 A; 3 C; 8 G; 0 T; 2 U; 0 Other;
XX
XX
XX Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 83.3%; Pred. No. 2.7e+02;
Matches 15; Conservative 1; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1275 GGGTGAAGAAAGAGGCAC 1292
Db 2 GGGTGAAGAAAGAGACCC 19
RESULT 205
ADP75710/C
ID ADF75710 standard; RNA; 19 BP.
XX
XX ADF75710;
XX
XX 26-FEB-2004 (first entry)
XX
XX Antisense siNA that down regulates human PTP-1B expression (SeqID 251).
XX
XX human; ss; siRNA; short interfering nucleic acid; siNA;
KW protein tyrosine phosphatase-1B; PTP-1B; RNA interference; RNAi;
KW micro-RNA; miRNA; short hairpin RNA; shRNA; gene silencing; antisense;
KW obesity; insulin resistance; diabetes; anorectic; antidiabetic.
XX
XX OS Homo sapiens.
XX
XX PN WO2003070881-A2.
XX
XX 28-AUG-2003.
XX
XX PF 11-FEB-2003; 2003WO-US004123.
XX
XX PR 20-FEB-2002; 2002US-0358580P.
PR 11-MAR-2002; 2002US-0363124P.
PR 06-JUN-2002; 2002US-0386782P.
PR 26-JUL-2002; 2002US-0026705.
PR 29-AUG-2002; 2002US-0406784P.
PR 05-SEP-2002; 2002US-0408378P.
PR 09-SEP-2002; 2002US-0409293P.
PR 15-JAN-2003; 2003US-0440129P.
XX
XX (RIBO-) RIBOZYME PHARM INC.
XX
XX PA McSwiggen J, Beigelman L, Usman N;
XX
XX PI WPI; 2003-697604/66.
XX
XX New short interfering nucleic acid, useful e.g. for treatment and
PT diagnosis of obesity, downregulates expression of a protein tyrosine
PT phosphatase-1B gene.
PS Example 3; SEQ ID NO 251; 140p; English.

```
XX This invention relates to novel short interfering nucleic acid (siNA)
CC molecules that downregulate expression of a protein tyrosine phosphatase-
CC 1B (PTP-1B) gene by RNA interference (RNAi). Specifically, the siNAs can
CC be short interfering RNA (siRNA), double-stranded RNA (dsRNA), micro-RNA
CC (miRNA) or short hairpin RNA (shRNA), all of which can mediate inhibition
CC of PTP-1B. The present invention describes sequence-specific post-
CC transcriptional gene silencing in animals using siNA molecules and
CC transcripional gene silencing to modulate PTP-1B gene expression or
CC activity. Furthermore, these siNA molecules provide useful reagents for a
CC variety of therapeutic and diagnostic purposes, and as such can be used
CC for treating obesity, insulin resistance or diabetes (types I and II), as
CC well as for drug screening, target identification and validation, genetic
CC engineering, pharmacogenomics and for studying gene function and gene
CC mapping (for example of single-nucleotide polymorphisms). Accordingly,
CC these molecules exhibit anorectic and antidiabetic activities. This
CC oligonucleotide sequence is an antisense siNA molecule that targets human
CC PTP-1B RNA of the invention.
XX
SQ Sequence 19 BP; 2 A; 8 C; 3 G; 0 T; 6 U; 0 Other;
XX
Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 2.7e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1275 GGGTGAAGAGAGAGCGAC 1292
Db 18 GGGTGAAGAGAGAGAGCCC 1
XX
RESULT 206
ADF84165/c
ID ADF84165 standard; RNA; 19 BP.
XX
AC ADF84165;
XX
DT 26-FEB-2004 (first entry)
XX
DE Human breakpoint cluster region-targeted siRNA - SEQ ID 459.
XX
KM short interfering nucleic acid; siNA; breakpoint cluster region;
XX v-abl Abelson murine leukaemia viral oncogene homologue 1; BCR-ABL;
XX cytosolic; leukaemia; lymphoma; human; BCR; ss; siRNA.
XX
OS Homo sapiens.
XX
PN WO2003070972-A2.
XX
PD 28-AUG-2003.
XX
PF 20-FEB-2003; 2003WO-US005234.
XX
PR 20-FEB-2002; 2002US-0358580P.
PR 11-MAR-2002; 2002US-0363124P.
PR 06-JUN-2002; 2002US-0386782P.
PR 15-AUG-2002; 2002US-0404039P.
PR 29-AUG-2002; 2002US-0406784P.
PR 05-SEP-2002; 2002US-0408378P.
PR 09-SEP-2002; 2002US-0409293P.
PR 14-JAN-2003; 2003US-0439922P.
PR 15-JAN-2003; 2003US-0440129P.
XX
PA (RIBO-) RIBOZYME PHARM INC.
XX
PI Mcswigen J, Beigelman L, Chowrira B;
XX WPI; 2003-679889/64.
XX
DR New double-stranded interfering nucleic acid, useful e.g. for treatment
XX of diagnosis of leukemia and lymphoma, downregulates the breakpoint
XX cluster region-Abelson (BCR-ABL) gene.
XX
PS Example 7; SEQ ID NO 459; 197bp; English.
```

```
XX The invention relates to a novel double-stranded short interfering
CC nucleic acid (siNA) that downregulates expression of the breakpoint
CC cluster region-v-abl Abelson murine leukaemia viral oncogene homologue 1
CC (BCR-ABL) gene. The siRNA of the invention demonstrates cytostatic
CC activity and may be useful for modulating expression of the BCR-ABL gene,
CC as well as for treating leukaemia or lymphoma and in diagnosis, drug
CC screening, target identification and validation, genetic engineering,
CC gene function studies and gene mapping. The current sequence is that of
CC the human BCR-targeted siRNA of the invention.
XX
SQ Sequence 19 BP; 2 A; 6 C; 6 G; 0 T; 5 U; 0 Other;
XX
Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 2.7e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 943 GCCCTCCAGACAGAGAC 960
Db 19 GCCCTCCAGACAGAGAC 2
XX
RESULT 207
ADF83902
ID ADF83902 standard; RNA; 19 BP.
XX
AC ADF83902;
XX
DT 26-FEB-2004 (first entry)
XX
DE Human breakpoint cluster region-targeted siRNA - SEQ ID 196.
XX
KM short interfering nucleic acid; siNA; breakpoint cluster region;
XX v-abl Abelson murine leukaemia viral oncogene homologue 1; BCR-ABL;
XX cytosolic; leukaemia; lymphoma; human; BCR; ss; siRNA.
XX
OS Homo sapiens.
XX
PN WO2003070972-A2.
XX
PD 28-AUG-2003.
XX
PF 20-FEB-2003; 2003WO-US005234.
XX
PR 20-FEB-2002; 2002US-0358580P.
PR 11-MAR-2002; 2002US-0363124P.
PR 06-JUN-2002; 2002US-0386782P.
PR 15-AUG-2002; 2002US-0404039P.
PR 29-AUG-2002; 2002US-0406784P.
PR 05-SEP-2002; 2002US-0408378P.
PR 09-SEP-2002; 2002US-0409293P.
PR 14-JAN-2003; 2003US-0439922P.
PR 15-JAN-2003; 2003US-0440129P.
XX
PA (RIBO-) RIBOZYME PHARM INC.
XX
PI Mcswigen J, Beigelman L, Chowrira B;
XX WPI; 2003-679889/64.
XX
DR New double-stranded interfering nucleic acid, useful e.g. for treatment
XX of diagnosis of leukemia and lymphoma, downregulates the breakpoint
XX cluster region-Abelson (BCR-ABL) gene.
XX
PS Example 7; SEQ ID NO 196; 197bp; English.
XX
XX The invention relates to a novel double-stranded short interfering
CC nucleic acid (siNA) that downregulates expression of the breakpoint
CC cluster region-v-abl Abelson murine leukaemia viral oncogene homologue 1
CC (BCR-ABL) gene. The siRNA of the invention demonstrates cytostatic
CC activity and may be useful for modulating expression of the BCR-ABL gene,
CC as well as for treating leukaemia or lymphoma and in diagnosis, drug
CC screening, target identification and validation, genetic engineering,
```


CC gene function studies and gene mapping. The current sequence is that of
CC the human BCR-targeted siRNA of the invention.
CC
SQ Sequence 19 BP; 5 A; 6 C; 6 G; 0 T; 2 U; 0 Other;
Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 83.3%; Pred. No. 2.7e+02;
Matches 15; Conservative 1; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Qy 943 GCCCTCCAGACAGAGAC 960
Db 1 GCCCTCCAGACAGAGAC 18
RESULT 208
ADH16211
ID ADH16211 standard; RNA; 19 BP.
XX
AC ADH16211;
XX
DT 11-MAR-2004 (first entry)
XX
DE Human BACE transcript target sequence/siNA upper strand, SEQ ID NO:1.
XX
KM RNA interference; short interfering nucleic acid; siNA;
KM short interfering RNA; siRNA; double-stranded RNA; micro-RNA; miRNA;
KM short hairpin RNA; shRNA; expression modulation; gene therapy;
KM drug screening; diagnosis; therapeutic target identification;
KM pharmacogenomics; gene function analysis; gene mapping;
KM Alzheimer's disease; dementia; stroke; cardiovascular accident;
KM beta-secretase; BACE; human; target sequence; ss.
XX
OS Homo sapiens.
XX
PN WO2003070895-A2.
XX
PD 28-AUG-2003.
XX
PF 18-FEB-2003; 2003WO-US004710.
XX
PR 20-FEB-2002; 2002US-0358580P.
PR 11-MAR-2002; 2002US-0363124P.
PR 06-JUN-2002; 2002US-0386782P.
PR 25-JUL-2002; 2002US-00205309.
PR 29-AUG-2002; 2002US-0406784P.
PR 05-SEP-2002; 2002US-0408378P.
PR 09-SEP-2002; 2002US-0409293P.
PR 15-JAN-2003; 2003US-0440129P.
XX
PA (RIBO-) RIBOZYME PHARM INC.
XX
PI Mcswiggen J, Beigelman L;
XX
DR WPI; 2003-697608/66.
XX
PT New short interfering nucleic acids, useful e.g. for treatment and
PT diagnosis of Alzheimer's disease, which down regulates expression of the
PT beta-secretase gene.
XX
XX Example 3; SEQ ID NO 1; 144p; English.
XX
XX The invention relates to short interfering nucleic acids (siNA) which
CC downregulate expression of the human beta-secretase (BACE) gene by RNA
CC interference. The siNAs may or may not comprise ribonucleotides and may
CC be double or single stranded. They further comprise sense and antisense
CC regions, or alternatively are assembled from a sense oligonucleotide and
CC an antisense oligonucleotide. Specifically, the siNAs include short
CC interfering RNA (siRNA), double-stranded RNA, micro-RNA (miRNA) and short
CC hairpin RNA (shRNA). The siNAs can be unmodified or chemically modified,
CC can contain deoxyribonucleotides, and can be chemically synthesised,
CC expressed from a vector or enzymatically synthesised. The invention also
CC relates to kits for the in vitro or in vivo delivery of siNA, conjugates
CC and/or complexes of siNA; and vectors that express siNA. The siNAs are

CC used to modulate expression of the BACE gene in cells, tissue explants or
CC organisms (e.g., by ex vivo gene therapy), or in grafts and transplants
CC for the treatment of a variety of conditions. They may be used for
CC treating Alzheimer's disease or other degenerative conditions such as
CC dementia and stroke/cardiovascular accident. The siNAs are also useful
CC for drug screening, diagnosis, therapeutic target identification and
CC validation, genetic engineering, pharmacogenomics, studying gene
CC function, and gene mapping (e.g., of single nucleotide polymorphisms).
CC The present sequence represents the upper strand of a human BACE-targeted
CC double-stranded siNA, which is identical to the BACE transcript target
CC sequence.
SQ Sequence 19 BP; 2 A; 11 C; 4 G; 0 T; 2 U; 0 Other;
Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 83.3%; Pred. No. 2.7e+02;
Matches 15; Conservative 1; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Qy 708 GCACTCGACCCGACGCTG 725
Db 2 GCACTCGACCCGACGCTG 19
RESULT 209
ADH16536/c
ID ADH16536 standard; RNA; 19 BP.
XX
AC ADH16536;
XX
DT 11-MAR-2004 (first entry)
XX
DE Human BACE siNA lower strand, SEQ ID NO:326.
XX
XX RNA interference; short interfering nucleic acid; siNA;
KM short interfering RNA; siRNA; double-stranded RNA; micro-RNA; miRNA;
KM short hairpin RNA; shRNA; expression modulation; gene therapy;
KM drug screening; diagnosis; therapeutic target identification;
KM pharmacogenomics; gene function analysis; gene mapping;
KM Alzheimer's disease; dementia; stroke; cardiovascular accident;
KM beta-secretase; BACE; human; ss.
XX
OS Homo sapiens.
XX
PN WO2003070895-A2.
XX
PD 28-AUG-2003.
XX
PF 18-FEB-2003; 2003WO-US004710.
XX
PR 20-FEB-2002; 2002US-0358580P.
PR 11-MAR-2002; 2002US-0363124P.
PR 06-JUN-2002; 2002US-0386782P.
PR 25-JUL-2002; 2002US-00205309.
PR 29-AUG-2002; 2002US-0406784P.
PR 05-SEP-2002; 2002US-0408378P.
PR 09-SEP-2002; 2002US-0409293P.
PR 15-JAN-2003; 2003US-0440129P.
XX
PA (RIBO-) RIBOZYME PHARM INC.
XX
PI Mcswiggen J, Beigelman L;
XX
DR WPI; 2003-697608/66.
XX
PT New short interfering nucleic acids, useful e.g. for treatment and
PT diagnosis of Alzheimer's disease, which down regulates expression of the
PT beta-secretase gene.
XX
XX Example 3; SEQ ID NO 326; 144p; English.
XX
XX The invention relates to short interfering nucleic acids (siNA) which
CC downregulate expression of the human beta-secretase (BACE) gene by RNA
CC interference. The siNAs may or may not comprise ribonucleotides and may

be double or single stranded. They further comprise sense and antisense regions, or alternatively are assembled from a sense oligonucleotide and an antisense oligonucleotide. Specifically, the siRNAs include short interfering RNA (siRNA), double-stranded RNA, micro-RNA (miRNA) and short hairpin RNA (shRNA). The siRNAs can be unmodified or chemically modified, can contain deoxyribonucleotides, and can be chemically synthesised, expressed from a vector or enzymatically synthesised. The invention also relates to kits for the in vitro or in vivo delivery of siRNA, conjugates and/or complexes of siRNA, and vectors that express siRNA. The siRNAs are used to modulate expression of the BACE gene in cells, tissue explants or organisms (e.g., by ex vivo gene therapy), or in grafts and transplants for the treatment of a variety of conditions. They may be used for treating Alzheimer's disease or other degenerative conditions such as dementia and stroke/cardiovascular accident. The siRNAs are also useful for drug screening, diagnosis, therapeutic target identification and validation, genetic engineering, pharmacogenomics, studying gene function, and gene mapping (e.g., of single nucleotide polymorphisms). The present sequence represents the lower strand of a human BACE-targeted double-stranded siRNA.

Sequence 19 BP; 2 A; 4 C; 11 G; 0 T; 2 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 2.7e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

708 GCACTCGACCCGAGCTG 725
18 GCACTCGTCCCGAGCCG 1

RESULT 210
ADH16224/c
ID ADH16224 standard; RNA; 19 BP.
XX
AC ADH16224;
XX
DT 11-MAR-2004 (first entry)
XX
DE Human BACE transcript target sequence/siRNA upper strand, SEQ ID NO:14.

RNA interference; short interfering nucleic acid; siRNA;
short interfering RNA; siRNA; double-stranded RNA; micro-RNA; miRNA;
short hairpin RNA; shRNA; expression modulation; gene therapy;
drug screening; diagnosis; therapeutic target identification;
pharmacogenomics; gene function analysis; gene mapping;
Alzheimer's disease; dementia; stroke; cardiovascular accident;
beta-secretase; BACE; human; target sequence; ss.

Homo sapiens.
XX
XX
PN WO0003070895-A2.
XX
PD 28-AUG-2003.
XX
PF 18-FEB-2003; 2003WO-US004710.
XX
PR 20-FEB-2002; 2002US-0358580P.
PR 11-MAR-2002; 2002US-0363124P.
PR 06-JUN-2002; 2002US-0386782P.
PR 25-JUL-2002; 2002US-00205309.
PR 29-AUG-2002; 2002US-0406784P.
PR 05-SEP-2002; 2002US-0408378P.
PR 09-SEP-2002; 2002US-0409293P.
PR 15-JAN-2003; 2003US-0440129P.
XX
XX
PA (RIBO-) RIBOZYME PHARM INC.
PI Mcswiggen J, Beigelman L;
XX
XX WPI; 2003-697608/66.
DR
XX
PT New short interfering nucleic acids, useful e.g. for treatment and

diagnosis of Alzheimer's disease, which down regulates expression of the beta-secretase gene.

Example 3; SEQ ID NO 14; 144bp; English.

The invention relates to short interfering nucleic acids (siNA) which downregulate expression of the human beta secretase (BACE) gene by RNA interference. The siRNAs may or may not comprise ribonucleotides and may be double or single stranded. They further comprise sense and antisense regions, or alternatively are assembled from a sense oligonucleotide and an antisense oligonucleotide. Specifically, the siRNAs include short interfering RNA (siRNA), double-stranded RNA, micro-RNA (miRNA) and short hairpin RNA (shRNA). The siRNAs can be unmodified or chemically modified, can contain deoxyribonucleotides, and can be chemically synthesised, expressed from a vector or enzymatically synthesised. The invention also relates to kits for the in vitro or in vivo delivery of siRNA, conjugates and/or complexes of siRNA, and vectors that express siRNA. The siRNAs are used to modulate expression of the BACE gene in cells, tissue explants or organisms (e.g., by ex vivo gene therapy), or in grafts and transplants for the treatment of a variety of conditions. They may be used for treating Alzheimer's disease or other degenerative conditions such as dementia and stroke/cardiovascular accident. The siRNAs are also useful for drug screening, diagnosis, therapeutic target identification and validation, genetic engineering, pharmacogenomics, studying gene function, and gene mapping (e.g., of single nucleotide polymorphisms). The present sequence represents the upper strand of a human BACE-targeted double-stranded siNA, which is identical to the BACE transcript target sequence.

Sequence 19 BP; 1 A; 11 C; 2 G; 0 T; 5 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 2.7e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

1582 CGAGGGGAGGGGCTGAGA 1599
18 CGAGGGGAGAGCTGGGA 1

RESULT 211
ADH16549
ID ADH16549 standard; RNA; 19 BP.
XX
AC ADH16549;
XX
DT 11-MAR-2004 (first entry)
XX
DE Human BACE siNA lower strand, SEQ ID NO:339.

RNA interference; short interfering nucleic acid; siNA;
short interfering RNA; siRNA; double-stranded RNA; micro-RNA; miRNA;
short hairpin RNA; shRNA; expression modulation; gene therapy;
drug screening; diagnosis; therapeutic target identification;
pharmacogenomics; gene function analysis; gene mapping;
Alzheimer's disease; dementia; stroke; cardiovascular accident;
beta-secretase; BACE; human; ss.

Homo sapiens.
XX
XX
PN WO0003070895-A2.
XX
PD 28-AUG-2003.
XX
PF 18-FEB-2003; 2003WO-US004710.
XX
PR 20-FEB-2002; 2002US-0358580P.
PR 11-MAR-2002; 2002US-0363124P.
PR 06-JUN-2002; 2002US-0386782P.
PR 25-JUL-2002; 2002US-00205309.
PR 29-AUG-2002; 2002US-0406784P.
PR 05-SEP-2002; 2002US-0408378P.
PR 09-SEP-2002; 2002US-0409293P.
XX
XX
XX

PR 15-JAN-2003; 2003US-0440129P.
XX
XX (RIBO-) RIBOZYME PHARM INC.
XX
XX Mcswiggen J, Beigelman L;
XX
XX MPI; 2003-697608/66.
XX
XX New short interfering nucleic acid, useful e.g. for treatment and
PT diagnosis of Alzheimer's disease, which down regulates expression of the
PT beta-secretase gene.
XX
XX Example 3; SEQ ID NO 339; 144bp; English.
XX
XX The invention relates to short interfering nucleic acids (siNA) which
CC downregulate expression of the human beta-secretase (BACE) gene by RNA
CC interference. The siNAs may or may not comprise ribonucleotides and may
CC be double or single stranded. They further comprise sense and antisense
CC regions, or alternatively are assembled from a sense oligonucleotide and
CC an antisense oligonucleotide. Specifically, the siNAs include short
CC interfering RNA (siRNA), double-stranded RNA, micro-RNA (miRNA) and short
CC hairpin RNA (shRNA). The siNAs can be unmodified or chemically modified,
CC expressed from a vector or enzymatically synthesised. The invention also
CC relates to kits for the in vitro or in vivo delivery of siNA; conjugates
CC and/or complexes of siNA; and vectors that express siNA. The siNAs are
CC used to modulate expression of the BACE gene in cells, tissue explants or
CC organisms (e.g., by ex vivo gene therapy), or in grafts and transplants
CC for the treatment of a variety of conditions. They may be used for
CC treating Alzheimer's disease or other degenerative conditions such as
CC dementia and stroke/cerebrovascular accident. The siNAs are also useful
CC for drug screening, diagnosis, therapeutic target identification and
CC validation, genetic engineering, pharmacogenomics, studying gene
CC function, and gene mapping (e.g., of single nucleotide polymorphisms).
CC The present sequence represents the lower strand of a human BACE-targeted
CC double-stranded siNA.
XX
XX Sequence 19 BP; 5 A; 2 C; 11 G; 0 T; 1 U; 0 Other;
SQ
Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 83.3%; Pred. No. 2.7e+02;
Matches 15; Conservative 1; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1582 GCAGGGAGAGGCTGAGA 1599
DB 2 GCAGGGAGAGGCTGAGA 19
RESULT 212
ADL79131/C
ID ADL79131 standard; RNA; 19 BP.
AC
XX ADL79131;
XX
XX 20-MAY-2004 (first entry)
XX
XX Human HER2 (EGFR2) siNA lower strand, SEQ ID NO:296.
XX
XX RNA interference; short interfering nucleic acid; siNA;
KW short interfering RNA; siRNA; double-stranded RNA; micro-RNA; miRNA;
KW short hairpin RNA; shRNA; expression modulation; gene therapy;
KW drug screening; diagnosis; therapeutic target identification;
KW pharmacogenomics; gene function analysis; gene mapping; cancer;
KW cytostatic; human; oncogene; epidermal growth factor receptor; EGFR;
XX HER2; EGFR2; neu; erbB2; c-erb-B-2; ss.
XX
XX Homo sapiens.
OS
XX
XX WO2003070912-A2.
XX
XX 28-AUG-2003.
XX
XX 20-FEB-2003; 2003WO-US005045.
PF

XX
XX 20-FEB-2002; 2002US-0358580P.
PR 11-MAR-2002; 2002US-0363124P.
PR 29-MAY-2002; 2002WO-US016840.
PR 06-JUN-2002; 2002US-00163552.
PR 06-JUN-2002; 2002US-0386782P.
PR 03-JUL-2002; 2002US-0393924P.
PR 29-AUG-2002; 2002US-0406784P.
PR 05-SEP-2002; 2002US-0408378P.
PR 09-SEP-2002; 2002US-0409293P.
PR 19-SEP-2002; 2002US-00251117.
PR 21-OCT-2002; 2002US-00277494.
PR 15-JAN-2003; 2003US-0440129P.
XX
XX (RIBO-) RIBOZYME PHARM INC.
XX
XX Mcswiggen J, Pavco P, Beigelman L, Fosnaugh K, Jamison S;
XX
XX MPI; 2003-697612/66.
XX
XX New short interfering nucleic acid, useful e.g. for treatment and
PT diagnosis of cancer, downregulates expression of the epidermal growth
PT factor receptor gene.
XX
XX Example 3; SEQ ID NO 296; 171bp; English.
XX
XX The invention relates to short interfering nucleic acids (siNA) which
CC downregulate expression of one or more human epidermal growth factor
CC receptor (EGFR) genes (including HER1, HER2 HER3 and HER4) by RNA
CC interference. The siNAs may or may not comprise ribonucleotides and may
CC be double or single stranded. They further comprise sense and antisense
CC regions, or alternatively are assembled from a sense oligonucleotide and
CC an antisense oligonucleotide. Specifically, the siNAs include short
CC interfering RNA (siRNA), double-stranded RNA, micro-RNA (miRNA) and short
CC hairpin RNA (shRNA). The siNAs can be unmodified or chemically modified,
CC expressed from a vector or enzymatically synthesised. The invention also
CC relates to kits for the in vitro or in vivo delivery of siNA; conjugates
CC and/or complexes of siNA; and vectors that express siNA. The siNAs are
CC used to modulate expression of EGFR genes in cells, tissue explants or
CC organisms (e.g., by ex vivo gene therapy), or in grafts and transplants
CC for the treatment of a variety of conditions. They may be used for
CC treating a wide range of cancers such as breast and ovarian cancer. The
CC siNAs are also useful for drug screening, diagnosis, therapeutic target
CC identification and validation, genetic engineering, pharmacogenomics,
CC studying gene function, and gene mapping (e.g., of single nucleotide
CC polymorphisms). The present sequence represents the lower strand of a
CC HER2 (EGFR2)-targeted double-stranded siNA.
XX
XX Sequence 19 BP; 6 A; 9 C; 4 G; 0 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
SQ
Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 2.7e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1085 TGTGTGCGGTCGCTGTG 1102
DB 18 TGTGTGCGGTCGCTGTG 1
RESULT 213
ADL78920/C
ID ADL78920 standard; RNA; 19 BP.
AC
XX ADL78920;
XX
XX 20-MAY-2004 (first entry)
XX
XX Human HER2 (EGFR2) transcript target sequence/siNA upper strand, SEQ:85.
XX
XX RNA interference; short interfering nucleic acid; siNA;
KW short interfering RNA; siRNA; double-stranded RNA; micro-RNA; miRNA;
KW short hairpin RNA; shRNA; expression modulation; gene therapy;
XX

KW drug screening; diagnosis; therapeutic target identification;
KW pharmacogenomics; gene function analysis; gene mapping; cancer;
KW cytostatic; human; oncogene; epidermal growth factor receptor; EGFR;
KW HER2; EGFR; neu; erbB2; c-erbB-2; target sequence; ss.
XX
XX Homo sapiens.
OS
XX MO2003070912-A2.
XX
XX 28-AUG-2003.
PD
XX 20-FEB-2003; 2003MO-US005045.
PF
XX 20-FEB-2002; 2002US-0358580P.
XX 11-MAR-2002; 2002US-0363124P.
PR 29-MAY-2002; 2002MO-US016840.
PR 06-JUN-2002; 2002US-00163552.
PR 06-JUN-2002; 2002US-0386782P.
PR 03-JUL-2002; 2002US-0393924P.
PR 29-AUG-2002; 2002US-0406784P.
PR 05-SEP-2002; 2002US-0408378P.
PR 09-SEP-2002; 2002US-0409293P.
PR 19-SEP-2002; 2002US-00251117.
PR 21-OCT-2002; 2002US-00277494.
PR 15-JAN-2003; 2003US-0440129P.
XX
XX (RIBO-) RIBOZYME PHARM INC.
PA
XX Mcswiggen J, Pavco P, Beigelman L, Fossnaugh K, Jamison S;
PI
XX WPI; 2003-697612/66.
XX
XX New short interfering nucleic acid, useful e.g. for treatment and
PT diagnosis of cancer, downregulates expression of the epidermal growth
PT factor receptor gene.
XX
XX Example 3; SEQ ID NO 85; 171pp; English.
PS
XX The invention relates to short interfering nucleic acids (siNA) which
CC downregulate expression of one or more human epidermal growth factor
CC receptor (EGFR) genes (including HER1, HER2 HER3 and HER4) by RNA
CC interference. The siNAs may or may not comprise ribonucleotides and may
CC be double or single stranded. They further comprise sense and antisense
CC regions, or alternatively are assembled from a sense oligonucleotide and
CC an antisense oligonucleotide. Specifically, the siNAs include short
CC interfering RNA (siRNA), double-stranded RNA, micro-RNA (miRNA) and short
CC hairpin RNA (shRNA). The siNAs can be unmodified or chemically modified,
CC can contain deoxyribonucleotides, and can be chemically synthesised,
CC expressed from a vector or enzymatically synthesised. The invention also
CC relates to kits for the in vitro or in vivo delivery of siNA; conjugates
CC and/or complexes of siNA; and vectors that express siNA. The siNAs are
CC used to modulate expression of EGFR genes in cells, tissue explants or
CC organisms (e.g., by ex vivo gene therapy), or in grafts and transplants
CC for the treatment of a variety of conditions. They may be used for
CC treating a wide range of cancers such as breast and ovarian cancer. The
CC siNAs are also useful for drug screening, diagnosis, therapeutic target
CC identification and validation, genetic engineering, pharmacogenomics,
CC studying gene function, and gene mapping (e.g., of single nucleotide
CC polymorphisms). The present sequence represents the upper strand of a
CC human HER2 (EGFR2)-targeted double-stranded siNA, which is identical to
CC the HER2 transcript target sequence.
XX
XX Sequence 19 BP; 2 A; 5 C; 9 G; 0 T; 3 U; 0 Other:
SQ
Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 2.7e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

RESULT 214
ADL78882
ID ADL78882 standard; RNA; 19 BP.
XX
XX AC ADL78882;
XX
XX 20-MAY-2004 (first entry)
DT
XX
XX Human HER2 (EGFR2) transcript target sequence/siNA upper strand, SEQ.47.
DE
XX RNA interference; short interfering nucleic acid; siNA;
KW short interfering RNA; siRNA; double-stranded RNA; micro-RNA; miRNA;
KW short hairpin RNA; shRNA; expression modulation; gene therapy;
KW drug screening; diagnosis; therapeutic target identification;
KW pharmacogenomics; gene function analysis; gene mapping; cancer;
KW cytostatic; human; oncogene; epidermal growth factor receptor; EGFR;
KW HER2; EGFR; neu; erbB2; c-erbB-2; target sequence; ss.
XX
XX Homo sapiens.
OS
XX MO2003070912-A2.
XX
XX 28-AUG-2003.
PD
XX 20-FEB-2003; 2003MO-US005045.
PF
XX 20-FEB-2002; 2002US-0358580P.
XX 11-MAR-2002; 2002US-0363124P.
PR 29-MAY-2002; 2002MO-US016840.
PR 06-JUN-2002; 2002US-00163552.
PR 06-JUN-2002; 2002US-0386782P.
PR 03-JUL-2002; 2002US-0393924P.
PR 29-AUG-2002; 2002US-0406784P.
PR 05-SEP-2002; 2002US-0408378P.
PR 09-SEP-2002; 2002US-0409293P.
PR 19-SEP-2002; 2002US-00251117.
PR 21-OCT-2002; 2002US-00277494.
PR 15-JAN-2003; 2003US-0440129P.
XX
XX (RIBO-) RIBOZYME PHARM INC.
PA
XX Mcswiggen J, Pavco P, Beigelman L, Fossnaugh K, Jamison S;
PI
XX WPI; 2003-697612/66.
XX
XX New short interfering nucleic acid, useful e.g. for treatment and
PT diagnosis of cancer, downregulates expression of the epidermal growth
PT factor receptor gene.
XX
XX Example 3; SEQ ID NO 47; 171pp; English.
PS
XX The invention relates to short interfering nucleic acids (siNA) which
CC downregulate expression of one or more human epidermal growth factor
CC receptor (EGFR) genes (including HER1, HER2 HER3 and HER4) by RNA
CC interference. The siNAs may or may not comprise ribonucleotides and may
CC be double or single stranded. They further comprise sense and antisense
CC regions, or alternatively are assembled from a sense oligonucleotide and
CC an antisense oligonucleotide. Specifically, the siNAs include short
CC interfering RNA (siRNA), double-stranded RNA, micro-RNA (miRNA) and short
CC hairpin RNA (shRNA). The siNAs can be unmodified or chemically modified,
CC can contain deoxyribonucleotides, and can be chemically synthesised,
CC expressed from a vector or enzymatically synthesised. The invention also
CC relates to kits for the in vitro or in vivo delivery of siNA; conjugates
CC and/or complexes of siNA; and vectors that express siNA. The siNAs are
CC used to modulate expression of EGFR genes in cells, tissue explants or
CC organisms (e.g., by ex vivo gene therapy), or in grafts and transplants
CC for the treatment of a variety of conditions. They may be used for
CC treating a wide range of cancers such as breast and ovarian cancer. The
CC siNAs are also useful for drug screening, diagnosis, therapeutic target
CC identification and validation, genetic engineering, pharmacogenomics,
CC studying gene function, and gene mapping (e.g., of single nucleotide
CC polymorphisms). The present sequence represents the upper strand of a
CC human HER2 (EGFR2)-targeted double-stranded siNA, which is identical to

```
CC the HER2 transcript target sequence.
XX
SQ Sequence 19 BP; 0 A; 4 C; 9 G; 0 T; 6 U; 0 Other;

Query Match      0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 55.6%; Pred. No. 2.7e+02;
Matches 10; Conservative 6; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY          1085 TGTGTGCGGGTGGCTGTG 1102
               :|:|||||:|||:|:|
Db           2 UCUGUGCGCGUGGUCUG 19

RESULT 215
ADL79169
ID ADL79169 standard; RNA; 19 BP.
XX
AC ADL79169;
DT 20-MAY-2004 (first entry)
XX
DE Human HER2 (EGFR2) siNA lower strand, SEQ ID NO:334.
XX
KW RNA interference; short interfering nucleic acid; siNA;
KW short interfering RNA; siRNA; double-stranded RNA; micro-RNA; miRNA;
KW short hairpin RNA; shRNA; expression modulation; gene therapy;
KW drug screening; diagnosis; therapeutic target identification;
KW pharmacogenomics; gene function analysis; gene mapping; cancer;
KW cytostatic; human; oncogene; epidermal growth factor receptor; EGFR;
KW HER2; EGFR2; neu; erbB2; c-erb-B-2; ss.
XX
OS Homo sapiens.
PN XX
LN WO2003070912-A2.
XX
PD 28-AUG-2003.
XX
PF 20-FEB-2003; 2003WO-US005045.
XX
PR 20-FEB-2002; 2002US-0358580P.
PR 11-MAR-2002; 2002US-0363124P.
PR 29-MAY-2002; 2002WO-US016840.
PR 06-JUN-2002; 2002US-00163552.
PR 06-JUN-2002; 2002US-036782P.
PR 03-JUL-2002; 2002US-0393924P.
PR 29-AUG-2002; 2002US-0406784P.
PR 05-SEP-2002; 2002US-0408378P.
PR 09-SEP-2002; 2002US-0409293P.
PR 19-SEP-2002; 2002US-00251117.
PR 21-OCT-2002; 2002US-00277494.
PR 15-JAN-2003; 2003US-0440129P.
XX
PA (RIBO-) RIBOZYME PHARM INC.
XX
PI Mcswiggen J, Pavco P, Beigelman L, Fosnaugh K, Jamison S;
XX WPI; 2003-697612/66.
XX
PT New short interfering nucleic acid, useful e.g. for treatment and
PT diagnosis of cancer, downregulates expression of the epidermal growth
PT factor receptor gene.
XX
XX Example 3; SEQ ID NO 334; 171bp; English.
XX
CC The invention relates to short interfering nucleic acids (siNA) which
CC downregulate expression of one or more human epidermal growth factor
CC receptor (EGFR) genes (including HER1, HER2 HER3 and HER4) by RNA
CC interference. The siNAs may or may not comprise ribonucleotides and may
CC be double or single stranded. They further comprise sense and antisense
CC regions, or alternatively are assembled from a sense oligonucleotide and
CC an antisense oligonucleotide. Specifically, the siNAs include short
CC interfering RNA (siRNA), double-stranded RNA, micro-RNA (miRNA) and short
CC hairpin RNA (shRNA). The siNAs can be unmodified or chemically modified,
```

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CC can contain deoxyribonucleotides, and can be chemically synthesised,
CC expressed from a vector or enzymatically synthesised. The invention also
CC relates to kits for the in vitro or in vivo delivery of siNA; conjugates
CC and/or complexes of siNA; and vectors that express siNA. The siNAs are
CC used to modulate expression of EGFR genes in cells, tissue explants or
CC organisms (e.g., by ex vivo gene therapy), or in grafts and transplants
CC for the treatment of a variety of conditions. They may be used for
CC treating a wide range of cancers such as breast and ovarian cancer. The
CC siNAs are also useful for drug screening, diagnosis, therapeutic target
CC identification and validation, genetic engineering, pharmacogenomics,
CC studying gene function, and gene mapping (e.g., of single nucleotide
CC polymorphisms). The present sequence represents the lower strand of a
CC HER2 (EGFR2)-targeted double-stranded siNA.
CC
XX
SQ Sequence 19 BP; 3 A; 9 C; 5 G; 0 T; 2 U; 0 Other;
XX
Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 77.8%; Pred. No. 2.7e+02;
Matches 14; Conservative 2; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 565 GCCTGCTGATGCTAGCC 582
|||:|:|:|:|:|:|:|:|
Db 1 GCCAGCUGAUGCCTCAGCC 18
XX
RESULT 216
ADN34242/c
ID ADN34242 standard; RNA; 19 BP.
XX
AC ADN34242;
XX
DT 01-JUL-2004 (first entry)
XX
DE Lower strand of cyclin D1 targeted double stranded siNA #23.
XX
KW short interfering nucleic acid; siNA; cyclin; Cytostatic; Vasotropic;
KW cancer; cell-proliferation disorder; restenosis; drug screening;
KW genetic engineering; pharmacogenomics; gene mapping;
KW single nucleotide polymorphisms; ss.
XX
OS Homo sapiens.
XX
PN MO2003072705-A2.
XX
PD 04-SEP-2003.
XX
PF 06-FEB-2003; 2003WO-US003662.
XX
PR 20-FEB-2002; 2002US-0358580P.
PR 11-MAR-2002; 2002US-0363124P.
PR 06-JUN-2002; 2002US-0386782P.
PR 29-AUG-2002; 2002US-0406784P.
PR 05-SEP-2002; 2002US-0408378P.
PR 09-SEP-2002; 2002US-0409293P.
PR 17-SEP-2002; 2002US-0411275P.
PR 15-JAN-2003; 2003US-0440129P.
XX
PA (RIBO-) RIBOZYME PHARM INC.
XX
PI Thompson J, Mcswigen J, Beigelman L,
XX
WPI; 2003-689983/65.
XX
DR WPI; 2003-689983/65.
XX
PT New short interfering nucleic acid, useful e.g. for treatment and
PT diagnosis of cancer and restenosis, down regulates expression of at least
PT one cyclin gene.
XX
FS Example 3; SEQ ID NO 262; 144p; English.
XX
CC The present invention relates to a short interfering nucleic acid (siNA)
CC that down regulates expression of at least one cyclin gene by RNA
CC interference. siNA are used to modulate expression of cyclin genes, in
CC cells, tissue explants or organisms e.g. for treating a wide range of

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cancers and other cell-proliferation disorders such as restenosis, but also for drug screening, diagnosis, target identification and validation; genetic engineering, pharmacogenomics, studying gene function and gene mapping (e.g. of single-nucleotide polymorphisms). The present sequence represents the lower strand of cyclin D1 targeted double stranded siNA.

Sequence 19 BP; 4 A; 9 G; 3 G; 0 T; 3 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;

Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 2.7e+02; Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

655 TGCTGAGAGTCTGCGTGG 672

18 TGCTGAGAGTCTGCGAGG 1

Db

RESULT 217

ADN34003 ADN34003 standard; RNA; 19 BP.

AC ADN34003;

DT 01-JUL-2004 (first entry)

Upper strand of cyclin D1 targeted double stranded siNA #23.

Short interfering nucleic acid; siNA; cyclin; Cytostatic; Vasotropic; cancer; cell-proliferation disorder; restenosis; drug screening;

genetic engineering; pharmacogenomics; gene mapping; single nucleotide polymorphisms; ss.

Homo sapiens.

MO2003072705-A2.

04-SEP-2003.

06-FEB-2003; 2003WO-US003662.

20-FEB-2002; 2002US-0358580P.

11-MAR-2002; 2002US-0363124P.

06-JUN-2002; 2002US-0386782P.

29-AUG-2002; 2002US-0406784P.

05-SEP-2002; 2002US-0408378P.

09-SEP-2002; 2002US-0409293P.

17-SEP-2002; 2002US-0411275P.

15-JAN-2003; 2003US-0440129P.

(RIBO-) RIBOZYME PHARM INC.

Thompson J, Mcswigen J, Beigelman L;

WPI; 2003-689983/65.

New short interfering nucleic acid, useful e.g. for treatment and

diagnosis of cancer and restenosis, down regulates expression of at least

one cyclin gene.

Example 3; SEQ ID NO 23; 144bp; English.

The present invention relates to a short interfering nucleic acid (siNA)

that down regulates expression of at least one cyclin gene by RNA

interference. siNA are used to modulate expression of cyclin genes, in

cells, tissue explants or organisms, e.g. for treating a wide range of

cancers and other cell-proliferation disorders such as restenosis, but

also for drug screening, diagnosis, target identification and validation;

genetic engineering, pharmacogenomics, studying gene function and gene

mapping (e.g. of single-nucleotide polymorphisms). The present sequence

represents the upper strand of cyclin D1 targeted double stranded siNA

which is identical to the cyclin D1 transcript target sequence.

Sequence 19 BP; 3 A; 3 C; 9 G; 0 T; 4 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;

Best Local Similarity 66.7%; Pred. No. 2.7e+02; Matches 12; Conservative 4; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

655 TGCTGAGAGTCTGCGTGG 672

2 TGCUGAGAGUCUCGCGAGG 19

Db

RESULT 218

AD014572/C AD014572 standard; RNA; 19 BP.

AC AD014572;

DT 01-JUL-2004 (first entry)

Human PDGFR-targeted siNA upper strand SEQ ID NO:3.

Cytostatic; vasotropic; nephrotropic; cerebroprotective;

treating leukaemia; solid tumors; restenosis; poly cystic kidney disease;

bronchiolitis; glomerulonephritis; stroke; RNA interference;

short interfering nucleic acid; siNA; short interfering RNA; siRNA;

double-stranded RNA; micro-RNA; miRNA; short hairpin RNA; shRNA;

expression modulation; gene therapy; drug screening; diagnosis;

therapeutic target identification; pharmacogenomics;

gene function analysis; gene mapping; human;

platelet derived growth factor receptor; PDGFR; ss.

Homo sapiens.

MO2003072704-A2.

04-SEP-2003.

05-FEB-2003; 2003WO-US003473.

20-FEB-2002; 2002US-0358580P.

11-MAR-2002; 2002US-0363124P.

06-JUN-2002; 2002US-0386782P.

29-AUG-2002; 2002US-0406784P.

05-SEP-2002; 2002US-0408378P.

09-SEP-2002; 2002US-0409293P.

15-JAN-2003; 2003US-0440129P.

(RIBO-) RIBOZYME PHARM INC.

Mcswigen J, Beigelman L, Chowitra B;

WPI; 2003-731605/69.

New short interfering nucleic acid, useful e.g. for treatment and

diagnosis of tumors, downregulates expression of the platelet-derived

growth factor receptor gene.

Example 3; SEQ ID NO 3; 148bp; English.

The invention relates to short interfering nucleic acids (siNA) which

downregulate expression of the human platelet-derived growth factor

receptor (PDGFR) gene by RNA interference. The siNAs may or may not

comprise ribonucleotides and may be double or single stranded. They

further comprise sense and antisense regions, or alternatively are

specifically, the siNAs include short interfering RNA (siRNA, double-

stranded RNA, micro-RNA (miRNA) and short hairpin RNA (shRNA). The siNAs

can be unmodified or chemically modified, can contain

deoxyribonucleotides, and can be chemically synthesized, expressed from a

vector or enzymatically synthesized. The invention also relates to kits

for the in vitro or in vivo delivery of siRNA, conjugates and/or

complexes of siRNA; and vectors that express siNA. The siNAs are used to

modulate expression of the PDGFR gene in cells, tissue explants or

organisms (e.g., by ex vivo gene therapy), or in grafts and transplants

an indicator for the diagnosis of tumour metastasis, particularly prostate cancer and lymphoma. The amplification using the primers is highly efficient and allows very sensitive detection of tumour metastasis. The current sequence is that of the human CK18-related PCR primer of the invention.

Sequence 19 BP; 1 A; 9 C; 3 G; 6 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 2.7e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

1302 AGAGCAGCCGAGGAGG 1319
18 AGAACAGCCTGAGGAGG 1

RESULT 221

ADH01576/c
ID ADH01576 standard; RNA, 19 BP.

ADH01576;

11-MAR-2004 (first entry)

Protein tyrosine phosphatase siRNA sequence, SEQ ID No 188.

small interfering RNA; siRNA; protein tyrosine phosphatase; PTP; PTPB; insulin receptor protein phosphorylation; Jak2; antidiabetic; anorectic; antiinflammatory; neuroprotective; cytostatic; immunosuppressive; antimicrobial; gene therapy; ss; siRNA.

Unidentified.

WO2003099227-A2.

04-DEC-2003.

23-MAY-2003; 2003WO-US016651.

23-MAY-2002; 2002US-0383249P.

14-APR-2003; 2003US-0462942P.

(CEPT-) CEPTYR INC.

Lewis SP, Klinghoffer R, Wilson LX;

WPI; 2004-035036/03.

New small interfering polynucleotide that modulates protein tyrosine phosphatase (PTP)B polypeptide signal transduction, useful for treating disorders associated with altered PTPB signal transduction, e.g. diabetes or cancer.

Example 3; SEQ ID NO 188; 234pp; English.

The invention relates to a novel isolated small interfering RNA (siRNA) polynucleotide, comprising at least one nucleotide sequence from any of the 20 fully defined sequences given in the specification. The invention further relates to: a pharmaceutical composition comprising a new siRNA polynucleotide and a physiological carrier; a recombinant nucleic acid construct, comprising a polynucleotide that is capable of directing transcription of an siRNA; a host cell transformed or transfected with the above recombinant nucleic acid construct; a method for interfering with expression of a protein tyrosine phosphatase (PTP)B polypeptide, or its variant; a method for identifying a component of a PTPB signal transduction pathway; a method for modulating an insulin receptor protein phosphorylation state in a cell; and a method for treating a Jak2- associated disorder. The siRNA has the following activities: antidiabetic, anorectic, antiinflammatory, neuroprotective, cytostatic, immunosuppressive, and antimicrobial. The novel siRNA polynucleotides can be used in gene therapy to treat disorders. The composition and methods

are useful in treating disorders associated with PTPB-mediated signal transduction, such as diabetes, obesity, hyperglycaemia-induced apoptosis, inflammation, neurodegenerative disorders, cancer, autoimmune diseases or infection. This polynucleotide sequence represents an siRNA used for modulating the signal transduction of a protein tyrosine phosphatase of the invention.

Sequence 19 BP; 5 A; 6 C; 4 G; 0 T; 4 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 2.7e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

1033 GCCACCTAAGCTGAGGT 1050
19 GCCACTTAATGTGAGGT 2

RESULT 222

ADK95769/c
ID ADK95769 standard; DNA; 19 BP.

ADK95769;

06-MAY-2004 (first entry)

Primer of the invention #1489.

human; single nucleotide polymorphism; SNP; ss; primer.

Synthetic.

JP2003259875-A.

16-SEP-2003.

08-MAR-2002; 2002JP-00064373.

08-MAR-2002; 2002JP-00064373.

(KAGA-) KAGAKU GIUTSU SHINKO JIGYODAN.

WPI; 2004-093977/10.

Novel polynucleotide useful for PCR amplification along with two DNA fragment from another set of sequences, or for detecting single nucleotide polymorphism in human gene.

Claim 2; SEQ ID NO 4798; 2627pp; Japanese.

The present invention relates to a polynucleotide isolated from a human gene and is useful for detecting a single nucleotide polymorphism in a human gene or for diagnosing of disease. The invention enables the detection of a single nucleotide polymorphism in a human gene. The present sequence represents a primer of the invention.

Sequence 19 BP; 6 A; 3 C; 7 G; 3 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 0.8%; Score 14.8; DB 1; Length 19;
Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 2.7e+02;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

213 CTCACCATGCTTGGCCTT 230
18 CTCACATGCTTGGCCTT 1

RESULT 223

AD052027/c
ID AD052027 standard; DNA; 19 BP.

AD052027;

GenCore version 5.1.6
Copyright (c) 1993 - 2004 CompuGen Ltd.

OM nucleic - nucleic search, using sw model

Run on: December 13, 2004, 08:40:35 ; Search time 21 Seconds

(without alignments)
3.679 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-091-333-2
Perfect score: 1764
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Scoring table: IDENTITY NUC

Gapop 10.0, Gapext 0.5

Searched: 1121 segs, 21900 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 2242

Minimum DB seq length: 8
Maximum DB seq length: 50

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%
Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 1 summaries

Database: rsl2.seq*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	19	1.1	19	1	CO578459 ACCESSION:CO578459

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1
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LOCUS TVEST093E02 TV30236_PT cDNA Library Trichomonas vaginalis cDNA 5',
DEFINITION mRNA sequence.
ACCESSION CO578459
VERSION CO578459.1 GI:50409027
KEYWORDS EST.
SOURCE Trichomonas vaginalis
ORGANISM Trichomonas vaginalis
Eukaryota; Parabasalidea; Trichomonada; Trichomonadida;
Trichomonadidae; Trichomonadinae; Trichomonas.
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 19)
AUTHORS Zhou,Y., Shu,W.M., Huang,S.C.C., Huang,K.Y. and Tang,P.
TITLE Analysis of Gene Expression Profile in Trichomonas vaginalis by EST
JOURNAL Sequencing
COMMENT Unpublished (2003)
Contact: Tang, P.
Molecular Regulation and Bioinformatics Laboratory, College of
Medicine
Chang Gung University
259 Wenhu 1st. Road, Kweihsan, Taoyuan 333, Taiwan
Tel: +886 3 3283016 EXT5136
Fax: +886 3 3283031
Email: petang@mail.cgu.edu.tw
PCR Primers
FORWARD: T7

BACKWARD: T3
Seq primer: T3.
Location/Qualifiers
1. 19
source

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/dev_stage="Trophozoites at mid-log phase"
/lab_host="XLI Blue-XRF"
/clone_id="TV30236_PT cDNA Library"
/note="Vector: Lambda ZAP-Express (Stratagene); Site_1:
EcoRI; Site_2: XhoI"

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Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 21;
Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 18 AGAATTCGGCACGAGGGG 36
Db 1 AGAATTCGGCACGAGGGG 19

Search completed: December 13, 2004, 08:40:56
Job time : 21 secs

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